7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

1

2

3

4

5

6

SENATE BILL 22

48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

INTRODUCED BY

Steve Komadina

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS; PROVIDING LIMITED LIABILITY FOR LICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DURING A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 12-10A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 218, Section 3) is amended to read:

"12-10A-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Public Health Emergency Response Act:

- "attorney general" means the attorney general for the state of New Mexico;
- "court" means the district court for the judicial district where a public health emergency is occurring, the district court for Santa Fe county or, in the event that a district court cannot adequately provide services, a district .164689.1

1	court designated by the New Mexico supreme court;					
2	C. "director" means the director of homeland					
3	security;					
4	D. "health care provider" means a person licensed					
5	to provide health care in New Mexico, including:					
6	(1) an optometrist;					
7	(2) a chiropractic physician;					
8	(3) a dentist;					
9	(4) a physician;					
10	(5) a podiatrist;					
11	(6) an osteopathic physician;					
12	(7) a physician assistant;					
13	(8) a certified nurse practitioner;					
14	(9) a physical therapist;					
15	(10) an occupational therapist;					
16	(11) a speech-language pathologist;					
17	(12) a doctor of oriental medicine;					
18	(13) a nutritionist;					
19	(14) a psychologist;					
20	(15) a certified nurse-midwife;					
21	(16) a clinical nurse specialist;					
22	(17) a registered nurse;					
23	(18) a dental hygienist; or					
24	(19) a pharmacist;					
25	$[\frac{D_{\bullet}}{E_{\bullet}}]$ "health care supplies" means medication,					
	.164689.1					

1	durable medical equipment, instruments, linens or any other				
2	material that the state of New Mexico may need to use in a				
3	public health emergency, including supplies for preparedness,				
4	mitigation and recovery;				
5	[E.] $F.$ "health facility" means:				
6	(1) a facility licensed by the state of New				
7	Mexico pursuant to the provisions of the Public Health Act;				
8	(2) a non-federal facility or building,				
9	whether public or private, for-profit or nonprofit, that is				
10	used, operated or designed to provide health services, medical				
11	treatment, nursing services, rehabilitative services or				
12	preventive care;				
13	(3) a federal facility, when the appropriate				
14	federal entity provides its consent; or				
15	(4) the following properties when they are				
16	used for, or in connection with, health-related activities:				
17	(a) laboratories;				
18	(b) research facilities;				
19	(c) pharmacies;				
20	(d) laundry facilities;				
21	(e) health personnel training and				
22	lodging facilities;				
23	(f) patient, guest and health personnel				
24	food service facilities; and				
25	(g) offices or office buildings used by				
	.164689.1				

persons engaged in health care professions or services;

 $[F_{\bullet}]$ G_{\bullet} "isolation" means the physical separation for possible medical care of persons who are infected or who are reasonably believed to be infected with a threatening communicable disease or potential threatening communicable disease from non-isolated persons, to protect against the transmission of the threatening communicable disease to non-isolated persons;

[6.] H. "public health emergency" means the occurrence or imminent threat of exposure to an extremely dangerous condition or a highly infectious or toxic agent, including a threatening communicable disease, that poses an imminent threat of substantial harm to the population of the state of New Mexico or any portion thereof;

[H-] I. "public health official" means the secretary of health or [his] the secretary's designee, including a qualified public individual or group or a qualified private individual or group, as determined by the secretary of health;

[1.] J. "quarantine" means the precautionary physical separation of persons who have or may have been exposed to a threatening communicable disease or a potentially threatening communicable disease and who do not show signs or symptoms of a threatening communicable disease, from non-quarantined persons, to protect against the transmission of the .164689.1

uisease	LU	non-quar	ancined	ber	50118	•
		[J.] K.	"secret	arv	of	

[J.] K. "secretary of health" means the secretary of health or [his] the secretary's designee;

 $[K_{ullet}]$ L. "secretary of public safety" means the secretary of public safety or [his] the secretary's designee; and

[H.] M. "threatening communicable disease" means a disease that causes death or great bodily harm that passes from one person to another and for which there are no means by which the public can reasonably avoid the risk of contracting the disease. "Threatening communicable disease" does not include acquired immune deficiency syndrome or other infections caused by the human immunodeficiency virus."

Section 2. Section 12-10A-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 218, Section 14) is amended to read:

"12-10A-14. IMMUNITY.--

A. During a state of public health emergency, the state, its political subdivisions, the governor, the secretary of health, the secretary of public safety, the director or any other state or local officials or personnel who assist during the public health emergency are liable for the death of a person, injury to a person or damage to property, only to the extent permitted in the Tort Claims Act, as a result of complying with the provisions of the Public Health Emergency Response Act or a rule adopted pursuant to that act.

.164689.1

1	B. A health care provider who, voluntarily and
2	without the expectation or receipt of compensation, provides
3	health care to a person in response to a public health
4	emergency declared by the governor is not liable for injury or
5	death to the person or damage to the person's property as the
6	result of an act or failure to act in providing the health care
7	<u>if the:</u>
8	(1) health care is provided during the time
9	and at the place of the public health emergency;
10	(2) health care provided is within the scope
11	of the provider's health care license;
12	(3) health care provided is intended to
13	prevent or minimize harm to the person; and
14	(4) injury, death or damage was not caused by
15	willful misconduct, gross negligence or bad faith."
16	Section 3. EFFECTIVE DATE The effective date of the
17	provisions of this act is July 1, 2007.
18	- 6 -
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	