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SENATE BILL 482

48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

INTRODUCED BY

Clinton D. Harden

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; PROVIDING TAX CREDITS FOR LOW-INCOME NEW MEXICANS; CREATING THE STATE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO THE SAME SECTION OF LAW IN LAWS 2003.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 7-2-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1986, Chapter 20, Section 26, as amended by Laws 2003, Chapter 13, Section 1 and by Laws 2003, Chapter 275, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-2-2. DEFINITIONS.--For the purpose of the Income Tax Act and unless the context requires otherwise:

A. "adjusted gross income" means adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered;

B. "base income":

of the estate's or trust's income defined as taxable income and upon which the federal income tax is calculated in the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes plus, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the amount of the net operating loss deduction allowed by Section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, and taken by the taxpayer for that year;

(2) means, for taxpayers other than estates or trusts, that part of the taxpayer's income defined as adjusted gross income plus, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the amount of the net operating loss deduction allowed by Section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, and taken by the taxpayer for that year;

(3) includes, for all taxpayers, any other income of the taxpayer not included in adjusted gross income but upon which a federal tax is calculated pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes, except amounts for which a calculation of tax is made pursuant to Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered; "base income" also includes interest received on a state or local bond; and

(4) includes, for all taxpayers, an amount .165646.3

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deducted pursuant to Section 7-2-32 NMSA 1978 in a prior taxable year if:

- such amount is transferred to (a) another qualified tuition program, as defined in Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, not authorized in the Education Trust Act; or
- a distribution or refund is made for (b) any reason other than: 1) to pay for qualified higher education expenses, as defined pursuant to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code; or 2) upon the beneficiary's death, disability or receipt of a scholarship;
- "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services;
- "department" means the taxation and revenue D. department, the secretary or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;
- "fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, committee, conservator, receiver, individual or corporation acting in any fiduciary capacity;
- "filing status" means "married filing joint F. returns", "married filing separate returns", "head of household", "surviving spouse" and "single", as those terms are generally defined for federal tax purposes;

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twe1ve	months	ending	on t	the	last	day	of	any	month	other	than
Decembe	or•										

- H. "head of household" means "head of household" as generally defined for federal income tax purposes;
- I. "individual" means a natural person, an estate, a trust or a fiduciary acting for a natural person, trust or estate;
- J. "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States
 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- K. "lump-sum amount" means for the purpose of determining liability for federal income tax, an amount that was not included in adjusted gross income but upon which the five-year-averaging or the ten-year-averaging method of tax computation provided in Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, was applied;
- L. "modified gross income" means all income of the taxpayer and, if any, the taxpayer's spouse and dependents, undiminished by losses and from whatever source, including:
 - (1) compensation;
 - (2) net profit from business;
 - (3) gains from dealings in property;
 - (4) interest;
 - (5) net rents;

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1	(6) r	coyalties;
2	(7) d	lividends;
3	(8) a	alimony and separate maintenance payments;
4	(9) a	nnuities;
5	(10)	income from life insurance and endowment
6	contracts;	
7	(11)	pensions;
8	(12)	discharge of indebtedness;
9	(13)	distributive share of partnership income;
10	(14)	income in respect of a decedent;
11	(15)	income from an interest in an estate or a
12	trust;	
13	(16)	social security benefits;
14	(17)	unemployment compensation benefits;
15	(18)	workers' compensation benefits;
16	(19)	public assistance and welfare benefits;
17	(20)	cost-of-living allowances; and
18	(21)	gifts;
19	M. "modifi	ed gross income" excludes:
20	(1) p	payments for hospital, dental, medical or
21	drug expenses to or on	behalf of the taxpayer;
22	(2) t	the value of room and board provided by
23	federal, state or loca	l governments or by private individuals
24	or agencies based upon	financial need and not as a form of
25	compensation;	
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- payments pursuant to a federal, state or (3) local government program directly or indirectly to a third party on behalf of the taxpayer when identified to a particular use or invoice by the payer; or
- (4) payments [pursuant to Sections 7-2-14, 7-2-18, 7-2-18.1] for credits and rebates pursuant to the Income Tax Act and made for a credit pursuant to Section 7-3-9 NMSA 1978;
- N. "net income" means, for estates and trusts, base income adjusted to exclude amounts that the state is prohibited from taxing because of the laws or constitution of this state or the United States and means, for taxpayers other than estates or trusts, base income adjusted to exclude:
- an amount equal to the standard deduction (1) allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year by Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered;
- an amount equal to the itemized deductions defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year less the amount excluded pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this subsection;
- an amount equal to the product of the exemption amount allowed for the taxpayer's taxable year by Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may .165646.3

1	be amended or renumbered, multiplied by the number of personal
2	exemptions allowed for federal income tax purposes;
3	(4) income from obligations of the United
4	States of America less expenses incurred to earn that income;
5	(5) other amounts that the state is prohibited
6	from taxing because of the laws or constitution of this state
7	or the United States;
8	(6) for taxable years that began prior to
9	January 1, 1991, an amount equal to the sum of:
10	(a) net operating loss carryback
11	deductions to that year from taxable years beginning prior to
12	January 1, 1991 claimed and allowed, as provided by the
13	Internal Revenue Code; and
14	(b) net operating loss carryover
15	deductions to that year claimed and allowed; and
16	(7) for taxable years beginning on or after
17	January 1, 1991, an amount equal to the sum of any net
18	operating loss carryover deductions to that year claimed and
19	allowed, provided that the amount of any net operating loss
20	carryover from a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
21	1991 may be excluded only as follows:
22	(a) in the case of a timely filed
23	return, in the taxable year immediately following the taxable
24	year for which the return is filed; or
25	(b) in the case of amended returns or
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original returns not timely filed, in the first taxable year beginning after the date on which the return or amended return establishing the net operating loss is filed; and

(c) in either case, if the net operating loss carryover exceeds the amount of net income exclusive of the net operating loss carryover for the taxable year to which the exclusion first applies, in the next four succeeding taxable years in turn until the net operating loss carryover is exhausted; in no event shall a net operating loss carryover be excluded in any taxable year after the fourth taxable year beginning after the taxable year to which the exclusion first applies;

- "net operating loss" means any net operating loss, as defined by Section 172(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, for a taxable year as further increased by the income, if any, from obligations of the United States for that year less related expenses;
- "net operating loss carryover" means the amount, or any portion of the amount, of a net operating loss for any taxable year that, pursuant to Paragraph (6) or (7) of Subsection N of this section, may be excluded from base income;
- "nonresident" means every individual not a Q. resident of this state;
- "person" means any individual, estate, trust, .165646.3

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receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, syndicate or other association; "person" also means, to the extent permitted by law, any federal, state or other governmental unit or subdivision or agency, department or instrumentality thereof;

- "resident" means an individual who is domiciled in this state during any part of the taxable year or an individual who is physically present in this state for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year; but any individual, other than someone who was physically present in the state for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year, who, on or before the last day of the taxable year, changed [his] the individual's place of abode to a place without this state with the bona fide intention of continuing actually to abide permanently without this state is not a resident for the purposes of the Income Tax Act for periods after that change of abode;
- "secretary" means the secretary of taxation and revenue or the secretary's delegate;
- "state" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States or any political subdivision of a foreign country;
- "state or local bond" means a bond issued by a .165646.3

state other than New Mexico or by a local government other than one of New Mexico's political subdivisions, the interest from which is excluded from income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered;

- W. "surviving spouse" means "surviving spouse" as generally defined for federal income tax purposes;
- X. "taxable income" means net income less any lumpsum amount;
- Y. "taxable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year upon the basis of which the net income is computed under the Income Tax Act and includes, in the case of the return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, the period for which the return is made; and
- Z. "taxpayer" means any individual subject to the tax imposed by the Income Tax Act."
- Section 2. Section 7-2-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, Chapter 20, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "7-2-14. LOW-INCOME COMPREHENSIVE TAX REBATE.--
- A. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection B of this section, any resident who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and who is not a dependent of another individual may claim a tax rebate, to be referred to as the "low-income comprehensive tax rebate", for a portion of state and local taxes to which the resident has been subject during .165646.3

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the taxable year for which the return is filed. The tax rebate may be claimed even though the resident has no income taxable under the Income Tax Act. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax rebate that would have been allowed on a joint return.

- No claim for the tax rebate provided in this section shall be filed by a resident who was an inmate of a public institution for more than six months during the taxable year for which the tax rebate could be claimed or who was not physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during the taxable year for which the tax rebate could be claimed.
- C. The tax rebate provided in this section shall be allowed even if a taxpayer has claimed a state earned income tax credit for the taxable year.
- [C.] D. For the purposes of this section, the total number of exemptions for which a tax rebate may be claimed or allowed is determined by adding the number of federal exemptions allowable for federal income tax purposes for each individual included in the return who is domiciled in New Mexico plus two additional exemptions for each individual domiciled in New Mexico included in the return who is sixtyfive years of age or older plus one additional exemption for each individual domiciled in New Mexico included in the return who, for federal income tax purposes, is blind plus one

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exemption for each minor child or stepchild of the resident who would be a dependent for federal income tax purposes if the public assistance contributing to the support of the child or stepchild was considered to have been contributed by the resident.

 $[rac{ extsf{D.}}{ extsf{C}}]$ $\underline{ extsf{E.}}$ The tax rebate provided for in this section may be claimed in the amount shown in the following table: Modified gross
And the total number

of exemptions is:

10		But Not						6 or
11	Over	Over	1	2	3	4	5	More
12	\$ 0	\$ 500	\$ 120	\$ 160	\$ 200	\$ 240	\$ 280	\$ 320
13	500	1,000	135	195	250	310	350	415
14	1,000	1,500	135	195	250	310	350	435
15	1,500	2,000	135	195	250	310	350	450
16	2,000	2,500	135	195	250	310	350	450
17	2,500	3,000	135	195	250	310	350	450
18	3,000	3,500	135	195	250	310	350	450
19	3,500	4,000	135	195	250	310	355	450
20	4,000	4,500	135	195	250	310	355	450
21	4,500	5,000	125	190	240	305	355	450
22	5,000	5,500	115	175	230	295	355	430
23	5,500	6,000	105	155	210	260	315	410
24	6,000	7,000	90	130	170	220	275	370
25	7,000	8,000	80	115	145	180	225	295

1	8,000	9,000	70	105	135	170	195	240
2	9,000	10,000	65	95	115	145	175	205
3	10,000	11,000	60	80	100	130	155	185
4	11,000	12,000	55	70	90	110	135	160
5	12,000	13,000	50	65	85	100	115	140
6	13,000	14,000	50	65	85	100	115	140
7	14,000	15,000	45	60	75	90	105	120
8	15,000	16,000	40	55	70	85	95	110
9	16,000	17,000	35	50	65	80	85	105
10	17,000	18,000	30	45	60	70	80	95
11	18,000	19,000	25	35	50	60	70	80
12	19,000	20,000	20	30	40	50	60	65
13	20,000	21,000	15	25	30	40	50	55
14	21,000	22,000	10	20	25	35	40	45.

 $[E_{ au}]$ $F_{ au}$ If a taxpayer's modified gross income is zero, the taxpayer may claim a credit in the amount shown in the first row of the table appropriate for the taxpayer's number of exemptions.

[F.] G. The tax rebates provided for in this section may be deducted from the taxpayer's New Mexico income tax liability for the taxable year. If the tax rebates exceed the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

[G.] $\underline{\text{H.}}$ For purposes of this section, "dependent" means "dependent" as defined by Section 152 of the Internal .165646.3

Revenue Code of 1986, as that section may be amended or renumbered, but also includes any minor child or stepchild of the resident who would be a dependent for federal income tax purposes if the public assistance contributing to the support of the child or stepchild was considered to have been contributed by the resident."

Section 3. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] STATE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT.--

- A. A person who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and who is not a dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount equal to ten percent of a federal income tax credit for which that person is eligible pursuant to Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "state earned income tax credit".
- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may claim only one-half of the credit that would have been allowed on a joint return.
- C. The state earned income tax credit may be deducted from the income tax liability of a person who claims the credit and qualifies for the credit pursuant to this section. If the credit exceeds the person's income tax liability for the taxable year, the excess shall be refunded to .165646.3

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Section 4. APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007.

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