1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO LICENSING; RENAMING AND REVISING THE PRIVATE	
3	INVESTIGATORS AND POLYGRAPHERS ACT; IDENTIFYING REGULATED	
4	PERSONS; CREATING THE PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS ADVISORY BOARD;	
5	CHANGING THE NAME OF THE PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR AND POLYGRAPHER	
6	FUND; PROVIDING PENALTIES; PROVIDING FEE LIMITATIONS;	
7	PROVIDING FOR A TRANSITION PERIOD; AMENDING, REPEALING AND	
8	ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.	
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	
11	Section 1. Section 61-27A-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,	
12	Chapter 212, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:	
13	"61-27A-1. SHORT TITLEChapter 61, Article 27A NMSA	
14	1978 may be cited as the "Private Investigations Act"."	
15	Section 2. Section 61-27A-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,	
16	Chapter 212, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:	
17	"61-27A-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Private	
18	Investigations Act:	
19	A. "armored car company" means a company that	
20	knowingly and willingly transports money and other	
21	negotiables for a fee or other remuneration;	
22	B. "bodyguard" means an individual who physically	
23	performs the mission of personal security for another	
24	individual;	
25	C. "branch office" means an office of a private	SPAC/SB Page l

investigation company or a private patrol company physically located in New Mexico and managed, controlled or directed by a private investigations manager or private patrol operations manager;

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D. "client" means an individual or legal entity having a contract that authorizes services to be provided in return for financial or other consideration;

8 E. "conviction" means any final adjudication of 9 guilty, whether pursuant to a plea of guilty or nolo 10 contendere or otherwise and whether or not the sentence is 11 deferred or suspended;

12 F. "department" means the regulation and licensing 13 department;

G. "individual" means a single human being;

H. "legal business entity" means a sole
proprietorship, corporation, partnership, limited liability
company, limited liability partnership or other entity formed
for business purposes;

19 I. "licensee" means a person licensed pursuant to 20 the Private Investigations Act;

21 J. "polygraph examiner" means an individual 22 licensed by the department to engage in the practice of 23 polygraphy;

24 K. "polygraphy" means the process of employing an25 instrument designed to graphically record simultaneously the

physiological changes in human respiration, cardiovascular activity, galvanic skin resistance or reflex for the purpose of lie detection and includes the reading and interpretation of polygraphic records and results or any other device used to measure truthfulness;

L. "private investigation company" means a legal
business entity that provides private investigation services,
the location of which may be within or outside of the state,
provided that the private investigation services are
performed within New Mexico;

M. "private investigator" means an individual who is licensed by the department to engage in business or who accepts employment to conduct an investigation pursuant to the Private Investigations Act to obtain information regarding:

16 (1) crime or wrongs done or threatened 17 against the United States or any state or territory of the 18 United States;

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(2) a person;

20 (3) the location, disposition or recovery of 21 lost or stolen property;

(4) the cause or responsibility for fires,
losses, accidents or damage or injury to persons or
properties;

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(5) the securing of evidence to be used

1 before a court, administrative tribunal, board or 2 investigating committee or for a law enforcement officer; or 3 (6) the scene of a motor vehicle accident or evidence related to a motor vehicle accident; 4 5 N. "private investigations employee" means an 6 individual who is registered by the department to work under the direct control and supervision of a private investigator 7 for a private investigation company; 8 "private investigations manager" means an 9 0. individual who: 10 is licensed as a private investigator 11 (1) and is issued a license by the department as a private 12 13 investigations manager; (2) directs, controls or manages a private 14 15 investigation company for the owner of the company; and is assigned to and operates from the (3) 16 private investigation company that the private investigations 17 manager is licensed to manage or from a branch office of that 18 private investigation company; 19 20 Ρ. "private patrol company" means a legal business entity, the location of which may be within or outside of the 21 state, including an independent or proprietary commercial 22 organization that provides private patrol operator services 23 that are performed in New Mexico and the activities of which 24 include employment of licensed private patrol operators or 25

1 security guards; 2 "private patrol employee" means an individual Q. 3 who is registered by the department to work under the direct control and supervision of a private patrol operator for a 4 5 private patrol company; "private patrol operations manager" means an 6 R. individual who: 7 (1)is licensed as a private patrol operator 8 or registered as a level three security guard and is issued a 9 10 license by the department as a private patrol operations manager; 11 (2) directs, controls or manages a private 12 patrol company for the owner of the company; and 13 (3) is assigned to and operates from the 14 15 private patrol company that the private patrol operations manager is licensed to manage or from a branch office of that 16 private patrol company; 17 "private patrol operator" means an individual s. 18 who is licensed by the department to: 19 20 (1) conduct uniformed or nonuniformed services as a watchman, security guard or patrolman to 21 protect property and persons on or in the property; 22 prevent the theft, unlawful taking, (2) 23 loss, embezzlement, misappropriation or concealment of goods, 24 wares, merchandise, money, bonds, stocks, notes, documents, 25

1 papers or property of any kind; or

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2 (3) perform the services required of a
3 security guard or security dog handler or provide security
4 services for an armored car company;

T. "proprietary commercial organization" means an organization or division of an organization that provides full- or part-time security guard services solely for itself;

8 U. "registrant" means an individual registered as
9 a private investigations employee, a private patrol
10 operations employee or a security guard at any level;

V. "security dog handler" means an individual who
 patrols with dogs to detect illegal substances or explosives;

W. "security guard" means an individual who is registered to engage in uniformed or nonuniformed services under the direct control and supervision of a licensed private patrol operator or a private patrol operations manager to perform such security missions as watchman, fixed post guard, dog handler, patrolman or other person to protect property or prevent thefts; and

20 X. "special event" means a parade or other public21 or private event of short duration requiring security."

Section 3. Section 61-27A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
Chapter 212, Section 3) is amended to read:

24 "61-27A-3. LICENSE REQUIRED.--It is unlawful for an 25 individual to:

1 act as a private investigator, private patrol Α. 2 operator, security guard, private investigations employee, 3 private investigations manager or private patrol operations manager or to make any representation as being a licensee or 4 5 registrant unless the individual is licensed by the 6 department pursuant to the Private Investigations Act; B. render physical protection for remuneration as 7 8 a bodyguard unless the individual is licensed as a private 9 investigator or a private patrol operator; 10 C. continue to act as a private investigator, private patrol operator, security guard, private 11 investigations employee, private investigations manager or 12 private patrol operations manager if the individual's license 13 issued pursuant to the Private Investigations Act has 14 15 expired; 16 D. falsely represent that the individual is employed by a licensee; or 17 practice polygraphy for any remuneration Ε. 18 without a license issued by the department in accordance with 19 20 the Private Investigations Act." Section 4. Section 61-27A-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 21 Chapter 212, Section 4) is amended to read: 22 "61-27A-4. PERSONS EXEMPTED.--23 A. As used in this section, "temporary" means a 24 period of time not to exceed the duration of one private 25 SPAC/SB 621 Page 7

1 event or one school or nonprofit organization event, as 2 described in Paragraphs (2) and (3) of Subsection B of this 3 section.

B. Investigations Act does not apply to:

(1) an individual employed exclusively and regularly by one employer in connection with the affairs of that employer, provided that the individual patrols or 8 provides security only on the premises of the employer as 9 limited by the employer;

10 (2)an individual employed exclusively to provide temporary security at a private event that is not 11 open to the public; 12

individuals providing temporary security 13 (3) at athletic or other youth events and where the events occur 14 under the auspices of a public or private school or a 15 16 nonprofit organization;

(4) an attorney licensed in New Mexico 17 conducting private investigations while engaged in the 18 practice of law; 19

20 (5) an officer or employee of the United States or this state or a political subdivision of the United 21 States or this state while that officer or employee is 22 engaged in the performance of the officer's or employee's 23 official duties; 24

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(6) a person engaged exclusively in the

1 business of obtaining and furnishing information concerning 2 the financial rating of persons; 3 a charitable philanthropic society or (7) association duly incorporated under the laws of this state 4 5 that is organized and maintained for the public good and not 6 for private profit; a licensed collection agency or an 7 (8) 8 employee of the agency while acting within the scope of 9 employment while making an investigation incidental to the 10 business of the agency, including an investigation of the location of a debtor or the debtor's property; 11 admitted insurers, adjusters, agents and 12 (9) insurance brokers licensed by the state performing duties in 13 connection with insurance transactions by them; or 14 15 (10) an institution subject to the 16 jurisdiction of the director of the financial institutions division of the department or the comptroller of currency of 17 the United States." 18 Section 5. Section 61-27A-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 19 20 Chapter 212, Section 5) is amended to read: "61-27A-5. ADMINISTRATION OF ACT--RULES.--21 The department shall enforce and administer the 22 Α. provisions of the Private Investigations Act. 23 The department shall keep a record of each 24 Β. individual licensee. 25

1 C. The department shall adopt and enforce rules 2 necessary to carry out the provisions of the Private 3 Investigations Act, including establishing professional ethical standards. 4 5 D. The department shall adopt rules regarding: 6 licensing private investigators, private (1) 7 investigations managers, private investigation companies, 8 private patrol operators, private patrol operations managers, 9 private patrol employees and polygraph examiners; 10 (2) registering private investigations employees, security guards and private patrol employees; 11 establishing minimum training and 12 (3) educational standards for licensure and registration; 13 (4) establishing continuing education 14 15 requirements; 16 (5) establishing and operating a branch office; 17 creating a policy on reciprocity with (6) 18 other states and territories of the United States; 19 20 (7) providing permits for security guards for special events; and 21 (8) conducting background investigations." 22 Section 6. A new section of the Private Investigations 23 Act, Section 61-27A-5.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: 24 "61-27A-5.1. PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS ADVISORY BOARD--25 SPAC/SB 621

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CREATED--MEMBERS.--

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A. The "private investigations advisory board" is created.

B. The superintendent of regulation and licensing
shall appoint members to the advisory board to assist in the
conduct of the examination process for licensees and
registrants and to assist the department in other manners as
requested by the superintendent or provided for in rules of
the department.

10 C. The advisory board members shall consist of at 11 least the following:

12	(1) two private investigators;
13	(2) one private patrol operator;
14	(3) one polygraph examiner; and
15	(4) one member of the public.
16	D. Members of the advisory board shall be
17	reimbursed pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act and shall
18	receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance for
19	each day spent in the discharge of their duties.
20	E. The public member of the advisory board or the
21	public member's spouse shall not:
22	(1) have been licensed pursuant to the
23	Private Investigations Act, the Private Investigators and

24 Polygraphers Act or any prior similar statutory provisions;25 or

1 have a direct or indirect financial (2)2 interest in a private investigation company, private patrol 3 company, polygraph business or a related business." Section 7. Section 61-27A-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 4 5 Chapter 212, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: "61-27A-6. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE.--6 The department shall issue a license as a 7 Α. 8 private investigator to an individual who files a completed 9 application accompanied by the required fees and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant has met all 10 requirements set forth by the department in rule, including 11 that the applicant: 12 is at least twenty-one years of age; 13 (1) (2) is of good moral character; 14 15 (3) has successfully passed an examination as required by department rule; 16 has not been convicted of a felony 17 (4) offense, an offense involving dishonesty or an offense 18 involving an intentional violent act or the illegal use or 19 20 possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found to have violated professional ethical standards as defined by the 21 department; and 22 has at least three years' experience (5) 23 that has been acquired within the five years preceding the 24 filing of the application with the department of actual work 25

1 performed in: 2 investigation for the purpose of (a) 3 obtaining information with reference to a crime or wrongs done or threatened against the United States; 4 5 (b) investigation of persons; the location, disposition or 6 (c) recovery of lost or stolen property; 7 8 (d) the cause or responsibility for fire, losses, motor vehicle or other accidents or damage or 9 injury to persons or property; or 10 securing evidence to be used before 11 (e) a court, administrative tribunal, board or investigating 12 committee or for a law enforcement officer. 13 B. Years of qualifying experience and the precise 14 15 nature of that experience shall be substantiated by written certification from employers and shall be subject to 16 independent verification by the department as it deems 17 warranted. The burden of proving necessary experience is on 18 the applicant." 19 Section 8. A new section of the Private Investigations 20 Act, Section 61-27A-6.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: 21 "61-27A-6.1. PRIVATE INVESTIGATION COMPANY--22 **REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE.--**23 The department shall issue a license for a 24 Α. private investigation company to a person that files a 25 SPAC/SB 621 Page 13

completed application accompanied by the required fees and that submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

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(1) if an individual, is of good moral character; or if a legal business entity, the owners, officers or directors of the entity are of good moral character;

(2)if an individual, has not been convicted 7 8 of a felony offense, an offense involving dishonesty, an offense involving an intentional violent act or the illegal 9 10 use or possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found to have violated professional ethical standards; or if a 11 legal business entity, the owners, officers or directors of 12 the entity, either singly or collectively, have not been 13 convicted of a felony offense or an offense involving 14 15 intentional violent acts or the illegal use or possession of deadly weapons and have not been found to have violated 16 professional ethical standards; 17

(3) maintains a surety bond in the amount of
ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); however, private
investigators who provide personal protection or bodyguard
services shall maintain general liability insurance as
specified in the Private Investigations Act in lieu of the
surety bond required by the provisions of this paragraph;

(4) has an owner or a licensed private investigations manager who is licensed as a private

1 investigator and who manages the daily operations of the 2 private investigation company;

3 (5) maintains a physical location in New
4 Mexico where records are maintained and made available for
5 department inspection;

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(6) maintains a New Mexico registered agent if the applicant is a private investigation company located outside of New Mexico; and

9 (7) meets all other requirements set forth10 in the rules of the department.

The owner or the chief executive officer of a Β. 11 private investigation company that provides personal 12 protection or bodyguard services shall maintain a general 13 liability certificate of insurance in an amount required by 14 15 the department. The department shall suspend the license 16 issued pursuant to this section of a private investigation company that fails to maintain an effective general liability 17 The department shall certificate of insurance as required. 18 not reinstate the license of a private investigation company 19 20 that has had its license suspended pursuant to this subsection until an application is submitted to the 21 department with the necessary fees and a copy of the private 22 investigation company's general liability certificate of 23 insurance in effect. The department may deny an application 24 for reinstatement of a private investigation company's 25

1 license, notwithstanding the applicant's compliance with this
2 subsection for:

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(1) a reason that would justify a denial to issue a new private investigation company license or that would be cause for a suspension or revocation of a private investigation company's license; or

7 (2) the performance by the applicant of an
8 act requiring a license issued pursuant to the Private
9 Investigations Act while the applicant's license is under
10 suspension for failure to maintain the applicant's general
11 liability certificate of insurance in effect."

Section 9. A new section of the Private Investigations
Act, Section 61-27A-6.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

14 "61-27A-6.2. PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS MANAGER- 15 REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE--NOTIFICATION OF DEPARTMENT IN
 16 EVENT OF TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.--

A. The department shall issue a license for a private investigations manager to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

21 (1) possesses a current license in good 22 standing as a private investigator;

23 (2) has successfully passed an examination24 required by department rules;

(3) is employed by the private investigation SPAC/SB 621

company that the applicant is being licensed to manage; and (4) meets other requirements set forth in the rules of the department.

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A private investigations manager who ceases to 4 Β. 5 be employed by the private investigation company that the 6 manager is licensed to manage, before leaving the company, shall surrender the private investigations manager's license 7 to the owner, officer or director who is required to 8 temporarily take over the management of the private 9 10 investigation company. The owner, officer or director who temporarily takes over managing the private investigation 11 company within thirty days of the termination from employment 12 of the private investigations manager shall: 13

14 (1) notify the department of the termination15 of the employment of the private investigations manager;

(2) submit the surrendered license; and (3) submit an application to the department naming a new private investigations manager, who shall not begin to perform the duties of a private investigations manager until and unless the department grants the applicant a private investigations manager's license.

C. Failure to notify the department within thirty days of the private investigations manager's termination from employment subjects the license of the private investigation company to suspension or revocation by the department.

1 D. Reinstatement of the private investigation 2 company's license may occur only upon the filing of an 3 application for reinstatement and payment of the reinstatement fee." 4 5 Section 10. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-6.3 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: 6 "61-27A-6.3. PRIVATE PATROL OPERATOR--REQUIREMENTS FOR 7 8 LICENSURE.--The department shall issue a license for a 9 Α. 10 private patrol operator to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and 11 who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant: 12 is at least twenty-one years of age; 13 (1) (2) is of good moral character; 14 15 (3) has successfully passed an examination as required by department rules; 16 (4) has not been convicted of a felony 17 offense, an offense involving dishonesty, an offense 18 involving an intentional violent act or the illegal use or 19 20 possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found to have violated professional ethical standards; 21 has at least three years' experience of 22 (5) actual work performed as a security guard or an equivalent 23 position, one year of which shall have been in a supervisory 24 capacity. The experience shall have been acquired within 25

1 five years preceding the filing of the application with the 2 department. Years of qualifying experience and the precise 3 nature of that experience shall be substantiated by written certification from the applicant's employers and shall be 4 5 subject to independent verification by the department as it 6 determines is warranted. The burden of proving necessary experience is on the applicant; 7 8 (6) is firearm certified, if the position 9 will require being armed with a firearm; and 10 (7) meets other requirements set forth in rules of the department. 11 B. A private patrol operator may not investigate 12 acts except those that are incidental to a theft, 13 embezzlement, loss, misappropriation or concealment of 14 15 property or other item that the private patrol operator has been engaged or hired to protect, guard or watch." 16 Section 11. A new section of the Private Investigations 17 Act, Section 61-27A-6.4 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: 18 "61-27A-6.4. PRIVATE PATROL COMPANY--REQUIREMENTS FOR 19 20 LICENSURE.--The department shall issue a license for a Α. 21 private patrol company to a person who files a completed 22 application accompanied by the required fees and who submits 23 satisfactory evidence that the applicant: 24 if an individual, is of good moral (1) 25

character; or if a legal business entity, the owners, officers or directors of the entity are of good moral character;

if an individual, has not been convicted 4 (2) 5 of a felony offense, an offense involving dishonesty, an 6 offense involving an intentional violent act or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found 7 to have violated professional ethical standards, or if a 8 9 legal business entity, the owners, officers or directors of the entity, either singly or collectively, have not been 10 11 convicted of a felony offense, an offense involving dishonesty or an offense involving an intentional violent act 12 or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon and have 13 not been found to have violated professional ethical 14 15 standards;

16 (3) has an owner or a licensed private 17 patrol operations manager who manages the daily operations of 18 the private patrol company;

19 (4) maintains a physical location in New
20 Mexico where records are maintained and made available for
21 department inspection;

(5) maintains a New Mexico registered agent
if the applicant is a private patrol company located outside
of New Mexico; and

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(6) meets all other requirements set forth

in the rules of the department.

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2 The owner or the chief executive officer of a Β. 3 private patrol company shall maintain a general liability certificate of insurance in an amount required by the 4 5 department. The department shall suspend the license issued 6 pursuant to this section of a private patrol company that fails to maintain an effective general liability certificate 7 of insurance as required. The department shall not reinstate 8 the license of a private patrol company that has had its 9 10 license suspended pursuant to this subsection until an application is submitted to the department with the necessary 11 fees and a copy of the private patrol company's general 12 liability certificate of insurance newly in effect. The 13 department may deny an application for reinstatement of a 14 15 private patrol company's license, notwithstanding the applicant's compliance with this subsection for: 16

(1) a reason that would justify a denial to issue a new private patrol company license or that would be cause for a suspension or revocation of a private patrol company's license; or

(2) the performance by the applicant of an act requiring a license issued pursuant to the Private Investigations Act while the applicant's license is under suspension for failure to maintain the applicant's general liability certificate of insurance in effect."

1	Section 12. A new section of the Private Investigations	
2	Act, Section 61-27A-6.5 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:	
3	"61-27A-6.5. PRIVATE PATROL OPERATIONS MANAGER	
4	REQUIREMENT FOR LICENSURENOTIFICATION OF DEPARTMENT IN	
5	EVENT OF TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT	
6	A. The department shall issue a license for a	
7	private patrol operations manager to an individual who files	
8	a completed application accompanied by the required fees and	
9	who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:	
10	(1) possesses a current license in good	
11	standing as a private patrol operator or a registration as a	
12	level three security guard;	
13	(2) has successfully passed an examination	
14	required by department rule;	
15	(3) is employed by the private patrol	
16	company that the applicant is being licensed to manage; and	
17	(4) meets other requirements set forth in	
18	the rules of the department.	
19	B. A private patrol operations manager who ceases	
20	to be employed by the private patrol company that the manger	
21	is licensed to manage, before leaving the company, shall	
22	surrender the private patrol operations manager's license to	
23	the owner, officer or director who is required to temporarily	
24	take over the management of the private patrol company. The	
25	owner, officer or director who temporarily takes over	SPAC/SB 621 Page 22
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managing the private patrol company within thirty days of the termination from employment of the private patrol operations manager shall:

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(1) notify the department of the termination of the employment of the private patrol operations manager;

> (2) submit the surrendered license; and

(3) submit an application to the department 8 naming a new private patrol operations manager, who shall not 9 begin to perform the duties of a private patrol operations 10 manager until the department grants the applicant a private patrol operations manager's license. 11

Failure to notify the department within thirty C. days of the private patrol operations manager's termination from employment subjects the license of the private patrol company to suspension or revocation by the department.

Reinstatement of the private patrol company's D. license may occur only upon the filing of an application for reinstatement and payment of the reinstatement fee."

Section 13. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-6.6 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-6.6. POLYGRAPH EXAMINER.--The department shall issue a license as a polygraph examiner to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

1	A. is at least eighteen years of age;	
2	B. is of good moral character;	
3	C. possesses a high school diploma or its	
4	equivalent;	
5	D. has not been convicted of a felony involving an	
6	intentional violent act or the illegal use or possession of a	
7	deadly weapon and has not been found to have violated	
8	professional ethical standards;	
9	E. has graduated from an accredited polygraph	
10	examiners course approved by the department;	
11	F. has:	
12	(1) completed a probationary operational	
13	competency period and passed an examination of ability	
14	approved by the department to practice polygraphy; or	
15	(2) submitted proof of holding, for a	
16	minimum of two years immediately preceding the date of	
17	application, a current license to practice polygraphy in	
18	another jurisdiction whose standards are equal to or greater	
19	than those in New Mexico; and	
20	G. meets other requirements set forth in the rules	
21	of the department."	
22	Section 14. A new section of the Private Investigations	
23	Act, Section 61-27A-6.7 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:	
24	"61-27A-6.7. PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS EMPLOYEE	
25	REGISTRATIONREQUIREMENTS	SP

1 On or after July 1, 2007, every individual who Α. 2 seeks employment or is currently employed as a private 3 investigations employee or who provides services on a contract basis to a private investigation company shall file 4 5 an application for registration as a private investigations 6 employee with the department. The department shall issue a registration for a 7 Β. 8 private investigations employee to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and 9 10 who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant: (1) is at least twenty-one years of age; 11 (2)is of good moral character; 12 possesses a high school diploma or its 13 (3) equivalent; 14 15 (4) has successfully completed an examination as required by department rule; 16 has not been convicted of a felony 17 (5) involving an intentional violent act or the illegal use or 18 possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found to have 19 20 violated professional ethical standards; shall be employed by, or shall contract (6) 21 with a private investigation company to provide investigation 22 services for, a private investigation company, under the 23 direct control and supervision of a private investigator; and 24 (7) meets other requirements set forth in 25 SPAC/SB 621

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1 rules of the department.

2 If the contract or employment of a private С. 3 investigations employee with a private investigation company terminates for any reason, the registration of the individual 4 5 as a private investigations employee immediately terminates. 6 The private investigations employee shall turn over the employee's registration to the private investigation company 7 upon ceasing employment with that company. 8 A private investigation company shall notify 9 D. 10 the department within thirty days from the date of 11 termination of employment of a private investigations employee of the employment termination and return the 12 employee's registration to the department." 13 Section 15. A new section of the Private Investigations 14 15 Act, Section 61-27A-6.8 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: "61-27A-6.8. SECURITY GUARD--LEVELS OF REGISTRATION.--16 A. A security guard shall be registered at one of 17 the three levels enumerated in this section that are based on 18 experience, age and other qualifications of the registrant: 19 20 (1) level one is the entry level registration for security guards who will be working in a 21 position not requiring the registrant to carry arms; 22 level two is the intermediate level (2)23 registration for security guards who are required to be armed 24 but not with firearms; and 25

(3) level three is the advanced level
 registration for security guards who may be required to be
 armed with a firearm.

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B. Each security guard shall receive a card issued by the department in the security guard's name with a definite expiration date that shall be carried by the security guard at all times when the security guard is performing duties that require the security guard to be registered pursuant to the provisions of this section. A security guard is not required to obtain a new card each time the security guard changes employment."

Section 16. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-6.9 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-6.9. SECURITY GUARD--LEVEL ONE--REGISTRATION--REQUIREMENTS.--

A. On or after July 1, 2007, every individual seeking employment or employed as a level one security guard shall file an application for registration with the department.

B. The department shall issue a registration for a
level one security guard to an individual who files a
completed application accompanied by the required fees and
who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

is at least eighteen years of age;
 is of good moral character;

1 (3) has successfully completed an 2 examination as required by department rule; 3 (4) has not been convicted of a felony or an offense involving dishonesty, an offense involving an 4 5 intentional violent act or the illegal use or possession of a deadly weapon and has not been found to have violated 6 professional ethical standards; 7 8 (5) has completed a curriculum approved in 9 department rule consisting of level one security guard 10 training prior to being placed on a guard post for the first time as a level one security guard; that training may be 11 provided by: 12 a public educational institution in 13 (a) New Mexico or an educational institution licensed by the 14 15 higher education department pursuant to the Post-Secondary Educational Institution Act; 16 (b) an in-house training program 17 provided by a licensed private patrol company using a 18 curriculum approved by the department; or 19 20 (c) any other department-approved educational institution using a curriculum approved by the 21 department and complying with department standards set forth 22 in department rules; 23 is employed by a private patrol company 24 (6) under the direct supervision of a licensed private patrol 25 SPAC/SB 621 Page 28

operator, a level three security guard or a private patrol
operations manager; and

3 (7) meets other requirements set forth in4 department rules.

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C. A private patrol company shall notify the department within thirty days from the date of termination of a level one security guard of the employment termination."

Section 17. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-6.10 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-6.10. SECURITY GUARD--LEVEL TWO--REGISTRATION--REQUIREMENTS.--

12 A. On or after July 1, 2007, every individual 13 seeking employment or employed as a level two security guard 14 shall file an application for registration with the 15 department.

B. The department shall issue a registration for a level two security guard to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

20 (1) meets the requirements to be granted 21 registration as a level one security guard and maintains in 22 good standing a current registration as a level one security 23 guard;

24 (2) has successfully completed an
25 examination as required by department rule;

1 (3) possesses a high school diploma or its 2 equivalent; 3 (4) in addition to the training required to be registered as a level one security guard, has completed a 4 5 curriculum approved in department rule of level two security guard training prior to being placed on a guard post for the 6 first time as a level two security guard; that training may 7 8 be provided by: 9 a public educational institution in (a) 10 New Mexico or an educational institution licensed by the 11 higher education department pursuant to the Post-Secondary Educational Institution Act; 12 (b) an in-house training program 13 provided by a licensed private patrol company using a 14 curriculum approved by the department; 15 the New Mexico law enforcement 16 (c) academy; or 17 any other department-approved (d) 18 educational institution using a curriculum approved by the 19 20 department and complying with department standards set forth in department rules; 21 (5) is employed by a private patrol company 22 under the direct supervision of a licensed private patrol 23 operator, a level three security guard or a private patrol 24 operations manager; and 25

1 (6) meets other requirements set forth in 2 department rules.

C. A private patrol company shall notify the department within thirty days from the date of termination of a level two security guard of the employment termination."

Section 18. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-6.11 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-6.11. SECURITY GUARD--LEVEL THREE--REGISTRATION--REQUIREMENTS.--

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A. On or after July 1, 2007, every individual seeking employment or employed as a level three security guard shall file an application for registration with the department.

B. The department shall issue a registration for a level three security guard to an individual who files a completed application accompanied by the required fees and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

19 (2) meets the requirements to be granted 20 registration as a level two security guard and maintains in 21 good standing a current registration as a level two security 22 guard;

23 (3) has successfully completed an
24 examination as required by department rule;

(1)

(4) possesses a high school diploma or its

is at least twenty-one years of age;

equivalent;

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2 in addition to the training required to (5) 3 be registered as a level two security guard and before the applicant shall be placed for the first time at a guard post 4 5 as a level three security guard, has completed a curriculum 6 approved by the department consisting of the minimum training for firearm certification prescribed by the department; 7 8 provided that the additional training required by the 9 department is provided by: 10 (a) a public educational institution in 11 New Mexico or an educational institution licensed by the higher education department pursuant to the Post-Secondary 12 Educational Institution Act; 13 (b) an in-house training program 14 15 provided by a licensed private patrol company using a curriculum approved by the department; 16 the New Mexico law enforcement 17 (c) academy; or 18 (d) any other department-approved 19 20 educational institution using a curriculum approved by the department and complying with department standards set forth 21 in department rules; 22 is firearm certified by the New Mexico (6) 23 law enforcement academy or the national rifle association; 24 (7) is employed by a private patrol company 25

1 under the direct supervision of a licensed private patrol 2 operator, another level three security guard or a private 3 patrol operations manager; beginning on July 1, 2009, has 4 (8) 5 successfully passed a psychological evaluation as prescribed 6 by the department to determine suitability for carrying 7 firearms; and 8 (9) meets other requirements set forth in 9 department rules. 10 C. A private patrol company shall notify the department within thirty days from the date of termination of 11 a level two security guard of the employment termination." 12 Section 19. A new section of the Private Investigations 13 Act, Section 61-27A-6.12 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read: 14 "61-27A-6.12. SPECIAL EVENT PERMIT--NONRESIDENT 15 SECURITY GUARD PROCEDURE--QUALIFICATIONS--PROHIBITED USE.--16 A private patrol company employing a 17 Α. nonresident security guard temporarily for a special event 18 shall apply to the department for and may be issued a special 19 20 event permit for each nonresident security guard qualified to be employed at the special event. 21 B. A special event permit is issued for a specific 22 nonresident security guard and a specific special event and 23 shall not be transferred to another security guard or used 24 for a special event other than for the special event for 25

1 which the permit is issued.

2 To be issued a special event permit, a private С. 3 patrol company shall provide the department with a description of the special event, its location and the dates 4 5 on which the temporary nonresident security guard will be 6 employed to provide services at the special event. A special event permit shall bear the name of the private patrol 7 company and contact information, the name of the nonresident 8 security guard, the name of the special event for which it is 9 issued, the dates of the special event and other pertinent 10 information required by the department. 11 D. A special event permit shall be issued only to 12 an individual who qualifies for a level one or higher 13 security guard registration and who: 14 15 (1)is not a resident of New Mexico; 16 (2) does not hold a registration as a security guard in New Mexico; and 17 meets other requirements specified by (3) 18 the department. 19 20 Ε. A special event permit requiring a security guard to carry a firearm shall only be issued to an 21 individual who is qualified to be registered as a level three 22 security guard. 23 It is a violation of the Private Investigations 24 F. Act for a private patrol company to circumvent the 25

1	registration process for permanent or long-term part-time	
2	employment of security guards through use of the provisions	
3	of this section."	
4	Section 20. A new section of the Private Investigations	
5	Act, Section 61-27A-7.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:	
6	"61-27A-7.1. FEES	
7	A. The department shall establish a schedule of	
8	reasonable fees as follows:	
9	(1) private investigator fees:	
10	(a) application fee, not to exceed one	
11	hundred dollars (\$100);	
12	(b) initial private investigator's	
13	license fee or license renewal fee, not to exceed three	
14	hundred dollars (\$300); and	
15	(c) initial private investigations	
16	manager license fee or license renewal fee, not to exceed two	
17	hundred dollars (\$200);	
18	(2) private patrol operator fees:	
19	(a) application fee, not to exceed one	
20	hundred dollars (\$100);	
21	(b) initial private patrol operator's	
22	license fee or license renewal fee, not to exceed three	
23	hundred dollars (\$300); and	
24	(c) initial private patrol operations	
25	manager license fee or license renewal fee, not to exceed two	SPAC/SB 621 Page 35
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1 hundred dollars (\$200); 2 (3) security guard fees: 3 level one or level two security (a) guard registration fee or registration renewal fee, not to 4 5 exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00); and level three security guard 6 (b) registration fee or registration renewal fee, not to exceed 7 8 seventy-five dollars (\$75.00); (4) polygraph examiners: 9 (a) application fee, not to exceed one 10 hundred dollars (\$100); 11 initial polygraph examiner's 12 (b) license fee or license renewal fee, not to exceed four 13 hundred dollars (\$400); and 14 15 (c) examination fee, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100); and 16 other fees applying to private 17 (5) investigators, private patrol operators and polygraph 18 examiners: 19 (a) change in license fee, not to 20 exceed two hundred dollars (\$200); 21 (b) late fee on license or registration 22 renewals, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100); 23 special event permit fee, not to 24 (c) exceed one hundred dollars (\$100); and 25 SPAC/SB 621 Page 36

(d) special event license fee for a private patrol company, not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00).

B. Fees charged by the department shall not be increased prior to fiscal year 2009."

Section 21. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-8.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-8.1. LICENSE AND REGISTRATION RENEWAL.--

A. A license or registration granted pursuant to
the provisions of the Private Investigations Act shall be
renewed by the department annually unless the term of the
license is set by the department in rule to be a longer
period.

B. A licensee or registrant with an expired
license or registration shall not perform an activity for
which a license or registration is required pursuant to the
Private Investigations Act until the license or registration
has been renewed or reinstated.

18 C. The department may require proof of continuing 19 education credits or other proof of competency as a 20 requirement of renewal or reinstatement of a license or 21 registration.

D. A license or registration issued to a person
pursuant to the Private Investigations Act shall not be
transferred or assigned."

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Section 22. Section 61-27A-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws

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1993, Chapter 212, Section 9) is amended to read:

"61-27A-9. DISPLAY OF LICENSE--NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES.--

A. A license shall at all times be posted in a conspicuous place in the principal place of business in New Mexico of the licensee.

B. A copy of the registration of each registrant
employed by a private investigation company or a private
patrol company shall be maintained in the main New Mexico
office of the company and in the branch office in which the
registrant works.

12 C. A registration card issued by the department 13 shall at all times be in the possession of and located on the 14 person of a registrant when working.

D. A security guard shall wear the registration card on the outside of the guard's uniform so that the card is visible to others.

E. A licensee, including owners, officers or directors of a private investigation company or a private patrol company, or a registrant shall notify the department immediately in writing of a change in the mailing or contact address of the licensee or registrant.

F. Failure to notify the department within thirty
days of changes required to be reported pursuant to this
section or failure to carry or display a registration as

required is grounds for suspension of a license or registration."

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Section 23. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-10.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-10.1. GENERAL OPERATIONS PROVISIONS OF COMPANIES--MANAGEMENT--LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYEES' CONDUCT--MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS REQUIRED--REQUIRED AND PERMITTED ACTIVITIES--ALLOWED CATEGORIES OF UNLICENSED EMPLOYEES.--

An owner of a private investigation company 9 Α. providing services in New Mexico shall operate, direct, 10 control and manage that company provided that the owner is 11 licensed as a private investigator. An owner of a private 12 investigation company who is not licensed as a private 13 investigator shall employ a private investigator as a private 14 15 investigations manager and shall turn over the operation, direction, control and management of the private 16 investigation company to that manager. 17

An owner of a private patrol company providing 18 Β. services in New Mexico shall operate, direct, control and 19 20 manage that company, provided that the owner is licensed as a private patrol operator or registered as a level three 21 security guard. An owner of a private patrol company who is 22 not licensed as a private patrol operator or registered as a 23 level three security guard shall employ a private patrol 24 operations manager and shall turn over the operation, 25

direction, control and management of the private patrol company to that manager.

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C. A private investigation company or a private patrol company shall not conduct business under a fictitious name until the company has obtained the authorization for use of the name from the department. The department shall not authorize the use of a fictitious name that may generate public confusion with the name of a public officer or agency or the name of an existing private investigation company or private patrol company.

D. A private investigation company is liable for the conduct of the company's employees, including the conduct of its private investigations manager.

E. A private patrol company is liable for the
conduct of the company's employees, including the conduct of
its private patrol operations manager.

F. A private investigation company or a private patrol company shall maintain records of the qualifications, performance and training of all of its current and former employees as required by the department. The records are subject to inspection by the department upon reasonable notice to the owner or private investigations manager or private patrol operations manager.

G. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
every employee of a licensed private investigation company or SPAC/SB 621

Page 40

private patrol company shall be licensed or registered by the department as employees of the company with which the employee is employed; provided, however, that a licensee or registrant may work for more than one company concurrently.

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5 Η. A licensee or registrant shall notify the 6 department in writing within thirty days of each change in the licensee's or registrant's employment by filing an 7 8 amendment to the licensee's or registrant's application obtained from the department. If a licensee or registrant 9 10 ceases to be employed by a private investigation company or a private patrol company, the licensee or registrant shall 11 notify the department in writing within thirty days from the 12 date the licensee or registrant ceases employment with that 13 14 company.

15 I. A private investigation company or a private patrol company shall notify the department within thirty days 16 of a change in ownership structure or, if a corporation, a change in the membership of the board of directors. 18

J. Employees of a private investigation company or 19 20 a private patrol company who are engaged exclusively to perform stenographic, typing, word processing, secretarial, 21 receptionist, accounting, bookkeeping, information technology 22 or other business applications or support functions and who 23 do not perform the work of a private investigator, a private 24 patrol operator or a security guard are not required to be 25

licensed or registered pursuant to the Private Investigations Act.

K. An individual who is not licensed or qualified to be employed as a private investigations manager or a private patrol operations manager shall not be employed to perform the duties required of those managers."

Section 24. Section 61-27A-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 212, Section 11) is amended to read:

"61-27A-11. BOND REQUIRED.--

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A. A private investigation company shall file with the department a surety bond in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state.

B. The owner or the chief executive officer of a
private investigation company that provides personal
protection or bodyguard services or the owner or the chief
executive office of a private patrol company shall maintain a
general liability certificate of insurance in an amount
required by the department.

C. A surety bond in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or a general liability certificate of insurance executed and filed with the department pursuant to the Private Investigations Act shall remain in force until the surety company issuing the bond or the certificate has terminated future indemnity by notice to the department."

Section 25. Section 61-27A-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 212, Section 12) is amended to read:

> "61-27A-12. PROHIBITED ACTS .--

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A. A licensee or registrant may divulge to a law enforcement officer or district attorney, the attorney general or the attorney general's representatives information the licensee or registrant acquires concerning a criminal offense, but the licensee or registrant shall not divulge to any other person, except as the licensee or registrant is required by law, information acquired by the licensee or registrant except at the direction of the licensee's or registrant's employer or the client for whom the information was obtained.

Β. No licensee or registrant shall knowingly make 15 a false report to the licensee's or registrant's employer or the client for whom the information was being obtained.

No written report shall be submitted to a 17 C. client except by the licensee, or a person authorized by the 18 licensee, and the person submitting the report shall exercise 19 20 diligence in ascertaining whether the facts and information of the report are true and correct. 21

No private investigator, private investigations 22 D. manager or private investigations employee shall use a badge 23 in connection with the official activities of the licensee's 24 or employee's employment for a private investigation company. 25

E. No licensee or registrant shall use a title or wear a uniform, use an insignia, use an identification card or make a statement with the intent to give an impression that the licensee or registrant is connected in any way with the federal or state government or a political subdivision of either.

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F. No private patrol operator licensee, private
patrol operations manager or level three security guard shall
use a badge except when engaged in guard or patrol work and
while wearing a uniform.

G. No licensee or registrant shall appear as an assignee party in a proceeding involving a claim and delivery action to recover or possess property or action for foreclosing a chattel mortgage, mechanic's lien, materialman's lien or any other lien.

H. A polygraph examiner shall not ask questions during the course of a polygraph examination relative to sexual affairs of an examinee, the examinee's race, creed, religion or union affiliation or an activity not previously and specifically agreed to by written consent."

Section 26. Section 61-27A-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 212, Section 13) is amended to read:

"61-27A-13. DENIAL, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE OR REGISTRATION.--In accordance with procedures contained in the Uniform Licensing Act, the department may deny, suspend

or revoke a license or registration held or applied for under the Private Investigations Act or reprimand or place on probation a licensee or registrant upon grounds that the licensee, registrant or applicant: A. made a false statement or gave false information in connection with an application for a license

information in connection with an application for a license or registration or renewal or reinstatement of a license or registration;

9 B. violated a provision of the Private10 Investigations Act;

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C. violated a rule of the department adopted
 pursuant to the Private Investigations Act;

D. has been convicted of a felony or any crime
involving dishonesty or illegally using, carrying or
possessing a deadly weapon;

E. impersonated or permitted or aided and abetted an employee of a private investigation company or private patrol company to impersonate a law enforcement officer or employee of the United States or of a state or political subdivision of either;

F. committed or permitted an employee of a private investigation company or a private patrol company to commit an act while the license or registration of the person licensed or registered pursuant to the Private Investigations Act was expired that would be cause for the suspension or

revocation of a license or registration or grounds for the denial of an application for a license or registration;

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G. willfully failed or refused to render to a client services or a report as agreed between the parties, for which compensation has been paid or tendered in accordance with the agreement of the parties;

7 H. committed assault, battery or kidnapping or
8 used force or violence on a person without justification;

9 I. knowingly violated or advised, encouraged or 10 assisted the violation of a court order or injunction in the 11 course of business of the licensee or registrant;

12 J. knowingly issued a worthless or otherwise 13 fraudulent payroll check that is not redeemed within two days 14 of denial of payment by a bank;

K. has been chronically or persistently inebriated or addicted to the illegal use of dangerous or narcotic drugs;

18 L. has been adjudged mentally incompetent or 19 insane by regularly constituted authorities;

20 M. while unlicensed, committed or aided and 21 abetted the commission of any act for which a license is 22 required under the Private Investigations Act; or

N. has been found to have violated the requirements of a state or federal labor, tax or employee benefit law or rule."

1 Section 27. Section 61-27A-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2 1993, Chapter 212, Section 14) is amended to read: 3 "61-27A-14. HEARING--PENALTIES.--A. A person who is denied a license or 4 registration or who has a license or registration suspended 5 6 or revoked shall be entitled to a hearing before the department if within twenty days after the denial, suspension 7 or revocation a request for a hearing is received by the 8 The procedures of the Uniform Licensing Act 9 department. 10 shall be followed pertaining to the hearing to the extent 11 that they do not conflict with the provisions of the Private

In accordance with the provisions of the 13 Β. Uniform Licensing Act, and in addition to other penalties 14 15 provided by law, the department may impose the following:

Investigations Act.

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for a violation of the Private 16 (1)Investigations Act, a civil penalty not to exceed one 17 thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation; and 18

against a person who is found by the 19 (2) 20 department to be engaging in a practice regulated by the department without an appropriate license or registration, 21 civil penalties not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000)." 22 Section 28. Section 61-27A-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 23 1993, Chapter 212, Section 16) is amended to read: 24 "61-27A-16. LICENSE NOT TRANSFERABLE.--

A. A license or registration issued pursuant to the Private Investigations Act shall not be transferred or assigned.

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B. The department shall adopt by rule procedures for changes in the name or management of a private investigation company or private patrol company. If the private investigation company or private patrol company fails to comply with the procedures established by department rule, the private investigation company or private patrol company shall be considered to be operating without a license."

Section 29. Section 61-27A-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 212, Section 17) is amended to read:

"61-27A-17. LOCAL REGULATIONS.--The provisions of the 13 Private Investigations Act shall not prevent the local 14 15 authorities of a city or county by ordinance and within the exercise of the police power of the city or county from 16 imposing local ordinances upon a street patrol special 17 officer or on a person licensed or registered pursuant to the 18 Private Investigations Act if the ordinances are consistent 19 20 with that act."

Section 30. Section 61-27A-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 212, Section 18) is amended to read:

"61-27A-18. FUND ESTABLISHED.--

A. The "private investigations fund" is created inthe state treasury. SPAC/SB 621

Page 48

All license and registration fees received by Β. 2 the department pursuant to the Private Investigations Act 3 shall be deposited in the fund and are appropriated to the department to be used for the administration and 4 5 implementation of that act.

The state treasurer shall invest the fund as C. other state funds are invested, and all income derived from investment of the fund shall be credited to the fund.

D. All balances in the fund shall remain in the 9 10 fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

Ε. The department shall administer the fund, and money in the fund shall be expended by warrant issued by the secretary of finance and administration on vouchers signed by the superintendent of regulation and licensing.

F. No more than five percent of the fund shall be used by the department for administration of the fund."

Section 31. A new section of the Private Investigations Act, Section 61-27A-19.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"61-27A-19.1. FIREARMS.--A private investigator, a 19 20 private patrol operator, a private investigations employee, a level three security guard or a private patrol operations 21 employee may carry a firearm upon successful completion of 22 the mandatory firearm training required by rules of the 23 department." 24

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Section 32. Section 61-27A-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws

1993, Chapter 212, Section 20) is amended to read:

"61-27A-20. PENALTIES.--

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A. A person who engages in a business regulated by the Private Investigations Act who fraudulently makes a representation as being a licensee or registrant is guilty of a misdemeanor and if convicted shall be sentenced pursuant Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

B. An individual who fraudulently represents that
the individual is employed by a licensee is guilty of a petty
misdemeanor and if convicted shall be sentenced pursuant to
Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

12 C. A person who violates a mandatory requirement, 13 as set forth by the department in rule, of the Private 14 Investigations Act, is guilty of a petty misdemeanor except 15 as provided in Subsection A of this section and if convicted 16 shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978."

Section 33. A new section of the Private Investigations Act is enacted to read:

"RECIPROCITY.--

A. The department may enter into a reciprocity
agreement with another state for the purpose of licensing or
registering applicants to perform activities regulated by the
Private Investigations Act.

B. An applicant from another state at the time of
application for licensure or registration in New Mexico shall SPAC

be licensed or registered in that other state to perform the
 services for which the applicant is seeking a New Mexico
 license or registration.

C. The department may develop rules that allow for reciprocity on a temporary or limited basis without requiring an applicant licensed or registered in another state subject to a reciprocity agreement to be licensed or registered in New Mexico; provided that the state of licensure or registration:

10 (1) has licensure or registration
11 requirements that meet or exceed those of New Mexico;

12 (2) has no record of disciplinary action13 taken against the applicant in the last year; and

14 (3) can verify that the applicant has 15 engaged in activities for at least one year in the state with 16 reciprocity that are required to be licensed or registered 17 pursuant to the Private Investigations Act."

18 Section 34. A new section of the Private Investigations19 Act is enacted to read:

"BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS.--

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A. The department shall adopt rules that:

(1) are developed in conjunction with the
department of public safety that require background
investigations of all persons licensed or registered pursuant
to the Private Investigations Act to determine if the person

has a criminal history;

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(2) require all applicants for licensure or
registration to be fingerprinted on two fingerprint cards or
electronically as required for submission to the federal
bureau of investigation to conduct a national criminal
history investigation and for submission to the department of
public safety to conduct a state criminal history
investigation;

9 (3) provide for an applicant to inspect or
10 challenge the validity of the record developed by the
11 background investigation if the applicant is denied a license
12 or registration; and

(4) establish a fee for fingerprinting andconducting a background investigation for an applicant.

B. Arrest record information received from the federal bureau of investigation and department of public safety shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed to individuals not directly involved in the decision affecting the specific applicant or employee.

C. The applicant shall pay the cost of obtaining
criminal history information from the federal bureau of
investigation and the department of public safety.

23 D. Electronic live scans may be used for24 conducting criminal history investigations."

Section 35. A new section of the Private Investigations SPAC/SB 621

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Act is enacted to read:

"TERMINATION OF AGENCY LIFE--DELAYED REPEAL.--The private investigations advisory board is terminated on July 1, 2011 pursuant to the Sunset Act. The board shall continue to operate according to the provisions of the Private Investigations Act until July 1, 2012. Effective July 1, 2012, Chapter 61, Article 27A NMSA 1978 is repealed." Section 36. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TRANSITION.--

A. A security guard, watchman, loss prevention
officer or patrolman licensed pursuant to the Private
Investigators and Polygraphers Act prior to July 1, 2007
shall apply for registration pursuant to the Private
Investigations Act prior to October 31, 2007 to receive
registration without meeting the examination or educational
requirements of the Private Investigations Act.

B. Between July 1, 2007 and October 31, 2007, an individual shall be registered as a level three security guard without examination or further qualification by the regulation and licensing department if the individual:

(1) worked as a security guard, watchman,
loss prevention officer or patrolman for the five years
immediately preceding July 1, 2007 and was licensed by the
regulation and licensing department to perform that work; and

(2) was authorized pursuant to the Private Investigators and Polygraphers Act prior to July 1, 2007 to

carry a firearm in the course of the individual's employment.

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C. A security guard, watchman, loss prevention officer or patrolman who is not qualified pursuant to Subsection B of this section to be registered as a level three security guard shall be registered by the regulation and licensing department as a level one security guard if the individual applies for registration pursuant to the Private Investigations Act between July 1, 2007 and October 31, 2007, except as provided in Subsection D of this section.

10 D. If the regulation and licensing department finds, upon application by a security guard, watchman, loss 11 prevention officer or patrolman who is employed in that 12 capacity prior to July 1, 2007, that the applicant has 13 applied in a timely manner and presents exceptional 14 15 circumstances, as determined by the regulation and licensing department, in which the applicant demonstrates cause for 16 that applicant to be registered as a level two security 17 guard, the department in its discretion may register the 18 security guard applicant as a level two security guard 19 20 without examination or further qualification.

E. A private investigator or private patrol
operator holding a certificate of deposit or surety bond in
the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) shall be exempt from
the bond provisions of the Private Investigations Act,
provided that the private investigator's or private patrol

operator's license remains current and the holder remains in good standing with the regulation and licensing department.

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F. A rule adopted by the regulation and licensing department pursuant to the Private Investigators and Polygraphers Act shall remain in effect until the regulation and licensing department adopts rules to implement the Private Investigations Act.

8 G. The regulation and licensing department shall continue to register and license individuals pursuant to the 9 10 Private Investigators and Polygraphers Act until July 1, 2007, or, if rules are not adopted by the regulation 11 and licensing department to implement the Private 12 Investigations Act by July 1, 2007, until the regulation and 13 licensing department adopts rules to implement the Private 14 15 Investigations Act. However, rules shall be adopted and the regulation and licensing department shall begin to license 16 and register applicants pursuant to the Private 17 Investigations Act no later than September 1, 2007. 18

H. Money in the private investigator and
polygrapher fund is transferred on July 1, 2007 to the
private investigations fund.

I. Except as provided in Subsections C and D of
this section, a person licensed or registered pursuant to the
Private Investigators and Polygraphers Act prior to
July 1, 2007 shall be licensed or registered pursuant to the

1 Private Investigations Act on or after July 1, 2007 at a 2 level of licensure or registration equivalent to that level 3 that the person held prior to July 1, 2007 without further training or examination; provided that the person: 4 5 (1) applies for licensure or registration 6 pursuant to the Private Investigations Act no later than October 31, 2007; 7 8 (2) shall be subject to any disciplinary 9 proceedings initiated prior to July 1, 2007 or disciplinary 10 action resulting from the proceedings due to the licensee's or registrant's unethical conduct or actions or inactions 11 taken in violation of the Private Investigators and 12 Polygraphers Act; and 13 (3) remains otherwise eligible to be 14 15 licensed or registered pursuant to the Private Investigations Act. 16 Section 37. REPEAL.--Sections 61-27A-7, 61-27A-8, 17 61-27A-10, 61-27A-19 and 61-27A-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 18 1993, Chapter 212, Sections 7, 8, 10 and 19 and Laws 2000, 19 20 Chapter 4, Section 16, as amended) are repealed. Section 38. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the 21 provisions of this act is July 1, 2007._____ 22 23 24 25