Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current FIRs (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) are available on the NM Legislative Website (legis.state.nm.us). Adobe PDF versions include all attachments, whereas HTML versions may not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	Lujan, B.		ORIGINAL DATE LAST UPDATED	HB	205/aHTRC
SHORT TITL	E.	State Aviation Fund	d Distributions & Uses	SB	

ANALYST Schardin

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Арргорг	iation	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected	
FY07	FY08			
	\$1,855.2	Recurring	State Aviation Fund- GRT Distribution	
	\$149.8	Recurring	State Aviation Fund- Interest Earnings	

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

<u>REVENUE</u> (dollars in thousands)

	Estimated Revenue	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected	
FY07	FY08	FY09		
	(\$1,855.2)	(\$2,953.0)	Recurring	General Fund- GRT
	(\$149.8)	(\$187.8)	Recurring	General Fund- Interest Earnings
	\$1,855.2	\$2,953.0	Recurring	State Aviation Fund- GRT Distributions
	\$149.8	\$187.8	Recurring	State Aviation Fund Interest Earnings

(Parenthesis () Indicate Revenue Decreases)

Duplicates SB 222 Conflicts with SB 432

SOURCES OF INFORMATION LFC Files

House Bill 205/aHTRC – Page 2

<u>Responses Received From</u> Taxation and Revenue Department (TRD) Department of Transportation (DOT) New Mexico Municipal League (NMML)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of HTRC Amendment

The House Taxation and Revenue Committee amendment to House Bill 205 extends the sunset of a distribution of 0.046 percent of general fund gross receipts tax revenue from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2012. This distribution is currently spent on the air service assistance program (ASAP).

Synopsis of Original Bill

House Bill 205 creates a new distribution to the state aviation fund from gross receipts tax revenue that would otherwise go to the general fund. This distribution will be \$80 thousand per month in FY08, \$167 thousand per month in FY09, and \$250 thousand per month in FY10 and beyond. These distributions will be used for planning and program administration, construction, equipment, materials and maintenance of a system of airports, navigation aids and related facilities.

The bill also amends Section 64-1-15 NMSA 1978 so that earnings from investment of the state aviation fund will be credited to that fund and so that state aviation fund balances will no longer revert to any other fund. The bill also amends this statute so that expenditures from the state aviation fund will be made in accordance with budgets approved by DOT rather than the Department of Finance and Administration.

The effective date of these provisions is July 1, 2007.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The original bill creates a new monthly distribution to the state aviation fund from gross receipts tax collections that are distributed to the general fund under current law. The distribution will total \$960 thousand in FY08, \$2.0 million in FY09, and \$3 million in FY10 and beyond. All money in the state aviation fund is automatically appropriated to the Aviation Division of DOT.

The House Taxation and Revenue Committee amendment increases the bill's fiscal impact. According to the December 2006 consensus revenue estimate, general fund gross receipts tax revenues are expected to total \$1,945.3 million in FY08, \$2,062.0 million in FY09, and \$2,179.5 million in FY10. Therefore, the fiscal impact of the bill would be to reduce general fund revenue by \$895.3 thousand in FY08 and by proportionately higher amounts in FY09 through FY12. The House Taxation and Revenue Committee amendment has no fiscal impact in FY13 and beyond.

By preventing the state aviation fund and its interest earnings from reverting to the general fund, general fund interest earnings will fall somewhat. Based on average fund balances over the last two years adjusted for the new distribution created by this bill, general fund interest earnings are expected to fall by \$149.8 thousand in FY08, \$187.8 thousand in FY09 and \$176.7 million in

House Bill 205/aHTRC - Page 3

FY10 and beyond.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

According to DOT, House Bill 205 will help leverage additional matching funds from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for use on statewide airport construction projects. These airport construction projects need only 5 percent in combined state and local funds to earn a 95 percent federal match.

In FY06, New Mexico received about \$6.3 million in FAA discretionary funds, the lowest amount of all states in the FAA's southwestern region (Arkansas received \$14.5 million, Louisiana received \$34.4 million, Oklahoma received \$16.2 million, and Texas received \$127.9 million).

DOT reports that New Mexico's airport infrastructure capital needs are about \$60 million per year, although only about \$15 million per year is available. The New Mexico air transportation system capacity may be reduced due to lack of maintenance funding for existing infrastructure. At immediate risk are airports in Las Cruces, Moriarty and Zuni, while airports also at risk include Santa Rosa, Tatum, Fort Sumner, and Roswell.

According to DOT, states that dedicate a reliable revenue stream to aviation improvements are more likely to be considered by the FAA for block grant status, which leads to significantly higher federal funding. Texas, which received \$127.9 million in FAA matching funds in FY06, is currently the only block grant state in the southwestern FAA region.

DFA notes that there are currently only two gross receipts tax earmarks in statute— the 0.046 percent earmark to the state aviation fund that will sunset on July 1, 2007 and another for the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). All other expenditures are funded instead through the appropriation process. The argument cited by DOT is that an appropriated revenue stream is not stable enough for FAA to award block grant status to New Mexico. DFA suggests that if a stable funding stream is necessary a sunset clause should be added in case federal funds are permanently reduced or eliminated.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

DOT notes that the FAA currently ranks New Mexico as a "poor performer" in terms of providing airport infrastructure. New Mexico's main weakness is not having a stable funding stream for aviation improvements. Without dedicating funding to aviation infrastructure, it will be difficult for New Mexico to increase its performance ranking and attract additional federal funding.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

If New Mexico qualifies for FAA block grant status DOT's Aviation Division will assume greater administrative responsibilities including underrating financial management, processing federal reimbursements, conducting environmental impact studies, and preparing aviation infrastructure action plans.

House Bill 205/aHTRC - Page 4

DFA notes that DOT's Aviation Division currently has seven FTE, and that an influx of funding provided by this bill may require additional FTE.

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

House Bill 205 duplicates Senate Bill 222.

House Bill 205 conflicts with Senate Bill 432, which extends the sunset date of a distribution in the amount of 0.046 percent of general fund gross receipts tax revenues to the state aviation fund from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2010.

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

The bill changes the requirement in Section 64-1-15 NMSA 1978 that all state aviation fund expenditures is made in accordance with budgets approved by DFA so that approval will be given by DOT. DFA is concerned about this change because of findings that state road fund revenue for the "100 percent state" construction program was not used exclusively for that purpose.

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

DOT suggests that New Mexico's backlog of airport improvement projects will continue to grow, and the state's construction sector will not benefit from the stimulus of federal matching funds available for airport construction.

New Mexico's airport system will continue to deteriorate and airport safety may be compromised.

SS/nt:csd