

Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current FIRs (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) are available on the NM Legislative Website (legis.state.nm.us). Adobe PDF versions include all attachments, whereas HTML versions may not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

ORIGINAL DATE 2/27/07

SPONSOR Strickler LAST UPDATED 2/28/07 HB 1149/aHBIC

SHORT TITLE Public Utility Water & Sale Gross Receipts SB _____

ANALYST Schardin

REVENUE (dollars in thousands)

Estimated Revenue			Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY07	FY08	FY09		
	(\$79,200.0)		Recurring	General Fund
	(\$52,800.0)		Recurring	Local Government

(Parenthesis () Indicate Revenue Decreases)

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From

New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA)

Youth Conservation Corps (YCC)

Taxation and Revenue Department (TRD)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of HBIC Amendment

The House Business and Industry Committee amendment to House Bill 1149 strikes Section 1 of the original bill, which would have removed water and wastewater receipts from the governmental gross receipts tax base. Removing those receipts from the governmental gross receipts tax would have violated the non-impairment clause of bonds issued by NMFA and DCA secured by governmental gross receipts tax revenue (Section 7-1-6.38 NMSA).

Synopsis of Original Bill

Section 1 of the original bill deletes language in Section 7-9-3.2 so that receipts from the sale of water by a utility owned or operated by a county, municipality or other state political subdivision will no longer be subject to the governmental gross receipts tax.

Section 2 of the original bill creates a new gross receipts tax deduction from receipts from the sale of electricity, natural gas or water by a public utility. A public utility eligible for the deduction is defined as a person that owns, operates, leases or controls a plant, property or

facility 1) for the generation, transmission or distribution, sale or furnishing of electricity to the public; 2) for the manufacture, storage, distribution or furnishing to the public of natural, manufactured or liquefied petroleum gas; 3) for the supplying, storage, distribution or furnishing of public water for manufacturing, municipal or domestic uses (not including irrigation systems).

The effective date of these provisions will be July 1, 2007.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

TRD estimates that the tax base eligible for the proposed gross receipts tax deduction, while volatile, will be about \$2 billion per year. Taxed at a statewide rate of 6.6 percent, the proposed deduction would decrease gross receipts tax collections by about \$132 million per year. About 60 percent of that loss would accrue to the general fund and the remaining 40 percent to local governments.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

LFC cautions against gross receipts tax deductions that significantly narrow the tax base. Narrowing the gross receipts tax base increases revenue volatility and requires a higher tax rate to generate the same amount of revenue.

The bill will significantly reduce local government gross receipts tax collections. Many of New Mexico's local governments are highly dependent on gross receipts tax revenue.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

There will be no major administrative impacts on TRD.

SS/nt