Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current FIRs (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) are available on the NM Legislative Website (legis.state.nm.us). Adobe PDF versions include all attachments, whereas HTML versions may not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	Madalena		ORIGINAL DATE 3/13/2007 LAST UPDATED		НВ	HM 94
SHORT TITL	LE .	Native American V				
				ANAI	YST	Schuss

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY07	FY08	FY09	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
Total		Unknown		Unknown	Non- Recurring	General

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From
Department of Health (DOH)
Indian Affairs Department (IAD)

Did Not Respond

Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

House Memorial 94 makes a request for a multiagency study of domestic violence against Native American women, supporting the collaborative efforts of the Indian Affairs Department, Children, Youth and Families Department and the Department of Health on behalf of Native American women, children and elders who have been subjected to violence, sexual assault, battering and stalking.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

There is a potential cost to the general fund to conduct this study. HM 94 contain no appropriation.

DOH and IAD have reported that there will be no fiscal implications.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

IAD has included the following in their analysis:

HM 94 are in line with ongoing efforts by the IAD and other state agencies to work collaboratively to address domestic violence against Native American women. The IAD is currently in the process of entering into a memorandum of understanding ("the MOU") with CYFD to address this very subject. The objective of this initiative is to take a collaborative approach to domestic violence involving Native Americans.

A draft version of the MOU enumerates various areas of interagency cooperation to further the following objectives:

- Working with tribal governments, the federal government and the domestic violence program provider community to improve the provision of domestic violence services
- Crafting treatment programs which are culturally and linguistically appropriate
- Information sharing between agencies
- Exploring and supporting potential legislative mechanisms to address the problem

The proposed House Memorial furthers and complements this pending initiative.

DOH reports the following:

Domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking disproportionately impact Native American women, children and elders. According to *American Indians and Crime* report from the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the first comprehensive report on violent victimization among Native Americans issued by the Department of Justice, Native Americans experience violent victimization at more than twice the national rate. In fact, Native Americans account for less than 1% of the U.S. population; however, they experience violent victimization at a rate of 124 per 1,000 persons over age 12, whereas all races have a violent victimization rate of 50 per 1,000 persons over age 12. At least 75% of the violent victimization experienced by Native Americans is committed by persons not of the same race.

According to the same report, Native American victims of intimate and family violence are more likely than victims of all other races to be injured and need hospital care. Medical costs associated with their injuries were more than \$21 million over a 4-year period. Additionally, three-fourths of American Indian women have experienced some type of sexual assault in their lives and seventeen percent of Native American women have been stalked. Native American women have an average annual rate of sexual assault of 7.2 per 1000, compared to 1.9 per 1000 for all races (Ronet Bachman. The Epidemiology of Rape and Sexual Assault Against American Indian Women: An Analysis of NCVS data. Sept 2003).

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

IAD reports that they are designated as a leading agency for the study proposed in HM 94. Given the IAD's ongoing relationship with tribal governments, and the need to work with those governments, this is an appropriate role for the department. It will complement the technical expertise brought to the study by CYFD and DOH.

House Memorial 94 – Page 3

On page 3, lines 1-5 HM 94 state that the IAD, DOH and CYFD "have the capacity and resources to examine and assess the scope of issues associated with disproportionate rates of violence against Native American women." IAD reports that while it is true that IAD has the expertise to contribute to the completion of the study sought in HM 94, its personnel resources will be strained by the likely demands contained in the legislation. Additional resources may be required.

BS/nt