HOUSE TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILLS 618, 28, 148, 284, 391, 445, 448, 502 & 633

48th Legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - second session, 2008

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; PROVIDING FOR A DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX REVENUES TO CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES FOR THE TREATMENT OF STREET INEBRIATES; PROVIDING AN INCOME TAX CREDIT BASED ON FILING STATUS, PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME; PROVIDING INCOME TAX CREDITS FOR EMPLOYERS FOR A PORTION OF THE COSTS OF PROVIDING WELLNESS PROGRAMS FOR EMPLOYEES; PROVIDING AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION OF AN ADVANCED ON-SITE LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM; PROVIDING AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR VOLUNTEERS PARTICIPATING IN THE NEW MEXICO 2012 PROJECT; PROVIDING A DEDUCTION FROM GROSS RECEIPTS FOR DENTAL SERVICES PROVIDED TO MEDICAID PATIENTS; PROVIDING A GROSS RECEIPTS TAX EXEMPTION FOR BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION; CREATING A DEDUCTION FROM GROSS RECEIPTS AND FROM THE COMPUTATION OF COMPENSATING TAX FOR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND SERVICES USED TO CONSTRUCT, SUPPLY AND OPERATE A CYBERSPACE .173190.1

COMMAND CENTER AT A UNITED STATES AIR FORCE BASE IN NEW MEXICO; PROVIDING FOR AN EXEMPTION FROM GROSS RECEIPTS TAX FOR RECEIPTS FROM OFFICIATING AT CERTAIN ATHLETIC EVENTS; CREATING THE NEW MEXICO 2012 PROJECT; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 7-1-6.40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 182, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-1-6.40. DISTRIBUTION--LOCAL DWI GRANT FUND--MUNICIPALITIES.--

A. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to the local DWI grant fund in an amount equal to forty-one and fifty hundredths percent of the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax.

B. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA

1978 of twenty thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$20,750)

monthly from the net receipts attributable to the liquor excise

tax shall be made to a municipality that is located in a class

A county and that has a population of more than thirty thousand

but less than sixty thousand according to the most recent

federal decennial census. The distribution pursuant to this

subsection shall be used by the municipality only for the

provision of alcohol treatment and rehabilitation services for

street inebriates."

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underscored material	[bracketed material]

Section 2.	. A ne	w section	n of the	Tax	Administration	Act,
Section 7-1-83	NMSA 1	978 . is e	nacted t	o re	ad:	

- "7-1-83. [NEW MATERIAL] INDEXING AMOUNTS FOR INFLATION.-The dollar value of an amount used to specify a tax, credit,
 rebate or other provision that is indexed for inflation
 pursuant to this section shall be adjusted each calendar year
 subsequent to the base year according to the following rules:
- A. to determine the dollar value of an amount for a calendar year, the dollar value of the amount in the base year shall be multiplied by the inflation adjustment factor determined pursuant to Subsection B of this section and then rounded according to the rules in Subsection D of this section;
- B. the inflation adjustment factor for a calendar year is the quotient of a fraction:
- (1) the numerator of which is the sum of the monthly consumer price index values for the twelve months ending in August of the preceding calendar year; and
- (2) the denominator of which is the sum of the monthly consumer price index values for the twelve months ending in August of the year preceding the base year;
- C. as used in this section, the "consumer price index" is the last consumer price index published by the United States department of labor for all urban consumers, for all items and for the current series; and
- D. the amount determined under Subsection A of this .173190.1

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section, before rounding, shall be rounded according to the following rules:

- (1) if the amount is no more than five hundred dollars (\$500) to the nearest one dollar (\$1.00);
- (2) if the amount is more than five hundred dollars (\$500) but no more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), to the nearest five dollars (\$5.00);
- (3) if the amount is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) but no more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), to the nearest fifty dollars (\$50.00); and
- (4) if the amount is more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), to the nearest five hundred dollars (\$500)."
- Section 3. Section 7-2-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1986, Chapter 20, Section 26, as amended) is amended to read:
- "7-2-2. DEFINITIONS.--For the purpose of the Income Tax Act and unless the context requires otherwise:
- A. "adjusted gross income" means adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code [as that section may be amended or renumbered];

B. "base income":

(1) means, for estates and trusts, that part of the estate's or trust's income defined as taxable income and upon which the federal income tax is calculated in the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes [plus, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the amount of the net .173190.1

operating loss deduction allowed by Section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, and taken by the taxpayer for that year]; and

(2) means, for taxpayers other than estates or trusts, that part of the taxpayer's income defined as adjusted gross income [plus, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the amount of the net operating loss deduction allowed by Section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, and taken by the taxpayer for that year;

(3) includes, for all taxpayers, any other income of the taxpayer not included in adjusted gross income but upon which a federal tax is calculated pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes, except amounts for which a calculation of tax is made pursuant to Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered; "base income" also includes interest received on a state or local bond; and

(4) includes, for all taxpayers, an amount deducted pursuant to Section 7-2-32 NMSA 1978 in a prior taxable year if:

(a) such amount is transferred to another qualified tuition program, as defined in Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, not authorized in the Education Trust Act; or

(b) a distribution or refund is made for
any reason other than: 1) to pay for qualified higher
education expenses, as defined pursuant to Section 529 of the
Internal Revenue Code; or 2) upon the beneficiary's death,
disability or receipt of a scholarship];

- C. "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services;
- D. "department" means the taxation and revenue department, the secretary or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;
- E. "dependent" means "dependent" as defined by Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- [E.] F. "fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, committee, conservator, receiver, individual or corporation acting in any fiduciary capacity;
- [F.] G. "filing status" means ["married filing joint returns", "married filing separate returns", "head of household", "surviving spouse" and "single", as those terms are generally defined for federal tax purposes] the taxpayer's marital and family status, which may be one of the following:
- (1) "married individuals filing joint returns" or "married filing jointly" means married individuals eligible to file a federal income tax return jointly with the taxpayer's .173190.1

1	spouse pursuant to Section 6013 of the Internal Revenue Code;
2	(2) "married individuals filing separate
3	returns" or "married filing separately" means a married
4	taxpayer not filing a federal income tax return jointly with
5	the taxpayer's spouse;
6	(3) "head of household" means "head of
7	household" as that term is defined by Section 2(b) of the
8	<u>Internal Revenue Code</u> ;
9	(4) "surviving spouse" means "surviving
10	spouse" as that term is defined by Section 2(a) of the Internal
11	Revenue Code; and
12	(5) "single" means an unmarried individual not
13	a head of household or surviving spouse;
14	H. "first year resident" means an individual who
15	moves to New Mexico with the intent to make this state the
16	individual's permanent residence;
17	[G .] I. "fiscal year" means any accounting period
18	of twelve months ending on the last day of any month other than
19	December;
20	[H. "head of household" means "head of household"
21	as generally defined for federal income tax purposes;
22	$\overline{\text{I.}}$] $\underline{\text{J.}}$ "individual" means a natural person, an
23	estate, a trust or a fiduciary acting for a natural person,
24	trust or estate;
25	$[rac{J_{ullet}}{I_{ullet}}]$ $\underline{K_{ullet}}$ "Internal Revenue Code" means the United
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1	States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as that code may be
2	amended or its sections renumbered;
3	[K. "lump-sum amount" means for the purpose of
4	determining liability for federal income tax, an amount that
5	was not included in adjusted gross income but upon which the
6	five-year-averaging or the ten-year-averaging method of tax
7	computation provided in Section 402 of the Internal Revenue
8	Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, was
9	applied;]
10	L. "modified gross income" means [all income of the
11	taxpayer and, if any, the taxpayer's spouse and dependents,
12	undiminished by losses and from whatever source, including:
13	(1) compensation;
14	(2) net profit from business;
15	(3) gains from dealings in property;
16	(4) interest;
17	(5) net rents;
18	(6) royalties;
19	(7) dividends;
20	(8) alimony and separate maintenance payments;
21	(9) annuities;
22	(10) income from life insurance and endowment
23	contracts;
24	(11) pensions;
25	(12) discharge of indebtedness;
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1	(13) distributive share of partnership income;
2	(14) income in respect of a decedent;
3	(15) income from an interest in an estate or a
4	trust;
5	(16) social security benefits;
6	(17) unemployment compensation benefits;
7	(18) workers' compensation benefits;
8	(19) public assistance and welfare benefits;
9	(20) cost-of-living allowances; and
10	(21) gifts] the sum of the taxpayer's adjusted
11	gross income, the adjusted gross income, if any, of the
12	taxpayer's spouse and dependents and any amount not included in
13	the taxpayer's, spouse's or dependent's adjusted gross income
14	pursuant to Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code; [M.]
15	"modified gross income" [excludes] does not include:
16	(1) payments for hospital, dental, medical or
17	drug expenses to or on behalf of the taxpayer;
18	(2) the value of room and board provided by
19	federal, state or local governments or by private individuals
20	or agencies based upon financial need and not as a form of
21	compensation;
22	(3) payments pursuant to a federal, state or
23	local government program directly or indirectly to a third
24	party on behalf of the taxpayer when identified to a particular
25	use or invoice by the payer; or

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	(4)	payments	for c	redits	and rebates	s pursuant
to the Income	e Tax Ac	t and mad	e for a	a credit	pursuant	to Section
7-3-9 NMSA 19	978:					

[N. "net income" means, for estates and trusts,
base income adjusted to exclude amounts that the state is
prohibited from taxing because of the laws or constitution of
this state or the United States and means, for taxpayers other
than estates or trusts, base income adjusted to exclude:

(1) an amount equal to the standard deduction allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year by Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered;

(2) an amount equal to the itemized deductions defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year less the amount excluded pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this subsection;

(3) an amount equal to the product of the exemption amount allowed for the taxpayer's taxable year by Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, multiplied by the number of personal exemptions allowed for federal income tax purposes;

(4) income from obligations of the United

States of America less expenses incurred to earn that income;

(5) other amounts that the state is prohibited

1	from taxing because of the laws or constitution of this state
2	or the United States;
3	(6) for taxable years that began prior to
4	January 1, 1991, an amount equal to the sum of:
5	(a) net operating loss carryback
6	deductions to that year from taxable years beginning prior to
7	January 1, 1991 claimed and allowed, as provided by the
8	Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(b) net operating loss carryover
10	deductions to that year claimed and allowed; and
11	(7) for taxable years beginning on or after
12	January 1, 1991, an amount equal to the sum of any net
13	operating loss carryover deductions to that year claimed and
14	allowed, provided that the amount of any net operating loss
15	carryover from a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
16	1991 may be excluded only as follows:
17	(a) in the case of a timely filed
18	return, in the taxable year immediately following the taxable
19	year for which the return is filed; or
20	(b) in the case of amended returns or
21	original returns not timely filed, in the first taxable year
22	beginning after the date on which the return or amended return
23	establishing the net operating loss is filed; and
24	(c) in either case, if the net operating
25	loss carryover exceeds the amount of net income exclusive of

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the net operating loss carryover for the taxable year to which the exclusion first applies, in the next four succeeding taxable years in turn until the net operating loss carryover is exhausted; in no event shall a net operating loss carryover be excluded in any taxable year after the fourth taxable year beginning after the taxable year to which the exclusion first applies;

0.] M. "net operating loss" means any net operating loss, as defined by Section 172(c) of the Internal Revenue Code [as that section may be amended or renumbered] for a taxable year as further increased by the income, if any, from obligations of the United States for that year less related expenses;

[P.] N. "net operating loss carryover" means the amount, or any portion of the amount, of a net operating loss for any taxable year that, pursuant to [Paragraph (6) or (7) of Subsection N of this section | Subsection D of Section 7-2-4 NMSA 1978, may be excluded from base income;

[0.] "nonresident" means every individual not a resident of [this state] New Mexico;

[R. "person" means any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, syndicate or other association; "person" also means, to the extent permitted by law, any federal, state or other .173190.1

governmental unit or subdivision or agency, department or
instrumentality thereof;

P. "personal exemption" means a taxpayer, a spouse or a dependent that qualifies the taxpayer for a deduction for personal exemptions pursuant to Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code;

[S.] Q. "resident" means an individual who is domiciled in [this state] New Mexico during any part of the taxable year or an individual who is physically present in [this state] New Mexico for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year; but any individual, other than someone who was physically present in [the state] New Mexico for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year, who, on or before the last day of the taxable year, changed the individual's place of abode to a place without [this state] New Mexico with the bona fide intention of continuing actually to abide permanently without [this state] New Mexico is not a resident for the purposes of the Income Tax Act for periods after that change of abode;

 $[\overline{\text{T.}}]$ $\underline{\text{R.}}$ "secretary" means the secretary of taxation and revenue or the secretary's delegate;

 $[U_{\bullet}]$ S. "state" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States or any political subdivision of a foreign country;

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 $[brac{$\Psi_{ au}$}{T_{ au}}]$ "state or local bond" means a bond issued by a state other than New Mexico or by a local government other than one of New Mexico's political subdivisions, the interest from which is excluded from income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code; [as that section may be amended or renumbered;

W. "surviving spouse" means "surviving spouse" as generally defined for federal income tax purposes;

W. "taxable income" means [net income less any lump-sum amount] base income plus the additions to base income set forth in Section 7-2-3.1 NMSA 1978 less the exemptions set forth in Sections 7-2-4, 7-2-5.2, 7-2-5.5, 7-2-5.6, 7-2-5.7, 7-2-5.9, 7-2-5.10 and 7-2-5.11 NMSA 1978 or any other section of the Income Tax Act creating an exemption effective after June 30, 2008 and less the deductions set forth in Sections 7-2-32, 7-2-34, 7-2-36 and 7-2-37 NMSA 1978 or any other section of the Income Tax Act creating a deduction effective after June 30, 2008;

 $[rac{V.}{I}]$ "taxable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year upon the basis of which the [net] taxable income is computed under the Income Tax Act and includes, in the case of the return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, the period for which the return is made; and

[\overline{Z} .] \underline{W} . "taxpayer" means any individual subject to .173190.1

the tax imposed <u>or eligible for a credit authorized</u> by the Income Tax Act."

Section 4. Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 202, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2-3. IMPOSITION AND LEVY OF TAX.--A tax is imposed at the rates specified in the Income Tax Act upon the [net] taxable income of every resident individual and upon the [net] taxable income of every nonresident individual employed or engaged in the transaction of business in, into or from [this state] New Mexico or deriving any income from any property or employment within [this state] New Mexico."

Section 5. A new section of the Income Tax Act, Section 7-2-3.1 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"7-2-3.1. [NEW MATERIAL] ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME OR ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME. -- The following amounts shall be added to the taxpayer's federal taxable income or adjusted gross income, as appropriate:

A. for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, the amount of the net operating loss deduction allowed by Section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and taken by the taxpayer for that year;

B. any other income of the taxpayer not included in base income but upon which a federal tax is calculated pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes, except amounts for which a calculation of tax is made pursuant to

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1	Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code;
2	C. interest received on a state or local bond; and
3	D. an amount deducted pursuant to Section 7-2-32
4	NMSA 1978 in a prior taxable year if:
5	(1) the amount is transferred to another
6	qualified tuition program, as defined in Section 529 of the
7	Internal Revenue Code, not authorized in the federal Education
8	Trust Act; or
9	(2) a distribution or refund is made for any
10	reason other than:
11	(a) to pay for qualified higher
12	education expenses, as defined pursuant to Section 529 of the
13	Internal Revenue Code; or
14	(b) upon the beneficiary's death,
15	disability or receipt of a scholarship."
16	Section 6. Section 7-2-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
17	Chapter 202, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"7-2-4. EXEMPTIONSNo income tax shall be imposed upon
19	A. the income of a trust organized or created in
20	the United States and forming part of a stock bonus, pension or
21	profit-sharing plan of an employer for the exclusive benefit of
22	[his] <u>the employer's</u> employees or their beneficiaries, which
23	trust is exempt from taxation under the provisions of the
24	Internal Revenue Code; [or]
25	B. the income of religious, educational, benevolent

B. <u>the income of</u> religious, educational, benevolent
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or other organizations not organized for profit, which are exempt from income taxation under the Internal Revenue Code except to the extent that such income is subject to federal income taxation as "unrelated business income" under the Internal Revenue Code;

C. the income of a taxpayer from:

- (1) obligations of the United States less expenses incurred to earn that income; or
- (2) amounts that New Mexico is prohibited from taxing because of the laws or constitution of New Mexico or the United States constitution; or
- D. for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, an amount equal to the sum of the net operating loss carryover exemptions to the taxable year that are claimed and allowed; provided, however:
 - (1) that the exemption is only applied:
- (a) in the case of a timely filed return, in the taxable year immediately following the taxable year for which the return is filed; or
- (b) in the case of amended returns or original returns not timely filed, in the first taxable year beginning after the date on which the return or amended return establishing the net operating loss is filed; and
- (2) if the net operating loss carryover exceeds the amount of taxable income exclusive of the net .173190.1

operating loss carryover for the taxable year to which the
exemption first applies, the exemption shall be applied in the
next four succeeding taxable years in turn until the net
operating loss carryover is exhausted; in no event shall a net
operating loss carryover be exempted in any taxable year after
the fourth taxable year beginning after the taxable year to
which the exemption first applies."

Section 7. Section 7-2-5.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 114, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2-5.2. EXEMPTION--INCOME OF PERSONS SIXTY-FIVE AND OLDER OR BLIND.--

A. Any individual sixty-five years of age or older or who, for federal income tax purposes, is blind may claim an exemption in an amount specified in Subsections [A] B through [G] D of this section not to exceed eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) of income includable except for this exemption in [net] taxable income. [Individuals having income both within and without this state shall apportion this exemption in accordance with regulations of the secretary.

A-] B. For married individuals filing separate returns, for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1987:

The maximum amount of

If adjusted exemption allowable under
gross income is: this section shall be:

1	Not over \$15,000	\$8,000
2	Over \$15,000 but not over \$16,500	\$7,000
3	Over \$16,500 but not over \$18,000	\$6,000
4	Over \$18,000 but not over \$19,500	\$5,000
5	Over \$19,500 but not over \$21,000	\$4,000
6	Over \$21,000 but not over \$22,500	\$3,000
7	Over \$22,500 but not over \$24,000	\$2,000
8	Over \$24,000 but not over \$25,500	\$1,000
9	Over \$25,500	0.
10	$[\frac{B_{\bullet}}{C_{\bullet}}]$ For heads of household,	surviving spous

[B.] C. For heads of household, surviving spouses and married individuals filing joint returns, for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1987:

				The maximum a	mount of
If adjusted				exemption all	owable under
gross income	is:			this section	shall be:
Not over \$30	,000				\$8,000
Over \$30,000	but not	over	\$33,000		\$7,000
Over \$33,000	but not	over	\$36,000		\$6,000
Over \$36,000	but not	over	\$39,000		\$5,000
Over \$39,000	but not	over	\$42,000		\$4,000
Over \$42,000	but not	over	\$45,000		\$3,000
Over \$45,000	but not	over	\$48,000		\$2,000
Over \$48,000	but not	over	\$51,000		\$1,000
Over \$51,000					0.

[G.] $\underline{\text{D.}}$ For single individuals, for any taxable year .173190.1

Over \$28,500

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1	beginning on or after January 1, 1987:	
2	The maximum amount of	
3	If adjusted exemption allowable und	ler
4	gross income is: this section shall be:	
5	Not over \$18,000 \$8,000	
6	Over \$18,000 but not over \$19,500 \$7,000	
7	Over \$19,500 but not over \$21,000 \$6,000	
8	Over \$21,000 but not over \$22,500 \$5,000	
9	Over \$22,500 but not over \$24,000 \$4,000	
10	Over \$24,000 but not over \$25,500 \$3,000	
11	Over \$25,500 but not over \$27,000 \$2,000	
12	Over \$27,000 but not over \$28,500 \$1,000	

Section 8. Section 7-2-5.5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995, Chapter 42, Section 1) is amended to read:

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"7-2-5.5. EXEMPTION--EARNINGS BY INDIANS, THEIR INDIAN
SPOUSES AND INDIAN DEPENDENTS ON INDIAN LANDS.--An individual
may claim an exemption of income includable in taxable income,
except for this exemption, in an amount equal to the income
earned by a member of a New Mexico federally recognized Indian
nation, tribe, band or pueblo, [his] the member's spouse or
dependent, who is a member of a New Mexico federally recognized
Indian nation, tribe [band] or pueblo, [is exempt from state
income tax] if the income is earned from work performed within
and the member, spouse or dependent lives within the boundaries
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of the Indian member's or the spouse's reservation or pueblo grant or within the boundaries of lands held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the member or spouse or [his] the member's or spouse's nation, tribe [band] or pueblo, subject to restriction against alienation imposed by the United States."

Section 9. Section 7-2-5.6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995, Chapter 93, Section 8) is amended to read:

"7-2-5.6. EXEMPTION--MEDICAL CARE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.-Except as provided in Section [6 of this act] 59A-23D-6 NMSA

1978, an individual may claim an exemption of income includable
in taxable income, except for this exemption in an amount equal
to employer and employee contributions to medical care savings
accounts established pursuant to the Medical Care Savings
Account Act, the interest earned on those accounts and money
reimbursed to an employee for eligible medical expenses from
those accounts or money advanced to the employee by the employer
for eligible medical expenses pursuant to that act [are exempt
from taxation]."

Section 10. Section 7-2-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2002, Chapter 58, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-2-5.7. EXEMPTION--INCOME OF INDIVIDUALS ONE HUNDRED
YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.--[The income of] An individual who is a
natural person, who is one hundred years of age or older and who
is not a dependent of another individual [is exempt from state
income tax] may claim an exemption of all income includable in
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taxable income except for this exemption."

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Section 11. Section 7-2-5.9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 104, Section 6) is amended to read:

"7-2-5.9. EXEMPTION--UNREIMBURSED OR UNCOMPENSATED MEDICAL CARE EXPENSES OF INDIVIDUALS SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER .--

Any individual sixty-five years of age or older may claim an additional exemption from income includable in taxable income, except for this exemption, [in net income] in an amount equal to three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for medical care expenses paid by the individual for that individual or for the individual's spouse or dependent during the taxable year if those medical care expenses exceed twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000) and if the medical care expenses are not reimbursed or compensated for by insurance or otherwise.

B. As used in this section:

[(1) "dependent" means "dependent" as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) (1) "health care facility" means a hospital, outpatient facility, diagnostic and treatment center, rehabilitation center, freestanding hospice or other similar facility at which medical care is provided;

 $[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ "medical care" means the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body;

 $[\frac{4}{3}]$ "medical care expenses" means amounts .173190.1

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- (a) the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body if provided by a physician or in a health care facility;
 - (b) prescribed drugs or insulin;
- qualified long-term care services as (c) defined in Section 7702B(c) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (d) insurance covering medical care, including amounts paid as premiums under Part B of Title 18 of the Social Security Act or for a qualified long-term care insurance contract defined in Section 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the insurance or other amount is paid from income included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year;
- (e) specialized treatment or the use of special therapeutic devices if the treatment or device is prescribed by a physician and the patient can show that the expense was incurred primarily for the prevention or alleviation of a physical or mental defect or illness; and
- (f) care in an institution other than a hospital, such as a sanitarium or rest home, if the principal reason for the presence of the person in the institution is to receive the medical care available; provided that if the meals and lodging are furnished as a necessary part of such care, the

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state income taxation]."

Section 14.

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1	cost of the meals and lodging are "medical care expenses";
2	[(5)] <u>(4)</u> "physician" means a medical doctor,
3	osteopathic physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractic
4	physician or psychologist licensed or certified to practice in
5	New Mexico; and
6	[(6)] <u>(5)</u> "prescribed drug" means a drug or
7	biological that requires a prescription of a physician for its
8	use by an individual."
9	Section 12. Section 7-2-5.10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2006,
10	Chapter 50, Section 1) is amended to read:
11	"7-2-5.10. EXEMPTIONNEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD MEMBER
12	PREMIUMS PAID FOR GROUP LIFE INSURANCEAn individual who
13	receives reimbursement from the service members' life insurance
14	reimbursement fund may claim an exemption in the amount of that
15	reimbursement, from income includable in taxable income, except
16	for this exemption [in net income]."
17	Section 13. Section 7-2-5.11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007,
18	Chapter 45, Section 11) is amended to read:
19	"7-2-5.11. EXEMPTIONARMED FORCES SALARIESAn
20	individual may claim an exemption of income includable in
21	taxable income, except for this exemption, in an amount equal to
22	a salary paid by the United States to a taxpayer for active duty
23	service in the armed forces of the United States [is exempt from

Section 7-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,

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      Chapter 104, Section 4) is amended to read:
 2
           "7-2-7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX [RATES] RATE.--The tax
 3
      imposed by Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978 shall be imposed at the
 4
      [following rates] rate of four and nine-tenths percent of
 5
      taxable income for [any] a taxable year beginning on or after
 6
      January 1, 2008.
 7
               [A. For married individuals filing separate returns:
           If the taxable income is: The tax shall be:
 8
 9
      Not over $4,000
                                       1.7% of taxable income
10
      Over $4,000 but not over $8,000 $68.00 plus 3.2% of excess
                                        over $4,000
11
12
      Over $8,000 but not over $12,000 $196 plus 4.7% of excess over
13
                                        <del>$8,000</del>
14
      Over $12,000
                                       $384 plus 4.9% of excess over
                                        $12,000.
15
16
               B. For heads of household, surviving spouses and
17
      married individuals filing joint returns:
           If the taxable income is: The tax shall be:
18
      Not over $8,000 1.7% of taxable income
19
20
      Over $8,000 but not over $16,000 $136 plus 3.2% of
                                        excess over $8,000
21
      Over $16,000 but not over $392 plus 4.7% of
22
      $24,000
                                       excess over $16,000
23
      Over $ 24,000
                                   $768 plus 4.9% of excess over
24
                                        <del>$24,000.</del>
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C. For single individuals and for estates and trusts:
If the taxable income is: The tax shall be:
Not over \$5,500 1.7% of taxable income
Over \$5,500 but not over \$11,000 \$93.50 plus 3.2% of
excess over \$5,500
Over \$11,000 but not over \$269.50 plus 4.7% of
\$16,000 excess over \$ 11,000
Over \$16,000 \$504.50 plus 4.9% of excess over \$16,000.
D. The tax on the sum of any lump-sum amounts included
in net income is an amount equal to five multiplied by the
difference between:
(1) the amount of tax due on the taxpayer's
taxable income; and
(2) the amount of tax that would be due on an
amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income and twenty percent
of the taxpayer's lump-sum amounts included in net income.]"
Section 15. Section 7-2-7.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1980,
Chapter 102, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
"7-2-7.1. TAX TABLESIn lieu of the tax rate
[computations] <u>computation</u> required in Section 7-2-7 NMSA 1978
and the credit computations required in Section 7-2-7.4 NMSA
1978, the secretary may adopt regulations requiring taxpayers to
pay taxes in accordance with tax rate tables <u>and to claim the</u>
credit in accordance with the credit tables. The tax and credit
tables may be established either by regulation or by

instruction, but shall be computed substantially on the basis of the [rates] rate prescribed in Section 7-2-7 NMSA 1978 and the credit authorized in Section 7-2-7.4 NMSA 1978. The secretary may, by regulation or instruction, exclude from the application of this section taxpayers having [net] taxable incomes in excess of an amount to be determined by the secretary and may exclude taxpayers in any [net-income] taxable-income class having more personal exemptions than the number of personal exemptions specified by the secretary for that category."

Section 16. A new section of the Income Tax Act, Section 7-2-7.4 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:

"7-2-7.4. [NEW MATERIAL] TAX CREDIT--CREDIT FOR
EXEMPTIONS, DEDUCTIONS, RATE BRACKETS AND STATE AND LOCAL
TAXES.--

- A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico income tax return may claim a credit in an amount equal to the sum of the amounts determined under Subsections B through E of this section, subject to the limitation imposed by Subsection G of this section.
- B. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and is not a trust, estate or dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount determined under Paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection according to the taxpayer's filing status reduced by the amount determined under Paragraph (6) of this subsection.

	(1)	For	married	individuals	filing	separate
returns with no	depen	dent	s:			

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$8,950	\$0.00 plus 4.90% of
	the excess over \$0
Over \$8,950 but not over \$12,950	\$438.55 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$8,950
Over \$12,950 but not over \$16,950	\$566.55 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$12,950
Over \$16,950 but not over \$20,950	\$634.55 plus 0.20% of
	the excess over \$16,950
Over \$20,950	\$642.55.

For each dependent of the taxpayer, the taxable income amounts in the table shall all be increased by the increment amount and the percentages in the table used to determine the credit at all taxable income levels.

(2) For surviving spouses with no dependents:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$14,400	\$0.00 plus 4.90% of
	the excess over \$0
Over \$14,400 but not over \$22,400	\$705.60 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$14,400
Over \$22,400 but not over \$30,400	\$961.60 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$22,400
Over \$30,400 but not over \$38,400	\$1,097.60 plus 0.20% of
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the excess over \$30,400 Over \$38,400 \$1,113.60.

For each dependent of the taxpayer, the taxable income amounts in the table shall all be increased by the increment amount and the percentages in the table used to determine the credit at all taxable income levels.

(3) For married individuals filing joint returns with no dependents:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$17,900	\$0.00 plus 4.90% of
	the excess over \$0
Over \$17,900 but not over \$25,900	\$877.10 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$17,900
Over \$25,900 but not over \$33,900	\$1,133.10 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$25,900
Over \$33,900 but not over \$41,900	\$1,269.10 plus 0.20% of
	the excess over \$33,900
Over \$41,900	\$1,285.10.

For each dependent of the taxpayer, the taxable income amounts in the table shall all be increased by the increment amount and the percentages in the table used to determine the credit at all taxable income levels.

(4) For single individuals with no dependents:

If taxable income is: The credit shall be: \$0.00 plus 4.90% of Not over \$8,950

	the excess over \$0
Over \$8,950 but not over \$14,450	\$438.55 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$8,950
Over \$14,450 but not over \$19,950	\$641.55 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$14,450
Over \$19,950 but not over \$24,950	\$708.05 plus 0.20% of
	the excess over \$19,950
Over \$24,950	\$718.05.

For each dependent of the taxpayer, the taxable income amounts in the table shall all be increased by the increment amount and the percentages in the table used to determine the credit at all taxable income levels.

(5) For heads of household with no dependents:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$11,500	\$0.00 plus 4.90% of
	the excess over \$0
Over \$11,500 but not over \$19,500	\$563.50 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$11,500
Over \$19,500 but not over \$27,500	\$819.50 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$19,500
Over \$27,500 but not over \$35,500	\$955.50 plus 0.20% of
	the excess over \$27,500
Over \$35,500	\$971.50.

For each dependent of the taxpayer, the taxable income amounts in the table shall all be increased by the increment .173190.1

amount and the percentages in the table used to determine the credit at all taxable income levels.

- (6) For 2008 and 2009, the amount of the credit determined under Paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount equal to the product of four and nine-tenths percent and the amount of the reduction in the deduction for personal exemptions determined pursuant to Section 151(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) For purposes of this subsection, the increment amount is three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500).
- (8) For 2010 and subsequent years, the taxable income amounts in the tables in Paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection and the increment amount in Paragraph (7) of this subsection shall be indexed for inflation under the provisions of Section 7-1-83 NMSA 1978 using 2009 as the base year, and the credit amounts at each taxable income level in each table shall be recomputed using the percentages in the table.
- C. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and is a trust, estate or dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit in the following amount:

If taxable income is: The credit shall be:
Not over \$5,500 \$0.00 plus 3.20% of

	the excess over \$0
Over \$5,500 but not over \$11,000	\$176.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$5,500
Over \$11,000 but not over \$16,000	\$269.50 plus 0.20% of
	the excess over \$11,000
Over \$16,000	\$279.50.

For 2010 and subsequent years, the taxable income amounts in the table shall be indexed for inflation under the provisions of Section 7-1-83 NMSA 1978 using 2009 as the base year, and the credit amounts at each taxable income level recomputed using the percentages in the table.

- D. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and is not a trust, estate or dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount determined under Paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection according to the taxpayer's filing status.
- (1) For married individuals filing separate returns with:

(a) one personal exemption:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$8,950	\$0.00
Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$8,950
Over \$11,450 but not over \$12,950	\$42.50 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$11,450

1	Over \$12,950 but not over \$15,000	\$42.50 plus 1.50% of
	over \$12,950 but not over \$15,000	-
2		the excess over \$12,950
3	Over \$15,000 but not over \$15,380	\$73.25 plus 1.16% of
4		the excess over \$15,000
5	Over \$15,380 but not over \$16,950	\$77.66 less 0.64% of
6		the excess over \$15,380
7	Over \$16,950 but not over \$18,710	\$67.61 plus 0.86% of
8		the excess over \$16,950
9	Over \$18,710 but not over \$20,950	\$82.75 less 0.94% of
10		the excess over \$18,710
11	Over \$20,950 but not over \$22,040	\$61.69 less 0.74% of
12		the excess over \$20,950
13	Over \$22,040 but not over \$27,512	\$53.62 less 0.98% of
14		the excess over \$22,040
15	Over \$27,512	\$0.00;
16	(b) two persona	l exemptions:
17	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
18	Not over \$12,450	\$0.00

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$12,450	\$0.00
Over \$12,450 but not over \$16,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$12,450
Over \$16,450 but not over \$16,750	\$68.00 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$16,450
Over \$16,750 but not over \$19,610	\$77.60 plus 0.82% of
	the excess over \$16,750
Over \$19,610 but not over \$20,450	\$101.05 less 1.28% of
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1		the excess over \$19,610
2	Over \$20,450 but not over \$22,460	\$90.30 plus 0.22% of
3		the excess over \$20,450
4	Over \$22,460 but not over \$24,450	\$94.72 less 1.88% of
5		the excess over \$22,460
6	Over \$24,450 but not over \$25,320	\$57.31 less 1.68% of
7		the excess over \$24,450
8	Over \$25,320 but not over \$27,498	\$42.69 less 1.96% of
9		the excess over \$25,320
10	Over \$27,498	\$0.00;
11	(c) three perso	onal exemptions:
12	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
13	Not over \$15,950	\$0.00
13 14	Not over \$15,950 Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950	\$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of
14		\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
14 15	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950
14 15 16	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of
14 15 16 17	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950 Over \$19,950 but not over \$20,280	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$19,950
14 15 16 17 18	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950 Over \$19,950 but not over \$20,280	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$19,950 \$78.56 plus 0.48% of
14 15 16 17 18 19	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950 Over \$19,950 but not over \$20,280 Over \$20,280 but not over \$22,780	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$19,950 \$78.56 plus 0.48% of the excess over \$20,280
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950 Over \$19,950 but not over \$20,280 Over \$20,280 but not over \$22,780	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$19,950 \$78.56 plus 0.48% of the excess over \$20,280 \$90.56 less 1.92% of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Over \$15,950 but not over \$19,950 Over \$19,950 but not over \$20,280 Over \$20,280 but not over \$22,780 Over \$22,780 but not over \$23,950	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$15,950 \$68.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$19,950 \$78.56 plus 0.48% of the excess over \$20,280 \$90.56 less 1.92% of the excess over \$22,780

the excess over \$25,280

1	Over \$27,497	\$0.00 ;
2	(d) four person	al exemptions:
3	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
4	Not over \$19,450	\$0.00
5	Over \$19,450 but not over \$23,030	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
6		the excess over \$19,450
7	Over \$23,030 but not over \$23,450	\$60.86 less 1.36% of
8		the excess over \$23,030
9	Over \$23,450 but not over \$25,250	\$55.15 plus 0.14% of
10		the excess over \$23,450
11	Over \$25,250 but not over \$27,450	\$57.67 less 2.56% of
12		the excess over \$25,250
13	Over \$27,450 but not over \$27,470	\$1.35 less 1.06% of
14		the excess over \$27,450
15	Over \$27,470 but not over \$27,500	\$1.14 less 3.76% of
16		the excess over \$27,470
17	Over \$27,500	\$0.00 ;
18	(e) five person	al exemptions:
19	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
20	Not over \$0.00	\$0.00
21	Over \$22,950 but not over \$25,230	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
22		the excess over \$22,950
23	Over \$25,230 but not over \$26,950	\$38.76 less 1.70% of
24		the excess over \$25,230
25	Over \$26,950 but not over \$27,230	\$9.52 less 0.20% of
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1		the excess over \$26,950
2	Over \$27,230 but not over \$27,510	\$8.96 less 3.20% of
3		the excess over \$27,230
4	Over \$27,510	\$0.00 ;
5	(f) six person	al exemptions:
6	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
7	Not over \$26,450	\$0.00
8	Over \$26,450 but not over \$27,020	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
9		the excess over \$26,450
10	Over \$27,020 but not over \$27,495	\$9.69 less 2.04% of
11		the excess over \$27,020
12	Over \$27,495	\$0.00; and
13	(g) seven or m	ore personal exemptions,
14	the credit is zero dollars (\$0.00).	
14 15	the credit is zero dollars (\$0.00). (2) For surviving sp	pouses with:
15	(2) For surviving sp	
15 16	(2) For surviving sp	al exemption:
15 16 17	(2) For surviving sp (a) one person If taxable income is:	al exemption: The credit shall be:
15 16 17 18	(2) For surviving sp (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400	al exemption: The credit shall be: \$0.00
15 16 17 18 19	(2) For surviving sp (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400	al exemption: The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of
15 16 17 18 19 20	(2) For surviving sp (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400 Over \$14,400 but not over \$16,900	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$14,400
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) For surviving sp (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400 Over \$14,400 but not over \$16,900	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$14,400 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(2) For surviving space (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400 Over \$14,400 but not over \$16,900 Over \$16,900 but not over \$22,400	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$14,400 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$16,900
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(2) For surviving space (a) one person If taxable income is: Not over \$14,400 Over \$14,400 but not over \$16,900 Over \$16,900 but not over \$22,400	al exemption: The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$14,400 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$16,900 \$42.50 plus 1.50% of

1		the excess over \$24,900
2	Over \$30,000 but not over \$30,400	\$80.00 less 0.32% of
3		the excess over \$30,000
4	Over \$30,400 but not over \$32,640	\$78.72 plus 1.18% of
5		the excess over \$30,400
6	Over \$32,640 but not over \$38,400	\$105.15 less 0.47% of
7		the excess over \$32,640
8	Over \$38,400 but not over \$39,910	\$78.08 less 0.27% of
9		the excess over \$38,400
10	Over \$39,910 but not over \$55,013	\$74.00 less 0.49% of
11		the excess over \$39,910
12	Over \$55,013	\$0.00 ;

(b) two personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$17,900	\$0.00
Over \$17,900 but not over \$22,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$17,900
Over \$22,900 but not over \$25,900	\$85.00 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$22,900
Over \$25,900 but not over \$30,000	\$85.00 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$25,900
Over \$30,000 but not over \$30,750	\$146.50 plus 1.16% of
	the excess over \$30,000
Over \$30,750 but not over \$33,900	\$155.20 less 0.64% of
	the excess over \$30,750

0ver	\$33,900	but n	not	over	\$37,420	\$135.04 plus 0.86% of
						the excess over \$33,900
Over	\$37,420	but n	not	over	\$41,900	\$165.31 less 0.94% of
						the excess over \$37,420
Over	\$41,900	but n	not	over	\$44,080	\$123.20 less 0.74% of
						the excess over \$41,900
0ver	\$44,080	but n	not	over	\$55,005	\$107.07 less 0.98% of
						the excess over \$44,080
Over	\$55,005					\$0.00;

(c) three personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$21,400	\$0.00
Over \$21,400 but not over \$28,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$21,400
Over \$28,900 but not over \$29,400	\$127.50 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$28,900
Over \$29,400 but not over \$30,000	\$127.50 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$29,400
Over \$30,000 but not over \$35,310	\$136.50 plus 0.99% of
	the excess over \$30,000
Over \$35,310 but not over \$37,400	\$189.07 less 0.96% of
	the excess over \$35,310
Over \$37,400 but not over \$41,460	\$169.01 plus 0.54% of
	the excess over \$37,400
Over \$41,460 but not over \$45,400	\$190.93 less 1.41% of
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1		the excess over \$41,460
2	Over \$45,400 but not over \$47,620	\$135.38 less 1.21% of
3		the excess over \$45,400
4	Over \$47,620 but not over \$55,002	\$108.51 less 1.47% of
5		the excess over \$47,620
6	Over \$55,002	\$0.00;
7	(d) four person	al exemptions:
8	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
9	Not over \$24,900	\$0.00
10	Over \$24,900 but not over \$32,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
11		the excess over \$24,900
12	Over \$32,900 but not over \$33,500	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
13		the excess over \$32,900
14	Over \$33,500 but not over \$39,210	\$155.20 plus 0.82% of
15		the excess over \$33,500
16	Over \$39,210 but not over \$40,900	\$202.02 less 1.28% of
17		the excess over \$39,210
18	Over \$40,900 but not over \$44,930	\$180.39 plus 0.22% of
19		the excess over \$40,900
20	Over \$44,930 but not over \$48,900	\$189.26 less 1.88% of
21		the excess over \$44,930
22	Over \$48,900 but not over \$50,640	\$114.62 less 1.68% of
23		the excess over \$48,900
24	Over \$50,640 but not over \$54,997	\$85.39 less 1.96% of
25		the excess over \$50,640

1	Over \$54,997	\$0.00 ;
2	(e) five person	al exemptions:
3	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
4	Not over \$28,400	\$0.00
5	Over \$28,400 but not over \$36,400	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
6		the excess over \$28,400
7	Over \$36,400 but not over \$37,270	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
8		the excess over \$36,400
9	Over \$37,270 but not over \$42,600	\$163.84 plus 0.65% of
10		the excess over \$37,270
11	Over \$42,600 but not over \$44,400	\$198.49 less 1.60% of
12		the excess over \$42,600
13	Over \$44,400 but not over \$47,930	\$169.69 less 0.10% of
14		the excess over \$44,400
15	Over \$47,930 but not over \$52,400	\$166.16 less 2.35% of
16		the excess over \$47,930
17	Over \$52,400 but not over \$53,270	\$61.11 less 2.15% of
18		the excess over \$52,400
19	Over \$53,270 but not over \$55,001	\$42.41 less 2.45% of
20		the excess over \$53,270
21	Over \$55,001	\$0.00;
22	(f) six persona	l exemptions:
23	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
24	Not over \$31,900	\$0.00
25	Over \$31,900 but not over \$39,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	.173190.1	

1		the excess over \$31,900
2	Over \$39,900 but not over \$40,560	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
3		the excess over \$39,900
4	Over \$40,560 but not over \$45,560	\$157.12 plus 0.48% of
5		the excess over \$40,560
6	Over \$45,560 but not over \$47,900	\$181.12 less 1.92% of
7		the excess over \$45,560
8	Over \$47,900 but not over \$50,560	\$136.19 less 0.42% of
9		the excess over \$47,900
10	Over \$50,560 but not over \$54,993	\$125.02 less 2.82% of
11		the excess over \$50,560
12	Over \$54,993	\$0.00;
13	(g) seven perso	onal exemptions:

(g) seven personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$35,400	\$0.00
Over \$35,400 but not over \$43,400	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$35,400
Over \$43,400 but not over \$43,470	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$43,400
Over \$43,470 but not over \$48,180	\$138.24 plus 0.31% of
	the excess over \$43,470
Over \$48,180 but not over \$51,400	\$152.84 less 2.24% of
	the excess over \$48,180
Over \$51,400 but not over \$52,880	\$80.71 less 0.74% of
	the excess over \$51,400

1	Over \$52,880 but not over \$55,000	\$69.76 less 3.29% of
2		the excess over \$52,880
3	Over \$55,000	\$0.00; and
4	(h) eight or mo	ore personal exemptions:
5	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
6	Not over \$38,900	\$0.00
7	Over \$38,900 but not over \$46,060	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
8		the excess over \$38,900
9	Over \$46,060 but not over \$46,900	\$121.72 less 1.36% of
10		the excess over \$46,060
11	Over \$46,900 but not over \$50,500	\$110.30 plus 0.14% of
12		the excess over \$46,900
13	Over \$50,500 but not over \$55,005	\$115.34 less 2.56% of
14		the excess over \$50,500
15	Over \$55,005	\$0.00.
16	(3) For married indi	viduals filing joint
17	returns with:	
18	(a) two persona	al exemptions:
19	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
20	Not over \$17,900	\$0.00
21	Over \$17,900 but not over \$22,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
22		the excess over \$17,900
23	Over \$22,900 but not over \$25,900	\$85.00 plus 0.00% of
24		the excess over \$22,900
25	Over \$25,900 but not over \$30,000	\$85.00 plus 1.50% of
	.173190.1	

1		the excess over \$25,900
2	Over \$30,000 but not over \$30,750	\$146.50 plus 1.16% of
3		the excess over \$30,000
4	Over \$30,750 but not over \$33,900	\$155.20 less 0.64% of
5		the excess over \$30,750
6	Over \$33,900 but not over \$37,420	\$135.04 plus 0.86% of
7		the excess over \$33,900
8	Over \$37,420 but not over \$41,900	\$165.31 less 0.94% of
9		the excess over \$37,420
10	Over \$41,900 but not over \$44,080	\$123.20 less 0.74% of
11		the excess over \$41,900
12	Over \$44,080 but not over \$55,005	\$107.07 less 0.98% of
13		the excess over \$44,080
14	Over \$55,005	\$0.00;

(b) three personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$21,400	\$0.00
Over \$21,400 but not over \$28,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$21,400
Over \$28,900 but not over \$29,400	\$127.50 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$28,900
Over \$29,400 but not over \$30,000	\$127.50 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$29,400
Over \$30,000 but not over \$35,310	\$136.50 plus 0.99% of
	the excess over \$30,000

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1	Over \$35,310 but not over \$37,400	\$189.07 less 0.96% of
2		the excess over \$35,310
3	Over \$37,400 but not over \$41,460	\$169.01 plus 0.54% of
4		the excess over \$37,400
5	Over \$41,460 but not over \$45,400	\$190.93 less 1.41% of
6		the excess over \$41,460
7	Over \$45,400 but not over \$47,620	\$135.38 less 1.21% of
8		the excess over \$45,400
9	Over \$47,620 but not over \$55,002	\$108.51 less 1.47% of
10		the excess over \$47,620
11	Over \$55,002	\$0.00;

(c) four personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$24,900	\$0.00
Over \$24,900 but not over \$32,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$24,900
Over \$32,900 but not over \$33,500	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$32,900
Over \$33,500 but not over \$39,210	\$155.20 plus 0.82% of
	the excess over \$33,500
Over \$39,210 but not over \$40,900	\$202.02 less 1.28% of
	the excess over \$39,210
Over \$40,900 but not over \$44,930	\$180.39 plus 0.22% of
	the excess over \$40,900
Over \$44,930 but not over \$48,900	\$189.26 less 1.88% of
.173190.1	

1		the excess over \$44,930
2	Over \$48,900 but not over \$50,640	\$114.62 less 1.68% of
3		the excess over \$48,900
4	Over \$50,640 but not over \$54,997	\$85.39 less 1.96% of
5		the excess over \$50,640
6	Over \$54,997	\$0.00;
7	(d) five person	al exemptions:
8	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
9	Not over \$28,400	\$0.00
10	Over \$28,400 but not over \$36,400	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
11		the excess over \$28,400
12	Over \$36,400 but not over \$37,270	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
13		the excess over \$36,400
14	Over \$37,270 but not over \$42,600	\$163.84 plus 0.65% of
15		the excess over \$37,270
16	Over \$42,600 but not over \$44,400	\$198.49 less 1.60% of
17		the excess over \$42,600
18	Over \$44,400 but not over \$47,930	\$169.69 less 0.10% of
19		the excess over \$44,400
20	Over \$47,930 but not over \$52,400	\$166.16 less 2.35% of
21		the excess over \$47,930
22	Over \$52,400 but not over \$53,270	\$61.11 less 2.15% of
23		the excess over \$52,400
24	Over \$53,270 but not over \$55,001	\$42.41 less 2.45% of
25		the excess over \$53,270

1	Over \$55,001	\$0.00;
2	(e) six persona	1 exemptions:
3	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
4	Not over \$31,900	\$0.00
5	Over \$31,900 but not over \$39,900	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
6		the excess over \$31,900
7	Over \$39,900 but not over \$40,560	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
8		the excess over \$39,900
9	Over \$40,560 but not over \$45,560	\$157.12 plus 0.48% of
10		the excess over \$40,560
11	Over \$45,560 but not over \$47,900	\$181.12 less 1.92% of
12		the excess over \$45,560
13	Over \$47,900 but not over \$50,560	\$136.19 less 0.42% of
14		the excess over \$47,900
15	Over \$50,560 but not over \$54,993	\$125.02 less 2.82% of
16		the excess over \$50,560
17	Over \$54,993	\$0.00;
18	(f) seven perso	nal exemptions:
19	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
20	Not over \$35,400	\$0.00
21	Over \$35,400 but not over \$43,400	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
22		the excess over \$35,400
23	Over \$43,400 but not over \$43,470	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
24		the excess over \$43,400
25	Over \$43,470 but not over \$48,180	\$138.24 plus 0.31% of
	.173190.1	
	1.6	

1		the excess over \$43,470
2	Over \$48,180 but not over \$51,400	\$152.84 less 2.24% of
3		the excess over \$48,180
4	Over \$51,400 but not over \$52,880	\$80.71 less 0.74% of
5		the excess over \$51,400
6	Over \$52,880 but not over \$55,000	\$69.76 less 3.29% of
7		the excess over \$52,880
8	Over \$55,000	\$0.00 ;
9	(g) eight perso	onal exemptions:
10	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
11	Not over \$38,900	\$0.00
12	Over \$38,900 but not over \$46,060	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
13		the excess over \$38,900
14	Over \$46,060 but not over \$46,900	\$121.72 less 1.36% of
15		the excess over \$46,060
16	Over \$46,900 but not over \$50,500	\$110.30 plus 0.14% of
17		the excess over \$46,900
18	Over \$50,500 but not over \$54,900	\$115.34 less 2.56% of
19		the excess over \$50,500
20	Over \$54,900 but not over \$54,940	\$2.70 less 1.06% of
21		the excess over \$54,900
22	Over \$54,940 but not over \$55,000	\$2.27 less 3.76% of
23		the excess over \$54,940
24	Over \$55,000	\$0.00; and
25	(h) nine or mo	re personal exemptions:

1	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
2	Not over \$42,400	\$0.00
3	Over \$42,400 but not over \$48,370	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
4		the excess over \$42,400
5	Over \$48,370 but not over \$50,400	\$101.49 less 1.53% of
6		the excess over \$48,370
7	Over \$50,400 but not over \$52,580	\$70.43 less 0.03% of
8		the excess over \$50,400
9	Over \$52,580 but not over \$55,003	\$69.78 less 2.88% of
10		the excess over \$52,580
11	Over \$55,003	\$0.00.
12	(4) For single indiv	iduals with:
13	(a) one persona	al exemption:
		•
14	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
14 15	If taxable income is:	-
		The credit shall be:
15	Not over \$8,950	The credit shall be: \$0.00
15 16	Not over \$8,950	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of
15 16 17	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950
15 16 17 18	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of
15 16 17 18 19	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450 Over \$11,450 but not over \$14,450	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$11,450
15 16 17 18 19 20	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450 Over \$11,450 but not over \$14,450	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$11,450 \$42.50 plus 1.50% of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450 Over \$11,450 but not over \$14,450 Over \$14,450 but not over \$16,950	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$11,450 \$42.50 plus 1.50% of the excess over \$14,450
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450 Over \$11,450 but not over \$14,450 Over \$14,450 but not over \$16,950	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$11,450 \$42.50 plus 1.50% of the excess over \$14,450 \$80.00 plus 0.00% of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Not over \$8,950 Over \$8,950 but not over \$11,450 Over \$11,450 but not over \$14,450 Over \$14,450 but not over \$16,950 Over \$16,950 but not over \$19,950	The credit shall be: \$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$8,950 \$42.50 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$11,450 \$42.50 plus 1.50% of the excess over \$14,450 \$80.00 plus 0.00% of the excess over \$16,950

1	Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,130	\$80.75 plus 1.02% of
2		the excess over \$20,000
3	Over \$22,130 but not over \$24,950	\$102.48 less 0.70% of
4		the excess over \$22,130
5	Over \$24,950 but not over \$26,480	\$82.74 less 0.50% of
6		the excess over \$24,950
7	Over \$26,480 but not over \$36,627	\$75.09 less 0.74% of
8		the excess over \$26,480
9	Over \$36,627	\$0.00 ;
10	(b) two persona	1 exemptions:
11	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
12	Not over \$12,450	\$0.00
13	Over \$12,450 but not over \$17,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of

Not over \$12,450	\$0.00
Over \$12,450 but not over \$17,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$12,450
Over \$17,450 but not over \$17,950	\$85.00 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$17,450
Over \$17,950 but not over \$20,000	\$85.00 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$17,950
Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,270	\$115.75 plus 0.99% of
	the excess over \$20,000
Over \$22,270 but not over \$23,450	\$138.22 less 0.96% of
	the excess over \$22,270
Over \$23,450 but not over \$26,500	\$126.90 plus 0.54% of
	the excess over \$23,450
Over \$26,500 but not over \$28,450	\$143.37 less 1.41% of
.173190.1	

1		the excess over \$26,500
2	Over \$28,450 but not over \$30,350	\$115.87 less 1.21% of
3		the excess over \$28,450
4	Over \$30,350 but not over \$36,668	\$92.88 less 1.47% of
5		the excess over \$30,350
6	Over \$36,668	\$0.00 ;
7	(c) three perso	onal exemptions:
8	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
9	Not over \$15,950	\$0.00
10	Over \$15,950 but not over \$21,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
11		the excess over \$15,950
12	Over \$21,450 but not over \$22,380	\$93.50 plus 3.20% of
13		the excess over \$21,450
14	Over \$22,380 but not over \$26,170	\$123.26 plus 0.74% of
15		the excess over \$22,380
16	Over \$26,170 but not over \$26,950	\$151.31 less 1.44% of
17		the excess over \$26,170
18	Over \$26,950 but not over \$29,970	\$140.07 plus 0.06% of
19		the excess over \$26,950
20	Over \$29,970 but not over \$31,950	\$141.89 less 2.12% of
21		the excess over \$29,970
22	Over \$31,950 but not over \$33,410	\$99.91 less 1.92% of
23		the excess over \$31,950
24	Over \$33,410 but not over \$36,662	\$71.88 less 2.21% of
25		the excess over \$33,410

1	Over \$36,662	\$0.00;
2	(d) four person	nal exemptions:
3	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
4	Not over \$19,450	\$0.00
5	Over \$19,450 but not over \$24,950	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
6		the excess over \$19,450
7	Over \$24,950 but not over \$25,910	\$93.50 plus 3.20% of
8		the excess over \$24,950
9	Over \$25,910 but not over \$29,340	\$124.22 plus 0.48% of
10		the excess over \$25,910
11	Over \$29,340 but not over \$30,450	\$140.68 less 1.92% of
12		the excess over \$29,340
13	Over \$30,450 but not over \$32,780	\$119.37 less 0.42% of
14		the excess over \$30,450
15	Over \$32,780 but not over \$35,450	\$109.59 less 2.82% of
16		the excess over \$32,780
17	Over \$35,450 but not over \$35,910	\$34.29 less 2.62% of
18		the excess over \$35,450
19	Over \$35,910 but not over \$36,666	\$22.24 less 2.94% of
20		the excess over \$35,910
21	Over \$36,666	\$0.00 ;
22	(e) five person	nal exemptions:
23	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
24	Not over \$22,950	\$0.00
25	Over \$22,950 but not over \$28,450	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	.173190.1	
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1		the excess over \$22,950
2	Over \$28,450 but not over \$28,830	\$93.50 plus 3.20% of
3		the excess over \$28,450
4	Over \$28,830 but not over \$31,970	\$105.66 plus 0.23% of
5		the excess over \$28,830
6	Over \$31,970 but not over \$33,950	\$112.88 less 2.40% of
7		the excess over \$31,970
8	Over \$33,950 but not over \$35,110	\$65.36 less 0.90% of
9		the excess over \$33,950
10	Over \$35,110 but not over \$36,666	\$54.92 less 3.53% of
11		the excess over \$35,110
12	Over \$36,666	\$0.00;
13	(f) six persona	1 exemptions:
14	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
15	Not over \$26,450	\$0.00
16	Over \$26,450 but not over \$31,290	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
17		the excess over \$26,450
18	Over \$31,290 but not over \$31,950	\$82.28 less 1.53% of
19		the excess over \$31,290
20	Over \$31,950 but not over \$34,180	\$72.18 less 0.03% of
21		the excess over \$31,950
22	Over \$34,180 but not over \$36,663	\$71.51 less 2.88% of
23		the excess over \$34,180
24	Over \$36,663	\$0.00 ;
25	(g) seven perso	nal exemptions:

	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
2	Not over \$29,950	\$0.00
3	Over \$29,950 but not over \$33,390	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
4		the excess over \$29,950
5	Over \$33,390 but not over \$35,450	\$58.48 less 1.79% of
6		the excess over \$33,390
7	Over \$35,450 but not over \$36,070	\$21.61 less 0.29% of
8		the excess over \$35,450
9	Over \$36,070 but not over \$36,660	\$19.81 less 3.36% of
10		the excess over \$36,070
11	Over \$36,660	\$0.00; and
12	(h) eight or mo	ore personal exemptions:
13	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
14	Not over \$33,450	\$0.00
15	Over \$33,450 but not over \$35,200	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
16		the excess over \$33,450
17	Over \$35,200 but not over \$36,658	\$29.75 less 2.04% of
18		the excess over \$35,200
19	Over \$36,658	\$0.00.
20	(5) For heads of hou	sehold with:
21	(a) one persona	al exemption:
22	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
23	Not over \$11,500	\$0.00
23 24	Not over \$11,500 Over \$11,500 but not over \$14,000	\$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of

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1	Over \$14,000 but not over \$19,500	\$42.50 plus 0.00% of
2		the excess over \$14,000
3	Over \$19,500 but not over \$22,000	\$42.50 plus 1.50% of
4		the excess over \$19,500
5	Over \$22,000 but not over \$27,500	\$80.00 plus 0.00% of
6		the excess over \$22,000
7	Over \$27,500 but not over \$30,000	\$80.00 plus 1.50% of
8		the excess over \$27,500
9	Over \$30,000 but not over \$35,500	\$117.50 less 0.47% of
10		the excess over \$30,000
11	Over \$35,500 but not over \$37,270	\$91.65 less 0.27% of
12		the excess over \$35,500
13	Over \$37,270 but not over \$54,999	\$86.87 less 0.49% of
14		the excess over \$37,270
15	Over \$54,999	\$0.00;

(b) two personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$15,000	\$0.00
Over \$15,000 but not over \$20,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$15,000
Over \$20,000 but not over \$23,000	\$85.00 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$20,000
Over \$23,000 but not over \$28,000	\$85.00 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$23,000
Over \$28,000 but not over \$30,000	\$160.00 plus 0.00% of
.173190.1	

1		the excess over \$28,000
2	Over \$30,000 but not over \$31,000	\$160.00 less 0.64% of
3		the excess over \$30,000
4	Over \$31,000 but not over \$35,000	\$153.60 plus 0.86% of
5		the excess over \$31,000
6	Over \$35,000 but not over \$39,000	\$188.00 less 0.94% of
7		the excess over \$35,000
8	Over \$39,000 but not over \$41,670	\$150.40 less 0.74% of
9		the excess over \$39,000
10	Over \$41,670 but not over \$55,001	\$130.64 less 0.98% of
11		the excess over \$41,670;
12	Over \$55,001	\$0.00;

(c) three personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$18,500	\$0.00
Over \$18,500 but not over \$26,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$18,500
Over \$26,000 but not over \$26,500	\$127.50 plus 0.00% of
	the excess over \$26,000
Over \$26,500 but not over \$30,000	\$127.50 plus 1.50% of
	the excess over \$26,500
Over \$30,000 but not over \$33,080	\$180.00 plus 0.99% of
	the excess over \$30,000
Over \$33,080 but not over \$34,500	\$210.49 less 0.96% of
	the excess over \$33,080

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1	Over \$34,500 but not over \$39,230	\$196.86 plus 0.54% of
2		the excess over \$34,500
3	Over \$39,230 but not over \$42,500	\$222.40 less 1.41% of
4		the excess over \$39,230
5	Over \$42,500 but not over \$45,380	\$176.30 less 1.21% of
6		the excess over \$42,500
7	Over \$45,380 but not over \$55,002	\$141.45 less 1.47% of
8		the excess over \$45,380
9	Over \$55,002	\$0.00;

(d) four personal exemptions:

If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
Not over \$22,000	\$0.00
Over \$22,000 but not over \$30,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
	the excess over \$22,000
Over \$30,000 but not over \$31,430	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
	the excess over \$30,000
Over \$31,430 but not over \$37,140	\$181.76 plus 0.82% of
	the excess over \$31,430
Over \$37,140 but not over \$38,000	\$228.58 less 1.28% of
	the excess over \$37,140
Over \$38,000 but not over \$42,860	\$217.57 plus 0.22% of
	the excess over \$38,000
	the excess over \$38,000
Over \$42,860 but not over \$46,000	\$228.27 less 1.88% of
	the excess over \$42,860

2		the excess over \$46,000
3	Over \$48,570 but not over \$55,002	\$126.06 less 1.96% of
4		the excess over \$48,570
5	Over \$55,002	\$0.00;
6	(e) five persor	nal exemptions:
7	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
8	Not over \$25,500	\$0.00
9	Over \$25,500 but not over \$33,500	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
10		the excess over \$25,500
11	Over \$33,500 but not over \$35,330	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
12		the excess over \$33,500
13	Over \$35,330 but not over \$40,670	\$194.56 plus 0.65% of
14		the excess over \$35,330
15	Over \$40,670 but not over \$41,500	\$229.27 less 1.60% of
16		the excess over \$40,670
17	Over \$41,500 but not over \$46,000	\$215.99 less 0.10% of
18		the excess over \$41,500
19	Over \$46,000 but not over \$49,500	\$211.49 less 2.35% of
20		the excess over \$46,000
21	Over \$49,500 but not over \$51,330	\$129.24 less 2.15% of
22		the excess over \$49,500
23	Over \$51,330 but not over \$54,999	\$89.90 less 2.45% of
24		the excess over \$51,330
25	Over \$54,999	\$0.00;
	.173190.1	

Over \$46,000 but not over \$48,570 \$169.23 less 1.68% of

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1	(f) six persona	1 exemptions:
2	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
3	Not over \$29,000	\$0.00
4	Over \$29,000 but not over \$37,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
5		the excess over \$29,000
6	Over \$37,000 but not over \$38,750	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
7		the excess over \$37,000
8	Over \$38,750 but not over \$43,750	\$192.00 plus 0.48% of
9		the excess over \$38,750
10	Over \$43,750 but not over \$45,000	\$216.00 less 1.92% of
11		the excess over \$43,750
12	Over \$45,000 but not over \$48,750	\$192.00 less 0.42% of
13		the excess over \$45,000
14	Over \$48,750 but not over \$53,000	\$176.25 less 2.82% of
15		the excess over \$48,750
16	Over \$53,000 but not over \$53,750	\$56.40 less 2.62% of
17		the excess over \$53,000
18	Over \$53,750 but not over \$55,000	\$36.75 less 2.94% of
19		the excess over \$53,750
20	Over \$55,000	\$0.00;
21	(g) seven perso	nal exemptions:
22	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
23	Not over \$32,500	\$0.00
24	Over \$32,500 but not over \$40,500	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
25		the excess over \$32,500

1	Over \$40,500 but not over \$41,760	\$136.00 plus 3.20% of
2		the excess over \$40,500
3	Over \$41,760 but not over \$46,470	\$176.32 plus 0.31% of
4		the excess over \$41,760
5	Over \$46,470 but not over \$48,500	\$190.92 less 2.24% of
6		the excess over \$46,470
7	Over \$48,500 but not over \$51,180	\$145.45 less 0.74% of
8		the excess over \$48,500
9	Over \$51,180 but not over \$54,998	\$125.62 less 3.29% of
10		the excess over \$51,180
11	Over \$54,998	\$0.00; and
12	(h) eight or mo	ere personal exemptions:
13	If taxable income is:	The credit shall be:
14	Not over \$36,000	\$0.00
14 15	Not over \$36,000 Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000	\$0.00 \$0.00 plus 1.70% of
15		\$0.00 plus 1.70% of
15 16	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000
15 16 17	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of
15 16 17 18	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000
15 16 17 18 19	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000 \$150.08 plus 0.14% of
15 16 17 18 19 20	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440 Over \$44,440 but not over \$48,890	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000 \$150.08 plus 0.14% of the excess over \$44,440
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440 Over \$44,440 but not over \$48,890	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000 \$150.08 plus 0.14% of the excess over \$44,440 \$156.31 less 2.56% of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440 Over \$44,440 but not over \$48,890 Over \$48,890 but not over \$52,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000 \$150.08 plus 0.14% of the excess over \$44,440 \$156.31 less 2.56% of the excess over \$48,890
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Over \$36,000 but not over \$44,000 Over \$44,000 but not over \$44,440 Over \$44,440 but not over \$48,890 Over \$48,890 but not over \$52,000	\$0.00 plus 1.70% of the excess over \$36,000 \$136.00 plus 3.20% of the excess over \$44,000 \$150.08 plus 0.14% of the excess over \$44,440 \$156.31 less 2.56% of the excess over \$48,890 \$76.69 less 1.06% of

		the	excess	over	\$53,330
Over	\$54,995	\$0.0	00.		

- (6) For 2010 and subsequent years, the taxable income amounts in the tables in Paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection shall be indexed for inflation under the provisions of Section 7-1-83 NMSA 1978 using 2009 as the base year, and the credit amounts at each taxable income level in each table recomputed using the percentages in the table.
- E. A taxpayer who is a full-year resident of New Mexico, who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and who is not a trust, estate or dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit for a portion of state and local taxes to which the resident has been subject during the taxable year for which the return is filed in an amount determined from the table in Paragraph (1) of this subsection. The tax credit may be claimed even though the resident has no income taxable under the Income Tax Act. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would have been allowed on a joint return:
- (1) full-year resident state and local tax credit table:

If the modified And the total number of personal gross income is: exemptions is:

1 2 3 4 5 6 or

1								more
2			The	credit	shall b	e:		
3	Not over \$4,50	0	\$135	\$195	\$250	\$310	\$355	\$450
4		But not						
5	0ver	over						
6	\$4,500	\$5,000	125	190	240	305	355	450
7	\$5,000	\$5,500	115	175	230	295	355	430
8	\$5,500	\$6,000	105	155	210	260	315	410
9	\$6,000	\$7,000	90	130	170	220	275	370
10	\$7,000	\$8,000	80	115	145	180	225	295
11	\$8,000	\$9,000	70	105	135	170	195	240
12	\$9,000	\$10,000	65	95	115	145	175	205
13	\$10,000	\$11,000	60	80	100	130	155	185
14	\$11,000	\$12,000	55	70	90	110	135	160
15	\$12,000	\$13,000	50	65	85	100	115	140
16	\$13,000	\$14,000	50	65	85	100	115	140
17	\$14,000	\$15,000	45	60	75	90	105	120
18	\$15,000	\$16,000	40	55	70	85	95	110
19	\$16,000	\$17,000	35	50	65	80	85	105
20	\$17,000	\$18,000	30	45	60	70	80	95
21	\$18,000	\$19,000	25	35	50	60	70	80
22	\$19,000	\$20,000	20	30	40	50	60	65
23	\$20,000	\$21,000	15	25	30	40	50	55
24	\$21,000	\$22,000	10	20	25	35	40	45
25	Over \$22,000		0	0	0	0	0	0;
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underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1	(2) as used in this subsection, "full-year
2	resident" includes a first-year resident, and if either spouse
3	on a married-filing-joint return is a full-year resident, both
4	spouses and all of their dependents are full-year residents;
5	(3) for purposes of this subsection, the
6	number of personal exemptions shall be increased by two for ea

- number of personal exemptions shall be increased by two for each individual included in the return who is sixty-five years of age or older, increased by one for each individual included in the return who, for federal income tax purposes, is blind and reduced by one for an individual included in the return who was an inmate of a public institution for more than six months during the taxable year for which the return is filed; and
- (4) for 2010 and subsequent years, the taxable income and credit amounts in the table shall be indexed for inflation under the provisions of Section 7-1-83 NMSA 1978 using 2009 as the base year.
- F. The credits determined pursuant to Subsections B, C and D of this section shall be claimed against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978 before any other credit or tax rebate authorized under the Income Tax Act.
- G. If the credit provided in this section exceeds the tax imposed pursuant to Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978, an amount shall be refunded to the taxpayer that equals the lesser of:
 - (1) the excess; or
 - (2) the portion of the credit determined

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pursuant to Subsection E of this section."

Section 17. Section 7-2-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 202, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2-11. TAX CREDIT--INCOME ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT. --

- Α. [Net] Taxable income of any individual having income that is taxable both within and without [this state] New Mexico shall be apportioned and allocated as follows:
- during the first taxable year in which an individual incurs tax liability as a resident, only income earned on or after the date the individual became a resident and, in addition, income earned in New Mexico while a nonresident of New Mexico shall be allocated to New Mexico;
- (2) except as provided otherwise in Paragraph (1) of this subsection, income other than compensation or gambling winnings shall be allocated and apportioned as provided in the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, but if the income is not allocated or apportioned by that act, then it may be allocated or apportioned in accordance with instructions, rulings or regulations of the secretary;
- (3) except as provided otherwise in Paragraph (1) of this subsection, compensation and gambling winnings of a resident taxpayer shall be allocated to [this state] New Mexico;
- (4) compensation of a nonresident taxpayer shall be allocated to [this state] <u>New Mexico</u> to the extent that .173190.1

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[such] the compensation is for activities, labor or personal services within [this state] New Mexico; provided:

- if the activities, labor or services (a) are performed in [this state] New Mexico for fifteen or fewer days during the taxpayer's taxable year, the compensation may be allocated to the taxpayer's state of residence; and
- if the compensation is for activities, labor or services performed for a business in the manufacturing industry in New Mexico that is located within twenty miles of an international border, that has a minimum of five full-time employees who are New Mexico residents, is not receiving development training funds under Section 21-19-7 NMSA 1978 and that meets the qualifications of one of Items 1) through 4) of this subparagraph, the compensation may be allocated to the taxpayer's state of residence: 1) the business had no payroll in New Mexico during the previous calendar year; 2) the business had a payroll in New Mexico for less than the entire previous calendar year, and the first payroll of the new calendar year includes payments to New Mexico residents exceeding the highest monthly payroll for such residents in the previous calendar year; 3) the business had a payroll in New Mexico for the entire previous calendar year, and the first payroll of the new calendar year includes payments to New Mexico residents exceeding by at least ten percent both the payroll for all employees in January 2001 and the payroll for New Mexico

residents twelve months prior to the commencement of the new calendar year; or 4) the business had a payroll in New Mexico for the entire previous calendar year, but had no payroll in New Mexico within one year prior to January 1, 2001, and the first payroll of the new calendar year includes payments to New Mexico residents exceeding by at least ten percent the payroll for such residents twelve months earlier;

- (5) gambling winnings of a nonresident shall be allocated to [this state] New Mexico if the gambling winnings arose from a source within [this state] New Mexico; and
- (6) other deductions and exemptions allowable in computing [net] taxable income and not specifically allocated in the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act shall be equitably allocated or apportioned in accordance with instructions, rulings or regulations of the secretary.
- B. For the purposes of this section, "non-New Mexico percentage" means the [percentage] quotient determined by dividing the difference between the taxpayer's [net] taxable income and the sum of the amounts allocated or apportioned to New Mexico by that [net] taxable income; provided that, if the quotient is greater than one, it shall be one and if the quotient is less than zero, it shall be zero.
- C. A taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount equal to the non-New Mexico percentage multiplied by the difference between the amount of tax determined to be due under Section .173190.1

7-2-7 or 7-2-7.1 NMSA 1978 [multiplied by the non-New Mexico percentage] and the credit determined pursuant to Subsections B, C and D of Section 7-2-7.4 NMSA 1978."

Section 18. Section 7-2-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 202, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2-12. TAXPAYER RETURNS--FILING STATUS--PAYMENT OF TAX.--

A. Every resident of [this state] New Mexico and every individual deriving income from any business transaction, property or employment within [this state] New Mexico and not exempt from tax under the Income Tax Act who is required by the laws of the United States to file a federal income tax return shall file a complete tax return with the department in form and content as prescribed by the secretary. [Except as provided in Subsection B of this section]

B. The taxpayer shall use the same filing status on the New Mexico income tax return as the taxpayer used for federal income tax purposes or the same filing status as would have been used for federal income tax purposes if the taxpayer had been required to file a federal income tax return.

<u>C.</u> The return required and the tax imposed on individuals under the Income Tax Act are due and payment is required on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the taxable year; [B.] provided that when the department approves electronic media for use by a taxpayer .173190.1

whose taxable year is a calendar year, the taxpayer who uses electronic media for both filing and payment must submit the required return and the tax imposed on individuals under the Income Tax Act on or before the thirtieth day of the fourth month following the end of the taxable year."

Section 19. Section 7-2-12.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1990, Chapter 23, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-2-12.1. LIMITATION ON CLAIMING OF CREDITS AND TAX
REBATES.--

A. Except as provided otherwise in this section, a credit or tax rebate provided in the Income Tax Act that is claimed shall be disallowed if the claim for the credit or tax rebate was first made after the end of the third calendar year following the calendar year in which the return upon which the credit or tax rebate was first claimable was initially due.

B. Subsection A of this section does not apply to:

(1) the credit authorized by Section 7-2-7.4

NMSA 1978 for exemptions, deductions, rate brackets and state
and local taxes; or

[$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$] the credit authorized by Section 7-2-13 NMSA 1978 for income taxes paid another state [$\frac{67}{(1)}$]

(2) the credit authorized by Section 7-12-19

NMSA 1978 for income taxes paid another state]."

Section 20. Section 7-2-32 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 259, Section 8) is amended to read:

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"7-2-32. DEDUCTION--PAYMENTS INTO EDUCATION TRUST FUND.--In determining taxable income, a taxpayer may claim a deduction [from net income] in an amount equal to the payments made by the taxpayer into the education trust fund pursuant to a college investment agreement or prepaid tuition contract under the Education Trust Act in the taxable year for which the deduction is being claimed. The amount of payments made on behalf of any one beneficiary that may be deducted shall not exceed in the aggregate the cost of attendance at the applicable institution of higher education, as determined by the education trust board. A husband and wife who file separate returns for the taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the deduction that would have been allowed on the joint return. [Individuals having income both within and without this state shall apportion this deduction in accordance with regulations of the secretary.]"

Section 21. Section 7-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 205, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2-34. DEDUCTION--NET CAPITAL GAIN INCOME.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection C of this section, in determining taxable income a taxpayer may claim a deduction [from net income] in an amount equal to the greater of:

(1) the taxpayer's net capital gain income for the taxable year for which the deduction is being claimed, but .173190.1

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1	not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000); or
2	(2) [the following percentage] fifty percent
3	of the taxpayer's net capital gain income for the taxable year
4	for which the deduction is being claimed
5	[(a) for a taxable year beginning in
6	2003, ten percent;
7	(b) for a taxable year beginning in 2004,
8	twenty percent;
9	(c) for a taxable year beginning in 2005,
10	thirty percent;
11	(d) for a taxable year beginning in 2006,
12	forty percent; and
13	(e) for taxable years beginning on or
14	after January 1, 2007, fifty percent].
15	B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for

- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the deduction provided by this section that would have been allowed on the joint return.
- C. A taxpayer may not claim the deduction provided in Subsection A of this section if the taxpayer has claimed the credit provided in Section 7-2D-8.1 NMSA 1978.
- D. As used in this section, "net capital gain" means "net capital gain" as defined in Section 1222 (11) of the Internal Revenue Code."
- Section 22. Section 7-2-35 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2000 .173190.1

(2nd S.S.), Chapter 7, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-2-35. DEDUCTION--UNREIMBURSED OR UNCOMPENSATED MEDICAL CARE EXPENSES.--

A. <u>In determining taxable income</u>, a taxpayer may claim a deduction [from net income] in an amount determined pursuant to Subsection B of this section for medical care expenses paid during the taxable year for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse or a dependent if the expenses are not reimbursed or compensated for by insurance or otherwise and have not been included in the taxpayer's itemized deductions, as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year.

B. The deduction provided in Subsection A of this section may be claimed in an amount equal to the following percentage of medical care expenses paid during the taxable year based on the taxpayer's filing status and adjusted gross income as follows:

(1) for surviving spouses and married individuals filing joint returns:

medical care expenses

paid may be deducted:

Not over \$30,000 25 percent

More than \$30,000 but not more than \$70,000 15 percent

Over \$70,000 10 percent;

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1	(2) for single individuals and married
2	individuals filing separate returns:
3	If adjusted gross income is:
4	medical care expenses
5	paid may be deducted:
6	Not over \$15,000 25 percent
7	More than \$15,000 but not more than \$35,000 15 percent
8	Over \$35,000 10 percent; and
9	(3) for heads of household:
10	If adjusted gross income is:
11	medical care expenses
12	paid may be deducted:
13	Not over \$20,000 25 percent
14	More than \$20,000 but not more than \$50,000 15 percent
15	Over \$50,000 10 percent.
16	C. As used in this section:

[(1) "dependent" means dependent as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2)] (1) "health care facility" means a hospital, outpatient facility, diagnostic and treatment center, rehabilitation center, [free-standing] freestanding hospice or other similar facility at which medical care is provided;

[(3)] <u>(2)</u> "medical care" means the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body;

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HTRC/HB 618, et al.

1 $[\frac{(4)}{(3)}]$ "medical care expenses" means 2 amounts paid for: 3 (a) the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 4 treatment or prevention of disease or for the purpose of 5 affecting any structure or function of the body, excluding 6 cosmetic surgery, if provided by a physician or in a health care 7 facility; 8 (b) prescribed drugs or insulin; 9 (c) qualified long-term care services as 10 defined in Section 7702B(c) of the Internal Revenue Code; 11 (d) insurance covering medical care, 12 including amounts paid as premiums under Part B of Title [XVIII] 13 18 of the Social Security Act or for a qualified long-term care 14 insurance contract defined in Section 7702B(b) of the Internal 15 Revenue Code, if the insurance or other amount is paid from 16 income included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 17 taxable year; 18 (e) nursing services, regardless of where 19 the services are rendered, if provided by a practical nurse or a 20 professional nurse licensed to practice in [the state] New 21 Mexico pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act; 22 (f) specialized treatment or the use of 23

special therapeutic devices if the treatment or device is prescribed by a physician and the patient can show that the expense was incurred primarily for the prevention or alleviation .173190.1

of a physical or mental defect or illness; and

(g) care in an institution other than a hospital, such as a sanitarium or rest home, if the principal reason for the presence of the person in the institution is to receive the medical care available; provided that if the meals and lodging are furnished as a necessary part of such care, the cost of the meals and lodging are "medical care expenses";

[(5)] (4) "physician" means a medical doctor, osteopathic physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractic physician or psychologist licensed or certified to practice in New Mexico; and

[(6)] <u>(5)</u> "prescribed drug" means a drug or biological that requires a prescription of a physician for its use by an individual."

Section 23. Section 7-2-36 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 113, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-2-36. DEDUCTION--EXPENSES RELATED TO ORGAN DONATION.--

A. <u>In determining taxable income</u>, a taxpayer may claim a deduction [from net income] in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of organ donation-related expenses, including lost wages, lodging expenses and travel expenses, incurred during the taxable year by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's dependent as a result of the taxpayer's or dependent's donation of a human organ to another person for transfer of that human organ to the body of another person.

B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for
a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return mag
each claim only one-half of the deduction provided by this
section that would have been allowed on a joint return.

- C. [For the purposes of] As used in this section,

 [(1) "dependent" means "dependent" as defined

 by Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may

 be amended or renumbered; and
- (2)] "human organ" means all or part of a heart, liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung or bone marrow."

 Section 24. A new section of the Income Tax Act, Section 7-2-37 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:
- "7-2-37. [NEW MATERIAL] DEDUCTION--FEDERAL ITEMIZED OR STANDARD DEDUCTION.--In determining taxable income:
- A. a taxpayer other than an estate or trust who is not a dependent of another taxpayer for the taxable year may claim a deduction in an amount equal to the excess of the standard or itemized deductions allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code over an amount equal to the basic standard deduction allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code provided that the excess shall not be less than zero; and
- $$\rm B.~$ a taxpayer other than an estate or trust who is a dependent of another taxpayer for the taxable year may claim a $$\rm .173190.1$

deduction in an amount equal to the amount allowed the taxpayer for the taxpayer's taxable year for a standard or itemized deductions under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code."

Section 25. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] CREDIT--WELLNESS PROGRAM PROVIDED BY EMPLOYER.--

A. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "wellness program tax credit". A taxpayer who is an employer of thirty-two or fewer employees and who files an individual New Mexico income tax return may claim a credit in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount expended by the taxpayer in a taxable year for a qualified wellness program for the taxpayer's employees who are residents of New Mexico; provided that the credit allowed under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed the product of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) multiplied by the number of employees who are residents of New Mexico.

- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the credit that would have been allowed on a joint return.
- C. A taxpayer who otherwise qualifies and claims a credit pursuant to Subsection A of this section and who is a member of a partnership or business association that is the .173190.1

employer incurring expenditures for wellness programs may claim a credit only in proportion to the taxpayer's interest in the partnership or association. The total credit claimed by all members of the partnership or association shall not exceed the amount of the tax credit that could have been claimed by a sole employer.

- D. The credit provided in this section may only be deducted from the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed.
- E. A taxpayer may apply for certification of eligibility for the wellness program tax credit from the department of health. If the department of health determines that the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section and rules adopted by the department of health to administer the provisions of this section, it may issue a certificate of eligibility to the taxpayer. To be eligible for the wellness program tax credit, the taxpayer must provide to the taxation and revenue department a certificate of eligibility issued by the department of health.
- F. As used in this section, "qualified wellness program" means a program implemented by an employer for employees that contains at least three of the following four components:
- (1) a health awareness component that provides for:

(a) the dissemination of health

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	2	information that addresses the specific needs and health risks
	3	of employees; or
	4	(b) the opportunity for periodic
	5	screenings for health problems and referrals for appropriate
	6	follow-up measures;
	7	(2) an employee engagement component that
	8	provides for:
	9	(a) the establishment of a committee to
	10	engage employees actively in workplace wellness programs through
	11	workplace assessments and program planning, delivery, evaluation
	12	and improvement efforts; and
	13	(b) the tracking of employee
	14	participation;
	15	(3) a behavioral change component that
	16	provides for altering employee lifestyles to encourage healthy
	17	living through counseling, seminars, on-line programs or
	18	self-help materials that provide technical assistance and
•	19	problem-solving skills. The component may include programs
	20	relating to:
	21	(a) tobacco use;
	22	(b) obesity;
	23	(c) stress management;
	24	(d) physical fitness;
	25	(e) nutrition;

includes:

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(f)	substance abuse;
(g)	depression; or
(h)	mental health promotion; and
a sup	pportive environment component that
(a)	policies and services at the

workplace that promote a healthy lifestyle, including policies and services relating to: 1) tobacco use at the workplace; 2) the nutrition of food available at the workplace through cafeterias and vending machines; 3) minimizing stress and promoting positive mental health in the workplace; 4) where applicable, the provision of accessible and attractive stairs; or 5) the encouragement of physical activity before, during and after work hours; or

(b) benefits as incentives for each employee who participates in: 1) the health screenings described in Subparagraph (b) of Paragraph (l) of this subsection; or 2) the behavioral change programs described in Paragraph (3) of this subsection.

The department of health, in consultation with the taxation and revenue department, the workforce solutions department and the New Mexico health policy commission, shall promulgate such rules as are necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section."

Section 26. A new section of the Income Tax Act is .173190.1

enacted to read:

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"[NEW MATERIAL] CREDIT FOR PURCHASE OF LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM. --

- A taxpayer who is a resident of New Mexico, who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and who is not a dependent of another taxpayer may claim a credit not to exceed one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) for costs incurred for purchase and installation of an eligible liquid waste treatment system installed on property owned and occupied by the taxpayer as the taxpayer's principal place of residence.
- To be eligible for the credit, the liquid waste treatment system must comply with the liquid waste disposal and treatment regulations of the department of environment and must be installed by a qualifying contractor as determined by the department of environment.
- To claim the credit provided by this section, the taxpayer must furnish, in a form to be determined by the taxation and revenue department, certification from the department of environment that the taxpayer's liquid waste treatment system complies with department of environment regulations and was installed by a qualifying contractor.
- D. A taxpayer may deduct the credit provided by this section from the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable year in which the cost was incurred. If the amount of the credit exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess .173190.1

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credit may be carried forward for up to three years.

- E. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the credit that would have been allowed on a joint return.
- F. As used in this section, "liquid waste treatment system" means an advanced on-site liquid waste treatment system that uses any process of wastewater treatment that removes a greater amount of contaminant than is accomplished through primary treatment."

Section 27. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] NEW MEXICO 2012 VOLUNTEER TAX CREDIT-OUALIFYING--AMOUNT OF CREDIT.--

- A. For taxable years 2008 through 2012, a taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico income tax return who is a qualified New Mexico 2012 volunteer as provided in Section 33 of this 2008 act may claim a credit against the tax liability imposed by the Income Tax Act. The credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "New Mexico 2012 volunteer tax credit".
- B. A taxpayer may claim and the department may allow a New Mexico 2012 volunteer tax credit for service rendered to the state as a subject-matter expert volunteer in the public schools. New Mexico state university shall issue a certificate .173190.1

of eligibility for the New Mexico 2012 volunteer tax credit based on criteria established by the math and science council of the public education department. The income tax credit shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500). The certificate shall be filed with the taxpayer's income tax return. A taxpayer may apply the credit against the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable year in which the credit is earned. A taxpayer may claim the New Mexico 2012 volunteer tax credit for a maximum of five years."

Section 28. A new section of the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] CREDIT--WELLNESS PROGRAM PROVIDED BY
EMPLOYER.--

A. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "wellness program tax credit". A taxpayer that is an employer of thirty-two or fewer employees and that files a corporate income tax return may claim a credit in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount expended by the taxpayer in a taxable year for a qualified wellness program for the taxpayer's employees who are residents of New Mexico; provided that the credit allowed under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed the product of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) multiplied by the number of employees who are residents of New Mexico.

B. A taxpayer that otherwise qualifies and claims a .173190.1

credit pursuant to Subsection A of this section and that is a member of a partnership or business association that is the employer incurring expenditures for wellness programs may claim a credit only in proportion to the taxpayer's interest in the partnership or association. The total credit claimed by all members of the partnership or association shall not exceed the amount of the tax credit that could have been claimed by a sole employer.

- C. The credit provided in this section may only be deducted from the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed.
- D. A taxpayer may apply for certification of eligibility for the wellness program tax credit from the department of health. If the department of health determines that the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section and rules adopted by the department of health to administer the provisions of this section, it may issue a certificate of eligibility to the taxpayer. To be eligible for the wellness program tax credit, the taxpayer must provide to the taxation and revenue department a certificate of eligibility issued by the department of health.
- E. As used in this section, a "qualified wellness program" means a program implemented by an employer for employees that contains at least three of the following four components:

1	(1) a health awareness component that provides
2	for:
3	(a) the dissemination of health
4	information that addresses the specific needs and health risks
5	of employees; or
6	(b) the opportunity for periodic
7	screenings for health problems and referrals for appropriate
8	follow-up measures;
9	(2) an employee engagement component that
10	provides for:
11	(a) the establishment of a committee to
12	engage employees actively in workplace wellness programs through
13	workplace assessments and program planning, delivery, evaluation
14	and improvement efforts; and
15	(b) the tracking of employee
16	participation;
17	(3) a behavioral change component that
18	provides for altering employee lifestyles to encourage healthy
19	living through counseling, seminars, on-line programs or
20	self-help materials that provide technical assistance and
21	problem-solving skills. The component may include programs
22	relating to:
23	(a) tobacco use;
24	(b) obesity;
25	(c) stress management;

1	(d) physical fitness;
2	(e) nutrition;
3	(f) substance abuse;
4	(g) depression; or
5	(h) mental health promotion; and
6	(4) a supportive environment component that
7	includes:
8	(a) policies and services at the work
9	place that promote a healthy lifestyle, including policies and
10	services relating to: 1) tobacco use at the workplace; 2) the
11	nutrition of food available at the workplace through cafeterias
12	and vending machines; 3) minimizing stress and promoting
13	positive mental health in the workplace; 4) where applicable,
14	the provision of accessible and attractive stairs; or 5) the
15	encouragement of physical activity before, during and after work
16	hours; or
17	(b) benefits as incentives for each
18	employee who participates in: 1) the health screenings
19	described in Subparagraph (b) of Paragraph (l) of this
20	subsection; or 2) the behavioral change programs described in
21	Paragraph (3) of this subsection.
22	F. The department of health, in consultation with
23	the taxation and revenue department, the workforce solutions
24	department and the New Mexico health policy commission, shall
25	promulgate such rules as are necessary to effectuate the
	.173190.1

 Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:

provisions of this section."

"[NEW MATERIAL] DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS--DENTAL SERVICES
TO MEDICAID PATIENTS.--Receipts from the provision of dental
services to medicaid patients pursuant to Title 19 or Title 21
of the federal Social Security Act that are not otherwise
deductible pursuant to another provision of the Gross Receipts
and Compensating Tax Act may be deducted from gross receipts.
For the purposes of this section, "dental services" means
services that are provided by a dentist or dental hygienist
licensed pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act and that are
within the scope of that license."

Section 29. A new section of the Gross Receipts and

Section 30. A new section of the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] EXEMPTION--GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--BENEFITS
ADMINISTRATION SERVICES.--

- A. Exempted from the gross receipts tax are the receipts from benefits administration services provided by a business located in New Mexico if:
- (1) at least ninety-five percent of benefits administration services performed by the business located in New Mexico are provided to clients located outside New Mexico; and
- (2) less than five percent of the total revenue of the business located in New Mexico is attributable to .173190.1

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clients located in New Mexico.

B. As used in this section, "benefits administration services" means providing human resources outsourcing administration and services, including payroll, performance improvement consulting, benefits expertise and comprehensive benefit management services."

Section 31. A new section of the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS--COMPUTATION OF COMPENSATING TAXES--CYBERSPACE COMMAND CENTER.--

- A. Receipts from services to construct, supply or operate a cyberspace command center at a United States air force base in New Mexico may be deducted from gross receipts of the taxpayer providing the service.
- B. The value of services and tangible personal property purchased to construct, supply or operate a cyberspace command center at a United States air force base in New Mexico may be deducted in computing a taxpayer's compensating tax due.
- C. As used in this section, "cyberspace command center" means an installation that defends the United States against attacks conducted over the internet or other communications systems that may disable or interrupt computer, communications or satellite systems or other vital strategic infrastructure or contaminate, destroy or access the information stored or processed through those systems."

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Section 32. A new section of the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] EXEMPTION--SPORTING EVENTS OFFICIATING.--Exempted from the gross receipts tax are the receipts of refereeing, umpiring, scoring or other athletic officiating at sporting events in New Mexico sponsored by the New Mexico activities association or a municipality, a county or a nonprofit organization."

Section 33. [NEW MATERIAL] NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY--NEW MEXICO 2012 PROJECT.--

The "New Mexico 2012 project" is created at New Mexico state university as a web-based, short-term collaboration between public schools and subject-matter experts, known as "New Mexico 2012 volunteers", who volunteer to teach mathematics and science subjects in the public schools or mentor public school teachers in those subjects. The purpose of the project is to use the expertise of subject-matter experts to improve the knowledge, competence and confidence of public school students and teachers in mathematics and science. New Mexico 2012 volunteers may assist in the classroom or serve as mentors for teachers.

A New Mexico 2012 volunteer may be a В. mathematician, scientist or engineer who qualifies by both education and experience as an expert in the subject in which the volunteer proposes to teach public school students or mentor .173190.1

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teachers. In addition, a New Mexico 2012 volunteer shall receive pedagogical training approved by the mathematics and science advisory council.

- C. New Mexico state university shall qualify each proposed New Mexico 2012 volunteer by validating the volunteer's credentials as a subject-matter expert and the receipt of the required pedagogical training.
- D. A school principal shall approve the use of a New Mexico 2012 volunteer in the classroom. A teacher who proposes to use a New Mexico 2012 volunteer shall ensure that any lectures or other assistance meet the public education department's content standards.
- E. The school principal shall validate and submit to New Mexico state university the hours that a New Mexico 2012 volunteer spent volunteering in the classroom or in mentoring one or more teachers.
- F. A New Mexico 2012 volunteer is entitled to receive per diem and mileage as provided for state employees in the Per Diem and Mileage Act. New Mexico state university shall establish how volunteers document requests for per diem and mileage.
- G. New Mexico state university shall monitor and evaluate the efficacy of the program and shall report annually to the mathematics and science advisory council.

Section 34. REPEAL.--Sections 7-2-5.8 and 7-2-14 NMSA .173190.1

bracketed material] = delete

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1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 104, Section 5 and Laws 1972, Chapter 20, Section 2, as amended) are repealed.

Section 35. APPLICABILITY.--

- The provisions of Sections 2 through 24, 26 and 27 of this 2008 act are applicable to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008.
- The provisions of Sections 25 and 28 of this 2008 act are applicable to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008 and ending before January 1, 2018.
- C. The distribution pursuant to Section 1 of this 2008 act applies to revenue earned on a modified accrual basis after June 30, 2009.

Section 36. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of Section 29 of this 2008 act is July 1, 2009, contingent on the secretary of human services receiving approval from the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services for continued federal medical assistance percentage reimbursement.

Section 37. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of:

- Sections 30 through 33 of this 2008 act is July 1, 2008; and
 - Section 1 of this 2008 act is July 1, 2009. В.