## AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOL FACILITIES; AMENDING THE PUBLIC
SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY ACT TO PROVIDE INCREMENTAL FUNDING FOR
PROJECTS IN CERTAIN SCHOOL DISTRICTS, TO REDUCE THE OFFSET
FROM A GRANT AWARD FOR CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR JOINT
USE WITH A GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, TO CHANGE THE PROCEDURE FOR
MAKING PAYMENTS FOR EXPENDITURES INCURRED TO INSPECT AND
PERMIT PROJECTS, TO PROVIDE AN INCREASED GRANT AWARD TO THOSE
SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITH AN EXEMPLARY RECORD OF PREVENTIVE
MAINTENANCE AND TO CHANGE THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL
CAPITAL OUTLAY OVERSIGHT TASK FORCE; EXTENDING THE
EXPENDITURE PERIOD FOR A CERTAIN APPROPRIATION; MAKING AN
APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 22-24-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 235, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-24-4. PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND CREATED-USE.--

- A. The "public school capital outlay fund" is created. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert.
- B. Except as provided in Section 22-24-5.8 NMSA  $\frac{1978 \text{ and}}{1978 \text{ and}}$  in Subsections G through L of this section, money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed

necessary by the council for an adequate educational program.

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- The council may authorize the purchase by the C. public school facilities authority of portable classrooms to be loaned to school districts to meet a temporary requirement. Payment for these purchases shall be made from Title and custody to the portable classrooms shall rest in the public school facilities authority. The council shall authorize the lending of the portable classrooms to school districts upon request and upon finding that sufficient need exists. Application for use or return of state-owned portable classroom buildings shall be submitted by school districts to the council. Expenses of maintenance of the portable classrooms while in the custody of the public school facilities authority shall be paid from the fund; expenses of maintenance and insurance of the portable classrooms while in the custody of a school district shall be the responsibility of the school district. The council may authorize the permanent disposition of the portable classrooms by the public school facilities authority with prior approval of the state board of finance.
- D. Applications for assistance from the fund shall be made by school districts to the council in accordance with requirements of the council. Except as provided in Subsection K of this section, the council shall require as a condition of application that a school district have a

current five-year facilities plan, which shall include a current preventive maintenance plan to which the school adheres for each public school in the school district.

- E. The council shall review all requests for assistance from the fund and shall allocate funds only for those capital outlay projects that meet the criteria of the Public School Capital Outlay Act.
- F. Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the department of finance and administration on vouchers signed by the secretary of finance and administration following certification by the council that an application has been approved or an expenditure has been ordered by a court pursuant to Section 22-24-5.4 NMSA 1978. At the discretion of the council, money for a project shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) up to ten percent of the portion of the project cost funded with distributions from the fund or five percent of the total project cost, whichever is greater, may be paid to the school district before work commences with the balance of the grant award made on a cost-reimbursement basis; or
- (2) the council may authorize payments directly to the contractor.
- G. Balances in the fund may be annually appropriated for the core administrative functions of the

management expenses; provided that:

- (1) the total annual expenditures from the fund pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed five percent of the average annual grant assistance authorized from the fund during the three previous fiscal years; and
- (2) any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of a fiscal year from the expenditures authorized in this subsection shall revert to the fund.
- H. Up to thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) of the fund may be allocated annually by the council in fiscal years 2006 and 2007 for a roof repair and replacement initiative with projects to be identified by the council pursuant to Section 22-24-4.3 NMSA 1978; provided that all money allocated pursuant to this subsection shall be expended prior to September 1, 2008.
- I. The fund may be expended annually by the council in fiscal years 2006 through 2020 for grants to school districts for the purpose of making lease payments for classroom facilities, including facilities leased by charter schools. The grants shall be made upon application by the school districts and pursuant to rules adopted by the

council; provided that an application on behalf of a charter school shall be made by the school district but, if the school district fails to make an application on behalf of a charter school, the charter school may submit its own application. The following criteria shall apply to the grants:

- (1) the amount of a grant to a school district shall not exceed:
- (a) the actual annual lease payments owed for leasing classroom space for schools, including charter schools, in the district; or
- (b) seven hundred dollars (\$700) multiplied by the number of MEM using the leased classroom facilities; provided that in fiscal year 2009 and in each subsequent fiscal year, this amount shall be adjusted by the percentage increase between the penultimate calendar year and the immediately preceding calendar year of the consumer price index for the United States, all items, as published by the United States department of labor; and provided further that if the total grants awarded pursuant to this paragraph would exceed the total annual amount available, the rate specified in this subparagraph shall be reduced proportionately;
- (2) a grant received for the lease payments of a charter school may be used by that charter school as a state match necessary to obtain federal grants pursuant to

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(6) as used in this subsection:

"MEM" means: 1) the average full-time-equivalent enrollment using leased classroom facilities on the eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior school year; or 2) in the case of an approved charter school that has not commenced classroom instruction, the estimated full-time-equivalent enrollment that will use leased classroom facilities in the first year of instruction, as shown in the approved charter school application; provided that, after the eightieth day of the school year, the MEM shall be adjusted to reflect the full-time-equivalent enrollment on that date; and

"classroom facilities" or (b) "classroom space" includes the space needed, as determined by the minimum required under the statewide adequacy standards, for the direct administration of school activities.

In addition to other authorized expenditures from the fund, up to one percent of the average grant assistance authorized from the fund during the three previous fiscal years may be expended in each fiscal year by the public school facilities authority to pay the state fire

marshal, the construction industries division of the regulation and licensing department and local jurisdictions having authority from the state to permit and inspect projects for expenditures made to permit and inspect projects funded in whole or in part under the Public School Capital Outlay Act. The authority shall enter into contracts with the state fire marshal, the construction industries division or the appropriate local authorities to carry out the provisions of this subsection. Such a contract may provide for initial estimated payments from the fund prior to the expenditures if the contract also provides for additional payments from the fund if the actual expenditures exceed the initial payments and for repayments back to the fund if the initial payments exceed the actual expenditures.

K. Pursuant to guidelines established by the council, allocations from the fund may be made to assist school districts in developing and updating five-year facilities plans required by the Public School Capital Outlay Act; provided that:

(1) no allocation shall be made unless the council determines that the school district is willing and able to pay the portion of the total cost of developing or updating the plan that is not funded with the allocation from the fund. Except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this subsection, the portion of the total cost to be paid with the

allocation from the fund shall be determined pursuant to the methodology in Paragraph (5) of Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978; or

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(2) the allocation from the fund may be used to pay the total cost of developing or updating the plan if:

(a) the school district has fewer than an average of six hundred full-time-equivalent students on the eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior school year; or

(b) the school district meets all of the following requirements: 1) the school district has fewer than an average of one thousand full-time-equivalent students on the eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior school year; 2) the school district has at least seventy percent of its students eligible for free or reduced-fee lunch; 3) the state share of the total cost, if calculated pursuant to the methodology in Paragraph (5) of Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978, would be less than fifty percent; and 4) for all educational purposes, the school district has a residential property tax rate of at least seven dollars (\$7.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding school district general obligation bonds.

Except as provided in Sections 22-24-4.3,

22-24-5.4, 22-24-5.6 and 22-24-5.8 NMSA 1978, the following

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build and finance arrangements for public school capital

1	outlay projects;
2	(b) the potential use of more durable
3	construction materials that may reduce long-term operating
4	costs;
5	(c) concepts that promote efficient but
6	flexible utilization of space; and
7	(d) any other financing or construction
8	concept that may maximize the dollar effect of the state
9	grant assistance;
10	(4) no more than ten percent of the combined
11	total of grants in a funding cycle shall be used for
12	retrofitting existing facilities for technology
13	infrastructure;
14	(5) except as provided in Paragraph (6), (8)
15	or (9) of this subsection, the state share of a project
16	approved and ranked by the council shall be funded within
17	available resources pursuant to the provisions of this
18	paragraph. No later than May 1 of each calendar year, a
19	value shall be calculated for each school district in
20	accordance with the following procedure:
21	(a) the final prior year net taxable
22	value for a school district divided by the MEM for that
23	school district is calculated for each school district;
24	(b) the final prior year net taxable
25	value for the whole state divided by the MEM for the state is $$ SFL/SB $146$ $$ Page $12$

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(c) excluding any school district for result calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph is more than twice the result calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, the results calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph are listed from highest to lowest;

the lowest value listed pursuant to Subparagraph (c) of this paragraph is subtracted from the highest value listed pursuant to that subparagraph;

the value calculated pursuant to (e) Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph for the subject school district is subtracted from the highest value listed in Subparagraph (c) of this paragraph;

(f) the result calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (e) of this paragraph is divided by the result calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (d) of this paragraph;

the sum of the property tax mill (g) levies for the prior tax year imposed by each school district on residential property pursuant to Chapter 22, Article 18 NMSA 1978, the Public School Capital Improvements Act, the Public School Buildings Act, the Education Technology Equipment Act and Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of Section 7-37-7 NMSA 1978 is calculated for each school district;

> the lowest value calculated (h)

1	pursuant to Subparagraph (g) of this paragraph is subtracted
2	from the highest value calculated pursuant to that
3	subparagraph;
4	(i) the lowest value calculated
5	pursuant to Subparagraph (g) of this paragraph is subtracted
6	from the value calculated pursuant to that subparagraph for
7	the subject school district;
8	(j) the value calculated pursuant to
9	Subparagraph (i) of this paragraph is divided by the value
10	calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (h) of this paragraph;
11	(k) if the value calculated for a
12	subject school district pursuant to Subparagraph (j) of this
13	paragraph is less than five-tenths, then, except as provided
14	in Subparagraph (n) or (o) of this paragraph, the value for
15	that school district equals the value calculated pursuant to
16	Subparagraph (f) of this paragraph;
17	(1) if the value calculated for a
18	subject school district pursuant to Subparagraph (j) of this
19	paragraph is five-tenths or greater, then that value is
20	multiplied by five-hundredths;
21	(m) if the value calculated for a
22	subject school district pursuant to Subparagraph (j) of this
23	paragraph is five-tenths or greater, then the value
24	calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this paragraph is

added to the value calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (f) of

this paragraph. Except as provided in Subparagraph (n) or (o) of this paragraph, the sum equals the value for that school district;

(n) in those instances in which the calculation pursuant to Subparagraph (k) or (m) of this paragraph yields a value less than one-tenth, one-tenth shall be used as the value for the subject school district;

(o) in those instances in which the calculation pursuant to Subparagraph (k) or (m) of this paragraph yields a value greater than one, one shall be used as the value for the subject school district;

(p) except as provided in Section 22-24-5.7 or 22-24-5.8 NMSA 1978 and except as adjusted pursuant to Paragraph (6), (8) or (9) of this subsection, the amount to be distributed from the fund for an approved project shall equal the total project cost multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the value calculated for the subject school district in the current year plus the value calculated for that school district in each of the two preceding years and the denominator of which is three; and

(q) as used in this paragraph:

1) "MEM" means the average full-time-equivalent enrollment of students attending public school in a school district on the eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior school year; 2) "total project cost" means the total amount

necessary to complete the public school capital outlay
project less any insurance reimbursement received by the
school district for the project; and 3) in the case of a
state-chartered charter school that has submitted an
application for grant assistance pursuant to this section,
the "value calculated for the subject school district" means
the value calculated for the school district in which the
state-chartered charter school is physically located;

(6) the amount calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (p) of Paragraph (5) of this subsection shall be reduced by the following procedure:

appropriations made after January 1, 2003 for nonoperating purposes either directly to the subject school district or to another governmental entity for the purpose of passing the money through directly to the subject school district, and not rejected by the subject school district, is calculated; provided that: 1) an appropriation made in a fiscal year shall be deemed to be accepted by a school district unless, prior to June 1 of that fiscal year, the school district notifies the department of finance and administration and the public education department that the district is rejecting the appropriation; 2) the total shall exclude any educational technology appropriation made prior to January 1, 2005 unless the appropriation was on or after January 1, 2003 and not

previously used to offset distributions pursuant to the Technology for Education Act; 3) the total shall exclude any appropriation previously made to the subject school district that is reauthorized for expenditure by another recipient; 4) the total shall exclude one-half of the amount of any appropriation made or reauthorized after January 1, 2007 if the purpose of the appropriation or reauthorization is to fund, in whole or in part, a capital outlay project that, when prioritized by the council pursuant to this section either in the immediately preceding funding cycle or in the current funding cycle, ranked in the top one hundred fifty projects statewide; 5) the total shall exclude the proportionate share of any appropriation made or reauthorized after January 1, 2008 for a capital project that will be jointly used by a governmental entity other than the subject school district. Pursuant to criteria adopted by rule of the council and based upon the proposed use of the capital project, the council shall determine the proportionate share to be used by the governmental entity and excluded from the total; and 6) unless the grant award is made to the state-chartered charter school or unless the appropriation was previously used to calculate a reduction pursuant to this paragraph, the total shall exclude appropriations made after January 1, 2007 for nonoperating purposes of a specific state-chartered charter school, regardless of whether the

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1	charter school is a state-chartered charter school at the	
2	time of the appropriation or later opts to become a	
3	state-chartered charter school;	
4	(b) the applicable fraction used for	
5	the subject school district and the current calendar year for	
6	the calculation in Subparagraph (p) of Paragraph (5) of this	
7	subsection is subtracted from one;	
8	(c) the value calculated pursuant to	
9	Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph for the subject school	
10	district is multiplied by the amount calculated pursuant to	
11	Subparagraph (b) of this paragraph for that school district;	
12	(d) the total amount of reductions for	
13	the subject school district previously made pursuant to	
14	Subparagraph (e) of this paragraph for other approved public	
15	school capital outlay projects is subtracted from the amount	
16	calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (c) of this paragraph;	
17	and	
18	(e) the amount calculated pursuant to	
19	Subparagraph (p) of Paragraph (5) of this subsection shall be	
20	reduced by the amount calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (d)	
21	of this paragraph;	
22	(7) as used in this subsection:	
23	(a) "governmental entity" includes an	
24	Indian nation, tribe or pueblo; and	
25		SFL/SB 146 Page 18

school district that has submitted the application for funding and in which the approved public school capital outlay project will be located;

(8) the amount calculated pursuant to Subparagraph (p) of Paragraph (5) of this subsection, after any reduction pursuant to Paragraph (6) of this subsection, may be increased by an additional five percent if the council finds that the subject school district has been exemplary in implementing and maintaining a preventive maintenance program. The council shall adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this paragraph;

(9) the council may adjust the amount of local share otherwise required if it determines that a school district has used all of its local resources. Before making any adjustment to the local share, the council shall consider whether:

insufficient bonding capacity over the next four years to provide the local match necessary to complete the project and, for all educational purposes, has a residential property tax rate of at least ten dollars (\$10.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding school district general obligation bonds;

than an average of eight hundred full-time-equivalent students on the eightieth and one hundred twentieth days of the prior school year; 2) has at least seventy percent of its students eligible for free or reduced-fee lunch; 3) has a share of the total project cost, as calculated pursuant to provisions of this section, that would be greater than fifty percent; and 4) for all educational purposes, has a residential property tax rate of at least seven dollars (\$7.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding school district general obligation bonds; or

enrollment growth rate over the previous school year of at least two and one-half percent; 2) pursuant to its five-year facilities plan, will be building a new school within the next two years; and 3) for all educational purposes, has a residential property tax rate of at least ten dollars (\$10.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding school district general obligation bonds; and

1	(10) no application for grant assistance
2	from the fund shall be approved unless the council determines
3	that:
4	(a) the public school capital outlay
5	project is needed and included in the school district's
6	five-year facilities plan among its top priorities;
7	(b) the school district has used its
8	capital resources in a prudent manner;
9	(c) the school district has provided
10	insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance
11	with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978;
12	(d) the school district has submitted a
13	five-year facilities plan that includes: 1) enrollment
14	projections; 2) a current preventive maintenance plan that
15	has been approved by the council pursuant to Section
16	22-24-5.3 NMSA 1978 and that is followed by each public
17	school in the district; 3) the capital needs of charter
18	schools located in the school district; and 4) projections
19	for the facilities needed in order to maintain a full-day
20	kindergarten program;
21	(e) the school district is willing and
22	able to pay any portion of the total cost of the public
23	school capital outlay project that, according to Paragraph
24	(5), (6), (8) or (9) of this subsection, is not funded with
25	grant assistance from the fund; provided that school district $_{ m SFL/SB\ 146}$

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funds used for a project that was initiated after September 1, 2002 when the statewide adequacy standards were adopted, but before September 1, 2004 when the standards were first used as the basis for determining the state and school district share of a project, may be applied to the school district portion required for that project;

(f) the application includes the capital needs of any charter school located in the school district or the school district has shown that the facilities of the charter school have a smaller deviation from the statewide adequacy standards than other district facilities included in the application; and

(g) the school district has agreed, in writing, to comply with any reporting requirements or conditions imposed by the council pursuant to Section 22-24-5.1 NMSA 1978.

O. After consulting with the public school capital outlay oversight task force and other experts, the council shall regularly review and update statewide adequacy standards applicable to all school districts. The standards shall establish the acceptable level for the physical condition and capacity of buildings, the educational suitability of facilities and the need for technological infrastructure. Except as otherwise provided in the Public School Capital Outlay Act, the amount of outstanding

deviation from the standards shall be used by the council in evaluating and prioritizing public school capital outlay projects.

- D. The acquisition of a facility by a school district or charter school pursuant to a financing agreement that provides for lease payments with an option to purchase for a price that is reduced according to lease payments made may be considered a public school capital outlay project and eligible for grant assistance under this section pursuant to the following criteria:
- (1) no grant shall be awarded unless the council finds that, prior to the purchase of the facility by the school district or charter school, the facility will equal or exceed the statewide adequacy standards and the building standards for public school facilities;
- (2) no grant shall be awarded unless the school district and the need for the facility meet all of the requirements for grant assistance pursuant to the Public School Capital Outlay Act;
- (3) the total project cost shall equal the total payments that would be due under the agreement if the school district or charter school would eventually acquire title to the facility;
- (4) the portion of the total project cost to be paid from the fund may be awarded as one grant, but

- (5) the portion of the total project cost to be paid by the school district or charter school may be paid from time to time as lease payments become due; and
- (6) neither a grant award nor any provision of the Public School Capital Outlay Act creates a legal obligation for the school district or charter school to continue the lease from year to year or to purchase the facility.
- E. In order to encourage private capital investment in the construction of public school facilities, the purchase of a privately owned school facility that is, at the time of application, in use by a school district may be considered a public school capital outlay project and eligible for grant assistance pursuant to this section if the council finds that:
- (1) at the time of the initial use by the school district, the facility to be purchased equaled or exceeded the statewide adequacy standards and the building standards for public school facilities;
- (2) at the time of application, attendance at the facility to be purchased is at seventy-five percent or greater of design capacity and the attendance at other schools in the school district that the students at the

- outlay project meet all of the requirements for grant assistance pursuant to the Public School Capital Outlay Act; provided that, when determining the deviation from the statewide adequacy standards for the purposes of evaluating and prioritizing the project, the students using the facility shall be deemed to be attending other schools in the school district.
- F. It is the intent of the legislature that grant assistance made pursuant to this section allows every school district to meet the standards developed pursuant to Subsection C of this section; provided, however, that nothing in the Public School Capital Outlay Act or the development of standards pursuant to that act prohibits a school district from using local funds to exceed the statewide adequacy standards.
- G. Upon request, the council shall work with, and provide assistance and information to, the public school capital outlay oversight task force.
- H. The council may establish committees or task forces, not necessarily consisting of council members, and may use the committees or task forces, as well as existing agencies or organizations, to conduct studies, conduct

aspect of the council's work.

- I. Upon the recommendation of the public school facilities authority, the council shall develop building standards for public school facilities and shall promulgate other such rules as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the Public School Capital Outlay Act.
- J. No later than December 15 of each year, the council shall prepare a report summarizing its activities during the previous fiscal year. The report shall describe in detail all projects funded, the progress of projects previously funded but not completed, the criteria used to prioritize and fund projects and all other council actions. The report shall be submitted to the public education commission, the governor, the legislative finance committee, the legislative education study committee and the legislature."
- Section 3. Section 22-24-5.4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2004, Chapter 125, Section 10) is amended to read:
- "22-24-5.4. RECALCITRANT SCHOOL DISTRICTS--COURT ACTION
  TO ENFORCE CONSTITUTIONAL COMPLIANCE--IMPOSITION OF PROPERTY
  TAX.--
  - A. The council may bring an action against a

C. After a hearing and consideration of the

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evidence, if the court finds that the council's determination pursuant to Subsection A of this section was correct, the court shall:

- (1) order the council to expend sufficient resources necessary to bring the facility up to the minimum level required by the constitution of New Mexico;
- (2) order the school district to comply with Paragraph (10) of Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978 and to take all other actions necessary to facilitate the completion of the project ordered pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this subsection; and
- (3) enter a judgment against the school district for court costs and attorney fees and the necessary amount to satisfy the school district share, as determined by the formula prescribed by Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978, for the project ordered pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- D. The amount of a judgment entered against a school district pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection C of this section is a public debt of the school district. If the court finds that the debt cannot be satisfied with available school district funds, other than funds needed for the operation of the public schools and other existing obligations, the court shall order the imposition of a property tax on all taxable property allocated to the school

1	district at a rate sufficient to pay the judgment, with
2	accrued interest, within a reasonable time as determined by
3	the court. After paying court costs and attorney fees,
4	amounts received pursuant to this subsection shall be
5	deposited by the council into the fund."
6	Section 4. A new section of the Public School Capital
7	Outlay Act, Section 22-24-5.8 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:
8	"22-24-5.8. INCREMENTAL FUNDING FOR PROJECTS IN CERTAIN
9	SCHOOL DISTRICTS
10	A. A school district receiving grant assistance
11	from the fund pursuant to Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978 for a
12	public school capital outlay project, other than supplemental
13	grant assistance for increased costs on a project previously
14	approved, shall receive additional incremental funding from
15	the fund if the school district and proposed use of the
16	additional incremental funding qualify pursuant to the
17	provisions of Subsection B of this section.
18	B. A school district shall receive the additional
19	grant if the council determines that:
20	(1) the school district has a demonstrated
21	history of providing support to its schools with all
22	available resources;
23	(2) in calculating the grant assistance from

the fund for the project pursuant to Section 22-24-5 NMSA

1978, the value calculated for the school district pursuant

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1	to Subparagraph (k), (m), (n) or (o) of Paragraph (5) of
2	Subsection B of that section is equal to or greater than
3	seven-tenths;
4	(3) averaged over the previous four property
5	tax years, the school district had a residential property tax
6	rate of at least nine dollars (\$9.00) on each one thousand
7	dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value, as measured by the sum of
8	all rates imposed by resolution of the local school board
9	plus rates set to pay interest and principal on outstanding
10	school district general obligation bonds;
11	(4) at least seventy percent of the students
12	in the school district are eligible for free or reduced-fee
13	<del>lunch;</del>
14	(5) the school district does not have
15	sufficient resources to expend on the project so it is
16	unlikely that the school district will be able to provide its
17	students with more than the bare minimum;
18	<del>(6) the political subdivision in which the</del>
19	school district is located does not have adequate
20	infrastructure to compensate for the school district's lack
21	of resources; and
22	(7) the planned use of the additional grant
23	will enhance public school education in the school district,
24	will further the school district's educational plan for
25	student success and is a prudent use of state money.

1	C. The amount of additional incremental funding	
2	awarded pursuant to this section shall equal the total	
3	project cost multiplied by the lesser of:	
4	(1) the value calculated for the school	
5	district pursuant to Subparagraph (k), (m), (n) or (o) of	
6	Paragraph (5) of Subsection B of Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978	
7	minus six-tenths; or	
8	(2) twenty-five hundredths.	
9	D. All provisions of the Public School Capital	
10	Outlay Act relating to the expenditure of other grants	
11	awarded from the fund, including those provisions relating to	
12	reporting, oversight, project access and accountability,	
13	apply to the use and expenditure of additional funding made	
14	<del>pursuant to this section."</del>	
15	Section 5. Section 22-24-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2001,	
16	Chapter 338, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:	
17	"22-24-7. PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY OVERSIGHT TASK	
18	FORCECREATIONSTAFF	
19	A. The "public school capital outlay oversight	
20	task force" is created. The task force consists of	
21	twenty-five members as follows:	
22	(1) the secretary of finance and	
23	administration or the secretary's designee;	
24	(2) the secretary of public education or the	
25	secretary's designee;	SFL/SB 146 Page 31

in education and finance appointed by the speaker of the

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(10) two public members who have expertise

(11) two public members who have expertise in education and finance appointed by the president protempore of the senate;

- residents of school districts that receive grants from the federal government as assistance to areas affected by federal activity authorized in accordance with Title 20 of the United States Code, appointed by the governor; and
- districts or their designees, two of whom are from school districts that receive grants from the federal government as assistance to areas affected by federal activity authorized in accordance with Title 20 of the United States Code, appointed by the New Mexico legislative council in consultation with the governor.
- B. The chair of the public school capital outlay oversight task force shall be elected by the task force. The task force shall meet at the call of the chair, but no more than four times per calendar year.
- C. Non-ex-officio members of the task force shall serve at the pleasure of their appointing authorities.
- D. The public members of the public school capital outlay oversight task force shall receive per diem and mileage pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act.

E. The legislative council service, with assistance from the public school facilities authority, the department of finance and administration, the public education department, the legislative education study committee and the legislative finance committee, shall provide staff for the public school capital outlay oversight task force."

Section 6. Laws 2006, Chapter 95, Section 14 is amended to read:

"Section 14. APPROPRIATIONS.--

A. Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) is appropriated from the public school capital outlay fund to the public school facilities authority for expenditure in fiscal years 2006 through 2009 for continuing the development and implementation of a uniform web-based facility information management system for the public schools pursuant to the provisions of Section 22-24-5.3 NMSA 1978. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2009 shall revert to the public school capital outlay fund.

B. Three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) is appropriated from the public school capital outlay fund to the public school facilities authority for expenditure in fiscal years 2007 and 2008 for the purpose of improving the indoor air quality of public schools by implementing the

New Mexico indoor air quality tools for schools program 2 pursuant to criteria developed by the public school 3 facilities authority in consultation with the department of environment, the public education department, the department 4 5 of health, the energy, minerals and natural resources department and the children, youth and families department. 6 Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end 7 8 of fiscal year 2008 shall revert to the public school capital 9 outlay fund." 10 Section 7. APPROPRIATION -- NEW SCHOOL DEVELOPMENT FUND.--11 12 the public school capital outlay fund to the new school 13

Three million dollars (\$3,000,000) is appropriated from development fund for expenditure in fiscal year 2009 and subsequent fiscal years for the purpose of making distributions to school districts to pay for equipment and other nonoperating costs unique to the first year of operation of new schools. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall not revert.\_\_\_\_\_ SFL/SB 146

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