A JOINT MEMORIAL

REQUESTING THAT THE UNITED STATES FOREST SERVICE, IN THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, ENSURE THAT THE TRADITIONAL, RURAL, CULTURAL AND RANCHING WAY OF NEW MEXICAN LIFE WILL NOT BE ADVERSELY IMPACTED BY ITS OWN TRAVEL MANAGEMENT PROPOSAL OF MOTORIZED ROUTES AND THAT ANY NEW MEXICO NATIONAL FOREST PLANS UNDERGOING REVISION SHOULD CONTAIN CRITERIA TO PROTECT AND PRESERVE THE TRADITIONAL NEW MEXICAN WAY OF LIFE.

WHEREAS, the United States forest service has created the travel management rule in order to better manage recreational off-highway vehicle use, describing it as one of the four major threats facing the national forests today; and WHEREAS, according to the United States forest service, recreational off-highway vehicle use can have various adverse impacts, including:

- A. conflict between recreational off-highway vehicles and quiet recreationists;
 - B. impacts to significant historic sites;
- C. severe soil erosion and spread of invasive weeds;
- D. disturbance of wildlife habitat and interruption of wildlife migration;
- $\hbox{\bf E.} \quad \mbox{destruction of valuable watersheds and} \\ \mbox{sedimentation;}$

- F. wildfires; and
- G. vandalism to private property; and

WHEREAS, rangers from the federal bureau of land management and the United States forest service agree that off-highway vehicles represent "a significant law enforcement problem" and are "the biggest drain on ranger's resources and generate more law enforcement citations than all other criminal activity combined"; and

WHEREAS, the United States forest service does not appear to have a practical plan or budget for enforcement of the travel management plan or the maintenance of a reasonable system of motorized routes; and

WHEREAS, areas of the Santa Fe national forest, such as Glorieta mesa and the Jemez mountains, host unique archaeological sites and serve as vital wildlife corridors between core areas in the north and south, allowing species to migrate and maintain healthy populations; and

WHEREAS, there are ranchers and federal grazing permit holders in and adjacent to New Mexico's national forests, some of whom have lived, ranched and gathered wood there for more than five generations, who have proven themselves to be responsible, careful stewards of the forest; and

WHEREAS, the Santa Fe national forest management plan calls for protection of the "traditional, cultural and ranching way of life" and the United States forest service

region 3 travel management rule guidelines state: "As a critical component of allotment management, the implementation of the TMR should be conducted in careful and considered consultation with the grazing permit holder"; and

WHEREAS, for more than a year, the Santa Fe national forest has actively solicited the direct involvement of recreational off-highway vehicle users by explaining the travel management rule and requesting input and assisting this stakeholder group in documenting and mapping their preferred routes, but the Santa Fe forest service has not made a similar effort to solicit input from its grazing and other special use permit holders; and

WHEREAS, there are property owners in or adjacent to the New Mexico national forests and grazing permit holders that live in a climate of intimidation, such as on Glorieta mesa, where ranchers and their families have been shot at, had their pets killed, livestock harassed and property damaged, are afraid to speak up for fear of retribution, and in spite of making these events known to the United States forest service, there has been no significant action taken to prevent loss of life or damage to private property or to in any way deter these criminal activities on forest land; and

WHEREAS, in some national forest areas such as Glorieta mesa, where there is no history of extensive recreational off-highway vehicle activity, the little use that exists now

has created a disproportionate disturbance to the land and ranchers' livelihoods due to destruction of earthen dams and stock tanks, livestock escaping from gates left open and fences cut, harassing of livestock, the creation of unauthorized roads and general vandalism; and

WHEREAS, the off-road abuse in the Jemez mountains is monumental, causing extreme erosion, sedimentation of surface water, trail degradation and illegally created trails, property damage, intimidation and threat to the property inholders and grazing permit holders, including one long-standing rancher who was forced to give up his permit after motorcyclists repeatedly chased his cattle and severely rutted the rangeland; and

WHEREAS, it is illegal to operate all-terrain vehicles on paved roads and there are access roads to the national forests, such as Santa Fe county road 51, that are unsafe for off-highway vehicles and trailering, that serve as "attractive nuisances" for illegal all-terrain-vehicle use and that recently had one all-terrain vehicle-related death;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the preservation of traditional culture be established as a mandatory filter in evaluating any potential designation of routes open for motorized travel, requiring the United States forest service to actively solicit input on motorized route designations from

all stakeholders in or adjacent to the forest, such as local ranchers, farmers, other permit holders, adjacent property owners, in-holders and local quiet recreational interests; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the preservation of existing wildlife habitat and wildlife corridors, as well as protection of watersheds, rangeland, natural resources and archaeological sites, be established as a mandatory filter in evaluating any potential designation of routes open for motorized travel, particularly as applied to off-highway vehicle and dirt-bike use; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that safe access to areas designated for recreational off-highway vehicle traffic, particularly dirt bikes and all-terrain vehicles, be established as a mandatory filter in route designation, prohibiting access directly from roads that are inherently unsafe for a particular class of vehicle, for example, off-highway vehicles or dirt bikes, so as not to create an attractive nuisance that could result in injury or death to recreationists or rural residents; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that recreational off-highway vehicle activities be adequately enforced and monitored and that violation of designated closed routes and areas result in sufficient penalties and, if any designated routes and areas are shown to be unenforceable, that they are closed

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States forest service seriously consider the recommendations of the department of game and fish with regard to motorized use in the New Mexico national forests; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States forest service travel management plan proposed actions be suspended until adequate input from all major stakeholders can be collected, that the scoping period for proposed actions be ninety days and that the state forester and the department of game and fish be requested to report by December 1, 2008 to the appropriate committee designated by the New Mexico legislative council on the United States forest service response to this memorial; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States forest service, in the process of rewriting their forest plans for the national forests in New Mexico, should contain criteria to protect and preserve the traditional New Mexican way of life; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be transmitted to the federal secretary of agriculture, the chief of the United States forest service, the New Mexico congressional delegation and the state forester.