HOUSE BILL 55

49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2009

INTRODUCED BY

Ray Begaye

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; AMENDING THE LOCAL HOSPITAL GROSS
RECEIPTS TAX ACT TO PERMIT CERTAIN COUNTIES TO DEDICATE THE TAX
AS MATCHING FUNDS AND TO EXTEND THE PERIOD FOR WHICH THE TAX IS
IMPOSED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 7-20C-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 176, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-20C-3. LOCAL HOSPITAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE--ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS.--

A. A majority of the members elected to the governing body of a county may enact an ordinance imposing an excise tax on a person engaging in business in the county for the privilege of engaging in business. This tax is to be referred to as the "local hospital gross receipts tax". The .175211.1

rate of the tax shall be:

- (1) one-half [of one] percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in business if the tax is initially imposed before January 1, 1993;
- (2) one-eighth [of one] percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in business if the tax is initially imposed after January 1, 1993; and
- (3) a rate not to exceed one-half [of one]
 percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in
 business if the tax is imposed after July 1, 1996 in a county
 described in Paragraph (4), (6), (7) or (8) of Subsection A of
 Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978; provided the tax may be imposed in
 any number of increments of one-eighth percent not to exceed an
 aggregate rate of one-half [of one] percent of gross receipts.
 - B. The local hospital gross receipts tax imposed:
- (1) initially before January 1, 1993 shall be imposed only once for the period necessary for payment of the principal and interest on revenue bonds issued to accomplish the purpose for which the revenue is dedicated, but the period shall not exceed ten years from the effective date of the ordinance imposing the tax [The local hospital gross receipts tax imposed]; or
- (2) after July 1, 1996 in a county described in Paragraph (4) or (8) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 shall be imposed [only once] for the period necessary for .175211.1

payment of the principal and interest on revenue bonds issued to accomplish the purpose for which the revenue is dedicated, but the period shall not exceed forty years from the effective date of the ordinance imposing the tax; provided, however, that the governing body of a county described in Paragraph (8) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 that has enacted an ordinance imposing an increment of the local hospital gross receipts tax pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph may, prior to the date of the delayed repeal of the ordinance, enact an ordinance to modify the period of imposition of the tax and modify the purposes for which the revenue from the tax is dedicated, consistent with one or more of the purposes permitted pursuant to Paragraph (6) of Subsection D of this section. The ordinance shall be subject to the election requirement of Subsection E of this section.

- C. No local hospital gross receipts tax authorized in Subsection A of this section shall be imposed initially after January 1, 1993 in a county described in Paragraph (2), (3) or (5) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 unless:
- (1) in a county described in Paragraph (2) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978, the voters of the county have approved the issuance of general obligation bonds of the county sufficient to pay at least one-half of the costs of the county hospital facility or county twenty-four-hour urgent care or emergency facility for which the local hospital .175211.1

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gross receipts tax revenues are dedicated, including the costs of all acquisition, renovation and equipping of the facility; or

- in a county described in Paragraph (3) or (5) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978, the county will not have in effect at the same time a county hospital emergency gross receipts tax and the voters of the county have approved the imposition of a property tax at a rate of one dollar (\$1.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value of property in the county for the purpose of operation and maintenance of a hospital owned by the county and operated and maintained either by the county or by another party pursuant to a lease with the county.
- The governing body of a county enacting an ordinance imposing a local hospital gross receipts tax shall dedicate the revenue from the tax as provided in this subsection. In any election held, the ballot shall clearly state the purpose to which the revenue will be dedicated and the revenue shall be used by the county for that purpose. revenue shall be dedicated as follows:
- prior to January 1, 1993, the governing (1) body, at the time of enacting an ordinance imposing the rate of the tax authorized in Subsection A of this section, shall dedicate the revenue for acquisition of land for and the design, construction, equipping and furnishing of a county .175211.1

hospital facility to be operated by the county or operated and maintained by another party pursuant to a lease with the county;

described in Paragraph (2), (3) or (5) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 is enacting the ordinance imposing the tax after July 1, 1993, the governing body shall dedicate the revenue for acquisition, renovation and equipping of a building for a county hospital facility or a county twenty-four-hour urgent care or emergency facility or for operation and maintenance of that facility, whether operated and maintained by the county or by another party pursuant to a lease or management contract with the county, for the period of time the tax is imposed not to exceed ten years;

described in Paragraph (4) or (8) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 is enacting the ordinance imposing the tax after July 1, 1995, the governing body shall dedicate the revenue for acquisition of land or buildings for and the renovation, design, construction, equipping or furnishing of a county hospital facility or health clinic to be operated by the county or operated and maintained by another party pursuant to a health care facilities contract, lease or management contract with the county; provided, however, that the governing body of a county described in Paragraph (8) of Subsection A of Section

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7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 that has imposed an increment of the local hospital gross receipts tax prior to January 1, 2009 and dedicated the revenue from that imposition pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph may, prior to the date of the delayed repeal of the ordinance imposing the increment of the tax, enact an ordinance to modify the period of imposition of the tax and modify the purposes for which the revenue from the tax is dedicated, consistent with one or more of the purposes permitted pursuant to Paragraph (6) of this subsection. The ordinance shall be subject to the election requirement of Subsection E of this section;

if the governing body of a county (4) described in Paragraph (6) or (9) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 is enacting the ordinance imposing the tax after July 1, 1997, the governing body shall dedicate the revenue for either or a combination of the following:

(a) acquisition of land or buildings for and the design, construction, renovation, equipping or furnishing of a hospital facility or health clinic owned by the county or a hospital or health clinic with [whom] which the county has entered into a health care facilities contract lease or management contract; or

(b) operations and maintenance of a hospital or health clinic owned by the county or a hospital or <u>a</u> health clinic with $[\frac{whom}{w}]$ which the county has entered into a .175211.1

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described in Paragraph (7) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978 is enacting the ordinance imposing the tax after January 1, 2002, the governing body shall dedicate the revenue for acquisition, lease, renovation or equipping of a hospital facility or for operation and maintenance of that facility, whether operated and maintained by the county or by another party pursuant to a health care facilities contract, lease or management contract with the county; and

(6) if the governing body of a county

described in Paragraph (8) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2

NMSA 1978 is enacting the ordinance imposing one or more

increments of the tax after January 1, 2009, the governing body

shall dedicate the revenue for either or both of the following:

(a) payment of the principal and interest on revenue bonds, including refunding bonds, issued for acquisition of land or buildings for and the renovation, design, construction, equipping or furnishing of hospital facilities or health care clinic facilities to be operated by the county or operated and maintained by another party pursuant to a health care facilities contract, lease or management contract with the county; and

(b) use as matching funds for state or federal programs benefiting the facilities.

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Ε. The ordinance shall not go into effect until after an election is held and a simple majority of the qualified electors of the county voting in the election vote in favor of imposing the local hospital gross receipts tax and, in the case of a county described in Paragraph (3) or (5) of Subsection A of Section 7-20C-2 NMSA 1978, also vote in favor of a property tax at a rate of one dollar (\$1.00) for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value of property in the The governing body shall adopt a resolution calling for an election within seventy-five days of the date the ordinance is adopted on the question of imposing the tax. question may be submitted to the qualified electors and voted on as a separate question in a general election or in any special election called for that purpose by the governing body. A special election on the question shall be called, held, conducted and canvassed in substantially the same manner as provided by law for general elections. If the question of imposing a local hospital gross receipts tax fails or if the question of imposing both a local hospital gross receipts tax and a property tax fails, the governing body shall not again propose a local hospital gross receipts tax for a period of one year after the election. A certified copy of any ordinance imposing a local hospital gross receipts tax shall be mailed to the department within five days after the ordinance is adopted in an election called for that purpose.

F. An ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions
of Subsection A of this section shall include an effective date
of either July l or January l, whichever date occurs first
after the expiration of at least three months from the date the
ordinance is approved by the electorate.
G. An ordinance repealed under the provisions of
the Local Hospital Gross Receipts Tay Act shall be repealed

- effective on either July 1 or January 1.

 H. As used in this section, "taxable value of
- property" means the sum of:

 (1) the net taxable value, as that term is defined in the Property Tax Code, of property subject to

taxation under the Property Tax Code;

- (2) the assessed value of products, as those terms are defined in the Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act;
- (3) the assessed value of equipment, as those terms are defined in the Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad Valorem Tax Act; and
- (4) the taxable value of copper mineral property, as those terms are defined in the Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act, subject to taxation under the Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act."

Section 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2009.