2	49th legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - first session, 2009						
3	INTRODUCED BY						
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8	FOR THE COURTS, CORRECTIONS AND JUSTICE COMMITTEE						
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10	AN ACT						
11	RELATING TO CRIMINAL LAW; EXPANDING AND CLARIFYING THE CRIME OF						
12	CRUELTY TO ANIMALS; PROVIDING A PENALTY FOR LEAVING AN ANIMAL						
13	IN A HOT CAR; INCREASING PENALTY WHEN CRUELTY CAUSES DEATH OR						
14	GREAT BODILY HARM; CLARIFYING THE APPLICATION OF THE PRACTICE						
15	OF VETERINARY MEDICINE.						
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:						
18	Section 1. Section 30-18-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,						
19	Chapter 107, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:						
20	"30-18-1. CRUELTY TO ANIMALSEXTREME CRUELTY TO						
21	ANIMALSPENALTIESEXCEPTIONS						
22	A. As used in this section:						
23	(1) "animal" does not include insects [or						
24	reptiles];						
25	(2) "great bodily harm" means an injury that						
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1	creates a high probability of death; that causes serious
2	disfigurement; or that results in permanent or protracted loss
3	or impairment of the function of any member or organ of the
4	body;
5	(3) "lawful justification" means:
6	(a) humanely destroying a sick or
7	injured animal; or
8	(b) protecting a person or animal from
9	death or injury due to an attack by another animal;
10	(4) "mistreating" means tormenting,
11	torturing, mutilating, poisoning or otherwise inflicting
12	unnecessary physical injury upon an animal;
13	(5) "negligently" refers to criminal
14	negligence and means that a person knew or should have known of
15	the danger involved and acted with a reckless disregard for the
16	safety or health of an animal; and
17	(6) "sustenance" means food, water or shelter.
18	B. Cruelty to animals consists of a person:
19	(l) negligently mistreating [injuring] an
20	animal;
21	(2) negligently killing an animal without
22	lawful justification [or tormenting an animal; or];
23	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ intentionally abandoning $[\frac{\partial r}{\partial a}]$ an
24	animal under that person's custody or control;
25	(4) failing to provide necessary sustenance to
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1	an animal under that person's custody or control; or
2	(5) leaving an animal unattended and confined
3	inside a motor vehicle when physical injury or death to the
4	animal is likely to result.
5	[C. As used in Subsection B of this section,
6	"lawful justification" means:
7	(1) humanely destroying a sick or injured
8	animal; or
9	(2) protecting a person or animal from death
10	or injury due to an attack by another animal.
11	$rac{ extsf{D}_{ullet}}{ extsf{C}_{ullet}}$ Whoever commits cruelty to animals is guilty
12	of a misdemeanor [and shall be sentenced pursuant to the
13	provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978] and, upon a fourth or
14	subsequent conviction [for committing cruelty to animals, the
15	offender], is guilty of a fourth degree felony [and shall be
16	sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA
17	1978]. Whoever commits cruelty to animals that results in
18	great bodily harm or death to the animal is guilty of a fourth
19	degree felony.
20	$[rac{E_{ullet}}{D_{ullet}}]$ Extreme cruelty to animals consists of a
21	person:
22	(1) intentionally or maliciously [torturing,
23	mutilating, injuring or poisoning mistreating an animal; or
24	(2) <u>intentionally or</u> maliciously killing an
25	animal without lawful justification.
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		[F.	-] <u>E</u>	<u>.</u> Wh	noever	COI	nmits	ext	reme	cru	elty	to	animals
is	guilty	of a	a fo	urth	degre	e f	elony	• [and	sha 1	.1 be	sei	ntenced
pur	suant	to th	ne p	rovis	sions	of :	Section 1	on 3	1-18	-15	NMSA	19	78

- G-] F. The court may order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals to participate in an animal cruelty prevention program or an animal cruelty education program. The court may also order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals or extreme cruelty to animals to obtain psychological counseling for treatment of a mental health disorder if, in the court's judgment, the mental health disorder contributed to the commission of the criminal offense. The offender shall bear the expense of participating in an animal cruelty prevention program, animal cruelty education program or psychological counseling ordered by the court.
- $[H_{\bullet}]$ G_{\bullet} If a child is adjudicated of cruelty to animals, the court shall order an assessment and any necessary psychological counseling or treatment of the child.
- $[\frac{H_{\bullet}}{H_{\bullet}}]$ The provisions of this section do not apply to:
- (1) fishing, hunting, falconry, taking and trapping, as provided in Chapter 17 NMSA 1978;
- (2) the practice of veterinary medicine, as provided in Chapter 61, Article 14 NMSA 1978, when the practice is in accordance with commonly accepted veterinary practices.

 In the event of a dispute, the board of veterinary medicine

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shall determine what is a commonly accepted veterinary practice;

- (3) rodent or pest control, as provided in Chapter 77, Article 15 NMSA 1978;
- (4) the treatment of livestock and other animals used on farms and ranches for the production of food, fiber or other agricultural products, when the treatment is in accordance with commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practices;
- (5) the use of commonly accepted Mexican and American rodeo practices, unless otherwise prohibited by law;
- (6) research facilities [licensed] registered pursuant to [the provisions of] 7 U.S.C. Section 2136, except when knowingly operating outside provisions governing the treatment of animals of a research or maintenance protocol approved by the institutional animal care and use committee of the facility; or
- (7) other similar activities not otherwise prohibited by law.
- [J.] I. If there is a dispute as to what constitutes commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practices or commonly accepted rodeo practices, the New Mexico livestock board shall hold a hearing to determine if the practice in question is a commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practice or commonly accepted rodeo practice."

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Section 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2009.

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