# 12 13 19

### HOUSE BILL 208

## 49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2009

### INTRODUCED BY

### Gail Chasey

5 6

1

2

3

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

25

# AN ACT

FOR THE COURTS, CORRECTIONS AND JUSTICE COMMITTEE

RELATING TO CRIMINAL SENTENCING; REQUIRING THAT AN AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE BE PROVEN BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT BEFORE A JUDGE MAY INCREASE A BASIC SENTENCE OF INCARCERATION; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE CRIMINAL SENTENCING ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 31-18-15.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 152, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"31-18-15.1. ALTERATION OF BASIC SENTENCE--MITIGATING OR AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES--PROCEDURE.--

The court shall hold a sentencing hearing to determine if mitigating or aggravating circumstances exist and take whatever evidence or statements it deems will aid it in reaching a decision to alter a basic sentence. The [court] judge may alter the basic sentence as prescribed in Section .173650.1SA

	11
	12
	13
	14
	15
	16
	17
	18
	19
	20
	21
<b>,</b> 	22
	23
	24
_	25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

31-18-15	NMSA	1978	upon:
J1 10 1J	1111011	17,0	upon.

- (1) a finding by the judge of any mitigating [or aggravating] circumstances surrounding the offense or concerning the offender [If the court determines to alter the basic sentence, it shall issue a brief statement of reasons for the alteration and incorporate that statement in the record of the case]; or
- (2) a finding by the jury beyond a reasonable doubt of any aggravating circumstances surrounding the offense or concerning the offender.
- B. [The judge shall not consider the use of a firearm or prior felony convictions as aggravating circumstances for the purpose of altering the basic sentence.] For the purpose of this section, the following shall not be considered aggravating circumstances:
- (1) the use of a firearm, as provided in Section 31-18-16 NMSA 1978;
- (2) a prior felony conviction, as provided in Section 31-18-17 NMSA 1978;
- (3) the commission of a crime motivated by hate, as provided in the Hate Crimes Act; or
- (4) any evidence relating to the proof of an essential element of the offense.
- C. Presentation of evidence or statements regarding
  an alleged aggravated circumstance shall be made to the jury
  .173650.1SA

		13
		14
		15
		16
delete	17	
	18	
- T	1 11	19
materiai aterial]	20	
IIIar	mate	21
underscored [ <del>bracketed 1</del>	22	
	23	
	[ <del>br</del> a	24
		25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

following the determination of guilt or innocence.

D. If the judge determines to alter the basic sentence, the judge shall issue a brief statement of reasons for the alteration and incorporate that statement in the record of the case.

[C.] E. The amount of the alteration of the basic sentence for noncapital felonies shall be determined by the judge. However, in no case shall the alteration exceed onethird of the basic sentence; provided that when the offender is a serious youthful offender or a youthful offender, the judge may reduce the sentence by more than one-third of the basic sentence."

EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2009.

- 3 -