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HOUSE BILL 710

49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2009

INTRODUCED BY

Danice Picraux

FOR THE LEGISLATIVE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE; DIRECTING THE HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT TO APPLY FOR A WAIVER OR STATE PLAN AMENDMENT TO IMPLEMENT THE MEDICAL HOME PROGRAM; DIRECTING THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE TO CONVENE AN INSURANCE TASK FORCE TO EXPLORE INCENTIVES FOR A MEDICAL HOME-BASED MANAGED CARE MODEL.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. A new section of the Public Assistance Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] MEDICAID, STATE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM AND STATE COVERAGE INITIATIVE PROGRAM MEDICAL HOME WAIVER--RULEMAKING--APPLICATION FOR WAIVER OR STATE PLAN AMENDMENT.--

A. Subject to the availability of state funds and

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1 consistent with the federal Social Security Act, the department
2 shall create a medicaid, state children's health insurance and
3 state coverage initiative waiver program entitled the "medical
4 home program", and establish a program promoting medical homes
5 for medicaid, state children's health insurance and state
6 coverage initiative program recipients. The "medical home" is
7 an integrated care management model that emphasizes primary
8 medical care that is continuous, comprehensive, coordinated,
9 accessible, compassionate and culturally appropriate. Care
10 within the medical home includes primary care, preventive care
11 and care management services and uses quality improvement
12 techniques and information technology for clinical decision
13 support. Components of the medical home model include:

14 (1) assignment of recipients to a primary care
15 provider, clinic or practice that will serve as a medical home;

16 (2) promotion of the health commons model of
17 service delivery, whereby the medical home tracks recipients'
18 primary care, specialty, behavioral health, dental health and
19 social services needs as much as practicable;

20 (3) health education, health promotion, peer
21 support and other services that may integrate with health care
22 services to promote overall health;

23 (4) health risk or functional needs
24 assessments for recipients;

25 (5) a method for reporting on the

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1 effectiveness of the medical home model and its effect upon
2 recipients' utilization of health care services and the
3 associated cost of utilization of those services;

4 (6) mechanisms to reduce inappropriate
5 emergency department utilization by recipients;

6 (7) financial incentives for the provision of
7 after-hours primary care;

8 (8) mechanisms that ensure a robust system of
9 care coordination for assessing, planning, coordinating and
10 monitoring recipients with complex, chronic or high-cost health
11 care or social support needs, including attendant care and
12 other services needed to remain in the community;

13 (9) implementation of a comprehensive,
14 community-based initiative to educate recipients about
15 effective use of the health care delivery system, including the
16 use of community health workers or promotoras;

17 (10) strategies to prevent or delay
18 institutionalization of recipients through the effective
19 utilization of home- and community-based support services;

20 (11) a primary care provider for each
21 recipient, who advocates for and provides ongoing support,
22 oversight and guidance to implement an integrated, coherent,
23 cross-disciplinary plan for ongoing health care developed in
24 partnership with the recipient and including all other health
25 care providers furnishing care to the recipient;

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1 (12) implementation of evidence-based medicine
2 and clinical decision support tools to guide decision-making at
3 the point-of-care based upon recipient-specific factors;

4 (13) use of comparative effectiveness to make
5 a cost-benefit analysis of health care practices;

6 (14) use of health information technology,
7 including remote supervision, recipient monitoring and
8 recipient registries, to monitor and track the health status of
9 recipients;

10 (15) development and use of safe and secure
11 health information technology to promote convenient recipient
12 access to personal health information, health services and web
13 sites with tools for patient self-management;

14 (16) implementation of training programs for
15 personnel involved in the coordination of care for recipients;

16 (17) implementation of equitable financial
17 incentive and compensation systems for primary care providers
18 and other staff engaged in care management and the medical home
19 model; and

20 (18) any other components that the secretary
21 determines will improve a recipient's health outcome and that
22 are cost-effective.

23 B. The department shall apply for if approved, and
24 obtain any necessary waivers or state plan amendments from the
25 United States department of health and human services' centers

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1 for medicare and medicaid services and promulgate rules
2 necessary to implement the medical home program.

3 C. For the purposes of this section, "primary care
4 provider" means a medical doctor or physician assistant
5 licensed under the Medical Practice Act to practice medicine in
6 New Mexico or a certified nurse practitioner as defined in the
7 Nursing Practice Act who provides first contact and continuous
8 care for individuals under the physician's care and who has the
9 staff and resources to manage the comprehensive and coordinated
10 health care of each individual under the primary care
11 provider's care."

12 Section 2. TEMPORARY PROVISION--PATIENT-CENTERED PRIMARY
13 CARE MEDICAL HOME TASK FORCE.--By July 1, 2009, the
14 superintendent of insurance shall convene a "patient-centered
15 primary care medical home task force" and work with
16 representatives from the human services department, the New
17 Mexico health policy commission, the New Mexico medical
18 society, the New Mexico primary care association and
19 representatives from the insurance industry and health
20 maintenance organizations to devise incentives for insurers and
21 managed care organizations to promote a medical home model of
22 managed care. The task force shall devise a three-year
23 strategic plan and report on its strategic plan to the interim
24 legislative health and human services committee by August 1,
25 2010. The strategic plan shall contain recommendations

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1 regarding:

2 A. the feasibility of implementing financial
3 incentives to encourage greater numbers of health professionals
4 to specialize in primary care;

5 B. incentives for managed care plans to utilize a
6 medical home model of case management, whereby the medical home
7 model incorporates the following practices:

8 (1) incentives for the promotion of medical
9 homes where insured individuals have a primary health care or
10 social service provider, who advocates for and provides ongoing
11 support, oversight and guidance to implement an integrated,
12 coherent, cross-discipline plan for ongoing health care and
13 service delivery developed in partnership with the individual
14 and including all other health care and social service
15 providers furnishing care to the individual;

16 (2) utilization management designed to assure
17 appropriate access and utilization of services, including
18 prescription drugs;

19 (3) health risk or functional needs
20 assessments for patients;

21 (4) a method for reporting on the
22 effectiveness of the medical home model and its effect upon
23 recipients' utilization of health care services and the
24 associated cost of utilization of those services;

25 (5) mechanisms to reduce inappropriate

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1 emergency department utilization by recipients;

2 (6) mechanisms that ensure a robust system of
3 care coordination for assessing, planning, coordinating and
4 monitoring recipients with complex, chronic or high-cost health
5 care or social support needs, including attendant care and
6 other services needed to remain in the community;

7 (7) a comprehensive, community-based
8 initiative to educate recipients about effective use of the
9 health care delivery system, including the use of community
10 health workers or promotoras;

11 (8) strategies to prevent or delay
12 institutionalization of recipients through the effective
13 utilization of home- and community-based support services; and

14 (9) any other components the task force
15 determines that will improve a patient's health outcome and
16 that are cost-effective;

17 C. promotion of the health commons model of
18 integrated primary care, specialty, behavioral health and
19 dental health care services;

20 D. incentives for encouraging longer hours for
21 primary care services, including weekend and evening hours; and

22 E. recommendations for designing and implementing a
23 comprehensive pay-for-performance system whereby providers
24 receive financial incentives for measurable improvements in the
25 health of their patients, including recommendations for quality

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1 evaluation and measurement protocols and for increasing
2 community support for quality health care outcomes.

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