AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH INSURANCE; AMENDING, REPEALING AND
ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978 THAT RELATE TO COVERAGE OF
CANCER CLINICAL TRIALS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. A new section of the Health Care Purchasing
Act is enacted to read:

"REQUIRED COVERAGE OF PATIENT COSTS INCURRED IN CANCER
CLINICAL TRIALS.--Group health coverage, including any form
of self-insurance, offered, issued or renewed under the
Health Care Purchasing Act shall provide coverage pursuant to
Section 59A-22-43 NMSA 1978 for routine patient care costs
incurred as a result of the patient's participation in cancer
clinical trials."

Section 2. Section 59A-22-43 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
2001, Chapter 27, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-22-43. REQUIRED COVERAGE OF PATIENT COSTS INCURRED
IN CANCER CLINICAL TRIALS.--

A. A health plan shall provide coverage for
routine patient care costs incurred as a result of the
patient's participation in a cancer clinical trial if:

(1) the clinical trial is undertaken for the
purposes of the prevention of or the prevention of
reoccurrence of cancer or the early detection or treatment of
cancer for which no equally or more effective standard cancer
treatment exists;

(2) the clinical trial is not designed
exclusively to test toxicity or disease pathophysiology and
it has a therapeutic intent;

(3) the clinical trial is being provided in
this state as part of a scientific study of a new therapy or
intervention and is for the prevention, prevention of
reoccurrence, early detection, treatment or palliation of
cancer in humans and in which the scientific study includes
all of the following:

(a) specific goals;

(b) a rationale and background for the
study;

(c) criteria for patient selection;

(d) specific direction for
administering the therapy or intervention and for monitoring
patients;

(e) a definition of quantitative
measures for determining treatment response;

(f) methods for documenting and
treating adverse reactions; and

(g) a reasonable expectation that the
treatment will be at least as efficacious as standard cancer
treatment;
(4) the clinical trial is being conducted with approval of at least one of the following:
   (a) one of the federal national institutes of health;
   (b) a federal national institutes of health cooperative group or center;
   (c) the federal department of defense;
   (d) the federal food and drug administration in the form of an investigational new drug application;
   (e) the federal department of veterans affairs; or
   (f) a qualified research entity that meets the criteria established by the federal national institutes of health for grant eligibility;
(5) the clinical trial is being provided as part of a cancer clinical trial;
(6) the proposed clinical trial or study has been reviewed and approved by an institutional review board that has an active federal-wide assurance of protection for human subjects;
(7) the personnel providing the clinical trial or conducting the study:
   (a) are providing the clinical trial or conducting the study within their scope of practice,
experience and training and are capable of providing the clinical trial because of their experience, training and volume of patients treated to maintain their expertise;

(b) agree to accept reimbursement as payment in full from the health plan at the rates that are established by that plan and are not more than the level of reimbursement applicable to other similar services provided by health care providers within the plan's provider network; and

(c) agree to provide written notification to the health plan when a patient enters or leaves a clinical trial;

(8) there is no non-investigational treatment equivalent to the clinical trial;

(9) the available clinical or preclinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the clinical trial will be at least as efficacious as any non-investigational alternative; and

(10) there is a reasonable expectation based on clinical data that the medical treatment provided in the clinical trial will be at least as effective as any other medical treatment.

B. Pursuant to the patient informed consent document, no third party is liable for damages associated with the treatment provided during a phase of a cancer
clinical trial.

C. If a patient is denied coverage of a cost and contends that the denial is in violation of this section, the patient may appeal the decision to deny the coverage of a cost to the superintendent, and that appeal shall be expedited to ensure resolution of the appeal within no more than thirty days after the date of appeal to the superintendent. Programs pursuant to Title 19 or Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act, which have their respective expedited appeal processes, shall be exempt from this subsection.

D. A health plan shall not provide benefits that supplant a portion of a cancer clinical trial that is customarily paid for by government, biotechnical, pharmaceutical or medical device industry sources.

E. The provisions of this section do not create a private right or cause of action for or on behalf of a patient against the health plan providing coverage. This section provides only an administrative remedy to the superintendent for violation of this section or a related rule promulgated by the superintendent.

F. A health plan may impose deductibles, coinsurance requirements or other standard cost-sharing provisions on benefits provided pursuant to this section.

G. In no event shall the health plan be
responsible for out-of-state or out-of-network costs unless
the health plan pays for standard treatment out of state or
out of network. In no event shall the health plan be
responsible for out-of-state costs for any trials undertaken
for the purposes of the prevention of or the prevention of
reoccurrence of cancer.

H. The provisions of this section do not apply to
short-term travel, accident-only or limited or specified
disease contracts or policies issued by a health plan.

I. As used in this section:

   (1) "clinical trial" means a course of
treatment provided to a patient for the purpose of
prevention, prevention of reoccurrence, early detection or
treatment of cancer;

   (2) "cooperative group" means a formal
network of facilities that collaborate on research projects
and have an established federal national institutes of
health-approved peer review program operating within the
group;

   (3) "health plan":

       (a) means: 1) a health insurer; 2) a
nonprofit health service provider; 3) a health maintenance
organization; 4) a managed care organization; 5) a provider
service organization; or 6) the state's medical assistance
program, whether providing services on a managed care or


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fee-for-service basis; and

(b) does not include individual policies intended to supplement major medical group-type coverages such as medicare supplement, long-term care, disability income, specified disease, accident only, hospital indemnity or other limited-benefit health insurance policies;

(4) "institutional review board" means a board, committee or other group that is both:

(a) formally designated by an institution to approve the initiation of and to conduct periodic review of biomedical research involving human subjects and in which the primary purpose of the review is to assure the protection of the rights and welfare of the human subjects and not to review a clinical trial for scientific merit; and

(b) approved by the federal national institutes of health for protection of the research risks;

(5) "investigational drug or device" means a drug or device that has not been approved by the federal food and drug administration;

(6) "federal-wide assurance of protection for human subjects" means a contract between an institution and the office for human research protections of the federal department of health and human services that defines the relationship of the institution to that department and sets
out the responsibilities of the institution and the
procedures that will be used by the institution to protect
human subjects participating in clinical trials;

   (7) "patient" means an individual who
participates in a cancer clinical trial and who is an
insured, a member or a beneficiary of a health plan; and

   (8) "routine patient care cost":
      (a) means: 1) a medical service or
treatment that is a benefit under a health plan that would be
covered if the patient were receiving standard cancer
treatment; or 2) a drug provided to a patient during a cancer
clinical trial if the drug has been approved by the federal
food and drug administration, whether or not that
organization has approved the drug for use in treating the
patient's particular condition, but only to the extent that
the drug is not paid for by the manufacturer, distributor or
provider of the drug; and

      (b) does not include: 1) the cost of
an investigational drug, device or procedure; 2) the cost of a
non-health care service that the patient is required to
receive as a result of participation in the cancer clinical
trial; 3) costs associated with managing the research that is
associated with the cancer clinical trial; 4) costs that would
not be covered by the patient's health plan if
non-investigational treatments were provided; 5) costs of
those extra tests that would not be performed except for participation in the cancer clinical trial; and 6) costs paid or not charged for by the cancer clinical trial providers."

Section 3. Section 59A-23-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 463, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-23-4. OTHER PROVISIONS APPLICABLE.--

A. A blanket or group health insurance policy or contract shall not contain a provision relative to notice or proof of loss or the time for paying benefits or the time within which suit may be brought upon the policy that in the superintendent's opinion is less favorable to the insured than would be permitted in the required or optional provisions for individual health insurance policies as set forth in Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978.

B. The following provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978 shall also apply as to Chapter 59A, Article 23 NMSA 1978 and blanket and group health insurance contracts:

(1) Section 59A-22-1 NMSA 1978, except Subsection C of that section; and

(2) Section 59A-22-32 NMSA 1978.

C. The following provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978 shall also apply as to group health insurance contracts:

(1) Section 59A-22-33 NMSA 1978;
(2) Section 59A-22-34 NMSA 1978;
(3) Section 59A-22-34.1 NMSA 1978;
(4) Section 59A-22-34.3 NMSA 1978;
(5) Section 59A-22-35 NMSA 1978;
(6) Section 59A-22-36 NMSA 1978;
(7) Section 59A-22-39 NMSA 1978;
(8) Section 59A-22-39.1 NMSA 1978;
(9) Section 59A-22-40 NMSA 1978;
(10) Section 59A-22-40.1 NMSA 1978;
(11) Section 59A-22-41 NMSA 1978;
(12) Section 59A-22-42 NMSA 1978;
(13) Section 59A-22-43 NMSA 1978; and
(14) Section 59A-22-44 NMSA 1978."

Section 4. Section 59A-46-30 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
1993, Chapter 266, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read:
"59A-46-30. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION AND RELATIONSHIP TO
OTHER LAWS.--

A. The provisions of the Insurance Code other than
Chapter 59A, Article 46 NMSA 1978 shall not apply to health
maintenance organizations except as expressly provided in the
Insurance Code and that article. To the extent reasonable and
not inconsistent with the provisions of that article, the
following articles and provisions of the Insurance Code shall
also apply to health maintenance organizations and their
promoters, sponsors, directors, officers, employees, agents,
solicitors and other representatives. For the purposes of such applicability, a health maintenance organization may therein be referred to as an "insurer":

(1) Chapter 59A, Article 1 NMSA 1978;
(2) Chapter 59A, Article 2 NMSA 1978;
(3) Chapter 59A, Article 4 NMSA 1978;
(4) Subsection C of Section 59A-5-22 NMSA 1978;
(5) Sections 59A-6-2 through 59A-6-4 and 59A-6-6 NMSA 1978;
(6) Chapter 59A, Article 8 NMSA 1978;
(7) Chapter 59A, Article 10 NMSA 1978;
(8) Section 59A-12-22 NMSA 1978;
(9) Chapter 59A, Article 16 NMSA 1978;
(10) Chapter 59A, Article 18 NMSA 1978;
(11) the Policy Language Simplification Law;
(12) Section 59A-22-14 NMSA 1978;
(13) the Insurance Fraud Act;
(14) Section 59A-22-43 NMSA 1978;
(15) the Minimum Healthcare Protection Act;
(17) The Insurance Holding Company Law; and
(18) the Patient Protection Act.

B. Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representatives, shall not be construed as violating any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professionals, but health professionals shall be individually subject to the laws, rules and ethical provisions governing their individual professions.

C. Any health maintenance organization authorized under the provisions of the Health Maintenance Organization Law shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provisions of laws relating to the practice of medicine."

Section 5. Section 59A-47-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 879.32, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-47-33. OTHER PROVISIONS APPLICABLE.--The provisions of the Insurance Code other than Chapter 59A, Article 47 NMSA 1978 shall not apply to health care plans except as expressly provided in the Insurance Code and that article. To the extent reasonable and not inconsistent with the provisions of that article, the following articles and provisions of the Insurance Code shall also apply to health care plans, their promoters, sponsors, directors, officers, employees, agents, solicitors and other representatives; and,
for the purposes of such applicability, a health care plan may therein be referred to as an "insurer":

A. Chapter 59A, Article 1 NMSA 1978;
B. Chapter 59A, Article 2 NMSA 1978;
C. Chapter 59A, Article 4 NMSA 1978;
D. Subsection C of Section 59A-5-22 NMSA 1978;
E. Sections 59A-6-2 through 59A-6-4 and 59A-6-6 NMSA 1978;
F. Section 59A-7-11 NMSA 1978;
G. Chapter 59A, Article 8 NMSA 1978;
H. Chapter 59A, Article 10 NMSA 1978;
I. Section 59A-12-22 NMSA 1978;
J. Chapter 59A, Article 16 NMSA 1978;
K. Chapter 59A, Article 18 NMSA 1978;
L. the Policy Language Simplification Law;
M. Subsections B through E of Section 59A-22-5 NMSA 1978;
N. Section 59A-22-14 NMSA 1978;
O. Section 59A-22-34.1 NMSA 1978;
P. Section 59A-22-39 NMSA 1978;
Q. Section 59A-22-40 NMSA 1978;
R. Section 59A-22-40.1 NMSA 1978;
S. Section 59A-22-41 NMSA 1978;
T. Section 59A-22-42 NMSA 1978;
U. Section 59A-22-43 NMSA 1978;
V. Section 59A-22-44 NMSA 1978;
W. Sections 59A-34-7 through 59A-34-13,
and 59A-34-44 through 59A-34-46 NMSA 1978;
X. The Insurance Holding Company Law, except
Section 59A-37-7 NMSA 1978;
Y. Section 59A-46-15 NMSA 1978; and
Z. the Patient Protection Act."

Section 6. REPEAL.--Laws 2001, Chapter 27, Section 2
and Laws 2004, Chapter 70, Section 1 are repealed.