

1 AN ACT

2 RELATING TO JOB TRAINING; PROVIDING THAT DEVELOPMENT TRAINING  
3 FUNDS MAY BE USED FOR GREEN JOBS; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

4  
5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

6 Section 1. Section 21-19-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,  
7 Chapter 102, Section 3) is amended to read:

8 "21-19-13. DISTRIBUTIONS OF DEVELOPMENT TRAINING  
9 FUNDS.--

10 A. Of appropriations made in any fiscal year for  
11 development training, up to two-thirds shall be expended in  
12 urban communities in the state. At least one-third of the  
13 appropriations made in any fiscal year for development  
14 training shall be expended in nonurban communities.

15 B. Of money available in the development training  
16 fund, the economic development department may use in any  
17 fiscal year:

18 (1) up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)  
19 to generally administer the development training program; and

20 (2) in addition to the general  
21 administration funding allowed in Paragraph (1) of this  
22 subsection, up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) to  
23 administer the provisions of Section 21-19-7.1 NMSA 1978.

24 C. Up to two million dollars (\$2,000,000) of  
25 development training funds may be used to reimburse film and

1 multimedia production companies and to provide preemployment  
2 training for that industry pursuant to the provisions of  
3 Section 21-19-7.1 NMSA 1978.

4 D. Up to one million dollars (\$1,000,000)  
5 disbursed annually from the development training program may  
6 be dedicated to development training in green industries.

7 E. As used in this section:

8 (1) "green industries" means industries that  
9 contribute directly to preserving or enhancing environmental  
10 quality by reducing waste and pollution or by producing  
11 sustainable products using sustainable processes and  
12 materials. Green industries provide opportunities for  
13 advancement along a career track of increasing skills and  
14 wages. Green industries include:

15 (a) energy system retrofits to increase  
16 energy efficiency and conservation;

17 (b) production and distribution of  
18 biofuels and vehicle retrofits for biofuels;

19 (c) building design and construction  
20 that meet the equivalent of best available technology in  
21 energy and environmental design standards;

22 (d) organic and community food  
23 production;

24 (e) manufacture of products from  
25 non-toxic, environmentally certified or recycled materials;

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(f) manufacture and production of sustainable technologies, including solar panels, wind turbines and fuel cells;

(g) solar technology installation and maintenance;

(h) recycling, green composting and large-scale reuse of construction and demolition materials and debris; and

(i) water system retrofits to increase water efficiency and conservation;

(2) "nonurban community" means a municipality that is not an urban community or is the unincorporated area of a county; and

(3) "urban community" means a municipality with a population of forty thousand or more according to the most recent federal decennial census."