1	HOUSE BILL 392
2	50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2011
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	David C. Chavez
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR
12	OR DRUGS; REQUIRING MINIMUM ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION LEVELS IN THE
13	BLOOD OR BREATH FOR CONVICTION; REMOVING THE SLIGHTEST
14	IMPAIRMENT STANDARD; ALLOWING DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
15	CERTAIN LAWFULLY PRESCRIBED MEDICATIONS.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	SECTION 1. Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1953,
19	Chapter 139, Section 54, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"66-8-102. DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING
21	LIQUOR OR DRUGSAGGRAVATED DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
22	INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGSPENALTIES
23	[A. It is unlawful for a person who is under the
24	influence of intoxicating liquor to drive a vehicle within this
25	state.
	.183972.3

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1 B_{\cdot}] <u>A.</u> It is unlawful for a person who is under the 2 influence of any drug to a degree that renders the person 3 incapable of safely driving a vehicle to drive a vehicle within 4 this state. B. Subsection A of this section does not apply to a 5 person who is taking medication: 6 7 (1) that is lawfully prescribed to the person; (2) in the manner and amount directed by the 8 9 health care practitioner who prescribed the medication; and (3) for which there is no federal food and 10 drug administration prohibition or warning on driving while 11 12 taking the medication. C. [It is unlawful for] Driving under the influence 13 of intoxicating liquor is unlawful and consists of: 14 (1) [a person to drive] driving a vehicle in 15 this state [if the person has] with an alcohol concentration of 16 eight one hundredths or more in the [person's] driver's blood 17 or breath within three hours of driving the vehicle and the 18 alcohol concentration results from alcohol consumed before or 19 20 while driving the vehicle; or [a person to drive] driving a commercial (2)21 motor vehicle in this state [if the person has] with an alcohol 22 concentration of four one hundredths or more in the [person's] 23 driver's blood or breath within three hours of driving the 24 commercial motor vehicle and the alcohol concentration results 25 .183972.3

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1 from alcohol consumed before or while driving the vehicle. 2 D. Aggravated driving under the influence of 3 intoxicating liquor or drugs consists of: driving a vehicle in this state with an 4 (1) alcohol concentration of sixteen one hundredths or more in the 5 driver's blood or breath within three hours of driving the 6 7 vehicle and the alcohol concentration results from alcohol consumed before or while driving the vehicle; 8 9 (2) causing bodily injury to a human being as a result of the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle while 10 driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; or 11 12 (3) refusing to submit to chemical testing, as provided for in the Implied Consent Act, and in the judgment of 13 the court, based upon evidence [of intoxication] presented to 14 the court, the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds 15 to believe the driver was driving a vehicle in this state while 16 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. 17 Ε. A first conviction pursuant to this section 18 19 shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 20 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), 21 or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or 22 in part or deferred, the period of probation may extend beyond 23 ninety days but shall not exceed one year. Upon a first 24 conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be 25

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1 sentenced to not less than twenty-four hours of community 2 service. In addition, the offender may be required to pay a fine of three hundred dollars (\$300). The offender shall be 3 ordered by the court to participate in and complete a screening 4 program described in Subsection K of this section and to attend 5 a driver rehabilitation program for alcohol or drugs, also 6 7 known as a "DWI school", approved by the bureau and also may be 8 required to participate in other rehabilitative services as the 9 court shall determine to be necessary. In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving under 10 the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender 11 12 shall be sentenced to not less than forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. If an offender fails to complete, within a time 13 specified by the court, any community service, screening 14 program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court 15 or fails to comply with any other condition of probation, the 16 offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional 17 forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. Any jail sentence 18 19 imposed pursuant to this subsection for failure to complete, 20 within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by 21 the court or for aggravated driving under the influence of 22 intoxicating liquor or drugs shall not be suspended, deferred 23 or taken under advisement. On a first conviction pursuant to 24 this section, any time spent in jail for the offense prior to 25 .183972.3

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the conviction for that offense shall be credited to any term of imprisonment fixed by the court. A deferred sentence pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a first conviction for the purpose of determining subsequent convictions.

F. A second or third conviction pursuant to this 6 7 section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than 8 9 three hundred sixty-four days or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both; provided that if the 10 sentence is suspended in whole or in part, the period of 11 12 probation may extend beyond one year but shall not exceed five Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary 13 years. for suspension or deferment of execution of a sentence: 14

(1) upon a second conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than ninety-six consecutive hours, not less than forty-eight hours of community service and a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than ninety-six consecutive hours. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an .183972.3

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additional seven consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement; and

(2) upon a third conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than thirty consecutive days, not less than ninety-six hours of community service and a fine of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than sixty consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional sixty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

G. Upon a fourth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of eighteen months, six months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

H. Upon a fifth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, .183972.3 - 6 -

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notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two years, one year of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

I. Upon a sixth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of thirty months, eighteen months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

J. Upon a seventh or subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years, two years of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

K. Upon any conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, an alcohol or drug abuse screening program approved by the department of finance and administration and, if necessary, a treatment program approved by the court. The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

L. Upon a second or third conviction pursuant to .183972.3

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1	this section, an offender shall be required to participate in
2	and complete, within a time specified by the court:
3	(1) not less than a twenty-eight-day
4	inpatient, residential or in-custody substance abuse treatment
5	program approved by the court;
6	(2) not less than a ninety-day outpatient
7	treatment program approved by the court;
8	(3) a drug court program approved by the
9	court; or
10	(4) any other substance abuse treatment
11	program approved by the court.
12	The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall
13	not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.
14	M. Upon a felony conviction pursuant to this
15	section, the corrections department shall provide substance
16	abuse counseling and treatment to the offender in its custody.
17	While the offender is on probation or parole under its
18	supervision, the corrections department shall also provide
19	substance abuse counseling and treatment to the offender or
20	shall require the offender to obtain substance abuse counseling
21	and treatment.
22	N. Upon a conviction pursuant to this section, an
23	offender shall be required to obtain an ignition interlock
24	license and have an ignition interlock device installed and
25	operating on all motor vehicles driven by the offender,

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1 pursuant to rules adopted by the traffic safety bureau. Unless 2 determined by the bureau to be indigent, the offender shall pay 3 all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. The offender 4 5 shall operate only those vehicles equipped with ignition interlock devices for: 6 7 (1) a period of one year, for a first offender: 8 9 (2) a period of two years, for a second conviction pursuant to this section; 10 a period of three years, for a third (3) 11 12 conviction pursuant to this section; or the remainder of the offender's life, for (4) 13 14 a fourth or subsequent conviction pursuant to this section. Five years from the date of conviction and every 0. 15 five years thereafter, a fourth or subsequent offender may 16 apply to a district court for removal of the ignition interlock 17 device requirement provided in this section and for restoration 18 of a driver's license. A district court may, for good cause 19 20 shown, remove the ignition interlock device requirement and order restoration of the license; provided that the offender 21 has not been subsequently convicted of driving a motor vehicle 22 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. Good 23 cause may include an alcohol screening and proof from the 24 interlock vendor that the person has not had violations of the 25 .183972.3

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P. An offender who obtains an ignition interlock license and installs an ignition interlock device prior to conviction shall be given credit at sentencing for the time period the ignition interlock device has been in use.

Q. In the case of a first, second or third offense under this section, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction with district courts to try the offender.

R. A conviction pursuant to a municipal or county ordinance in New Mexico or a law of any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or of a tribe, when that ordinance or law is equivalent to New Mexico law for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and prescribes penalties for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, shall be deemed to be a conviction pursuant to this section for purposes of determining whether a conviction is a second or subsequent conviction.

S. In addition to any other fine or fee that may be imposed pursuant to the conviction or other disposition of the offense under this section, the court may order the offender to pay the costs of any court-ordered screening and treatment programs.

T. With respect to this section and notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if an offender's sentence was suspended or deferred in whole or in part and the offender

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As used in this section: U.

"bodily injury" means an injury to a (1)person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm to the person, but does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the person's body; and

"commercial motor vehicle" means a motor (2)11 12 vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle: 13

(a) has a gross combination weight rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than ten thousand pounds;

(b) has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds;

20 (c) is designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the driver; or 21

(d) is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardous materials, which requires the motor vehicle to be placarded under applicable law."

SECTION 2. Section 66-8-110 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, .183972.3

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1 Chapter 35, Section 518, as amended) is amended to read: "66-8-110. USE OF TESTS IN CRIMINAL ACTIONS OR CIVIL 2 ACTIONS--[LEVELS OF INTOXICATION] PRESUMPTION--MANDATORY 3 CHARGING. --4 The results of a test performed pursuant to the Α. 5 Implied Consent Act may be introduced into evidence in any 6 7 civil action or criminal action arising out of the acts alleged to have been committed by the person tested for driving a motor 8 9 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 10 drugs. When the blood or breath of the person tested Β. 11 12 contains ((1) an alcohol concentration of less than 13 four one hundredths, it shall be presumed that the person was 14 not under the influence of intoxicating liquor; 15 (2) an alcohol concentration of at least four 16 bracketed material] = delete one hundredths but less than eight one hundredths: 17 (a) no presumption shall be made that 18 19 the person either was or was not under the influence of 20 intoxicating liquor, unless the person is driving a commercial motor vehicle; and 21 (b) the amount of alcohol in the 22 person's blood or breath may be considered with other competent 23 evidence in determining whether the person was under the 24 influence of intoxicating liquor; or 25 .183972.3 - 12 -

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(3)] an alcohol concentration of four one
 hundredths or more and the person is driving a commercial motor
 vehicle, it shall be presumed that the person is under the
 influence of intoxicating liquor.

C. The arresting officer shall charge the person tested with a violation of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 when the blood or breath of the person contains an alcohol concentration of:

(1) eight one hundredths or more; or

10 (2) four one hundredths or more if the person11 is driving a commercial motor vehicle.

D. When a person is less than twenty-one years of age and the blood or breath of the person contains an alcohol concentration of two one hundredths or more, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to the provisions of the Implied Consent Act.

E. If the test performed pursuant to the Implied Consent Act is administered more than three hours after the person was driving a vehicle, the test result may be introduced as evidence of the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath at the time of the test and the trier of fact shall determine what weight to give the test result for the purpose of determining a violation of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978.

F. The determination of alcohol concentration shall be based on the grams of alcohol in one hundred milliliters of

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blood or the grams of alcohol in two hundred ten liters of
 breath.

G. The [presumptions] presumption in Subsection B of this section [do] <u>does</u> not limit the introduction of other competent evidence concerning whether the person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

H. If a person is convicted of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, the trial judge shall inquire into the past driving record of the person before sentence is entered in the matter."

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2011.

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