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## HOUSE BILL 579

## 50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2011

## INTRODUCED BY

Thomas C. Taylor

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AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT; ESTABLISHING REQUIREMENTS FOR REGULATING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Air Quality Control Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] GREENHOUSE GAS REGULATION. --Notwithstanding any other provision in law, neither the environmental improvement board, a local board or any other state agency, board, institution or political subdivision shall adopt or enforce any state, local or regional rule or program to regulate the emission of greenhouse gas except as provided in the Air Quality Control Act."

**SECTION 2.** Section 74-2-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, .185026.1

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Chapter 277, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"74-2-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Air Quality Control Act:

- "air contaminant" means a substance, including any particulate matter, fly ash, dust, fumes, gas, mist, smoke, vapor, micro-organisms, radioactive material, any combination thereof or any decay or reaction product thereof;
- "air pollution" means the emission, except the emission of greenhouse gas or an emission that occurs in nature, into the outdoor atmosphere of one or more air contaminants in quantities and of a duration that may with reasonable probability injure human health or animal or plant life or as may unreasonably interfere with the public welfare, visibility or the reasonable use of property;
- C. "department" means the department of environment:
- "director" means the administrative head of a D. local agency;
- "emission limitation" or "emission standard" means a requirement established by the environmental improvement board or the local board, the department, the local authority or the local agency or pursuant to the federal act that limits the quantity, rate or concentration, or combination thereof, of emissions of air contaminants on a continuous basis, including any requirements relating to the operation or .185026.1

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1	maintenance of a source to assure continuous reduction;
2	F. "federal act" means the federal Clean Air Act,
3	its subsequent amendments and successor provisions;
4	G. "federal standard of performance" means a
5	standard of performance, emission limitation or emission
6	standard adopted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 7411 or 7412;
7	H. "greenhouse gas" means any gas that absorbs
8	infrared radiation in the atmosphere, including the following
9	gases, alone or in combination:
10	(1) carbon dioxide;
11	(2) methane;
12	(3) nitrous oxide;
13	(4) hydrofluorocarbons;
14	(5) perfluorocarbons; and
15	(6) sulfur hexafluoride;
16	[ <del>H.</del> ] <u>I.</u> "hazardous air pollutant" means an air
17	contaminant that has been listed as a hazardous air pollutant
18	pursuant to the federal act;
19	$[rac{ extsf{I.}}{ extsf{O}}]$ "local agency" means the administrative
20	agency established by a local authority pursuant to Paragraph
21	(2) of Subsection A of Section 74-2-4 NMSA 1978;
22	[ $rac{J_{ullet}}{I}$ ] $rac{K_{ullet}}{I}$ "local authority" means any of the
23	following political subdivisions of the state that have, by
24	following the procedure set forth in Subsection A of Section
25	74-2-4 NMSA 1978, assumed jurisdiction for local administration

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and enforcement of the Air Quality Control Act:						
(1) a county that was a class A county as of						
January 1, 1980; or						
(2) a municipality with a population greater						
than one hundred thousand located within a county that was a						
class A county as of January 1, 1980;						
[K.] L. "local board" means a municipal, county or						
joint air quality control board created by a local authority;						
$[\frac{L_{ullet}}{M_{ullet}}]$ "mandatory class I area" means any of the						
following areas in this state that were in existence on August						
7, 1977:						
(1) national wilderness areas that exceed five						
thousand acres in size; and						
(2) national parks that exceed six thousand						
acres in size;						
[M.] N. "modification" means a physical change in,						
or change in the method of operation of, a source that results						
in an increase in the potential emission rate of a regulated						
air contaminant emitted by the source or that results in the						
emission of a regulated air contaminant not previously emitted,						
but does not include:						
(1) a change in ownership of the source;						
(2) routine maintenance, repair or						
replacement;						

(3)

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installation of air pollution control

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equipment, and all related process equipment and materials
necessary for its operation, undertaken for the purpose of
complying with regulations adopted by the environmental
improvement board or the local board or pursuant to the federal
act; or

- (4) unless previously limited by enforceable permit conditions:
- (a) an increase in the production rate, if such increase does not exceed the operating design capacity of the source;
- (b) an increase in the hours of operation; or

(c) use of an alternative fuel or raw material if, prior to January 6, 1975, the source was capable of accommodating such fuel or raw material or if use of an alternate fuel or raw material is caused by a natural gas curtailment or emergency allocation or [an other] another lack of supply of natural gas;

- [N.] 0. "nonattainment area" means for an air contaminant an area that is designated "nonattainment" with respect to that contaminant within the meaning of Section 107(d) of the federal act;
- $[\Theta \cdot ]$  P. "person" includes an individual, partnership, corporation, association, the state or political subdivision of the state and any agency, department or .185026.1

instrumentality of the United States and any of their officers, agents or employees;

[P+] Q. "potential emission rate" means the emission rate of a source at its maximum capacity to emit a regulated air contaminant under its physical and operational design, provided any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of the source to emit a regulated air contaminant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or on the type or amount of material combusted, stored or processed, shall be treated as part of its physical and operational design only if the limitation or the effect it would have on emissions is enforceable by the department or the local agency pursuant to the Air Quality Control Act or the federal act;

 $[Q_{\bullet}]$  R. "regulated air contaminant" means an air contaminant, the emission or ambient concentration of which is regulated pursuant to the Air Quality Control Act or the federal act;

[R.] S. "secretary" means the secretary of environment;

[S.] T. "significant deterioration" means an increase in the ambient concentrations of an air contaminant above the levels allowed by the federal act or federal regulations for that air contaminant in the area within which the increase occurs;

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-	[1.] o. source means a structure, building,
2	equipment, facility, installation or operation that emits or
3	may emit an air contaminant;
4	[ $rac{ extsf{W.}}{ extsf{}}$ "standard of performance" means a
5	requirement of continuous emission reduction, including any
6	requirement relating to operation or maintenance of a source to
7	assure continuous emission reduction;
8	$\left[ rac{  extsf{W}_{ullet}}{  extsf{W}_{ullet}}  ight]$ "state implementation plan" means a plan
9	submitted by New Mexico to the federal environmental protection
10	agency pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 7410; and
11	$[rac{W_{ullet}}{N}]$ "toxic air pollutant" means an air
12	contaminant, except a hazardous air pollutant, classified by
13	the environmental improvement board or the local board as a
14	toxic air pollutant."
15	SECTION 3. Section 74-2-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
16	Chapter 277, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
17	"74-2-5. DUTIES AND POWERSENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENT
18	BOARDLOCAL BOARD
19	A. The environmental improvement board or the local
20	board shall prevent or abate air pollution.
21	B. The environmental improvement board or the local
22	board shall:
23	(1) adopt, promulgate, publish, amend and
24	repeal regulations consistent with the Air Quality Control Act
25	to attain and maintain national ambient air quality standards
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and prevent or abate air pollution, including regulations prescribing air standards, within the geographic area of the environmental improvement board's jurisdiction or the local board's jurisdiction, or any part thereof; and

- (2) adopt a plan for the regulation, control, prevention or abatement of air pollution, recognizing the differences, needs, requirements and conditions within the geographic area of the environmental improvement board's jurisdiction or the local board's jurisdiction or any part thereof.
- Regulations adopted by the environmental improvement board or the local board may:
- include regulations to protect visibility (1) in mandatory class I areas to prevent significant deterioration of air quality and to achieve national ambient air quality standards in nonattainment areas; provided that such regulations:
- shall be no more stringent than but at least as stringent as required by the federal act and federal regulations pertaining to visibility protection in mandatory class I areas, pertaining to prevention of significant deterioration and pertaining to nonattainment areas; and
- shall be applicable only to sources (b) subject to such regulation pursuant to the federal act; .185026.1

2	sources and emission standards for hazardous air pollutants
3	that, except as provided in this subsection:
4	(a) shall be no more stringent than but
5	at least as stringent as required by federal standards of
6	performance; and
7	(b) shall be applicable only to sources
8	subject to such federal standards of performance;
9	(3) include regulations governing emissions
10	from solid waste incinerators that shall be at least as
11	stringent as, and may be more stringent than, any applicable
12	federal emission limitations;
13	(4) include regulations to control greenhouse
14	gas emissions, to the extent that regulations are mandated by
15	any federal act or regulation; provided that such regulations:
16	(a) shall be no more stringent than,
17	but at least as stringent as, required by any federal act and
18	federal regulations pertaining to regulation of greenhouse gas
19	emissions; and
20	(b) shall be applicable only to sources
21	subject to such regulation pursuant to the federal act;
22	$[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ include regulations requiring the
23	installation of control technology for mercury emissions that
24	removes the greater of what is achievable with best available
25	control technology or ninety percent of the mercury from the
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(2) prescribe standards of performance for

2	fired power plants constructed and generating electric power
3	and energy before July 1, 2007;
4	$[\frac{(5)}{(6)}]$ require notice to the department or
5	the local agency of the intent to introduce or permit the
6	introduction of an air contaminant into the air within the
7	geographical area of the environmental improvement board's
8	jurisdiction or the local board's jurisdiction; and
9	$[\frac{(6)}{(7)}]$ require any person emitting any air
10	contaminant to:
11	(a) install, use and maintain emission
12	monitoring devices;
13	(b) sample emissions in accordance with
14	methods and at locations and intervals as may be prescribed by
15	the environmental improvement board or the local board;
16	(c) establish and maintain records of
17	the nature and amount of emissions;
18	(d) submit reports regarding the nature
19	and amounts of emissions and the performance of emission
20	control devices; and
21	(e) provide any other reasonable
22	information relating to the emission of air contaminants.
23	D. Any regulation adopted pursuant to this section
24	shall be consistent with federal law, if any, relating to
25	control of motor vehicle emissions.

input fuel for all coal-fired power plants, except for coal-

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E	. In	making	its	regulations,	the	environm	ienta	ι1
improvement	board	or the	loca	al board shal	l giv	ve weight	: it	deems
appropriate	to all	facts	and	circumstance	s, in	ncluding	but	not
limited to:								

- (1) character and degree of injury to or interference with health, welfare, visibility and property;
- (2) the public interest, including the social and economic value of the sources and subjects of air contaminants; and
- (3) technical practicability and economic reasonableness of reducing or eliminating air contaminants from the sources involved and previous experience with equipment and methods available to control the air contaminants involved."

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