SENATE BILL 573

50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2011

INTRODUCED BY

Cisco McSorley

AN ACT

RELATING TO WRONGFUL INCARCERATION; PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO A
PERSON WHO IS EXONERATED AFTER BEING WRONGFULLY CONVICTED AND
IMPRISONED; PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT FOR EACH YEAR OF WRONGFUL
INCARCERATION FROM THE PUBLIC LIABILITY FUND.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

- SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] COMPENSATION FOR WRONGFUL INCARCERATION.--
- A. If a person convicted and imprisoned for a crime is later exonerated for that crime by a court pursuant to Section 31-1A-2 NMSA 1978 or pursuant to an acquittal after a second or subsequent trial, the court shall hold a hearing to determine the length of time that the person was incarcerated for the crime.
- B. After determining the length of time that the .185421.1

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person was wrongfully incarcerated, the court shall enter an order awarding damages in the amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each year the person was wrongfully incarcerated, up to twenty years. The court shall adjust the damage award proportionally for any partial years of incarceration.

- Damages awarded under this section shall not be offset by any services provided or expenses incurred by the state or a political subdivision of the state, including expenses incurred to secure or maintain the person in custody or to feed, clothe or provide medical services to the person while in custody.
- D. A person shall be entitled to compensation only for the time that the person would not otherwise have been incarcerated pursuant to another sentence.
- A person's acceptance of a damages award pursuant to this section shall be final and conclusive and constitute a complete release by the person of any claim against the state or a political subdivision of the state and shall operate as a bar to any action by the person against the state or a political subdivision of the state with respect to the conviction and incarceration.
- Upon presentation of a court order awarding damages pursuant to this section, payment shall be made from the public liability fund by the risk management division of the general services department.

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SE	CTION	2.	Sect	ion	41	-4-23	NMS	A 19	978	(bei	ng :	Laws	1977
Chapter	386,	Sect	ion :	17,	as	amend	ed)	is	amer	nded	to	read	:

"41-4-23. PUBLIC LIABILITY FUND CREATED--PURPOSES.--

A. There is created the "public liability fund".

The fund and any income from the fund shall be held in trust,

deposited in a segregated account and invested by the general

services department with the prior approval of the state board

of finance.

- B. Money deposited in the public liability fund may be expended by the risk management division of the general services department:
- (1) to purchase tort liability insurance for state agencies and their employees and for any local public body participating in the public liability fund and its employees;
- (2) to contract with one or more consulting or claims adjusting firms pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-4-24 NMSA 1978;
- (3) to defend, save harmless and indemnify any state agency or employee of a state agency or a local public body or an employee of such local public body for any claim or liability covered by a valid and current certificate of coverage to the limits of such certificate of coverage;
- (4) to pay claims and judgments covered by a certificate of coverage;

- (5) to contract with one or more attorneys or law firms on a per-hour basis, or with the attorney general, to defend tort liability claims against governmental entities and public employees acting within the scope of their duties;
- (6) to pay costs and expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this section;
- (7) to create a retention fund for any risk covered by a certificate of coverage;
- (8) to pay damages for wrongful incarceration as provided in Section 1 of this 2011 act;

[(8)] (9) to insure or provide certificates of coverage to school bus contractors and their employees, notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection F of Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978, for any comparable risk for which immunity has been waived for public employees pursuant to Section 41-4-5 NMSA 1978, if the coverage is commercially unavailable; except that coverage for exposure created by Sections 41-4-9, 41-4-10 and 41-4-12 NMSA 1978 shall be provided to its member public school districts and [participating] other participating educational entities of the public school insurance authority, by the authority, and except that coverage shall be provided to a contractor and [his] the contractor's employees only through the public school insurance authority or its successor, unless the district to which the contractor provides services has been granted a waiver by the authority or the authority is not

offering the coverage for the fiscal year for which the division offers its coverage. A local school district to which the division may provide coverage may provide for marketing and servicing to be done by licensed insurance agents who shall receive reasonable compensation for their services; and

[(9)] <u>(10)</u> to insure or provide certificates of coverage for any ancillary coverage typically found in commercially available liability policies provided to governmental entities, if the coverage is commercially unavailable.

- C. No settlement of any claim covered by the public liability fund in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) shall be made unless the settlement has first been approved in writing by the director of the risk management division of the general services department. This subsection shall not be construed to limit the authority of an insurance carrier, covering any liability under the Tort Claims Act, to compromise, adjust and settle claims against governmental entities or their public employees.
- D. Claims against the public liability fund shall be made in accordance with rules or regulations of the director of the risk management division of the general services department. If the director of the risk management division has reason to believe that the fund would be exhausted by payment of all claims allowed during a particular state fiscal

year, pursuant to regulations of the risk management division, the amounts paid to each claimant and other parties obtaining judgments shall be prorated, with each party receiving an amount equal to the percentage [his] the party's own payment bears to the total of claims or judgments outstanding and payable from the fund. Any amounts due and unpaid as a result of such proration shall be paid in the following fiscal years."

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2011.

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