1	HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL 4
2	50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2011
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Rhonda S. King
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10	A JOINT MEMORIAL
11	REQUESTING THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO CONVENE A
12	TASK FORCE AND CONDUCT A STUDY TO IDENTIFY WAYS TO INCREASE
13	EFFICIENCY AND REDUCE THE BURDEN ON COUNTY DETENTION FACILITIES
14	OF HOUSING ARRESTEES HELD ON FELONY CHARGES OR FOR VIOLATIONS
15	OF PAROLE AND PROBATION.
16	
17	WHEREAS, as required by Section 33-3-3 NMSA 1978, "the
18	jail or jails in each county shall be used or be available for
19	the detention of every person who, within the same county, is
20	charged with any crime or properly committed for trial or for
21	the imprisonment of every person who in conformity with
22	sentence, upon conviction of an offense, may have been
23	sentenced, and for the safekeeping of every person who shall be
24	committed by competent authority according to law"; and
25	WHEREAS, delays and inefficiencies in judicial processes

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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete 1 greatly increase the cost to counties for housing such inmates; 2 and

WHEREAS, in March 2005, the New Mexico sentencing commission released the findings of a study of the effects of housing arrestees charged with felonies in county detention facilities; and

WHEREAS, the goal of the study was to understand better how long felony arrestees stay in county detention centers and the corresponding costs associated with such stays; and

WHEREAS, the study found that nearly seventy percent of arrestees held in county detention facilities were charged with at least one felony; and

WHEREAS, the study also found that more than fifty percent of felony arrestees held in county detention centers spent almost seven and one-half months in jail; and

WHEREAS, because felony arrestees represent a large portion of jail populations and stay in jail longer than misdemeanor arrestees, measures to expedite the judgment and sentencing process or hasten the transfer to prison after judgment of felony arrestees in county detention facilities would have a significant effect on detention populations; and

WHEREAS, according to New Mexico sentencing commission estimates, the cost of housing parole and probation violators in county detention facilities in 2008 was nearly thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000), yet counties receive only a .183426.1

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small fraction of that amount in general fund appropriations for that purpose; and

WHEREAS, in 2007, the legislature passed the County
Detention Facility Reimbursement Act, which is designed to
reimburse counties for the cost of housing felony arrestees;
and

7 WHEREAS, the courts can exercise considerable control over
8 how quickly cases move through the court system without
9 sacrificing justice; and

10 WHEREAS, the national center for state courts conducted a 11 criminal court case-flow management review of the second 12 judicial district court criminal division, the results of which 13 were released in December 2009; and

WHEREAS, the review examined best practices to adjudicate felony cases more efficiently and maximize the resources of the court and other criminal justice agencies in Bernalillo county; and

WHEREAS, the findings of the review included numerous recommendations for implementation of a comprehensive case-flow case management improvement program that could have statewide application; and

WHEREAS, detention facilities statewide would benefit from additional research to analyze the detention process in each county and identify opportunities to reduce delays in getting judgment and sentencing documents signed, reduce delays in .183426.1

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transferring arrestees to prison after the judgment and sentencing documents are signed and identify ways to alleviate the burden on county detention facilities of housing unsentenced parole and probation violators; and

WHEREAS, an examination of how people get into jail, how people leave jail and how long people stay in jail would assist local government officials in conducting effective criminal justice oversight and improve public safety;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the administrative office of the courts be requested to convene a task force and conduct a study to identify ways to increase efficiency and reduce the burden on county detention facilities of housing arrestees held on felony charges or for violations of parole and probation; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the task force include representatives from the New Mexico association of counties, county detention center administrators, the New Mexico district attorney's association, the administrative office of the district attorneys, the public defender department, the New Mexico criminal defense lawyers association, the New Mexico sentencing commission, the New Mexico sheriffs' and police association and other relevant and interested parties; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the study consider ways to expedite the judgment and sentencing process, reduce the transfer time of arrestees to prison, expedite the scheduling .183426.1

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of probation revocation hearings and identify best practices that maximize the most efficient and effective length of stay for arrestees according to law; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the administrative office of the courts present the findings and recommendations of the task force to the appropriate interim legislative committee by November 2011; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be 8 9 transmitted to the administrative office of the courts, the New Mexico association of counties, county detention center 10 administrators, the New Mexico district attorney's association, 11 12 the administrative office of the district attorneys, the public defender department, the New Mexico criminal defense lawyers 13 14 association, the New Mexico sentencing commission and the New Mexico sheriffs' and police association. 15

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