1	SENATE BILL 215
2	50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2012
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Bernadette M. Sanchez
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PAIN MANAGEMENT; AMENDING THE PAIN RELIEF ACT;
12	CHANGING THE NAME AND COMPOSITION OF THE PAIN MANAGEMENT
13	ADVISORY COUNCIL; REQUIRING CONTINUING EDUCATION FOR NON-CANCER
14	PAIN MANAGEMENT.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. Section 24-2D-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
18	Chapter 126, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"24-2D-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Pain Relief Act:
20	A. "accepted guideline" means a care or practice
21	guideline for pain management developed by [a national joint
22	commission on accreditation of health care organizations] the
23	American pain society, [an] <u>the</u> American geriatrics society <u>or</u>
24	the <u>United States</u> agency for healthcare research and quality.
25	[a national cancer pain initiative or] <u>"Accepted guideline"</u>
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also means a care or practice guideline for pain management 1 2 from any other nationally recognized clinical or professional association or from a health care specialty society or 3 government-sponsored agency that has developed practice or care 4 5 guidelines based on original research or on review of existing research and expert opinion whose guidelines have been accepted 6 7 by the New Mexico medical board [and by other boards of health care providers with prescriptive authority]; 8

<u>B. "acute pain" means the normal, predicted</u> <u>physiological response to a noxious chemical or thermal or</u> <u>mechanical stimulus, typically associated with invasive</u> <u>procedures, trauma or disease and generally time-limited;</u>

[B.] <u>C.</u> "board" means the licensing board of a health care provider;

D. "chronic pain" means pain that persists after reasonable medical efforts have been made to relieve the pain or its cause and that continues, either continuously or episodically, for longer than three consecutive months. "Chronic pain" does not include pain associated with a terminal condition or with a progressive disease that, in the normal course of progression, may reasonably be expected to result in a terminal condition;

[C.] <u>E.</u> "clinical expert" means a person who by reason of specialized education or substantial relevant experience in pain management has knowledge regarding current .188590.1SA - 2 -

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1 standards, practices and guidelines;

2 [D.] F. "disciplinary action" means [a] any formal 3 action taken by a board against a health care provider, upon a finding of probable cause that the health care provider has 4 engaged in conduct that violates the [provider's respective] 5 board's practice act; 6

[E.] G. "health care provider" means a person licensed or otherwise authorized by law to provide health care 8 in the ordinary course of business or practice of the person's profession and [to have] who has prescriptive authority within the limits of the person's license;

[F.] H. "pain" means [a condition of bodily sensation of serious physical discomfort that requires the services of a health care provider to alleviate, including discomfort that is persistent and chronic in duration] acute and chronic pain; and

[G.] I. "therapeutic purpose" means the use of pharmaceutical and non-pharmaceutical medical treatment that conforms substantially to accepted guidelines for pain management."

Section 24-2D-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, SECTION 2. Chapter 126, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-2D-3. DISCIPLINARY ACTION--EVIDENTIARY **REQUIREMENTS.--**

A. A health care provider who prescribes, dispenses .188590.1SA

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1 or administers medical treatment for the purpose of relieving 2 pain and who can demonstrate by reference to an accepted guideline that the provider's practice substantially complies 3 with that guideline and with the standards of practice 4 identified in Section 24-2D-4 NMSA 1978 shall not be 5 disciplined pursuant to board action or criminal prosecution, 6 7 unless the showing of substantial compliance with an accepted guideline by the health care provider is rebutted by clinical 8 9 expert testimony. If no currently accepted guidelines are available, then rules issued by the board may serve the 10 function of such guidelines for purposes of the Pain Relief 11 12 Act. The board rules shall conform to the intent of that act. Guidelines established primarily for purposes of coverage, 13 payment or reimbursement do not qualify as an "accepted 14 guideline" when offered to limit treatment options otherwise 15 covered within the Pain Relief Act. 16

B. In the event that a disciplinary action or criminal prosecution is pursued, the board or prosecutor shall produce clinical expert testimony supporting the finding or charge of violation of disciplinary standards or other legal requirements on the part of the health care provider. A showing of substantial compliance with an accepted guideline shall only be rebutted by clinical expert testimony.

C. The provisions of this section apply to health care providers in the treatment of pain, regardless of a .188590.1SA

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1 patient's prior or current chemical dependency or addiction. 2 Each board shall adopt rules establishing standards and 3 procedures for the application of the Pain Relief Act, including [the care and treatment of chemically dependent 4 individuals] pain management for patients with substance use 5 disorders. 6 7 D. In an action brought by a board against a health care provider based on treatment of a patient for pain, the 8 9 board shall consider the totality of the circumstances and shall not use as the sole basis of the action: 10 (1) a patient's age; 11 12 (2) a patient's diagnosis; a patient's prognosis; 13 (3) 14 a patient's history of drug abuse; (4) the absence of consultation with a pain (5) 15 specialist; or 16 the quantity of medication prescribed or 17 (6) dispensed." 18 Section 24-2D-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, 19 SECTION 3. 20 Chapter 126, Section 5) is amended to read: NOTIFICATION.--The board shall [make reasonable "24-2D-5. 21 efforts to] notify the following persons of the Pain Relief Act 22 and accepted guidelines: 23 A. health care providers under its jurisdiction [of 24 the existence of the Pain Relief Act and inform any]; and 25

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1 <u>B.</u> a health care provider being investigated by the 2 board in relation to the provider's pain management practices [in the management of pain of the existence of that act]." 3 SECTION 4. Section 24-2D-5.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, 4 5 Chapter 140, Section 4) is amended to read: "24-2D-5.1. PAIN MANAGEMENT CONTINUING EDUCATION.--A 6 7 board shall [encourage] require non-cancer pain management 8 continuing education as determined by its rules for [all] 9 health care providers [who have prescriptive authority and who treat patients with pain] under the board's jurisdiction who 10 hold a federal drug enforcement administration registration and 11 12 licensure to prescribe opioids." SECTION 5. Section 24-2D-5.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, 13 14 Chapter 140, Section 3) is amended to read: "24-2D-5.2. PRESCRIPTION DRUG MISUSE AND OVERDOSE 15 PREVENTION AND PAIN MANAGEMENT ADVISORY COUNCIL CREATED ---16 DUTTES. --17 18 The "prescription drug misuse and overdose Α. 19 prevention and pain management advisory council" is created and 20 shall be administratively attached to the department of health. Members of the council shall be appointed by the governor to 21 consist of one representative each from the department of 22 health, the New Mexico medical board, the board of nursing, the 23 board of pharmacy, the board of osteopathic medical examiners, 24 25 the board of acupuncture and oriental medicine, the New Mexico .188590.1SA

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2 examiners, the university of New Mexico health sciences center, a statewide medical association, a statewide association of 3 pharmacists, a statewide association of nurse practitioners [a 4 5 statewide association of certified registered nurse anesthetists] and a statewide association of osteopathic 6 7 physicians; one person who is a pain management specialist; one person who is a consumer health care advocate; and [three 8 9 persons] one person who [have] has no direct ties or pecuniary interest in the health care [fields] field. 10

board of dental health care, the board of chiropractic

B. The council shall meet at least quarterly to review <u>the current status of prescription drug misuse and</u> <u>overdose prevention and</u> current pain management practices in New Mexico and national <u>prescription drug misuse and overdose</u> <u>prevention and</u> pain management standards and educational efforts for both consumers and professionals [and]. <u>The</u> <u>council</u> shall <u>also</u> recommend pain management <u>and clinical</u> guidelines [for each health care profession licensed in New Mexico with prescriptive authority to its respective board]. Members who are not public employees shall receive per diem and mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act. Public employee members shall receive mileage from their respective employers for attendance at council meetings."

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