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SENATE BILL 508

51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

INTRODUCED BY

Pete Campos

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; PHASING IN THE USE OF A SINGLE SALES FACTOR BY TAXPAYERS WHOSE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY IS MANUFACTURING OVER FIVE YEARS; EXCLUDING CERTAIN SALES FROM BEING APPORTIONED AS SALES IN NEW MEXICO.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-4-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 153, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-4-10. APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS INCOME.--

Α. Except as provided in Subsection B of this section, all business income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor and the denominator of which is three.

[B. For taxable years beginning prior to January 1,

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2020; a taxpayer whose principal business activity is
manufacturing may elect to have business income apportioned to
this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the
numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll
factor plus twice the sales factor and the denominator of which
is four. To elect the method of apportionment provided by this
subsection, the taxpayer shall notify the department of the
election, in writing, no later than the date on which the
taxpayer files the return for the first taxable year to which
the election will apply. The election will apply to that
taxable year and to each taxable year thereafter until the
taxpayer notifies the department, in writing, that the election
is terminated, except that the taxpayer shall not terminate the
election until the method of apportioning business income
provided by this subsection has been used by the taxpayer for
at least three consecutive taxable years, including a total of
at least thirty-six calendar months. Notwithstanding any
provisions of this subsection to the contrary, the taxpayer
shall use the method of apportionment provided by Subsection A
of this section for the taxable year unless:

(1) the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability for the taxable year, computed by the same method of apportionment used in the preceding taxable year, exceeds the corporate income tax liability for the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable year; or

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(2) the sum of the taxpayer's payroll factor
and property factor for the taxable year exceeds the sum of the
taxpayer's payroll factor and property factor for the
taxpayer's base year. For purposes of this paragraph, "base
year" means the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning on or
after January 1, 1991.

B. A taxpayer that is a business engaged in manufacturing may elect to have business income apportioned to this state:

(1) in the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2014 and prior to January 1, 2015, by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is twice the sales factor plus the property factor plus the payroll factor and the denominator of which is four;

January 1, 2015 and prior to January 1, 2016, by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is three multiplied by the sales factor plus the property factor plus the payroll factor and the denominator of which is five;

January 1, 2016 and prior to January 1, 2017, by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is seven multiplied by the sales factor plus one and one-half multiplied by the property factor plus one and one-half multiplied by the payroll factor and the denominator of which is ten;

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(4) in the taxable year beginning on or after
January 1, 2017 and prior to January 1, 2018, by multiplying
the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is eight
multiplied by the sales factor plus the property factor plus
the payroll factor and the denominator of which is ten; and
(5) in taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2018, by multiplying the income by a fraction, the
numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in New
Mexico during the taxable year and the denominator of which is

the total sales of the taxpayer from any location within or

outside of the state during the taxable year.

C. To elect the method of apportionment provided by Subsection B of this section, the taxpayer shall notify the department of the election, in writing, no later than the date on which the taxpayer files the return for the first taxable year to which the election will apply. The election shall apply to that taxable year and to each taxable year thereafter until the taxpayer notifies the department, in writing, that the election is terminated, provided that the taxpayer shall not terminate the election until the method of apportioning business income provided by Subsection B of this section has been used by the taxpayer for at least three consecutive taxable years, including a total of at least thirty-six calendar months.

[C.] D. For purposes of this section, "business .191331.4

engaged in manufacturing" means [combining or processing
components or materials to increase their value for sale in the
ordinary course of business, but does not include:

- (1) construction;
- (2) farming;
- (3) power generation, except for electricity generation at a facility other than one for which both location approval and a certificate of convenience and necessity are required prior to commencing construction or operation of the facility, pursuant to the Public Utility Act; or
- (4) processing natural resources, including hydrocarbons] a business classified within the manufacturing sector as described in the official 2012 United States North American industry classification system manual."
- SECTION 2. Section 7-4-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 203, Section 17) is amended to read:
- "7-4-17. DETERMINATION OF SALES IN THIS STATE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR INCLUSION IN SALES FACTOR.--Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:
- A. the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United States government within this state regardless of the f. o. b. point or other conditions of the sale; or
- B. the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and: .191331.4

1	(1) the purchaser is the United States
2	government; or
3	(2) the taxpayer:
4	(a) is not taxable in the state of the
5	purchaser; and
6	(b) did not make an election for
7	apportionment of business income pursuant to Subsection B of
8	Section 7-4-10 NMSA 1978."
9	SECTION 3. APPLICABILITY The provisions of this act
10	apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
11	SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE The effective date of the
12	provisions of this act is January 1, 2014.
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