1	HOUSE BILL 111
2	51st legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - second session, 2014
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Dennis J. Roch
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8	FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION STUDY COMMITTEE
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PUBLIC EDUCATION; REMOVING REFERENCES TO "ADEQUATE
12	YEARLY PROGRESS" AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES; RECONCILING
13	MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO THE SAME SECTION OF LAW IN LAWS 2007.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. Section 22-1-1.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
17	Chapter 153, Section 2, as amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 307,
18	Section 1 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 308, Section 1) is amended
19	to read:
20	"22-1-1.2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE
21	A. The legislature finds that no education system
22	can be sufficient for the education of all children unless it
23	is founded on the sound principle that every child can learn
24	and succeed and that the system must meet the needs of all
25	children by recognizing that student success for every child is
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1 the fundamental goal.

2 Β. The legislature finds further that the key to student success in New Mexico is to have a multicultural 3 4 education system that: attracts and retains quality and diverse 5 (1)teachers to teach New Mexico's multicultural student 6 7 population; holds teachers, students, schools, school 8 (2) districts and the state accountable; 9 integrates the cultural strengths of its 10 (3) diverse student population into the curriculum with high 11 12 expectations for all students; recognizes that cultural diversity in the (4) 13 state presents special challenges for policymakers, 14 administrators, teachers and students; 15 (5) provides students with a rigorous and 16 relevant high school curriculum that prepares them to succeed 17 in college and the workplace; and 18 elevates the importance of public 19 (6) 20 education in the state by clarifying the governance structure at different levels. 21 C. The legislature finds further that the teacher 22 shortage in this country has affected the ability of New Mexico 23 to compete for the best teachers and that, unless the state and 24 school districts find ways to mentor beginning teachers, 25 .195173.2 - 2 -

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intervene with teachers while they still show promise, improve the job satisfaction of quality teachers and elevate the teaching profession by shifting to a professional educator licensing and salary system, public schools will be unable to recruit and retain the highest quality teachers in the teaching profession in New Mexico.

D. The legislature finds further that a welldesigned, well-implemented and well-maintained assessment and
accountability system is the linchpin of public school reform
and must ensure that:

(1) students who do not meet or exceed
 expectations will be given individual attention and assistance
 through extended learning programs and individualized tutoring;

(2) students have accurate, useful information about their options and the adequacy of their preparation for post-secondary education, training or employment in order to set and achieve high goals;

(3) teachers who do not meet performance standards must improve their skills or they will not continue to be employed as teachers;

(4) public schools make [adequate yearly]
progress toward educational excellence; and

(5) school districts and the state are prepared to actively intervene and improve failing public schools.

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E. The legislature finds further that improving children's reading and writing abilities and literacy throughout their years in school must remain a priority of the state.

F. The legislature finds further that the public school governance structure needs to change to provide accountability from the bottom up instead of from the top down. Each school principal, with the help of school councils made up of parents and teachers, must be the instructional leader in the public school, motivating and holding accountable both teachers and students. Each local superintendent must function as the school district's chief executive officer and have responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the school district, including personnel and student disciplinary decisions.

G. It is the purpose of the 2003 public school reform legislation as augmented by this 2007 legislation to provide the framework to implement the legislative findings to ensure student success in New Mexico."

SECTION 2. Section 22-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-1-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Public School Code:

A. "academic proficiency" means mastery of the subject-matter knowledge and skills specified in state academic content and performance standards for a student's grade level;

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1 [B. "adequate yearly progress" means the measure 2 adopted by the department based on federal requirements to assess the progress that a public school or school district or 3 the state makes toward improving student achievement; 4 C.] B. "commission" means the public education 5 commission: 6 $[\underline{D}, \underline{C}, \underline{C$ 7 department; 8 $[\underline{E_{\cdot}}]$ <u>D.</u> "home school" means the operation by the 9 parent of a school-age person of a home study program of 10 instruction that provides a basic academic educational program, 11 12 including reading, language arts, mathematics, social studies and science; 13 [F.] E. "instructional support provider" means a 14 person who is employed to support the instructional program of 15 a school district, including educational assistant, school 16 counselor, social worker, school nurse, speech-language 17 pathologist, psychologist, physical therapist, occupational 18 therapist, recreational therapist, marriage and family 19 20 therapist, interpreter for the deaf and diagnostician; [G.] F. "licensed school employee" means teachers, 21 school administrators and instructional support providers; 22 [H.] G. "local school board" means the policy-23 setting body of a school district; 24 [1.] H. "local superintendent" means the chief 25 .195173.2

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1 executive officer of a school district;

[J.] <u>I.</u> "parent" includes a guardian or other person having custody and control of a school-age person;

[K.] J. "private school" means a school, other than a home school, that offers on-site programs of instruction and that is not under the control, supervision or management of a local school board;

[H-] <u>K.</u> "public school" means that part of a school district that is a single attendance center in which instruction is offered by one or more teachers and is discernible as a building or group of buildings generally recognized as either an elementary, middle, junior high or high school or any combination of those and includes a charter school;

[M.] <u>L.</u> "school" means a supervised program of instruction designed to educate a student in a particular place, manner and subject area;

[N.] M. "school administrator" means a person licensed to administer in a school district and includes school principals and central district administrators;

 $[\Theta \cdot]$ <u>N.</u> "school-age person" means a person who is at least five years of age prior to 12:01 a.m. on September 1 of the school year and who has not received a high school diploma or its equivalent. A maximum age of twenty-one shall be used for a person who is classified as special education .195173.2

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1 membership as defined in Section 22-8-21 NMSA 1978 or as a
2 resident of a state institution;

[P.] O. "school building" means a public school, an administration building and related school structures or facilities, including teacher housing, that is owned, acquired or constructed by the school district as necessary to carry out the functions of the school district;

 $[Q_{\cdot}]$ <u>P</u>. "school bus private owner" means a person, other than a school district, the department, the state or any other political subdivision of the state, that owns a school bus;

[R.] Q. "school district" means an area of land established as a political subdivision of the state for the administration of public schools and segregated geographically for taxation and bonding purposes;

[S.] <u>R.</u> "school employee" includes licensed and nonlicensed employees of a school district;

[T.] <u>S.</u> "school principal" means the chief instructional leader and administrative head of a public school;

[U.] <u>T.</u> "school year" means the total number of contract days offered by public schools in a school district during a period of twelve consecutive months;

[V.] <u>U.</u> "secretary" means the secretary of public education;

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1	$[W_{\bullet}]$ V. "state agency" or "state institution" means
2	the New Mexico military institute, New Mexico school for the
3	blind and visually impaired, New Mexico school for the deaf,
4	New Mexico boys' school, girls' welfare home, New Mexico youth
5	diagnostic and development center, Sequoyah adolescent
6	treatment center, Carrie Tingley crippled children's hospital,
7	New Mexico behavioral health institute at Las Vegas and any
8	other state agency responsible for educating resident children;
9	$[X_{\bullet}]$ <u>W.</u> "state educational institution" means an
10	institution enumerated in Article 12, Section 11 of the
11	constitution of New Mexico;
12	$[\frac{\Psi_{\bullet}}{\Delta_{\bullet}}]$ "substitute teacher" means a person who
13	holds a certificate to substitute for a teacher in the
14	classroom;
15	$[\overline{Z_{\bullet}}]$ <u>Y</u> . "teacher" means a person who holds a level
16	one, two or three-A license and whose primary duty is classroom
17	instruction or the supervision, below the school principal
18	level, of an instructional program or whose duties include
19	curriculum development, peer intervention, peer coaching or
20	mentoring or serving as a resource teacher for other teachers;
21	[AA.] Z. "certified school instructor" means a
22	teacher or instructional support provider; and
23	[BB.] <u>AA.</u> "certified school employee" or "certified
24	school personnel" means a licensed school employee."
25	SECTION 3. Section 22-1-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,

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Chapter 338, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-1-4. FREE PUBLIC SCHOOLS--EXCEPTIONS--WITHDRAWING AND ENROLLING--OPEN ENROLLMENT.--

A. Except as provided by Section 24-5-2 NMSA 1978, a free public school education shall be available to any school-age person who is a resident of this state and has not received a high school diploma or its equivalent.

B. A free public school education in those courses already offered to persons pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section shall be available to any person who is a resident of this state and has received a high school diploma or its equivalent if there is available space in such courses.

C. Any person entitled to a free public school education pursuant to the provisions of this section may enroll or re-enroll in a public school at any time and, unless required to attend school pursuant to the Compulsory School Attendance Law, may withdraw from a public school at any time.

D. In adopting and promulgating rules concerning the enrollment of students transferring from a home school or private school to the public schools, the local school board shall provide that the grade level at which the transferring student is placed is appropriate to the age of the student or to the student's score on a student achievement test administered according to the statewide assessment and

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1 accountability system.

2 Ε. A local school board shall adopt and promulgate 3 rules governing enrollment and re-enrollment at public schools other than charter schools within the school district. 4 These rules shall include: 5 definition of the school district boundary 6 (1)7 and the boundaries of attendance areas for each public school; 8 for each public school, definition of the (2) 9 boundaries of areas outside the school district boundary or within the school district but outside the public school's 10 attendance area and within a distance of the public school that 11 12 would not be served by a school bus route as determined pursuant to Section 22-16-4 NMSA 1978 if enrolled, which areas 13 shall be designated as "walk zones"; 14 priorities for enrollment of students as 15 (3) follows: 16 first, students residing within the 17 (a) school district and within the attendance area of a public 18 school and students who had resided in the attendance area 19 20 prior to a parent who is an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States or member of the national guard 21 being deployed and whose deployment has required the student to 22 relocate outside the attendance area for custodial care; 23 (b) second, students enrolled in a 24 school [ranked as a school that needs improvement or a school 25 .195173.2

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1 subject to corrective action] rated as "F" for two of the prior 2 four years pursuant to the A-B-C-D-F School Ratings Act; (c) third, students who previously 3 attended the public school; and 4 (d) fourth, all other applicants; 5 establishment of maximum allowable class (4) 6 7 size if smaller than that permitted by law; and rules pertaining to grounds for denial of 8 (5) enrollment or re-enrollment at schools within the school 9 district and the school district's hearing and appeals process 10 for such a denial. Grounds for denial of enrollment or re-11 12 enrollment shall be limited to: (a) a student's expulsion from any 13 school district or private school in this state or any other 14 state during the preceding twelve months; or 15 (b) a student's behavior in another 16 school district or private school in this state or any other 17 state during the preceding twelve months that is detrimental to 18 19 the welfare or safety of other students or school employees. 20 F. In adopting and promulgating rules governing enrollment and re-enrollment at public schools other than 21 charter schools within the school district, a local school 22 board may establish additional enrollment preferences for rules 23 admitting students in accordance with the third and fourth 24 priorities of enrollment set forth in Subparagraphs (c) and (d) 25 .195173.2

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1 of Paragraph (3) of Subsection E of this section. The 2 additional enrollment preferences may include: after-school child care for students; 3 (1)child care for siblings of students 4 (2) 5 attending the public school; children of employees employed at the 6 (3) 7 public school; 8 (4) extreme hardship; 9 (5) location of a student's previous school; siblings of students already attending the 10 (6) public school; and 11 12 (7) student safety. As long as the maximum allowable class size G. 13 established by law or by rule of a local school board, 14 whichever is lower, is not met or exceeded in a public school 15 by enrollment of first- and second-priority persons, the public 16 school shall enroll other persons applying in the priorities 17 stated in the school district rules adopted pursuant to 18 Subsections E and F of this section. If the maximum would be 19 20 exceeded by enrollment of an applicant in the second through fourth priority, the public school shall establish a waiting 21 list. As classroom space becomes available, persons highest on 22 the waiting list within the highest priority on the list shall 23 be notified and given the opportunity to enroll." 24 SECTION 4. A new section of the Assessment and 25

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1 Accountability Act is enacted to read:

2 "[NEW MATERIAL] REPORTING RECOMMENDED CHANGES TO LAWS .-- By the end of the 2014 calendar year and each calendar year 3 thereafter, the department shall report to the legislative 4 education study committee the department's recommendations for 5 proposed changes to laws to comport with any applicable federal 6 7 requirements." Section 22-2C-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 8 SECTION 5. 9 Chapter 153, Section 12) is amended to read: "22-2C-3. ACADEMIC CONTENT AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS --10 [STATE BOARD] DEPARTMENT POWERS AND DUTIES.--11 12 Α. The [state board] department shall adopt 13 academic content and performance standards for grades one 14 through twelve in the following areas: mathematics; 15 (1) reading and language arts; 16 (2) 17 (3) science; and 18 (4) social studies. 19 Β. The [state board] department may adopt content 20 and performance standards in other subject areas. C. Academic content and performance standards shall 21 be sufficiently academically challenging to meet or exceed any 22 applicable federal requirements. 23 The department shall measure the performance of D. 24 every public school in New Mexico. [Public schools achieving 25 .195173.2

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the greatest improvement in adequate yearly progress shall be eligible for supplemental incentive funding. The state board shall establish the corrective actions and interventions necessary for public schools that do not achieve adequate yearly progress.]"

SECTION 6. Section 22-2C-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 13, as amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 306, Section 1 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 307, Section 3 and also by Laws 2007, Chapter 308, Section 3) is amended to read:

"22-2C-4. STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM--INDICATORS--REQUIRED ASSESSMENTS--ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENTS--LIMITS ON ALTERNATIVES TO ENGLISH LANGUAGE READING ASSESSMENTS.--

A. The department shall establish a statewide assessment and accountability system that is aligned with the state academic content and performance standards [and that measures adequate yearly progress for each public school and school district. Adequate yearly progress shall be determined primarily by student academic achievement, as demonstrated by statewide standards-based assessments; however, the department may include other indicators of adequate yearly progress, including graduation rates for high schools and attendance for elementary and middle schools].

B. The academic assessment program [for adequate yearly progress] shall test student achievement as follows: .195173.2 - 14 -

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1 for grades three through eight and for (1) 2 grade eleven, standards-based assessments in mathematics, 3 reading and language arts [and social studies]; for grades three through eight, a 4 (2) 5 standards-based writing assessment with the writing assessment scoring criteria applied to the extended response writing 6 portions of the language arts standards-based assessments; and 7 for one of grades three through five and 8 (3) 9 six through eight and for grade eleven, standards-based assessments in science by the 2007-2008 school year. 10 The department shall involve appropriate C. 11 12 licensed school employees in the development of the standardsbased assessments. 13 Before August 5 of each year, the department 14 D. shall provide student scores on all standards-based assessments 15 taken during the prior school year and required in Subsection B 16 of this section to students' respective school districts in 17 order to make test score data available to assist school 18 19 district staff with appropriate grade-level and other placement 20 for the current school year. All students shall participate in the academic Ε. 21 assessment program. The department shall adopt standards for 22 reasonable accommodations in standards-based assessments for 23 students with disabilities and limited English proficiency, 24 including when and how accommodations may be applied. 25 The

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Students who have been determined to be limited 3 F. English proficient may be allowed to take the standards-based 4 5 assessment in their primary language. A student who has attended school for three consecutive years in the United 6 7 States shall participate in the English language reading assessment unless granted a waiver by the department based on 8 9 criteria established by the department. An English language reading assessment waiver may be granted only for a maximum of 10 two additional years and only on a case-by-case basis." 11

SECTION 7. Section 22-2C-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 14, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-2C-5. [STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT RATINGS--CALCULATION OF ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS] MEASURING AND CATEGORIZING STUDENTS' ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE.--The department shall adopt the process and methodology for [calculating adequate yearly progress. The statewide standards-based assessments used to assess adequate yearly progress shall be valid and reliable and shall conform with nationally recognized professional and technical standards] measuring students' academic performance. Academic performance shall be [measured] categorized by school and by the following subgroups:

A. ethnicity;

race;

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1	C. limited English proficiency;
2	D. students with disabilities; and
3	E. poverty."
4	SECTION 8. Section 22-2C-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
5	Chapter 153, Section 17) is amended to read:
6	"22-2C-8. [ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESSSUPPLEMENTAL
7	INCENTIVE FUNDINGSTATE PROGRAM FOR OTHER ACHIEVEMENT] STATE
8	IMPROVING SCHOOLS PROGRAM
9	[A. The state board shall institute an "adequate
10	yearly progress program" that measures public schools'
11	improvements in adequate yearly progress. The public schools
12	that show the greatest improvement in adequate yearly progress
13	shall be eligible for supplemental funding from the incentives
14	for school improvement fund, including allowable federal funds.
14 15	for school improvement fund, including allowable federal funds. B.] The [state board] <u>department</u> may institute a
15	B.] The [state board] department may institute a
15 16	B.] The [state board] <u>department</u> may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school
15 16 17	B.] The [state board] <u>department</u> may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators,
15 16 17 18	B. The [state board] <u>department</u> may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, <u>including</u>] <u>through</u> school safety, dropout rate, parent and
15 16 17 18 19	B.] The [state board] department may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, including] through school safety, dropout rate, parent and community involvement and [if not used to determine adequate
15 16 17 18 19 20	B.] The [state board] department may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, including] through school safety, dropout rate, parent and community involvement and [if not used to determine adequate yearly progress] graduation and attendance rates. Those
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	B.] The [state board] department may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, including] through school safety, dropout rate, parent and community involvement and [if not used to determine adequate yearly progress] graduation and attendance rates. Those indicators may be weighed against socioeconomic variables such
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21 22	B.] The [state board] department may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, including] through school safety, dropout rate, parent and community involvement and [if not used to determine adequate yearly progress] graduation and attendance rates. Those indicators may be weighed against socioeconomic variables such as the percentage of student mobility rates, the percentage of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	B.] The [state board] department may institute a "state improving schools program" that measures public school improvement [by adequate yearly progress and other indicators, including] through school safety, dropout rate, parent and community involvement and [if not used to determine adequate yearly progress] graduation and attendance rates. Those indicators may be weighed against socioeconomic variables such as the percentage of student mobility rates, the percentage of limited English proficient students using criteria established

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factors determined by the [state board] department. Public
schools that show the greatest improvement [through the use of
additional indicators] may be eligible for supplemental funding
from the incentives for school improvement fund <u>pursuant to</u>
Section 22-2C-9 NMSA 1978. Funding for the state improving
schools program [shall] may include federal funds [only if
allowed by] allowable under federal law or rule."

SECTION 9. Section 22-2C-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 18) is amended to read:

"22-2C-9. INCENTIVES FOR SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT FUND--CREATED--DISTRIBUTIONS.--

A. The "incentives for school improvement fund" is created in the state treasury. The fund includes appropriations, federal allocations for the purposes of the fund, income from investment of the fund, gifts, grants and donations. Balances in the fund shall not revert to any other fund at the end of any fiscal year. The fund shall be administered by the department, and money in the fund is appropriated to the department to provide supplemental incentive funding for [the adequate yearly progress program and] the state improving schools program. No more than three percent of the fund may be retained by the department for administrative purposes. Money in the fund shall be expended on warrants of the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the [state superintendent]

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1 secretary of public education or [his] the secretary's 2 authorized representative.

The [state board] department shall adopt a 3 Β. formula for distributing incentive funding from the fund. 4 [Distributions for the adequate yearly progress program shall 5 account for at least sixty percent of the fund, including 6 7 federal funds if those funds are restricted to adequate yearly 8 progress improvements. Up to forty percent of the fund, not 9 including restricted federal funds, may be used for the state improving schools program.] The total number of public schools 10 that receive supplemental funding shall not constitute more 11 12 than fifteen percent of the student membership in the state. Distributions shall be made proportionately to public schools 13 14 that qualify.

C. Each public school's school council shall determine how the supplemental funding shall be used. The money received by a public school shall not be used for salaries, salary increases or bonuses, but may be used to pay substitute teachers when teachers attend professional development activities."

SECTION 10. Section 22-2C-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 19) is amended to read:

"22-2C-10. SCHOOLS IN NEED OF IMPROVEMENT FUND--CREATED.--

A. The "schools in need of improvement fund" is .195173.2 - 19 -

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1 created in the state treasury. The fund includes 2 appropriations, federal allocations for the purposes of the 3 fund, income from investment of the fund, gifts, grants and donations. Balances in the fund shall not revert to any other 4 fund at the end of any fiscal year. The fund shall be 5 administered by the department, and money in the fund is 6 7 appropriated to the department to provide assistance to public schools in need of improvement [and public schools subject to 8 9 corrective action]. No more than three percent of the fund may be retained by the department for administrative purposes. 10 Money in the fund shall be expended on warrants of the 11 12 secretary of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the [state superintendent or his] secretary of public 13 education or the secretary's authorized representative. 14

B. Distributions from the fund shall be by application approved by the department [based on a public school's approved improvement plan as provided in Section 22-2C-7 NMSA 1978]."

SECTION 11. Section 22-2C-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-2C-11. ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM REPORTING--PARENT SURVEY--DATA SYSTEM--FISCAL INFORMATION.--

A. The department shall:

(1) issue a state identification number for each public school student for use in the accountability data .195173.2

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(2) adopt the format for reporting individual student assessments to parents. The student assessments shall report each student's progress and academic needs as measured against state standards;

(3) adopt the format for reporting annual [yearly] progress of public schools, school districts, statechartered charter schools and the department. A school district's report shall include reports of all locally chartered charter schools in the school district. If the department has adopted a state improving schools program, the annual accountability report shall include the results of that program for each public school. The annual accountability report format shall be clear, concise and understandable to parents and the general public. All annual accountability reports shall ensure that the privacy of individual students is protected;

(4) require that when public schools, school districts, state-chartered charter schools and the state disaggregate and report school data for demographic subgroups, they include data disaggregated by ethnicity, race, limited English proficiency, students with disabilities, poverty and gender; provided that ethnicity and race shall be reported using the following categories:

(a) Caucasian, non-Hispanic;

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1	(b) Hispanic;
2	(c) African American;
3	(d) American Indian or Alaska Native;
4	(e) Native Hawaiian or other Pacific
5	Islander;
6	(f) Asian;
7	(g) two or more races; and
8	(h) other; provided that if the sample
9	of students in any category enumerated in Subparagraphs (a)
10	through (g) of this paragraph is so small that a student in the
11	sample may be personally identifiable in violation of the
12	federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the
13	report may combine that sample into the "other" category;
14	(5) report cohort graduation data annually for
15	the state, for each school district and for each state-
16	chartered charter school and each public high school, based on
17	information provided by all school districts and state-
18	chartered charter schools according to procedures established
19	by the department; provided that the report shall include the
20	number and percentage of students in a cohort who:
21	(a) have graduated by August l of the
22	fourth year after entering the ninth grade;
23	(b) have graduated in more than four
24	years, but by August 1 of the fifth year after entering ninth
25	grade;
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1 (c) have received a state certificate by 2 exiting the school system at the end of grade twelve without 3 having satisfied the requirements for a high school diploma as provided in Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978 or completed all course 4 5 requirements but have not passed the graduation assessment or portfolio of standards-based indicators pursuant to Section 6 7 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978; 8 (d) have dropped out or whose status is 9 unknown; (e) have exited public school and 10 indicated an intent to pursue a general educational development 11 12 certificate; or are still enrolled in public school; 13 (f) report annually, based on data provided by 14 (6) school districts and state-chartered charter schools, the 15 number and percentage of public school students in each cohort 16 in the state in grades nine through twelve who have advanced to 17 the next grade or graduated on schedule, who remain enrolled 18 19 but have not advanced to the next grade on schedule, who have 20 dropped out or whose other educational outcomes are known to the department; and 21 (7) establish technical criteria and 22 procedures to define which students are included or excluded 23 from a cohort. 24 Local school boards and governing boards of Β. 25 .195173.2

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charter schools may establish additional indicators through which to measure the school district's or charter school's performance [in areas other than adequate yearly progress].

C. The school district's or state-chartered charter school's annual accountability report shall include a report of four- and five-year graduation rates for each public high school in the school district or state-chartered charter school. All annual accountability reports shall ensure that the privacy of individual students is protected. As part of the graduation rate data, the school district or statechartered charter school shall include data showing the number and percentage of students in the cohort:

(1) who have received a state certificate by exiting the school system at the end of grade twelve without having satisfied the requirements for a high school diploma as provided in Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978 or completed all course requirements but have not passed the graduation assessment or portfolio of standards-based indicators pursuant to Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978;

(2) who have dropped out or whose status is unknown;

(3) who have exited public school and indicated an intent to pursue a general educational development certificate:

(4) who are still enrolled; and

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(5) whose other educational outcomes are known to the school district.

The school district's or state-chartered charter 3 D. school's annual accountability report shall include the results 4 of a survey of parents' views of the quality of their 5 children's school. The survey shall be conducted each year in 6 7 time to include the results in the annual accountability The survey shall compile the results of a written 8 report. 9 questionnaire that shall be sent home with the students to be given to their parents. The survey may be completed 10 anonymously. The survey shall be no more than one page, shall 11 12 be clearly and concisely written and shall include not more than twenty questions that shall be answered with options of a 13 simple sliding scale ranging from "strongly agree" to "strongly 14 disagree" and shall include the optional response "don't know". 15 The survey shall also include a request for optional written 16 comments, which may be written on the back of the questionnaire 17 The questionnaire shall include questions in the 18 form. 19 following areas:

(1)parent-teacher-school relationship and communication;

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(2) quality of educational and extracurricular

instructional practices and techniques; (3) (4) resources;

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programs;

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1 (5) school employees, including the school
2 principal; and

3 (6) parents' views of teaching staff4 expectations for the students.

E. The department shall develop no more than ten of the survey questions, which shall be reviewed by the legislative education study committee prior to implementation. No more than five survey questions shall be developed by the local school board or governing body of a state-chartered charter school, and no more than five survey questions shall be developed by the staff of each public school; provided that at least one-half of those questions shall be developed by teachers rather than school administrators, in order to gather information that is specific to the particular community surveyed. The questionnaires shall indicate the public school site and shall be tabulated by the department within thirty days of receipt and shall be returned to the respective schools to be disseminated to all parents.

F. The school district's or state-chartered charter school's annual accountability report shall be adopted by the local school board or governing body of the state-chartered charter school, shall be published no later than November 15 of each year and shall be published at least once each school year in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the school district or state-chartered charter school is located.

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In publication, the report shall be titled "The School District
 Report Card" or "The Charter School Report Card" and
 disseminated in accordance with guidelines established by the
 department to ensure effective communication with parents,
 students, educators, local policymakers and business and
 community organizations.

G. The annual accountability report shall include
the names of those members of the local school board or the
governing body of the charter school who failed to attend
annual mandatory training.

H. The annual accountability report shall include data on expenditures for central office administration and expenditures for the public schools of the school district or charter school.

I. The department shall create an accountability data system through which data from each public school and each school district or state-chartered charter school may be compiled and reviewed. The department shall provide the resources to train school district and charter school personnel in the use of the accountability data system.

J. The department shall verify data submitted by the school districts and state-chartered charter schools.

K. At the end of fiscal year 2005, after the budget approval cycle, the department shall produce a report to the legislature that shows for all school districts using

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performance-based program budgeting the relationship between that portion of a school district's program cost generated by each public school in the school district and the budgeted expenditures for each public school in the school district as reported in the district's performance-based program budget. At the end of fiscal year 2006 and subsequent fiscal years, after the budget approval cycle, the department shall report on this relationship in all public schools in all school districts in the state.

L. When all public schools are participating in performance-based budgeting, the department shall recommend annually to the legislature for inclusion in the general appropriation act the maximum percentage of appropriations that may be expended in each school district for central office administration.

M. The department shall disseminate its statewide accountability report to school districts and charter schools; the governor, legislators and other policymakers; and business and economic development organizations.

N. As used in this section, "cohort" means a group of students who enter grade nine for the first time at the same time, plus those students who transfer into the group in later years and minus those students who leave the cohort for documented excusable reasons."

SECTION 12. Section 22-8E-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, .195173.2

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1 Chapter 292, Section 6) is amended to read: "22-8E-6. RENEWAL OF CHARTER.--2 A. A charter for a charter school district may be 3 renewed for successive periods of five years each. 4 Before it submits an application for renewal to Β. 5 the department, the local school board shall hold a public 6 7 hearing to adopt a resolution approving the application for renewal. 8 9 C. A charter school district renewal application submitted to the department shall contain: 10 a report on the progress that the charter 11 (1)12 school district has made toward achieving the goals of its charter; 13 [(2) a list of schools in the charter school 14 district that have made adequate yearly progress; 15 (3) a list of schools in the charter school 16 district that have not made adequate yearly progress, together 17 with an indication of the school improvement status of each of 18 those schools: 19 20 (4)] (2) a petition in support of the charter school district renewing its charter school district status 21 signed by not less than sixty-five percent of the employees in 22 the charter school district; 23 [(5)] (3) a resolution by the local school 24 board requesting renewal of the charter; and 25 .195173.2

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1 [(6)] (4) any other information that the 2 department deems appropriate." SECTION 13. Section 22-10A-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 3 4 Chapter 153, Section 45) is amended to read: 5 "22-10A-14. CERTIFICATES OF WAIVER.--6 Α. If a local superintendent or governing authority 7 of a state agency certifies to the department that an emergency 8 exists in the hiring of a qualified person, the department may issue a certificate of teaching waiver or assignment waiver. 9 10 The department may issue a certificate of Β. teaching waiver to a person who holds a baccalaureate degree 11 12 but does not meet other requirements for licensure as a level 13 one teacher. Certificates of teaching waivers are one-year 14 waivers and may be renewed only if the holder provides satisfactory evidence of continued progress toward a level one 15 license. 16 17 C. At the request of a local superintendent, the 18 department may issue a certificate of assignment waiver to a 19 licensed teacher who is assigned to teach outside [his] the 20 teacher's teaching endorsement area. A certificate of assignment waiver may be renewed each school year if the 21

teacher provides satisfactory evidence of continued progress toward meeting the requirements for endorsement.

[D. A teacher who holds a teaching or assignment waiver shall not be assigned to a school that has not made .195173.2

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adequate yearly progress for two consecutive years.]"

SECTION 14. Section 22-23B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 108, Section 6 and Laws 2010, Chapter 114, Section 6) is amended to read:

"22-23B-6. STATEWIDE STATUS REPORT.--

A. The department, in collaboration with the higher education department, shall submit an annual preschool through post-secondary statewide Hispanic education status report no later than November 15 to the governor and the legislature through the legislative education study committee. A copy shall be provided to the legislative library in the legislative council service.

B. The status report shall include the following information, by school district, by charter school and statewide, which may be compiled from data otherwise required to be submitted to the department:

(1) Hispanic student achievement at all grades;

(2) attendance for all grades;

(3) the graduation rates for Hispanic

students; <u>and</u>

[(4) the number of Hispanic students in schools that make adequate yearly progress and in schools at each level of school improvement or restructuring; and

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(5)] (4) the number and type of bilingual and

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1 multicultural programs in each school district and charter
2 school.

3 C. The status report shall include the following
4 information, by post-secondary educational institution, which
5 may be compiled from data otherwise required to be submitted to
6 the higher education department:

	7	(1) Hispanic student enrollment;
	8	(2) Hispanic student retention; and
	9	(3) Hispanic student completion rates."
	10	SECTION 15. REPEALSections 22-2C-7, 22-2C-7.1 and
	11	22-2C-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 16,
	12	Laws 2007, Chapter 309, Section 6 and Laws 2009, Chapter 189,
	13	Section 1, as amended) are repealed.
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