#### HOUSE BILL 421

# 52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015

INTRODUCED BY

Jason C. Harper

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF HOLD HARMLESS
DISTRIBUTIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES AND COUNTIES BY THE AMOUNT OF A
MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX; PROVIDING
A SCHEDULE FOR THE IMPOSITION OF A MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY HOLD
HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX TO CERTAIN YEARS TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR
AN ADDITIONAL HOLD HARMLESS DISTRIBUTION; REDUCING THE COUNTY
HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX THAT MAY BE IMPOSED TO ONEEIGHTH PERCENT; RESTRICTING THE AUTHORITY TO PLEDGE REVENUE
FROM HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAXES; PROVIDING THAT A
PREVIOUSLY IMPOSED MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY HOLD HARMLESS GROSS
RECEIPTS TAX THAT DOES NOT CONFORM TO THIS ACT SHALL REMAIN IN
EFFECT IF A MUNICIPALITY OR COUNTY HAS ISSUED REVENUE BONDS
SECURED BY A PLEDGE OF THOSE TAXES; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SE	CTION	1. Se	ctic	n 7	-1-6.46	NMSA	1978	(bein	g Laws	2004,
Chapter	116,	Section	ı 1,	as	amended	) is	amend	ed to	read:	

"7-1-6.46. DISTRIBUTION TO MUNICIPALITIES--OFFSET FOR FOOD DEDUCTION AND HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER SERVICES
DEDUCTION.--

A. For a municipality that [has not elected to impose] does not have in effect a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax through an ordinance and that has a population of less than ten thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census, a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to [a] the municipality in an amount, subject to any increase or decrease made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, equal to the [sum of:

(1) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations attributable to the municipality multiplied by the sum of the combined rate of all municipal local option gross receipts taxes in effect in the municipality for the month plus one and two hundred twenty-five thousandths percent; and

(2) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations attributable to the municipality multiplied by the sum of the combined rate of all municipal local option gross receipts taxes in effect in the municipality for the

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month plus one and two hundred twenty-five thousandths percent]
applicable maximum distribution for the municipality.

B. For a municipality not described in Subsection A of this section, a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to the municipality in an amount, subject to any increase or decrease made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, equal to the [sum] lesser of:

Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations attributable to the municipality multiplied by the sum of the combined rate of all municipal local option gross receipts taxes in effect in the municipality on January 1, 2007 plus one and two hundred twenty-five thousandths percent in applicable maximum distribution for the municipality, less the amount of any municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax transferred to the municipality pursuant to Section 7-1-6.12 NMSA 1978; or

(2) the applicable maximum distribution for the municipality multiplied by the following percentages:

[(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred]

(b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior to July 1, 2016, ninety-four percent;

(c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior to July 1, 2017, eighty-eight percent;

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percent;

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2	to July 1, 2018, eighty-two percent;
3	(e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior
4	to July 1, 2019, seventy-six percent;
5	(f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior
6	to July 1, 2020, seventy percent;
7	(g) on or after July 1, 2020 and prior
8	to July 1, 2021, sixty-three percent;
9	(h) on or after July 1, 2021 and prior
10	to July 1, 2022, fifty-six percent;
11	(i) on or after July 1, 2022 and prior
12	to July 1, 2023, forty-nine percent;
13	(j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior
14	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
15	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
16	to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;
17	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
18	to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;
19	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior
20	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;
21	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior
22	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; and
23	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior
24	to July 1, 2029, seven percent; and
25	(2) the total deductions claimed pursuant to
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(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred (b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior (c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior (d) on or after July 1, 2017 and prior (e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior (f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior on or after July 1, 2020 and prior on or after July 1, 2021 and prior on or after July 1, 2022 and prior (j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior

Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from

business locations attributable to the municipality multiplied

1	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
2	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
3	to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;
4	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
5	to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;
6	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior
7	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;
8	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior
9	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; [ <del>and</del> ]
10	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior
11	to July 1, 2029, seven percent; <u>and</u>
12	(p) on or after July 1, 2029, zero
13	percent.
14	C. A distribution pursuant to Subsection B of this
15	section for a municipality that has a population of ten
16	thousand or more according to the most recent federal decennial
17	census and that has in effect a municipal hold harmless gross
18	receipts tax at a rate of three-eighths percent and whose
19	maximum distribution exceeds the sum of the municipality's tax
20	revenue and the distribution calculated pursuant to Subsection
21	B of this section shall be increased by the difference between
22	the maximum distribution and the sum; provided that the
23	municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax is imposed following
24	the schedule provided by Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of
25	<u>Section 7-19D-18 NMSA 1978.</u>

[G. The] D. A distribution pursuant to
[Subsections A and B of] this section is in lieu of revenue
that would have been received by the municipality but for the
deductions provided by Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978.
The distribution shall be considered gross receipts tax revenue
and shall be used by the municipality in the same manner as
gross receipts tax revenue, including payment of gross receipts
tax revenue bonds. [A distribution pursuant to this section to
a municipality not described in Subsection A of this section or
to a municipality that has imposed a gross receipts tax through
an ordinance that does not provide a deduction contained in the
Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act shall not be made on or
after July 1, 2029.]

E. A distribution made pursuant to Subsection B of this section shall not be less than zero.

 $[ rac{ rac{ }{ rac{ }{ }} } { \label{eq: 1.015}} }{ \label{eq: 1.015}}}}} act to the distributions made pursuant to <math>[ rac{ \mbox{ Subsections } A \mbox{ and } B }{ \mbox{ } A \mbox{ }} ]} } $$ and $$ B $$ of $$ 1 his section impair the ability of a municipality to meet its principal or interest payment obligations for revenue bonds that are outstanding prior to July 1, <math>[ rac{ 2013}{ \mbox{ }} ] } ] $$ 2015 $$ and that are secured by the pledge of all or part of the municipality's revenue from the distribution made pursuant to this section, then the amount distributed pursuant to this section to that municipality shall be increased by an amount sufficient to meet the required payment; provided that the total amount$ 

distributed to that municipality pursuant to this section does
not exceed the amount that would have been due that
municipality pursuant to this section as it was in effect on
June 30, [ <del>2013</del> ] 2015.

[E.] G. For the purposes of this section:

(1) "business locations attributable to the municipality" means business locations:

 $[\frac{1}{1}]$  (a) within the municipality;

[(2)] (b) on land owned by the state, commonly known as the "state fairgrounds", within the exterior boundaries of the municipality;

 $[\frac{3}{2}]$  outside the boundaries of the municipality on land owned by the municipality; and

[(4)] (d) on an Indian reservation or pueblo grant in an area that is contiguous to the municipality and in which the municipality performs services pursuant to a contract between the municipality and the Indian tribe or Indian pueblo if: [(a)] 1) the contract describes an area in which the municipality is required to perform services and requires the municipality to perform services that are substantially the same as the services the municipality performs for itself; and [(b)] 2) the governing body of the municipality has submitted a copy of the contract to the secretary;

## (2) "maximum distribution" means:

(a) for a municipality that has a
population of less than ten thousand according to the most
recent federal decennial census, the total deductions claimed
pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month
by taxpayers from business locations attributable to the
municipality multiplied by the sum of the combined rate of all
municipal local option gross receipts taxes in effect in the
municipality for the month plus one and two hundred twenty-five
thousandths percent; and

population of ten thousand or more according to the most recent federal decennial census, the total deductions claimed pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations attributable to the municipality multiplied by the sum of the combined rate of all municipal local option gross receipts taxes in effect in the municipality on January 1, 2007 plus one and two hundred twenty-five thousandths percent; and

(3) "tax revenue" means the net receipts attributable to a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax.

 $[F_{ullet}]$   $\underline{H}_{ullet}$  A distribution pursuant to this section may be adjusted for a distribution made to a tax increment development district with respect to a portion of a gross receipts tax increment dedicated by a municipality pursuant to the Tax Increment for Development Act."

SEC	CTION	2.	Sect	ion	. 7	-1-6.47	NMS/	1978	(bein	g Laws	2004,
Chapter	116.	Sect	ion	2. 8	as	amended	) is	amend	ed to	read:	

"7-1-6.47. DISTRIBUTION TO COUNTIES--OFFSET FOR FOOD

DEDUCTION AND HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER SERVICES DEDUCTION.--

A. For a county that [has not elected to impose]

does not have in effect a county hold harmless gross receipts

tax through an ordinance and that has a population of less than

forty-eight thousand according to the most recent federal

decennial census, a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1

NMSA 1978 shall be made to [a] the county in an amount, subject

to any increase or decrease made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.15

NMSA 1978, equal to the [sum of:

(1) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations within a municipality in the county multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect for the month that are imposed throughout the county;

(2) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations in the county but not within a municipality multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect for the month that are imposed in the county area not within a municipality;

(3) the total deductions claimed pursuant to

Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from
business locations within a municipality in the county
multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option
gross receipts taxes in effect for the month that are imposed
throughout the county; and

(4) the total deductions claimed pursuant to

Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations in the county but not within a municipality multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect for the month that are imposed in the county area not within a municipality] applicable maximum distribution for the county.

B. For a county not described in Subsection A of this section, a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to the county in an amount, subject to any increase or decrease made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, equal to the [sum] lesser of:

Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations within a municipality in the county multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are imposed throughout the county in applicable maximum distribution for the county, less the amount of any county hold harmless gross receipts tax imposed in the county and

1	transferred to the county pursuant to Section 7-1-6.13 NMSA
2	<u>1978; or</u>
3	(2) the applicable maximum distribution for
4	the county multiplied by the following percentages:
5	[ <del>(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred</del>
6	<del>percent;</del>
7	(b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior
8	to July 1, 2016, ninety-four percent;
9	(c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior
10	to July 1, 2017, eighty-eight percent;
11	(d) on or after July 1, 2017 and prior
12	to July 1, 2018, eighty-two percent;
13	(e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior
14	to July 1, 2019, seventy-six percent;
15	(f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior
16	to July 1, 2020, seventy percent;
17	<del>(g) on or after July 1, 2020 and prior</del>
18	to July 1, 2021, sixty-three percent;
19	(h) on or after July 1, 2021 and prior
20	to July 1, 2022, fifty-six percent;
21	(i) on or after July 1, 2022 and prior
22	to July 1, 2023, forty-nine percent;
23	(j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior
24	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
25	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
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2	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
3	to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;
4	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior
5	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;
6	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior
7	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; and
8	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior
9	to July 1, 2029, seven percent;
10	(2) the total deductions claimed pursuant to
11	Section 7-9-92 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from
12	business locations in the county but not within a municipality
13	multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option
14	gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are
15	imposed in the county area not within a municipality in the
16	following percentages:
17	(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred
18	percent;
19	(b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior
20	to July 1, 2016, ninety-four percent;
21	(c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior
22	to July 1, 2017, eighty-eight percent;
23	(d) on or after July 1, 2017 and prior
24	to July 1, 2018, eighty-two percent;
25	(e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior
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to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;

2	(f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior
3	to July 1, 2020, seventy percent;
4	(g) on or after July 1, 2020 and prior
5	to July 1, 2021, sixty-three percent;
6	(h) on or after July 1, 2021 and prior
7	to July 1, 2022, fifty-six percent;
8	(i) on or after July 1, 2022 and prior
9	to July 1, 2023, forty-nine percent;
10	(j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior
11	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
12	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
13	to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;
14	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
15	to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;
16	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior
17	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;
18	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior
19	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; and
20	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior
21	to July 1, 2029, seven percent;
22	(3) the total deductions claimed pursuant to
23	Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from
24	business locations within a municipality in the county
25	multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option
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to July 1, 2019, seventy-six percent;

1	gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are
2	imposed throughout the county in the following percentages:
3	(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred
4	percent;
5	(b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior
6	to July 1, 2016, ninety-four percent;
7	(c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior
8	to July 1, 2017, eighty-eight percent;
9	(d) on or after July 1, 2017 and prior
10	to July 1, 2018, eighty-two percent;
11	(e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior
12	to July 1, 2019, seventy-six percent;
13	(f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior
14	to July 1, 2020, seventy percent;
15	(g) on or after July 1, 2020 and prior
16	to July 1, 2021, sixty-three percent;
17	(h) on or after July 1, 2021 and prior
18	to July 1, 2022, fifty-six percent;
19	(i) on or after July 1, 2022 and prior
20	to July 1, 2023, forty-nine percent;
21	(j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior
22	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
23	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
24	to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;
25	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
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2	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior							
3	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;							
4	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior							
5	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; and							
6	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior							
7	to July 1, 2029, seven percent; and							
8	(4) the total deductions claimed pursuant to							
9	Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from							
10	business locations in the county but not within a municipality							
11	multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option							
12	gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are							
13	imposed in the county area not within a municipality in the							
14	following percentages]							
15	(a) prior to July 1, 2015, one hundred							
16	percent;							
17	(b) on or after July 1, 2015 and prior							
18	to July 1, 2016, ninety-four percent;							
19	(c) on or after July 1, 2016 and prior							
20	to July 1, 2017, eighty-eight percent;							
21	(d) on or after July 1, 2017 and prior							
22	to July 1, 2018, eighty-two percent;							
23	(e) on or after July 1, 2018 and prior							
24	to July 1, 2019, seventy-six percent;							
25	(f) on or after July 1, 2019 and prior							
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to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;

-	to July 1, 2020, seventy percent,
2	(g) on or after July 1, 2020 and prior
3	to July 1, 2021, sixty-three percent;
4	(h) on or after July 1, 2021 and prior
5	to July 1, 2022, fifty-six percent;
6	(i) on or after July 1, 2022 and prior
7	to July 1, 2023, forty-nine percent;
8	(j) on or after July 1, 2023 and prior
9	to July 1, 2024, forty-two percent;
10	(k) on or after July 1, 2024 and prior
11	to July 1, 2025, thirty-five percent;
12	(1) on or after July 1, 2025 and prior
13	to July 1, 2026, twenty-eight percent;
14	(m) on or after July 1, 2026 and prior
15	to July 1, 2027, twenty-one percent;
16	(n) on or after July 1, 2027 and prior
17	to July 1, 2028, fourteen percent; [and]
18	(o) on or after July 1, 2028 and prior
19	to July 1, 2029, seven percent; and
20	(p) on or after July 1, 2029, zero
21	percent.
22	C. [The] A distribution pursuant to Subsection B of
23	this section for a county with a population of forty-eight
24	thousand or more according to the most recent federal decennial
25	census and that has in effect a county hold harmless gross

receipts tax at a rate of one-eighth percent and whose maximum distribution amount exceeds the sum of the county's tax revenue and the distribution calculated pursuant to Subsection B of this section shall be increased by the difference between the maximum distribution and the sum; provided that the county hold harmless gross receipts tax is imposed following the schedule provided by Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of Section 7-20E-28 NMSA 1978.

D. A distribution pursuant to [Subsections A and B of] this section is in lieu of revenue that would have been received by the county but for the deductions provided by Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978. The distribution shall be considered gross receipts tax revenue and shall be used by the county in the same manner as gross receipts tax revenue, including payment of gross receipts tax revenue bonds. [A distribution pursuant to this section to a county not described in Subsection A of this section or to a county that has imposed a gross receipts tax through an ordinance that does not provide a deduction contained in the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act shall not be made on or after July 1, 2029.]

 $\underline{\text{E. A distribution made pursuant to Subsection B of}}$  this section shall not be less than zero.

 $[ \overline{ B_*} ]$   $\underline{ F_*}$  If the reductions made by this  $[ \underline{2013} ]$   $\underline{2015}$  act to the distributions made pursuant to  $[ \underline{ Subsections \ A \ and \ B \ ef} ]$  this section impair the ability of a county to meet its

principal or interest payment obligations for revenue bonds that are outstanding prior to July 1, [2013] 2015 and that are secured by the pledge of all or part of the county's revenue from the distribution made pursuant to this section, then the amount distributed pursuant to this section to that county shall be increased by an amount sufficient to meet the required payment; provided that the total amount distributed to that county pursuant to this section does not exceed the amount that would have been due that county pursuant to this section as it was in effect on June 30, [2013] 2015.

 $[E_{ullet}]$   $G_{ullet}$  A distribution pursuant to this section may be adjusted for a distribution made to a tax increment development district with respect to a portion of a gross receipts tax increment dedicated by a county pursuant to the Tax Increment for Development Act.

#### H. For purposes of this section:

### (1) "maximum distribution" means:

(a) for counties that have a population of less than forty-eight thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census, the sum of: 1) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations within a municipality in the county multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect for the month that are imposed throughout the county; and 2) the total

<u>deductions claimed pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA</u>
1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations in the
county but not within a municipality multiplied by the combined
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rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect
for the month that are imposed in the county area not within a
municipality: and

(b) for counties that have a population

of forty-eight thousand or more according to the most recent federal decennial census, the sum of: 1) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations within a municipality in the county multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are imposed throughout the county; and 2) the total deductions claimed pursuant to Sections 7-9-92 and 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 for the month by taxpayers from business locations in the county but not within a municipality multiplied by the combined rate of all county local option gross receipts taxes in effect on January 1, 2007 that are imposed in the county area not within a municipality; and

(2) "tax revenue" means the net receipts attributable to a county hold harmless gross receipts tax."

SECTION 3. Section 7-19D-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2013, Chapter 160, Section 11) is amended to read:

"7-19D-18. MUNICIPAL HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.-.198689.2

A. The majority of the members of [the] a governing body of [any] a municipality may [impose by ordinance an excise tax not to exceed a rate of three-eighths percent of the gross receipts of any person engaging in business in the municipality for the privilege of engaging in business in the municipality. A tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed by the enactment of one or more ordinances, each imposing any number of gross receipts tax rate increments, but the total gross receipts tax rate imposed by all ordinances pursuant to this section shall not exceed an aggregate rate of three-eighths percent of the gross receipts of a person engaging in business. Municipalities may impose increments of one eighth of one percent.

B. The tax imposed pursuant to Subsection A of this

section may be referred to as the "municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax". The imposition of a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax is not subject to referendum] enact an ordinance imposing an excise tax on a person engaging in business in the municipality for the privilege of engaging in business. The tax imposed pursuant to this section may be referred to as the "municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax".

B. The rate of the tax shall not exceed threeeighths percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in business and:

1	(1) may be imposed in one-eighth percent
2	increments by separate ordinances; or
3	(2) to be eligible for the additional
4	distribution pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-1-6.46 NMSA
5	1978, shall be imposed as follows:
6	(a) the first one-eighth percent, on or
7	<u>after July 1, 2013;</u>
8	(b) the second one-eighth percent, on or
9	after July 1, 2018; and
10	(c) the third one-eighth percent, on or
11	after July 1, 2020.
12	C. The imposition of a municipal hold harmless
13	gross receipts tax is not subject to referendum.
14	[ <del>C.</del> ] <u>D.</u> The governing body of a municipality may,
15	at the time of enacting an ordinance imposing the tax
16	authorized in Subsection A of this section, dedicate the
17	revenue for a specific purpose or area of municipal government
18	services, including but not limited to police protection, fire
19	protection, public transportation or street repair and
20	maintenance. If the governing body proposes to dedicate such
21	revenue, the ordinance and any revenue so dedicated shall be
22	used by the municipality for that purpose unless a subsequent
23	ordinance is adopted to change the purpose to which the revenue
24	is dedicated or to place the revenue in the general fund of the
25	municipality.

 $[\mathfrak{D}_{ullet}]$   $\underline{E}_{ullet}$  Any law that imposes or authorizes the imposition of a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax or that affects the municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax, or any law supplemental thereto or otherwise appertaining thereto, shall not be repealed or amended or otherwise directly or indirectly modified in such a manner as to impair adversely any outstanding revenue bonds that may be secured by a pledge of such municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax unless such outstanding revenue bonds have been discharged in full or provision has been fully made therefor.

F. For purposes of this section, "municipality"

means a municipality in this state. "Municipality" does not

mean an H class county."

SECTION 4. A new section of the Municipal Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] MUNICIPAL HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS
TAX--LIMITATION ON PLEDGE OF REVENUE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS
OR DEBENTURES.--Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
on and after the effective date of this section, the revenue
attributable to the municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax
shall not be pledged for the payment of bonds or debentures or
expended to pay the principal or interest of outstanding bonds
or debentures; provided that a municipality has not pledged
such revenue prior to the effective date of this section."

**SECTION 5.** Section 7-20E-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2013,

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Chapter 160, Section 12) is amended to read:

"7-20E-28. COUNTY HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX. --

The majority of the members of [the] a governing body of [any] a county may [impose by ordinance an excise tax not to exceed a rate of three-eighths percent of the gross receipts of any person engaging in business in the county for the privilege of engaging in business in the county. A tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed by the enactment of one or more ordinances, each imposing any number of gross receipts tax rate increments, but the total gross receipts tax rate imposed by all ordinances pursuant to this section shall not exceed an aggregate rate of three-eighths percent of the gross receipts of a person engaging in business. Counties may impose increments of one-eighth of one percent.

B. The tax imposed pursuant to Subsection A of this section may be referred to as the "county hold harmless gross receipts tax". The imposition of a county hold harmless gross receipts tax is not subject to referendum] enact an ordinance imposing an excise tax on a person engaging in business in the county for the privilege of engaging in business. The tax imposed pursuant to this section may be referred to as the "county hold harmless gross receipts tax".

B. The rate of the tax shall not exceed one-eighth percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in business and:

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		(1)	may	be	impose	d in	one-sixteenth	percent
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increments	by	separate	e or	din	ances:	or		

- (2) to be eligible for the additional distribution pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-1-6.47 NMSA 1978, shall be imposed as follows:
- (a) the first one-sixteenth percent, on or after July 1, 2013; and
- (b) the second one-sixteenth percent, on or after July 1, 2022.
- C. The imposition of a county hold harmless gross receipts tax is not subject to referendum.
- [G.] D. The governing body of a county may, at the time of enacting an ordinance imposing the tax authorized in Subsection A of this section, dedicate the revenue for a specific purpose or area of county government services, including but not limited to police protection, fire protection, public transportation or street repair and maintenance. If the governing body proposes to dedicate such revenue, the ordinance and any revenue so dedicated shall be used by the county for that purpose unless a subsequent ordinance is adopted to change the purpose to which the revenue is dedicated or to place the revenue in the general fund of the county.
- $[\underline{D_{\bullet}}]$   $\underline{E_{\bullet}}$  Any law that imposes or authorizes the imposition of a county hold harmless gross receipts tax or that .198689.2

affects the county hold harmless gross receipts tax, or any law supplemental thereto or otherwise appertaining thereto, shall not be repealed or amended or otherwise directly or indirectly modified in such a manner as to impair adversely any outstanding revenue bonds that may be secured by a pledge of such county hold harmless gross receipts tax unless such outstanding revenue bonds have been discharged in full or provision has been fully made therefor."

SECTION 6. A new section of the County Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] COUNTY HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX-LIMITATION ON PLEDGE OF REVENUE FOR THE PAYMENT OF BONDS OR
DEBENTURES.--Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, on
and after the effective date of this section, the revenue
attributable to the county hold harmless gross receipts tax
shall not be pledged for the payment of bonds or debentures or
expended to pay the principal or interest of outstanding bonds
or debentures; provided that a county has not pledged such
revenue prior to the effective date of this section."

SECTION 7. TEMPORARY PROVISION--MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY HOLD HARMLESS GROSS RECEIPTS TAX IMPOSED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT--OUTSTANDING BONDS.--Except as provided in this section, an ordinance imposing a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax or county hold harmless gross receipts tax prior to the effective date of this act shall conform to the

provisions of this act. An ordinance that does not conform to the provisions of this act on or after January 1, 2016 is not valid with respect to transactions occurring on or after January 1, 2016. If, prior to the effective date of Sections 4 and 6 of this act, a municipality or county has issued a revenue bond that is secured by a pledge of a municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax or county hold harmless gross receipts tax, the ordinance imposing the municipal hold harmless gross receipts tax or county hold harmless gross receipts tax shall remain in effect until the ordinance expires or the revenue bond has been discharged in full or provision has been fully made therefor, whichever occurs first.

SECTION 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of Sections 1 through 3, 5 and 7 of this act is January 1, 2016.

**SECTION 9.** EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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