

SENATE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR  
SENATE BILL 94

**52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015**

AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE; ENACTING A NEW SECTION OF CHAPTER 76  
NMSA 1978 TO PROVIDE AUTHORIZATION FOR THE NEW MEXICO  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO ADOPT RULES FOR RESEARCH ON  
INDUSTRIAL HEMP; PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NEW  
MEXICO INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FUND; MAKING AN  
APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 76 NMSA 1978 is  
enacted to read:

"NEW MATERIAL INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH--NEW MEXICO  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.--

A. As used in this section, "industrial hemp" means  
a plant of the genus cannabis and any part of the plant,  
whether growing or not, containing a delta-9

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1 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than three-tenths  
2 of one percent on a dry weight basis.

3 B. The intent of this section is to bring New  
4 Mexico into compliance with federal law.

5 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to  
6 the contrary, the New Mexico department of agriculture or an  
7 institution of higher education that holds a registration  
8 issued pursuant to rules enacted pursuant to Subsection D of  
9 this section may grow industrial hemp for research and  
10 development purposes, including agricultural, agronomic,  
11 ecological, processing, sales and marketing research.

12 D. The director of the New Mexico department of  
13 agriculture shall adopt rules to establish and carry out the  
14 provisions of this section, including requirements for  
15 registration, training of law enforcement personnel,  
16 inspection, recordkeeping, fees not to exceed program costs and  
17 compliance processes.

18 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to  
19 the contrary, a person who holds a license issued pursuant to  
20 this section may grow industrial hemp of unlimited acreage for  
21 research and development purposes, including agricultural,  
22 agronomic, ecological, processing, sales and marketing  
23 research.

24 F. New Mexico state university shall establish a  
25 "New Mexico industrial hemp research and development fund".

1 The fund consists of fees collected by the New Mexico  
2 department of agriculture for administration of the industrial  
3 hemp research and development program, donations, grants and  
4 income earned from investment of the fund and money otherwise  
5 accruing to the fund. Money in the fund shall not revert to  
6 any other fund at the end of a fiscal year. The New Mexico  
7 department of agriculture shall administer the fund, and money  
8 in the fund is appropriated to the New Mexico department of  
9 agriculture to conduct related programs. Money in the fund  
10 shall be disbursed on warrants signed by the secretary of  
11 finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the  
12 director of the New Mexico department of agriculture or the  
13 director's authorized representative."

14 SECTION 2. Section 30-31-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972,  
15 Chapter 84, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

16 "30-31-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Controlled  
17 Substances Act:

18 A. "administer" means the direct application of a  
19 controlled substance by any means to the body of a patient or  
20 research subject by a practitioner or the practitioner's agent;

21 B. "agent" includes an authorized person who acts  
22 on behalf of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does  
23 not include a common or contract carrier, public  
24 warehouseperson or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson;

25 C. "board" means the board of pharmacy;

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1           D. "bureau" means the narcotic and dangerous drug  
2 section of the criminal division of the United States  
3 department of justice, or its successor agency;

4           E. "controlled substance" means a drug or substance  
5 listed in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances  
6 Act or rules adopted thereto;

7           F. "counterfeit substance" means a controlled  
8 substance that bears the unauthorized trademark, trade name,  
9 imprint, number, device or other identifying mark or likeness  
10 of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the  
11 person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the  
12 controlled substance;

13           G. "deliver" means the actual, constructive or  
14 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled  
15 substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not there  
16 is an agency relationship;

17           H. "dispense" means to deliver a controlled  
18 substance to an ultimate user or research subject pursuant to  
19 the lawful order of a practitioner, including the  
20 administering, prescribing, packaging, labeling or compounding  
21 necessary to prepare the controlled substance for that  
22 delivery;

23           I. "dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses  
24 and includes hospitals, pharmacies and clinics where controlled  
25 substances are dispensed;

1 J. "distribute" means to deliver other than by  
2 administering or dispensing a controlled substance or  
3 controlled substance analog;

4 K. "drug" or "substance" means substances  
5 recognized as drugs in the official United States  
6 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United  
7 States or official national formulary or any respective  
8 supplement to those publications. It does not include devices  
9 or their components, parts or accessories;

10 L. "hashish" means the resin extracted from any  
11 part of marijuana, whether growing or not, and every compound,  
12 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such  
13 resins;

14 M. "manufacture" means the production, preparation,  
15 compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance  
16 or controlled substance analog by extraction from substances of  
17 natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis  
18 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and  
19 includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or  
20 labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term  
21 does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled  
22 substance:

23 (1) by a practitioner as an incident to  
24 administering or dispensing a controlled substance in the  
25 course of the practitioner's professional practice; or

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1 (2) by a practitioner, or by the  
2 practitioner's agent under the practitioner's supervision, for  
3 the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or  
4 chemical analysis and not for sale;

5 N. "marijuana" means all parts of the plant  
6 cannabis, including any and all varieties, species and  
7 subspecies of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, the  
8 seeds thereof and every compound, manufacture, salt,  
9 derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant or its seeds.  
10 It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, hashish,  
11 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from marijuana,  
12 fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds  
13 of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt,  
14 derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber,  
15 oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant that is  
16 incapable of germination or any variety of the species sativa  
17 of the genus Cannabis that produces not more than three-tenths  
18 of one percent of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol per weighted  
19 unit of flowering tops and leaves and has a delta-9-  
20 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than one percent  
21 on a dry weight basis;

22 O. "narcotic drug" means any of the following,  
23 whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from  
24 substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of  
25 chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and

1 chemical synthesis:

2 (1) opium and opiate and any salt, compound,  
3 derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;

4 (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or  
5 preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of the  
6 substances referred to in Paragraph (1) of this subsection,  
7 except the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

8 (3) opium poppy and poppy straw, including all  
9 parts of the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum* L. except  
10 its seeds; or

11 (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound,  
12 derivative or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound,  
13 isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent  
14 of any of these substances except decocainized coca leaves or  
15 extractions of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or  
16 ecgonine;

17 P. "opiate" means any substance having an  
18 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to  
19 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having  
20 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate"  
21 does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled  
22 under Section 30-31-5 NMSA 1978, the dextrorotatory isomer of  
23 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts, dextromethorphan.  
24 "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;

25 Q. "person" means an individual, partnership,

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1 corporation, association, institution, political subdivision,  
2 government agency or other legal entity;

3 R. "practitioner" means a physician, certified  
4 advanced practice chiropractic physician, doctor of oriental  
5 medicine, dentist, physician assistant, certified nurse  
6 practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-  
7 midwife, prescribing psychologist, veterinarian, euthanasia  
8 technician, pharmacist, pharmacist clinician or other person  
9 licensed or certified to prescribe and administer drugs that  
10 are subject to the Controlled Substances Act;

11 S. "prescription" means an order given individually  
12 for the person for whom is prescribed a controlled substance,  
13 either directly from a licensed practitioner or the  
14 practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including by means of  
15 electronic transmission, or indirectly by means of a written  
16 order signed by the prescriber, bearing the name and address of  
17 the prescriber, the prescriber's license classification, the  
18 name and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the  
19 drug prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue and  
20 in accordance with the Controlled Substances Act or rules  
21 adopted thereto;

22 T. "scientific investigator" means a person  
23 registered to conduct research with controlled substances in  
24 the course of the person's professional practice or research  
25 and includes analytical laboratories;



1           U. "ultimate user" means a person who lawfully  
2 possesses a controlled substance for the person's own use or  
3 for the use of a member of the person's household or for  
4 administering to an animal under the care, custody and control  
5 of the person or by a member of the person's household;

6           V. "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment,  
7 products and materials of any kind that are used, intended for  
8 use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating,  
9 growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting,  
10 producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing,  
11 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing,  
12 injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into  
13 the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance  
14 analog in violation of the Controlled Substances Act. It  
15 includes:

16                 (1) kits used, intended for use or designed  
17 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or  
18 harvesting any species of plant that is a controlled substance  
19 or controlled substance analog or from which a controlled  
20 substance can be derived;

21                 (2) kits used, intended for use or designed  
22 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,  
23 processing or preparing controlled substances or controlled  
24 substance analogs;

25                 (3) isomerization devices used, intended for

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1 use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any  
2 species of plant that is a controlled substance;

3 (4) testing equipment used, intended for use  
4 or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the  
5 strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances or  
6 controlled substance analogs;

7 (5) scales or balances used, intended for use  
8 or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled  
9 substances or controlled substance analogs;

10 (6) diluents and adulterants, such as quinine  
11 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite dextrose and lactose, used,  
12 intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled  
13 substances or controlled substance analogs;

14 (7) separation gins and sifters used, intended  
15 for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from,  
16 or in otherwise cleaning and refining, marijuana;

17 (8) blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and  
18 mixing devices used, intended for use or designed for use in  
19 compounding controlled substances or controlled substance  
20 analogs;

21 (9) capsules, balloons, envelopes and other  
22 containers used, intended for use or designed for use in  
23 packaging small quantities of controlled substances or  
24 controlled substance analogs;

25 (10) containers and other objects used,

1 intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing  
 2 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

3 (11) hypodermic syringes, needles and other  
 4 objects used, intended for use or designed for use in  
 5 parenterally injecting controlled substances or controlled  
 6 substance analogs into the human body;

7 (12) objects used, intended for use or  
 8 designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise  
 9 introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the  
 10 human body, such as:

11 (a) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass,  
 12 stone, plastic or ceramic pipes, with or without screens,  
 13 permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls;

14 (b) water pipes;

15 (c) carburetion tubes and devices;

16 (d) smoking and carburetion masks;

17 (e) roach clips, meaning objects used to  
 18 hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has  
 19 become too small to hold in the hand;

20 (f) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine  
 21 vials;

22 (g) chamber pipes;

23 (h) carburetor pipes;

24 (i) electric pipes;

25 (j) air-driven pipes;

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1 (k) chilams;  
2 (l) bongs; or  
3 (m) ice pipes or chillers; and  
4 (13) in determining whether an object is drug  
5 paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in  
6 addition to all other logically relevant factors, the  
7 following:

8 (a) statements by the owner or by anyone  
9 in control of the object concerning its use;

10 (b) the proximity of the object, in time  
11 and space, to a direct violation of the Controlled Substances  
12 Act or any other law relating to controlled substances or  
13 controlled substance analogs;

14 (c) the proximity of the object to  
15 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

16 (d) the existence of any residue of a  
17 controlled substance or controlled substance analog on the  
18 object;

19 (e) instructions, written or oral,  
20 provided with the object concerning its use;

21 (f) descriptive materials accompanying  
22 the object that explain or depict its use;

23 (g) the manner in which the object is  
24 displayed for sale; and

25 (h) expert testimony concerning its use;

1           W. "controlled substance analog" means a substance  
2 other than a controlled substance that has a chemical structure  
3 substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in  
4 Schedule I, II, III, IV or V or that was specifically designed  
5 to produce effects substantially similar to that of controlled  
6 substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V. Examples of  
7 chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are  
8 found include the following:

- 9                   (1) phenethylamines;
- 10                   (2) N-substituted piperidines;
- 11                   (3) morphinans;
- 12                   (4) ecgonines;
- 13                   (5) quinazolinones;
- 14                   (6) substituted indoles; and
- 15                   (7) arylcycloalkylamines.

16           Specifically excluded from the definition of "controlled  
17 substance analog" are those substances that are generally  
18 recognized as safe and effective within the meaning of the  
19 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or have been manufactured,  
20 distributed or possessed in conformance with the provisions of  
21 an approved new drug application or an exemption for  
22 investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the  
23 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;

24           X. "human consumption" includes application,  
25 injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other manner of

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1 introduction;

2 Y. "drug-free school zone" means a public school,  
3 parochial school or private school or property that is used for  
4 a public, parochial or private school purpose and the area  
5 within one thousand feet of the school property line, but it  
6 does not mean any post-secondary school; and

7 Z. "valid practitioner-patient relationship" means  
8 a professional relationship, as defined by the practitioner's  
9 licensing board, between the practitioner and the patient."

10 SECTION 3. Section 30-31-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972,  
11 Chapter 84, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

12 "30-31-6. SCHEDULE I.--The following controlled  
13 substances are included in Schedule I:

14 A. any of the following opiates, including their  
15 isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters  
16 and ethers, unless specifically exempted, whenever the  
17 existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts is  
18 possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 19 (1) acetylmethadol;
- 20 (2) allylprodine;
- 21 (3) alphacetylmethadol;
- 22 (4) alphameprodine;
- 23 (5) alphamethadol;
- 24 (6) benzethidine;
- 25 (7) betacetylmethadol;

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- 1 (8) betameprodine;
  - 2 (9) betamethadol;
  - 3 (10) betaprodine;
  - 4 (11) clonitazene;
  - 5 (12) dextromoramide;
  - 6 (13) dextrorphan;
  - 7 (14) diampromide;
  - 8 (15) diethylthiambutene;
  - 9 (16) dimenoxadol;
  - 10 (17) dimepheptanol;
  - 11 (18) dimethylthiambutene;
  - 12 (19) dioxaphetyl butyrate;
  - 13 (20) dipipanone;
  - 14 (21) ethylmethylthiambutene;
  - 15 (22) etonitazene;
  - 16 (23) etoxeridine;
  - 17 (24) furethidine;
  - 18 (25) hydroxypethidine;
  - 19 (26) ketobemidone;
  - 20 (27) levomoramide;
  - 21 (28) levophenacylmorphane;
  - 22 (29) morpheridine;
  - 23 (30) noracymethadol;
  - 24 (31) norlevorphanol;
  - 25 (32) normethadone;

- 1 (33) norpipanone;
- 2 (34) phenadoxone;
- 3 (35) phenampromide;
- 4 (36) phenomorphan;
- 5 (37) phenoperidine;
- 6 (38) piritramide;
- 7 (39) proheptazine;
- 8 (40) properidine;
- 9 (41) racemoramide; and
- 10 (42) trimeperidine;

11 B. any of the following opium derivatives, their  
12 salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically  
13 exempted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and  
14 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical  
15 designation:

- 16 (1) acetorphine;
- 17 (2) acetyldihydrocodeine;
- 18 (3) benzylmorphine;
- 19 (4) codeine methylbromide;
- 20 (5) codeine-N-oxide;
- 21 (6) cyprenorphine;
- 22 (7) desomorphine;
- 23 (8) dihydromorphine;
- 24 (9) etorphine;
- 25 (10) heroin;



- 1 (11) hydromorphenol;  
2 (12) methyl-desorphine;  
3 (13) methyl-dihydromorphine;  
4 (14) morphine methylbromide;  
5 (15) morphine methylsulfonate;  
6 (16) morphine-N-oxide;  
7 (17) myrophine;  
8 (18) nicocodeine;  
9 (19) nicomorphine;  
10 (20) normorphine;  
11 (21) pholcodine; and  
12 (22) thebacon;

13 C. any material, compound, mixture or preparation  
14 that contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic  
15 substances, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless  
16 specifically exempted, whenever the existence of these salts,  
17 isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific  
18 chemical designation:

- 19 (1) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;  
20 (2) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;  
21 (3) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;  
22 (4) bufotenine;  
23 (5) diethyltryptamine;  
24 (6) dimethyltryptamine;  
25 (7) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine;

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- 1 (8) ibogaine;
- 2 (9) lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 3 (10) marijuana;
- 4 (11) mescaline;
- 5 (12) peyote, except as otherwise provided in
- 6 the Controlled Substances Act;
- 7 (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 8 (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 9 (15) psilocybin;
- 10 (16) psilocyn;
- 11 (17) tetrahydrocannabinols;
- 12 (18) hashish;
- 13 (19) synthetic cannabinoids, including:
- 14 (a) 1-[2-(4-(morpholinyl)ethyl]
- 15 -3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 16 (b) 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 17 (c) 1-hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 18 (d) 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;
- 19 (e) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)
- 20 indole;
- 21 (f) cannabicyclohexanol (CP 47, 497 and
- 22 homologues: 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)
- 23 -3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP-47,497); and 5-(1,
- 24 1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol;
- 25 (g) 6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)

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1 -6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,  
 2 10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol);

3 (h) dexanabinol, (6aS,10aS)  
 4 -9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)  
 5 -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;

6 (i) 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro naphthoyl)  
 7 indole;

8 (j) (2-methyl-1-propyl-1H-indol-3-yl)  
 9 -1-naphthalenyl-methanone; and

10 (k) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-(3-hydroxy  
 11 cyclohexyl)-phenol;

12 (20) 3,4-methylenedioxy methcathinone;

13 (21) 3,4-methylenedioxy pyrovalerone;

14 (22) 4-methylmethcathinone;

15 (23) 4-methoxymethcathinone;

16 (24) 3-fluoromethcathinone; and

17 (25) 4-fluoromethcathinone;

18 D. the enumeration of peyote as a controlled  
 19 substance does not apply to the use of peyote in bona fide  
 20 religious ceremonies by a bona fide religious organization, and  
 21 members of the organization so using peyote are exempt from  
 22 registration. Any person who manufactures peyote for or  
 23 distributes peyote to the organization or its members shall  
 24 comply with the federal Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and  
 25 Control Act of 1970 and all other requirements of law;

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 [bracketed material] = delete

1                   E. the enumeration of marijuana,  
2                   tetrahydrocannabinols or chemical derivatives of  
3                   tetrahydrocannabinol as Schedule I controlled substances does  
4                   not apply to research and development of industrial hemp or to  
5                   the use of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols or chemical  
6                   derivatives of tetrahydrocannabinol by certified patients  
7                   pursuant to the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Act  
8                   or by qualified patients pursuant to the provisions of the Lynn  
9                   and Erin Compassionate Use Act or by qualified entities  
10                  pursuant to rules adopted by the New Mexico department of  
11                  agriculture; and

12                   F. controlled substances added to Schedule I by  
13                   rule adopted by the board pursuant to Section 30-31-3 NMSA  
14                   1978."

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~~[bracketed material] = delete~~