1	SENATE BILL 357
2	52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Daniel A. Ivey-Soto and Nora Espinoza
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10	AN ACT
11	REPLACING THE TERMS "GENERAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA", "GENERAL
12	EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATE", "GENERAL EDUCATIONAL
13	DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATE", "CERTIFICATE OF GENERAL EQUIVALENCY",
14	"GENERAL EQUIVALENCY DIPLOMA CERTIFICATE", "GED CERTIFICATE",
15	"HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY DIPLOMA", "CERTIFICATE OF EQUIVALENCY"
16	AND "GENERAL EQUIVALENCY DIPLOMA" WITH THE TERM "HIGH SCHOOL
17	EQUIVALENCY CREDENTIAL".
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
20	SECTION 1. Section 21-1-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1912,
21	Chapter 83, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
22	"21-1-1. STATE INSTITUTIONSADMISSION REQUIREMENTS TO BE
23	ESTABLISHED BY BOARDS OF REGENTS
24	A. The respective boards of regents of New Mexico
25	state university, New Mexico institute of mining and
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technology, the university of New Mexico and the New Mexico military institute at Roswell shall determine and fix the standard of requirements for admission to their respective institutions.

In determining the standard of requirements for 5 Β. admission to their respective institutions, boards of regents 6 7 shall not require a student who has completed the requirements of a home-based or nonpublic school educational program and who 8 9 has submitted test scores that otherwise qualify [him] the student for admission to that institution to obtain or submit 10 proof of having obtained a [general education development 11 12 certificate] high school equivalency credential. Tn determining requirements for admission, boards of regents shall 13 evaluate and treat applicants from home-based educational 14 programs or nonpublic schools fairly and in a nondiscriminatory 15 manner." 16

SECTION 2. Section 21-1-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 182, Section 1) is amended to read:

"21-1-1.1. HOME SCHOOL STUDENTS--ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS--PUBLIC POST-SECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.--In determining the standard of requirements for admission to any public post-secondary educational institution, the board of regents, governing board or community college board shall not require a student who has completed the requirements of a home-based or nonpublic school educational program and who has submitted test .198539.1

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1	scores that otherwise qualify [ <del>him</del> ] <u>the student</u> for admission
2	to that institution to obtain or submit proof of having
3	obtained a [ <del>general</del> ] <u>high school</u> equivalency [ <del>diploma</del>
4	certificate] credential. In determining requirements for
5	admission, the board of regents, governing board or community
6	college board shall evaluate and treat applicants from home-
7	based or nonpublic educational programs fairly and in a
8	nondiscriminatory manner."
9	SECTION 3. Section 21-1-1.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007,
10	Chapter 227, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
11	"21-1-1.2. DUAL CREDIT FOR HIGH SCHOOL AND POST-SECONDARY
12	CLASSES
13	A. As used in this section:
14	(1) "bureau of Indian education school" means
15	a school located in New Mexico that is under the control of the
16	bureau of Indian education of the United States department of
17	the interior;
18	(2) "dual credit course" means a post-
19	secondary course that may be academic or career-technical but
20	not remedial or developmental and specified in a rule
21	promulgated pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection G of this
22	section for which a student simultaneously earns credit toward
23	high school graduation and a post-secondary degree or
24	certificate;
25	(3) "dual credit program" means a program
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1 offered by a public post-secondary educational institution or 2 tribal college that allows high school students to enroll in 3 dual credit courses; "high school" means a school offering one 4 (4) 5 or more of grades nine through twelve or their equivalent and that is a school district, charter school, state-supported 6 7 school, bureau of Indian education school, private school or home school; and 8 9 (5) "tribal college" means a tribally, federally or congressionally chartered post-secondary 10 educational institution located in New Mexico that is 11 12 accredited by the north central association of colleges and schools. 13 14 Β. To be eligible to participate in a dual credit program, the student shall be a school-age person as that term 15 is defined in the Public School Code and: 16 except as provided in Subsection C of this 17 (1) section, be enrolled in a school district, charter school or 18 state-supported school in one-half or more of the minimum 19 20 course requirements approved by the public education department for public school students or, if a student in a bureau of Indian education school, private school or home school, be receiving at least one-half of the student's instruction at the

student's high school; and

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(2) obtain permission from the student's

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school counselor, school principal or head administrator of the high school that the student primarily attends prior to enrolling in a dual credit course.

C. A student who has met the eligibility criteria provided for in Subsection B of this section in a fall or winter semester and who has not graduated or earned a [general educational development certificate] high school equivalency credential may take courses for dual credit during the immediately succeeding summer semester.

D. The high school that the student primarily attends shall pay the cost of the required textbooks and other course supplies for the post-secondary course the student is enrolled in through purchase arrangements with the bookstore at the public post-secondary educational institution or tribal college or through other cost-efficient methods. The student shall return the textbooks and unused course supplies to the high school when the student completes the course or withdraws from the course.

E. A public post-secondary educational institution or tribal college that participates in a dual credit program shall waive all general fees for dual credit courses.

F. The higher education department shall revise procedures in the higher education funding formula to address enrollments in dual credit courses and to encourage institutions to waive tuition for high school students taking .198539.1

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2 G. The higher education department and the public education department shall adopt and promulgate rules to 3 implement a dual credit program that specify: 4 (1) post-secondary courses that are eligible 5 for dual credit; 6 7 (2) conditions that apply, including: the required academic standing and (a) 8 conduct of students enrolled in dual credit courses; 9 (b) the semesters in which dual credit 10 courses may be taken; 11 12 (c) the nature of high school credit earned; 13 14 (d) any caps on the number of courses, location of courses and provision of transcripts; and 15 (e) an appeals process for a student who 16 is denied permission to enroll in a dual credit course; 17 accommodations or other arrangements (3) 18 19 applicable to special education students; 20 (4) the contents of the uniform master agreement that govern the roles, responsibilities and 21 liabilities of the high school, the public post-secondary 22 educational institution or tribal college and the student and 23 the student's family; 24 (5) provisions for expanding dual credit 25 .198539.1

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1 opportunities through distance learning and other methods; 2 (6) the means by which school districts, 3 charter schools and state-supported schools are required to inform students and parents about opportunities to participate 4 in dual credit programs during student advisement, academic 5 support and formulation of annual next step plans, as well as 6 7 other methods; and 8 (7) provisions for collecting and 9 disseminating annual data, including: (a) the number of students taking dual 10 credit courses; 11 12 (b) the participating high schools, public post-secondary educational institutions and tribal 13 14 colleges; the courses taken and grades earned; (c) 15 (d) the high school graduation rates for 16 participating school districts, charter schools and state-17 supported schools; 18 19 (e) the public post-secondary 20 educational institutions and tribal colleges that participating students ultimately attend; and 21 (f) the cost of providing dual credit 22 courses. 23 The higher education department and the public н. 24 education department shall evaluate the dual credit program in 25 .198539.1 - 7 -

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1 terms of its accessibility to students statewide and its effect 2 on: 3 (1) student achievement in secondary 4 education; student enrollment and completion of 5 (2) higher education; and 6 7 (3) high schools, public post-secondary educational institutions and tribal colleges. 8 9 I. The departments shall make an annual report, including recommendations, to the governor and the legislative 10 education study committee. 11 12 J. The provisions of this section do not apply to the New Mexico military institute." 13 SECTION 4. Section 21-1-4.6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, 14 Chapter 348, Section 1) is amended to read: 15 NONDISCRIMINATION POLICY FOR ADMISSION TO ANY "21-1-4.6. 16 PUBLIC POST-SECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION --17 18 NONDISCRIMINATION IN ELIGIBILITY FOR EDUCATION BENEFITS .--19 Α. A public post-secondary educational institution 20 shall not deny admission to a student on account of the student's immigration status. 21 Any tuition rate or state-funded financial aid 22 Β. that is granted to residents of New Mexico shall also be 23 granted on the same terms to all persons, regardless of 24 immigration status, who have attended a secondary educational 25 .198539.1 - 8 -

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institution in New Mexico for at least one year and who have either graduated from a New Mexico high school or received a [general educational development certificate] <u>high school</u> <u>equivalency credential</u> in New Mexico."

SECTION 5. Section 21-1-43 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, Chapter 7, Section 1) is amended to read:

"21-1-43. FIRST YEAR OF COLLEGE OUTCOMES OF NEW MEXICO PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES--ANNUAL REPORTS.--

A. Upon request from a public high school or school district superintendent in New Mexico, a public post-secondary educational institution shall provide a report of students who enroll in the institution within three years of graduating from that high school or leaving that high school without enrolling in another high school or earning a [general educational development certificate] high school equivalency credential. Information in the reports may be used by the high schools and public post-secondary educational institutions to improve instruction, student preparation and advisement.

B. The higher education department, in consultation with the public education department and representatives of public high schools and public post-secondary educational institutions, shall prescribe the form of the reports. Reports shall not include any personally identifiable student information. The reports shall be designed to show advanced placement by subject, total credits earned, grade point .198539.1

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averages, retention from fall to spring semester of the first year of college and frequency and patterns of remedial or development courses being taken.

4 C. The higher education department shall be5 provided with copies of the reports."

SECTION 6. Section 21-21L-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 192, Section 3, as amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 70, Section 2 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 71, Section 2 and also by Laws 2007, Chapter 85, Section 2) is amended to read:

"21-21L-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the College Affordability Act:

A. "commission" or "department" means the higher education department;

B. "eligible student" means a New Mexico resident who is enrolled or enrolling at least half-time in a public post-secondary educational institution or tribal college at any time later than one hundred twenty days following high school graduation or the award of a [general educational development certificate] high school equivalency credential;

C. "scholarship" means a college affordability scholarship; and

D. "tribal college" means a tribally, federally or congressionally chartered post-secondary educational institution located in New Mexico that is accredited by the north central association of colleges and schools."

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1	SECTION 7. Section 22-1-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007,
2	Chapter 74, Section 1) is amended to read:
3	"22-1-9. HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMARESIDENT MILITARY
4	DEPENDENTS
5	A. A New Mexico resident high school student who is
6	required to move out of state because the student's parent is a
7	member of the New Mexico national guard or a branch of the
8	armed forces of the United States and the parent is transferred
9	to an out-of-state location may receive a New Mexico high
10	school diploma under the following conditions:
11	(1) the student was a New Mexico resident and
12	was regularly enrolled in a New Mexico high school prior to the
13	parent being transferred to an out-of-state location;
14	(2) the student's parent notified the school
15	district of the move and that the parent and student were
16	retaining their New Mexico residency;
17	(3) the student transferred to and immediately
18	enrolled in a high school at the new location and received high
19	school credits that meet or exceed New Mexico's requirements
20	for graduation; and
21	(4) the student has not graduated from high
22	school or received a diploma, [ <del>general educational development</del>
23	<del>certificate</del> ] <u>high school equivalency credential</u> or any other
24	certification of high school completion or its equivalent.
25	B. A student who meets the conditions of Subsection
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1 A of this section may request the New Mexico school district 2 from which the student transferred to grant a high school diploma. The student shall include with the request for a New 3 Mexico high school diploma: 4 (1) certification by the parent, and the 5 student if over the age of eighteen, that the parent and 6 7 student maintained their New Mexico residency; 8 a transcript from the high school the (2) 9 student attended and a description of the course units to be transferred; and 10 any other information the school district (3) 11 12 requires to review the request. The school district shall review the student's C. 13 14 high school transcript from the school the student transferred to and determine if the courses and grades meet or exceed New 15 Mexico's requirements for graduation. If the transcript meets 16 New Mexico standards, the school district shall grant the 17 student a high school diploma." 18 Section 22-1-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, 19 SECTION 8. 20 Chapter 112, Section 1) is amended to read: "22-1-11. EDUCATIONAL DATA SYSTEM.--21 A. As used in this section: 22 "council" means the data system council; (1) 23 (2) "data system" means the unified pre-24 25 kindergarten through post-graduate education accountability .198539.1 - 12 -

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1 data system;

2 (3) "data system partners" means the public 3 education department and the higher education department; "educational agencies" means other public 4 (4) agencies and institutions that provide educational services for 5 resident school-age persons and children in state-funded 6 7 private pre-kindergarten programs; and "pre-kindergarten through post-graduate 8 (5) system" means an integrated, seamless pre-kindergarten through 9 post-graduate system of education. 10 The data system partners, in consultation with Β. 11 12 the council, shall establish a data system, the purpose of which is to: 13 collect, integrate and report longitudinal 14 (1)student-level and educator data required to implement federally 15 or state-required education performance accountability 16 17 measures; conduct research and evaluation regarding (2) 18 federal, state and local education and training programs at all 19 20 levels; and audit and ensure compliance of those (3) 21 programs with applicable federal or state requirements. 22 C. The components of the data system shall include 23 the use of a common student identifier for the pre-kindergarten 24 through post-graduate system and an educator identifier, both 25 .198539.1

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1 of which may include additional identifiers, with the ability to match educator data to student data and educator data to 2 data from schools, post-secondary education programs and other 3 educational agencies. 4 The data system partners shall convene a "data 5 D. system council" made up of the following members: 6 7 (1) the secretary of public education or the secretary's designee; 8 9 (2) the secretary of higher education or the secretary's designee; 10 the secretary of children, youth and (3) 11 12 families or the secretary's designee; the secretary of workforce solutions or (4) 13 14 the secretary's designee; the secretary of economic development or 15 (5) the secretary's designee; 16 (6) the secretary of information technology or 17 the secretary's designee; 18 (7) the secretary of human services or the 19 20 secretary's designee; the secretary of health or the secretary's 21 (8) designee; 22 (9) the director of the office of education 23 accountability or the director's designee; 24 (10) the director of the public school 25 .198539.1 - 14 -

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1 facilities authority or the director's designee; 2 a representative from the office of the (11)3 governor; (12) the presidents or their designees of one 4 5 research university, one four-year comprehensive university, two branch colleges and two independent community colleges; 6 7 provided that the presidents shall be selected by the data system partners in collaboration with organizations that 8 9 represent the presidents of those institutions; (13) at least six public school 10 superintendents or their designees; provided that the 11 12 appointments by the data system partners shall be made so that small, medium and large school districts are equally 13 represented on the council at all times; 14 (14) at least three charter school 15 administrators or their designees appointed by the data system 16 17 partners; the director of the legislative education (15) 18 19 study committee or the director's designee; and 20 (16) the director of the legislative finance committee or the director's designee. 21 Ε. The council shall: 22 meet at least four times each calendar (1) 23 year; 24 (2) create a management plan that assigns 25 .198539.1 - 15 -

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1 authority and responsibility for the operation of the data 2 system among the educational agencies whose data will be 3 included in the data system; assist the educational agencies whose data 4 (3) 5 will be included in the data system in developing interagency 6 agreements to: 7 (a) enable data to be shared across and 8 between the educational agencies; 9 (b) define appropriate uses of data; assure researcher access to data; 10 (c) (d) assure the security of the data 11 12 system; ensure that the educational system 13 (e) agencies represented on the council, the legislative education 14 study committee, the legislative finance committee and other 15 users, as appropriate, have access to the data system; and 16 (f) ensure the privacy of any person 17 whose personally identifiable information is contained in the 18 19 data system; 20 (4) develop a strategic plan for the data system; and 21 (5) create policies that ensure users have 22 prompt and reasonable access to reports generated from the data 23 system, including: 24 identification of categories of data 25 (a) .198539.1 - 16 -

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1 system users based on security level;

2 (b) descriptions of the reports that the 3 data system is capable of generating on demand; and definitions of the most timely 4 (c) 5 process by which users may retrieve other reports without compromising the security of the data system or the privacy of 6 7 any person whose personally identifiable information is 8 contained in the data system. F. 9 The data system strategic plan shall include: the development of policy and practical 10 (1) goals, including time lines and budget goals, that are to be 11 12 met through the implementation of the data system; and the training and professional development (2) 13 14

that the data system partners will provide to users who will be analyzing, accessing or entering data into the data system.

G. The confidentiality of personally identifiable student and educator data shall be safeguarded consistent with the requirements of state and federal law. To the extent permitted by the data system partners in conformance with state and federal law, public entities participating in the data system may:

(1) disclose or redisclose data for
 educational purposes and longitudinal comparisons, analyses or
 studies, including those authorized by law;

(2) enter into agreements with other

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organizations for research studies to improve instruction for the benefit of local educational agencies, public schools and post-secondary educational institutions, subject to safeguards to ensure that the research organization uses the student records only for the authorized study purposes; and

(3) disclose education records to a student's former secondary school or school district upon request solely for purposes of evaluation or accountability for its programs.

H. Nothing in this section precludes the data system partners, in consultation with school districts, charter schools and public post-secondary educational institutions, from collecting and distributing aggregate data about students or educators or data about an individual student or educator without personally identifiable information.

I. The data system partners, in consultation with school districts, charter schools and public post-secondary educational institutions, shall jointly adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section, including security administration requirements and the provision of training for data entry personnel at all levels.

J. By December 31 of each year, the data system partners shall submit a data system status report to the legislature and to the governor. Prior to submission and publication of the report referred to in Subsection K <u>of this</u> <u>section</u>, the data system partners shall distribute a draft of .198539.1

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1 the report to school districts, charter schools and all public 2 post-secondary educational institutions to allow comment on the 3 draft report.

K. The data system partners, in consultation with school districts, charter schools and public post-secondary educational institutions, shall develop and adopt the content and a format for the report, including the ability of the data system to:

9 (1) connect student records from pre-10 kindergarten through post-graduate education;

11 (2) connect public school educator data to
12 student data;

(3) match individual public school students' test records from year to year to measure academic growth, including student-level college and career readiness test scores;

(4) report the number and percentage of untested public school students by school district and by school and by major ethnic group, special education status, poverty status and gender;

(5) report high school longitudinal graduation and dropout data, including information that distinguishes between dropouts or students whose whereabouts are unknown and students who have transferred to other schools, including private schools or home schools, other school districts or .198539.1

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1 other states;

2 (6) provide post-secondary remediation data,
3 including assessment scores on exams used to determine the need
4 for remediation;

5 (7) provide post-secondary remedial course
6 enrollment history, including the number and type of credit and
7 noncredit remedial courses being taken;

8 (8) report post-secondary retention data that
9 indicate whether students are returning the second fall term
10 after being enrolled as full-time first-time degree-seeking
11 students;

(9) report to New Mexico public high schools on their students who enroll in a public post-secondary educational institution within three years of graduating or leaving the high school regarding freshman-year outcomes;

(10) provide post-secondary student completion
status, including information that indicates if students are
making annual progress toward their degrees;

(11) include data regarding students who have earned a [general educational development certificate] <u>high</u> <u>school equivalency credential</u> in reporting post-secondary outcomes;

(12) report data collected for the educator accountability reporting system;

(13) report pre-kindergarten through post-

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1 graduate student-level enrollment data, demographic information 2 and program participation information; 3 (14) report pre-kindergarten through postgraduate student-level transcript information, including 4 information on courses completed, grades earned and cumulative 5 grade point average; 6 7 (15) connect performance with financial 8 information; establish and maintain a state data audit 9 (16) system to assess the quality, validity and reliability of data; 10 and 11 12 (17) provide any other student-level and educator data necessary to assess the performance of the pre-13 14 kindergarten through post-graduate system." Section 22-2-8.8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, SECTION 9. 15 Chapter 193, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: 16 "22-2-8.8. HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY CREDENTIAL.--The 17 18 department shall issue a high school equivalency credential to 19 any candidate who is at least sixteen years of age and who has 20 successfully completed the high school equivalency <u>credential</u> tests." 21 SECTION 10. Section 22-2C-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 22 Chapter 153, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read: 23 "22-2C-11. ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM 24 25 REPORTING--PARENT SURVEY--DATA SYSTEM--FISCAL INFORMATION.--.198539.1

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A. The department shall:

(1) issue a state identification number for each public school student for use in the accountability data system;

(2) adopt the format for reporting individual student assessments to parents. The student assessments shall report each student's progress and academic needs as measured against state standards;

9 (3) adopt the format for reporting annual yearly progress of public schools, school districts, state-10 chartered charter schools and the department. A school 11 12 district's report shall include reports of all locally chartered charter schools in the school district. If the 13 14 department has adopted a state improving schools program, the annual accountability report shall include the results of that 15 program for each public school. The annual accountability 16 report format shall be clear, concise and understandable to 17 parents and the general public. All annual accountability 18 reports shall ensure that the privacy of individual students is 19 20 protected;

(4) require that when public schools, school districts, state-chartered charter schools and the state disaggregate and report school data for demographic subgroups, they include data disaggregated by ethnicity, race, limited English proficiency, students with disabilities, poverty and .198539.1

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1	gender; provided that ethnicity and race shall be reported
2	using the following categories:
3	(a) Caucasian, non-Hispanic;
4	(b) Hispanic;
5	(c) African American;
6	(d) American Indian or Alaska Native;
7	(e) Native Hawaiian or other Pacific
8	Islander;
9	(f) Asian;
10	(g) two or more races; and
11	(h) other; provided that if the sample
12	of students in any category enumerated in Subparagraphs (a)
13	through (g) of this paragraph is so small that a student in the
14	sample may be personally identifiable in violation of the
15	federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the
16	report may combine that sample into the "other" category;
17	(5) report cohort graduation data annually for
18	the state, for each school district and for each state-
19	chartered charter school and each public high school, based on
20	information provided by all school districts and state-
21	chartered charter schools according to procedures established
22	by the department; provided that the report shall include the
23	number and percentage of students in a cohort who:
24	(a) have graduated by August 1 of the
25	fourth year after entering the ninth grade;
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(b) have graduated in more than four
 years, but by August 1 of the fifth year after entering ninth
 grade;
 (c) have received a state certificate by

exiting the school system at the end of grade twelve without having satisfied the requirements for a high school diploma as provided in Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978 or completed all course requirements but have not passed the graduation assessment or portfolio of standards-based indicators pursuant to Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978;

11 (d) have dropped out or whose status is
12 unknown;

13 (e) have exited public school and 14 indicated an intent to pursue a [general educational 15 development certificate] high school equivalency credential; or 16 (f) are still enrolled in public school;

(6) report annually, based on data provided by school districts and state-chartered charter schools, the number and percentage of public school students in each cohort in the state in grades nine through twelve who have advanced to the next grade or graduated on schedule, who remain enrolled but have not advanced to the next grade on schedule, who have dropped out or whose other educational outcomes are known to the department; and

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establish technical criteria and

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procedures to define which students are included or excluded 1 2 from a cohort.

Local school boards and governing boards of Β. charter schools may establish additional indicators through which to measure the school district's or charter school's performance in areas other than adequate yearly progress.

C. The school district's or state-chartered charter 8 school's annual accountability report shall include a report of four- and five-year graduation rates for each public high school in the school district or state-chartered charter 10 school. All annual accountability reports shall ensure that the privacy of individual students is protected. As part of the graduation rate data, the school district or statechartered charter school shall include data showing the number and percentage of students in the cohort:

(1) who have received a state certificate by exiting the school system at the end of grade twelve without having satisfied the requirements for a high school diploma as provided in Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978 or completed all course requirements but have not passed the graduation assessment or portfolio of standards-based indicators pursuant to Section 22-13-1.1 NMSA 1978;

(2) who have dropped out or whose status is unknown;

> (3) who have exited public school and

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1 indicated an intent to pursue a [general educational 2 development certificate | high school equivalency credential; (4) who are still enrolled; and 3 whose other educational outcomes are known 4 (5) to the school district. 5 The school district's or state-chartered charter D. 6 7 school's annual accountability report shall include the results of a survey of parents' views of the quality of their 8 9 children's school. The survey shall be conducted each year in time to include the results in the annual accountability 10 The survey shall compile the results of a written 11 report. questionnaire that shall be sent home with the students to be 12 given to their parents. The survey may be completed 13 14 anonymously. The survey shall be no more than one page, shall be clearly and concisely written and shall include not more 15 than twenty questions that shall be answered with options of a 16 simple sliding scale ranging from "strongly agree" to "strongly 17 disagree" and shall include the optional response "don't know". 18 The survey shall also include a request for optional written 19 20 comments, which may be written on the back of the questionnaire form. The questionnaire shall include questions in the 21 following areas: 22 parent-teacher-school relationship and (1) 23

communication;

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(2) quality of educational and extracurricular

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1 programs; 2 (3) instructional practices and techniques; 3 (4) resources; school employees, including the school 4 (5) 5 principal; and parents' views of teaching staff (6) 6 7 expectations for the students. The department shall develop no more than ten of 8 Ε. 9 the survey questions, which shall be reviewed by the legislative education study committee prior to implementation. 10 No more than five survey questions shall be developed by the 11 12 local school board or governing body of a state-chartered charter school, and no more than five survey questions shall be 13 developed by the staff of each public school; provided that at 14 least one-half of those questions shall be developed by 15 teachers rather than school administrators, in order to gather 16 information that is specific to the particular community 17 surveyed. The questionnaires shall indicate the public school 18 site and shall be tabulated by the department within thirty 19 20 days of receipt and shall be returned to the respective schools to be disseminated to all parents. 21 F. The school district's or state-chartered charter 22 school's annual accountability report shall be adopted by the 23 local school board or governing body of the state-chartered

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charter school, shall be published no later than November 15 of

each year and shall be published at least once each school year in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the school district or state-chartered charter school is located. In publication, the report shall be titled "The School District Report Card" or "The Charter School Report Card" and disseminated in accordance with guidelines established by the department to ensure effective communication with parents, students, educators, local policymakers and business and community organizations.

10 G. The annual accountability report shall include 11 the names of those members of the local school board or the 12 governing body of the charter school who failed to attend 13 annual mandatory training.

H. The annual accountability report shall include data on expenditures for central office administration and expenditures for the public schools of the school district or charter school.

I. The department shall create an accountability data system through which data from each public school and each school district or state-chartered charter school may be compiled and reviewed. The department shall provide the resources to train school district and charter school personnel in the use of the accountability data system.

J. The department shall verify data submitted by the school districts and state-chartered charter schools.

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К. At the end of fiscal year 2005, after the budget approval cycle, the department shall produce a report to the legislature that shows for all school districts using performance-based program budgeting the relationship between that portion of a school district's program cost generated by each public school in the school district and the budgeted expenditures for each public school in the school district as reported in the district's performance-based program budget. At the end of fiscal year 2006 and subsequent fiscal years, after the budget approval cycle, the department shall report on this relationship in all public schools in all school districts in the state.

When all public schools are participating in L. performance-based budgeting, the department shall recommend annually to the legislature for inclusion in the general appropriation act the maximum percentage of appropriations that may be expended in each school district for central office administration.

Μ. The department shall disseminate its statewide accountability report to school districts and charter schools; the governor, legislators and other policymakers; and business and economic development organizations.

N. As used in this section, "cohort" means a group of students who enter grade nine for the first time at the same time, plus those students who transfer into the group in later .198539.1

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1 years and minus those students who leave the cohort for 2 documented excusable reasons." SECTION 11. Section 22-5-4.9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 3 4 Chapter 113, Section 1) is amended to read: "22-5-4.9. 5 HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS--WORLD WAR II VETERANS.--6 Α. Notwithstanding any other provision of the 7 Public School Code, a local school board may issue a high 8 school diploma to a World War II veteran who: 9 (1)is an honorably discharged member of the 10 armed forces of the United States; (2) was scheduled to graduate from high school 11 12 after 1940 and before 1951; was a resident of New Mexico and attended 13 (3) 14 a high school in the locality of the current school district; and 15 left high school before graduation to 16 (4) 17 serve in World War II. A local school board may issue a high school 18 Β. 19 diploma to a qualifying World War II veteran regardless of 20 whether the veteran holds a high school equivalency [diploma] credential or is deceased. 21 The [state board] department shall adopt and С. 22 promulgate rules to carry out the provisions of this section, 23 including: 24 an application form to be submitted by the 25 (1) .198539.1 - 30 -

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1 World War II veteran or a person acting on behalf of the 2 veteran if the veteran is incapacitated or deceased; and 3 (2) what constitutes acceptable evidence of eligibility for a diploma." 4 SECTION 12. Section 22-5-4.10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, 5 Chapter 11, Section 1) is amended to read: 6 7 "22-5-4.10. HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS--KOREAN CONFLICT 8 VETERANS . - -9 Α. Notwithstanding any other provision of the 10 Public School Code, a local school board may issue a high school diploma to a Korean conflict veteran who: 11 is an honorably discharged member of the 12 (1)13 armed forces of the United States; 14 (2) was scheduled to graduate from high school after June 27, 1950 and before January 31, 1955; 15 (3) was a resident of New Mexico and attended 16 17 a high school in the locality of the current school district; 18 and 19 (4) left high school before graduation to 20 serve in the Korean conflict. A local school board may issue a high school 21 Β. diploma to a qualifying Korean conflict veteran regardless of 22 whether the veteran holds a high school equivalency [diploma] 23 credential or is deceased. 24 C. The department shall adopt and promulgate rules 25 .198539.1

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1 to carry out the provisions of this section, including: 2 an application form to be submitted to the (1)3 local school board by the Korean conflict veteran or a person acting on behalf of the veteran if the veteran is incapacitated 4 5 or deceased; and what constitutes acceptable evidence of 6 (2) 7 eligibility for a diploma." Section 22-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 8 SECTION 13. 9 10 to read: 11 12 "22-12-2. 13 Except as otherwise provided, a school-age Α. 14 15 16 bracketed material] = delete 17 18 19 20 superintendent. 21 B. A school-age person subject to the provisions of 22 23 24

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Chapter 16, Section 170, as amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 307, Section 6 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 308, Section 6) is amended

COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE--RESPONSIBILITY.--

person shall attend public school, private school, home school or a state institution until the school-age person is at least eighteen years of age unless that person has graduated from high school or received a [general educational development certificate] high school equivalency credential. A parent may give written, signed permission for the school-age person to leave school in case of hardship approved by the local

the Compulsory School Attendance Law shall attend school for at least the length of time of the school year that is established in the school district in which the person is a resident or the .198539.1

1 state-chartered charter school in which the person is enrolled 2 and the school district or state-chartered charter school shall 3 not excuse a student from attending school except as provided in that law or for parent-authorized medical reasons. 4 5 C. Any parent of a school-age person subject to the provisions of the Compulsory School Attendance Law is 6 7 responsible for the school attendance of that person. Each local school board and each governing body 8 D. 9 of a charter school or private school shall enforce the provisions of the Compulsory School Attendance Law for students 10 enrolled in their respective schools." 11 12 SECTION 14. Section 27-2B-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1998, 13 Chapter 8, Section 5 and Laws 1998, Chapter 9, Section 5, as 14 amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 46, Section 18 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 350, Section 3) is amended to read: 15 "27-2B-5. WORK REQUIREMENTS--WORK PARTICIPATION RATES.--16 The following qualify as work activities: 17 Α. (1)unsubsidized employment, including self-18 19 employment; 20 (2) subsidized private sector employment, including self-employment; 21 subsidized public sector employment; (3) 22 work experience; (4) 23 (5) on-the-job training; 24 job search and job readiness; 25 (6) .198539.1 - 33 -

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1	<pre>(7) community service programs;</pre>
2	(8) vocational education;
3	(9) job skills training activities directly
4	related to employment;
5	(10) education directly related to employment;
6	(11) satisfactory attendance at a secondary
7	school or course of study leading to a [ <del>certificate of general</del> ]
8	<u>high school</u> equivalency <u>credential</u> in the case of a participant
9	who has not completed secondary school or received such a
10	certificate; and
11	(12) the provision of child care services to a
12	participant who is participating in a community service
13	program.
14	B. The department shall recognize community service
15	programs and job training programs that are operated by an
16	Indian nation, tribe or pueblo.
17	C. The department may not require a participant to
18	work more than four hours per week over the work requirement
19	rate set pursuant to the federal act.
20	D. The department shall require a parent, caretaker
21	or other adult who is a member of a benefit group to engage in
22	a work activity.
23	E. Where best suited for the participant to address
24	barriers, the department may require the following work
25	activities:
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1 (1) participating in parenting classes, money 2 management classes or life skills training; 3 (2) participating in a certified alcohol or drug addiction program; 4 5 in the case of a homeless benefit group, (3) finding a home; 6 7 (4) in the case of a participant who is a victim of domestic violence residing in a domestic violence 8 9 shelter or receiving counseling or treatment or participating in criminal justice activities directed at prosecuting the 10 domestic violence perpetrator for no longer than twenty-four 11 12 weeks; and in the case of a participant who does not (5) 13 14 speak English, participating in a course in English as a second language. 15 Subject to the availability of funds, the F. 16 department in cooperation with the [labor] workforce solutions 17 department, Indian affairs department and other appropriate 18 state agencies may develop projects to provide for the 19 20 placement of participants in work activities, including the following: 21 (1) participating in unpaid internships with 22 private and government entities; 23 refurbishing publicly assisted housing; (2) 24 volunteering at a head start program or a 25 (3) .198539.1

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(4) weatherizing low-income housing; and restoring public sites and buildings, (5) including monuments, parks, fire stations, police buildings, jails, libraries, museums, auditoriums, convention halls, hospitals, buildings for administrative offices and city halls.

G. If a participant is engaged in full-time vocational education studies or an activity set out in 8 Paragraphs (9) through (11) of Subsection A of this section, the participant shall engage in another work activity at the same time. Additionally, for two-parent families that receive federally funded child-care assistance, the participant's spouse shall engage in a work activity set out in Paragraphs (1) through (5) or (7) of Subsection A of this section unless the participant suffers from a temporary or complete disability that bars the participant from engaging in a work activity or the participant is barred from engaging in a work activity because the participant provides sole care for a [disabled] person with a disability.

н. A participant engaged in vocational education studies shall make reasonable efforts to obtain a loan, scholarship, grant or other assistance to pay for costs and tuition, and the department shall disregard those amounts in the eligibility determination.

I. For as long as the described conditions exist, .198539.1

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1 the following are exempt from the work requirement: 2 a participant barred from engaging in a (1)3 work activity because the participant has a temporary or permanent disability; 4 5 a participant over age sixty; (2) a participant barred from engaging in a 6 (3) 7 work activity because the participant provides the sole care for a person with a disability; 8 9 (4) a single custodial parent caring for a child less than twelve months old for a lifetime total of 10 twelve months; 11 12 (5) a single custodial parent caring for a child under six years of age if the parent is unable to obtain 13 child care for one or more of the following reasons: 14 unavailability of appropriate child 15 (a) care within a reasonable distance from the parent's home or 16 work as defined by the children, youth and families department; 17 (b) unavailability or unsuitability of 18 19 informal child care by a relative under other arrangements as 20 defined by the children, youth and families department; or (c) unavailability of appropriate and 21 affordable formal child-care arrangements as defined by the 22 children, youth and families department; 23 a pregnant woman during her last trimester (6) 24 25 of pregnancy; .198539.1 - 37 -

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1 a participant prevented from working by a (7) temporary emergency or a situation that precludes work 2 participation for thirty days or less; 3 a participant who demonstrates by reliable 4 (8) medical, psychological or mental reports, court orders or 5 police reports that family violence or threat of family 6 7 violence effectively bars the participant from employment; and 8 a participant who demonstrates good cause (9) 9 of the need for the exemption. J. As a condition of the exemptions identified in 10 Subsection I of this section, the department may establish 11 12 participation requirements specific to the participant's condition or circumstances, such as substance abuse services, 13 mental health services, domestic violence services, pursuit of 14 disability benefits, job readiness or education directly 15 related to employment. The activities are established to 16 improve the participant's capacity to improve income and 17 strengthen family support." 18 SECTION 15. Section 29-7C-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 19 20 Chapter 320, Section 5) is amended to read: QUALIFICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATION. -- An applicant "29-7C-3. 21 for certification shall provide evidence satisfactory to the 22

board that [<del>he</del>] <u>the applicant</u>: A. is a citizen or legal resident of the United

States and has reached the age of majority;

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1 Β. holds a high school diploma or [general] high 2 school equivalency [diploma] credential from an accredited 3 institution: has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or 4 C. entered a plea of nolo contendere to a: 5 felony charge; or 6 (1)7 (2) violation of a federal or state law, a local ordinance relating to aggravated assault or theft or a 8 9 law involving moral turpitude within the three-year period immediately preceding [his] the application; 10 has not received a dishonorable discharge from D. 11 12 the armed forces of the United States; is free from a physical, emotional or mental Ε. 13 14 condition that might adversely affect [his] the applicant's performance; 15 F. is of good moral character; 16 G. has met all other requirements for certification 17 prescribed by the board; and 18 has received a certificate attesting to [his] 19 н. 20 the applicant's completion of an approved basic telecommunicator training program from the director." 21 SECTION 16. Section 31-18-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1990, 22 Chapter 51, Section 1) is amended to read: 23 "31-18-22. SPECIAL INCARCERATION ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM.--24 25 Α. The corrections department shall develop and .198539.1 - 39 -

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1 implement a special incarceration alternative program for 2 certain adult male and adult female felony offenders pursuant 3 to this section. The program shall provide substance abuse counseling and treatment, [general education diploma] high 4 school equivalency credential preparatory courses, manual labor 5 assignments, physical training and drills, training in 6 7 decision-making and personal development and pre-release skills training. The programs shall be conducted in a strict 8 9 disciplinary environment. Emphasis shall be given to rehabilitation of alcohol and substance abusers. 10 The corrections department shall require that program participants 11 12 complete a structured, ninety-day program.

B. Participation in the program shall be limited to those offenders sentenced on or after July 1, 1990. Offenders ineligible to participate in the program are offenders:

(1) sentenced to death;

(2) who have received a life sentence;

(3) with a record of prior confinement for a felony conviction;

(4) convicted of murder in the first or second degree, child abuse resulting in death or great bodily harm, criminal sexual penetration in the first or second degree or criminal sexual contact with a minor;

(5) convicted of an offense carrying a
mandatory sentence that cannot be suspended or deferred;
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(6) who have participated in a specialincarceration alternative program in the past;

(7) who are more than thirty years of age at time of sentencing; or

(8) who do not volunteer to participate in the program and who do not agree to the special conditions of probation for successful program participants.

C. The corrections department shall develop and adopt regulations to provide for the screening of all convicted felons sentenced to the custody of the corrections department. The regulations shall provide that the screening occurs within thirty days of sentencing. Persons deemed suitable under the regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall not be denied eligibility for participation in the program solely due to physical disability.

D. If the sentencing court accepts the recommendation of the corrections department that the offender is suitable for participation in a special incarceration alternative program, the court shall resentence the offender to provide that, in the event the offender successfully completes the program, the remainder of the sentence shall be suspended and the offender shall be placed on probation for the remainder of the term. The sentencing court shall be notified in writing by the corrections department of the offender's successful completion of the special incarceration alternative program. .198539.1

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E. The corrections department may contract for the design, construction and lease of a facility to house a special incarceration alternative program with public or private agencies, entities or persons capable of providing financing or construction of such a facility. The facility shall be operated by the corrections department.

F. Appropriate post-institutional treatment shall be made available by the corrections department to the offender."

SECTION 17. Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
Chapter 238, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
"33-2-34. ELIGIBILITY FOR EARNED MERITORIOUS
DEDUCTIONS.--

A. To earn meritorious deductions, a prisoner confined in a correctional facility designated by the corrections department must be an active participant in programs recommended for the prisoner by the classification supervisor and approved by the warden or the warden's designee. Meritorious deductions shall not exceed the following amounts:

(1) for a prisoner confined for committing a serious violent offense, up to a maximum of four days per month of time served;

(2) for a prisoner confined for committing a nonviolent offense, up to a maximum of thirty days per month of time served;

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1 (3) for a prisoner confined following 2 revocation of parole for the alleged commission of a new felony offense or for absconding from parole, up to a maximum of four 3 days per month of time served during the parole term following 4 5 revocation: and for a prisoner confined following 6 (4) 7 revocation of parole for a reason other than the alleged 8 commission of a new felony offense or absconding from parole: 9 (a) up to a maximum of eight days per month of time served during the parole term following 10 revocation, if the prisoner was convicted of a serious violent 11 12 offense or failed to pass a drug test administered as a condition of parole; or 13 (b) up to a maximum of thirty days per 14 month of time served during the parole term following 15 revocation, if the prisoner was convicted of a nonviolent 16 offense. 17 B. A prisoner may earn meritorious deductions upon 18 19 recommendation by the classification supervisor, based upon the 20 prisoner's active participation in approved programs and the quality of the prisoner's participation in those approved 21 programs. A prisoner may not earn meritorious deductions unless 22 the recommendation of the classification supervisor is approved 23 by the warden or the warden's designee. 24 C. If a prisoner's active participation in approved 25

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1 programs is interrupted by a lockdown at a correctional 2 facility, the prisoner may continue to be awarded meritorious 3 deductions at the rate the prisoner was earning meritorious deductions prior to the lockdown, unless the warden or the 4 warden's designee determines that the prisoner's conduct 5 contributed to the initiation or continuance of the lockdown. 6 7 D. A prisoner confined in a correctional facility designated by the corrections department is eligible for lump-8 sum meritorious deductions as follows: 9 for successfully completing an approved 10 (1) vocational, substance abuse or mental health program, one month; 11 12 except when the prisoner has a demonstrable physical, mental health or developmental disability that prevents the prisoner 13 14 from successfully earning a [general education diploma] high school equivalency credential, in which case, the prisoner shall 15 be awarded three months: 16 for earning a [general education diploma] 17 (2) high school equivalency credential, three months; 18 for earning an associate's degree, four 19 (3) 20 months; for earning a bachelor's degree, five (4) 21 months; 22 for earning a graduate qualification, five (5) 23 months; and 24 (6) for engaging in a heroic act of saving 25 .198539.1 - 44 -

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1 life or property, engaging in extraordinary conduct for the 2 benefit of the state or the public that is at great expense or risk to or <u>involves great</u> effort on [behalf] the part of the 3 prisoner or engaging in extraordinary conduct far in excess of 4 normal program assignments that demonstrates the prisoner's 5 commitment to self-rehabilitation. The classification 6 7 supervisor and the warden or the warden's designee may recommend the number of days to be awarded in each case based upon the 8 9 particular merits, but any award shall be determined by the director of the adult institutions division of the corrections 10 department or the director's designee. 11

E. Lump-sum meritorious deductions, provided in
Paragraphs (1) through (6) of Subsection D of this section, may
be awarded in addition to the meritorious deductions provided in
Subsections A and B of this section. Lump-sum meritorious
deductions shall not exceed one year per award and shall not
exceed a total of one year for all lump-sum meritorious
deductions awarded in any consecutive twelve-month period.

19 F. A prisoner is not eligible to earn meritorious20 deductions if the prisoner:

(1) disobeys an order to perform labor,pursuant to Section 33-8-4 NMSA 1978;

(2)

(3) is confined for committing a serious violent offense and is within the first sixty days of receipt by .198539.1

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is in disciplinary segregation;

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1 the corrections department; or

2 (4) is not an active participant in programs
3 recommended and approved for the prisoner by the classification
4 supervisor.

G. The provisions of this section shall not be
interpreted as providing eligibility to earn meritorious
deductions from a sentence of life imprisonment or a sentence of
[death] life imprisonment without possibility of release or
parole.

H. The corrections department shall promulgate rules
to implement the provisions of this section, and the rules shall
be matters of public record. A concise summary of the rules
shall be provided to each prisoner, and each prisoner shall
receive a quarterly statement of the meritorious deductions
earned.

I. A New Mexico prisoner confined in a federal or out-of-state correctional facility is eligible to earn meritorious deductions for active participation in programs on the basis of the prisoner's conduct and program reports furnished by that facility to the corrections department. All decisions regarding the award and forfeiture of meritorious deductions at such facility are subject to final approval by the director of the adult institutions division of the corrections department or the director's designee.

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J. In order to be eligible for meritorious

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1 deductions, a prisoner confined in a federal or out-of-state 2 correctional facility designated by the corrections department 3 must actively participate in programs that are available. If a federal or out-of-state correctional facility does not have 4 programs available for a prisoner, the prisoner may be awarded 5 meritorious deductions at the rate the prisoner could have 6 7 earned meritorious deductions if the prisoner had actively 8 participated in programs.

9 K. A prisoner confined in a correctional facility in New Mexico that is operated by a private company, pursuant to a 10 contract with the corrections department, is eligible to earn 11 12 meritorious deductions in the same manner as a prisoner confined in a state-run correctional facility. All decisions regarding 13 the award or forfeiture of meritorious deductions at such 14 facilities are subject to final approval by the director of the 15 adult institutions division of the corrections department or the 16 director's designee. 17

L. As used in this section:

(1) "active participant" means a prisoner who
has begun, and is regularly engaged in, approved programs;

(2) "program" means work, vocational, educational, substance abuse and mental health programs, approved by the classification supervisor, that contribute to a prisoner's self-betterment through the development of personal and occupational skills. "Program" does not include

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1 recreational activities; "nonviolent offense" means any offense 2 (3) other than a serious violent offense; and 3 "serious violent offense" means: 4 (4) second degree murder, as provided in 5 (a) Section 30-2-1 NMSA 1978; 6 7 (b) voluntary manslaughter, as provided in Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 8 9 (c) third degree aggravated battery, as provided in Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978; 10 (d) third degree aggravated battery 11 12 against a household member, as provided in Section 30-3-16 NMSA 13 1978; 14 (e) first degree kidnapping, as provided in Section 30-4-1 NMSA 1978; 15 first and second degree criminal (f) 16 sexual penetration, as provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; 17 second and third degree criminal (g) 18 sexual contact of a minor, as provided in Section 30-9-13 NMSA 19 1978; 20 first and second degree robbery, as (h) 21 provided in Section 30-16-2 NMSA 1978; 22 (i) second degree aggravated arson, as 23 provided in Section 30-17-6 NMSA 1978; 24 shooting at a dwelling or occupied 25 (j) .198539.1 - 48 -

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1 building, as provided in Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978; 2 (k) shooting at or from a motor vehicle, 3 as provided in Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978; aggravated battery upon a peace 4 (1)5 officer, as provided in Section 30-22-25 NMSA 1978; assault with intent to commit a 6 (m) 7 violent felony upon a peace officer, as provided in Section 30-22-23 NMSA 1978; 8 9 (n) aggravated assault upon a peace officer, as provided in Section 30-22-22 NMSA 1978; [and] or 10 any of the following offenses, when (0) 11 12 the nature of the offense and the resulting harm are such that the court judges the crime to be a serious violent offense for 13 14 the purpose of this section: 1) involuntary manslaughter, as provided in Section 30-2-3 NMSA 1978; 2) fourth degree 15 aggravated assault, as provided in Section 30-3-2 NMSA 1978; 3) 16 third degree assault with intent to commit a violent felony, as 17 provided in Section 30-3-3 NMSA 1978; 4) fourth degree 18 19 aggravated assault against a household member, as provided in 20 Section 30-3-13 NMSA 1978; 5) third degree assault against a household member with intent to commit a violent felony, as 21 provided in Section 30-3-14 NMSA 1978; 6) third and fourth 22 degree aggravated stalking, as provided in Section 30-3A-3.1 23 NMSA 1978; 7) second degree kidnapping, as provided in Section 24 30-4-1 NMSA 1978; 8) second degree abandonment of a child, as 25 .198539.1 - 49 -

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1 provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 9) first, second and third 2 degree abuse of a child, as provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978; 10) third degree dangerous use of explosives, as provided 3 in Section 30-7-5 NMSA 1978; 11) third and fourth degree 4 criminal sexual penetration, as provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 5 1978; 12) fourth degree criminal sexual contact of a minor, as 6 7 provided in Section 30-9-13 NMSA 1978; 13) third degree robbery, as provided in Section 30-16-2 NMSA 1978; 14) third degree 8 9 homicide by vehicle or great bodily [injury] harm by vehicle, as provided in Section 66-8-101 NMSA 1978; [and] or 15) battery 10 upon a peace officer, as provided in Section 30-22-24 NMSA 1978. 11

М. Except for sex offenders, as provided in Section 31-21-10.1 NMSA 1978, an offender sentenced to confinement in a correctional facility designated by the corrections department who has been released from confinement and who is serving a parole term may be awarded earned meritorious deductions of up to thirty days per month upon recommendation of the parole officer supervising the offender, with the final approval of the adult parole board. The offender must be in compliance with all the conditions of the offender's parole to be eligible for earned meritorious deductions. The adult parole board may remove earned meritorious deductions previously awarded if the offender later fails to comply with the conditions of the offender's parole. The corrections department and the adult parole board shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions .198539.1

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1 of this subsection. This subsection applies to offenders who 2 are serving a parole term on or after July 1, 2004." SECTION 18. Section 33-11-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1988, 3 Chapter 78, Section 3) is amended to read: 4 "33-11-3. 5 **REGULATIONS.--**A. The corrections department, by July 1, 1988, 6 7 shall adopt regulations for all adult correctional institutions 8 operated by the department for the implementation of a mandatory 9 education program for all inmates to attain a minimum education standard as set forth in this section. 10 [A.] B. The regulations shall apply only to any 11 12 inmate who: commits a crime after the effective date 13 (1)14 of the Inmate Literacy Act; and has eighteen months or more remaining to 15 (2) be served on [his] the inmate's sentence of incarceration; and 16 17 [either] who: 18 [(3)] (a) is not exempted due to a 19 medical, developmental or learning disability; or 20 [(4)] (b) does not possess a [general education diploma] high school equivalency credential or a high 21 school diploma. 22 [B.] C. The regulations adopted shall require that: 23 (1)a minimum education standard shall be met 24 25 beginning in 1988 and in all subsequent years as follows: .198539.1 - 51 -

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1 in 1988, the education standard shall (a) 2 be the equivalent of grade six in reading and math on the test 3 of adult basic education; in 1989, the education standard shall 4 (b) 5 be the equivalent of grade seven in reading and math on the test of adult basic education; 6 7 (c) in 1990, the education standard shall 8 be the equivalent of grade eight in reading and math on the test 9 of adult basic education; and in 1991, the education standard shall 10 (d) be a high school diploma or a [general education diploma] high 11 12 school equivalency credential; inmates who meet the criteria in (2)13 14 Subsection [A] <u>B</u> of this section shall be required to participate in education programs for ninety days. After ninety 15 days, inmates may choose to withdraw from educational programs 16 but will be subject to the provisions of Paragraph (3) of 17 [Subsection B of this section] this subsection; and 18 19 (3) notwithstanding any other provision of 20 law, inmates who are subject to these regulations but who refuse or choose not to participate shall not be eligible for monetary 21 compensation for work performed or for meritorious deduction as 22 set forth in Subsection [A] D of Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978. 23 [C.] D. The regulations may: 24 exclude any inmate who has been 25 (1) .198539.1

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1 incarcerated for less than ninety days in an institution 2 controlled by the corrections department; 3 (2) exclude any inmate who is assigned a minimum custody classification; or 4 defer educational requirements for inmates 5 (3) with sentences longer than ten years." 6 7 SECTION 19. Section 35-2-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968, 8 Chapter 62, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read: 9 "35-2-1. QUALIFICATION--PERSONAL QUALIFICATIONS.--Each magistrate shall be a qualified elector of, 10 Α. and reside in, the magistrate district for which the magistrate 11 12 is elected or appointed. No person is eligible for election or appointment 13 Β. 14 to the office of magistrate unless the person has graduated from high school or has attained the equivalent of a high school 15 education as indicated by possession of a [<del>certificate of</del>] high 16 school equivalency credential issued by the public education 17 18 department based upon the record made on the [general 19 educational development] high school equivalency credential 20 test. In magistrate districts with a population of more C. 21 than two hundred thousand persons in the last federal decennial 22 census, no person is eligible for election to the office of 23 magistrate unless the person: 24 is a member of the bar of this state and 25 (1)

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1 licensed to practice law in this state; or

2 (2) holds the office of magistrate in that
3 district when the federal decennial census is published, as long
4 as there is no break in service.

D. In magistrate districts with a population of more than two hundred thousand persons in the last federal decennial census, no person is eligible for appointment to the office of magistrate unless the person is a member of the bar of this state and licensed to practice law in this state.

E. A person holding the office of magistrate shall not engage in the private practice of law during tenure in office."

SECTION 20. Section 52-1-26.3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1990 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 2, Section 14, as amended) is amended to read:

"52-1-26.3. PARTIAL DISABILITY DETERMINATION--EDUCATION MODIFICATION.--

A. The range of the education modification is one to eight. The modification shall be based upon the worker's formal education, skills and training at the time of the disability rating.

B. A worker shall be awarded points based on the formal education [he] <u>that the worker</u> has received. A worker who:

(1) has completed no higher than the fifth.198539.1

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1 grade shall be awarded three points;

2 (2) has completed the sixth grade but has
3 completed no higher than the eleventh grade shall be awarded two
4 points;

5 (3) has completed the twelfth grade or has
6 obtained a [GED certificate] high school equivalency credential
7 but has not completed a college degree shall be awarded one
8 point; and

9 (4) has completed a college degree or more10 shall receive zero points.

C. A worker shall be awarded points based upon [his] 11 12 the worker's skills. Skills shall be measured by reviewing the jobs [he] that the worker has successfully performed during the 13 14 ten years preceding the date of disability determination. For the purposes of this section, "successfully performed" means 15 having remained on the job the length of time necessary to meet 16 the specific vocational preparation (SVP) time requirement for 17 that job as established in the dictionary of occupational titles 18 published by the United States department of labor. 19 The 20 appropriate award of points shall be based upon the highest SVP level demonstrated by the worker in the performance of the jobs 21 [he] that the worker has successfully performed in the ten-year 22 period preceding the date of disability determination, as 23 follows: 24

(1) a worker with an SVP of one to two shall.198539.1

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1 be awarded four points; 2 (2) a worker with an SVP of three to four 3 shall be awarded three points; a worker with an SVP of five to six shall 4 (3) be awarded two points; and 5 a worker with an SVP of seven to nine (4) 6 7 shall be awarded one point. A worker shall be awarded points based upon the 8 D. 9 training [he] that the worker has received. A worker who cannot competently perform a specific vocational pursuit shall be 10 awarded one point. A worker who can perform a specific 11 12 vocational pursuit shall not receive any points. The sum of the points awarded the worker in 13 Ε. Subsections B, C and D of this section shall constitute the 14 education modification." 15 SECTION 21. Section 58-28-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, 16 Chapter 118, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: 17 "58-28-5. USE OF MONEY--ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.--18 19 Α. Money from the fund and other sources may be used 20 to finance in whole or in part any loans or grant projects that will provide housing for low-income persons and for other uses 21 specified in this section. Money deposited into the fund may be 22 used annually as follows: 23 (1) no more than five percent of the fund 24 25 shall be used for expenses of administering the fund; .198539.1

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1 (2) no less than twenty percent of the fund 2 shall be invested in a permanent capital fund, the interest on which may be used for purposes specified in this section; 3 (3) no less than fifty percent of the fund 4 shall be allocated to eligible organizations to make housing 5 more accessible to low-income persons; 6 7 (4) no more than ten percent of the fund may be [alloted] allocated for use to provide scholarships for New 8 9 Mexico high school graduates and [general] high school equivalency [diploma] credential recipients at New Mexico public 10 post-secondary educational institutions under a program approved 11 12 by the trustee under the administration of a nonprofit statewide land title association: and 13 the remaining balance may be allocated to 14 (5) eligible organizations for other housing-related programs for 15 the benefit of the public as specifically approved by the 16 trustee from time to time. 17 Money in the capital fund authorized in Paragraph 18 Β. (2) of Subsection A of this section may be invested in fully 19 20 amortizing interest-bearing mortgages secured by real property in New Mexico, the interest on which may be used for purposes 21 specified in this section." 22

SECTION 22. Section 58-30-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 362, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"58-30-8. ALLOWABLE USES--WITHDRAWALS FROM INDIVIDUAL .198539.1

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DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNTS--FORFEITURE OF MATCHING FUNDS FROM RESERVE
 ACCOUNT--LOSS OF ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL STATUS.--

A. Allowable uses of the money withdrawn from an individual development account are limited to the following:

5 (1) expenses to attend an approved post6 secondary or vocational educational institution, including
7 payment for tuition, books, supplies and equipment required for
8 courses;

9 (2) costs to acquire or construct a principal
10 residence as defined in rules adopted pursuant to the Individual
11 Development Account Act that is the first principal residence
12 acquired or constructed by the account owner;

(3) costs of major home improvements or repairs on the home of the account owner;

(4) capitalization or costs to start or expand a business, including capital, plant, equipment, operational and inventory expenses, attorney and accountant fees and other costs normally associated with starting or expanding a business;

(5) acquisition of a vehicle necessary to obtain or maintain employment by an account owner or the spouse of an account owner; and

(6) in the case of a deceased account owner, amounts deposited by the account owner and held in an individual development account shall be distributed directly to the account owner's spouse, or if the spouse is deceased or there is no

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spouse, to a dependent or other named beneficiary of the deceased or if the recipient is eligible to maintain the account, the account and matching funds designated for that account from a reserve account may be transferred and maintained in the name of the surviving spouse, dependent or beneficiary.

Β. Unless otherwise approved by the program 6 7 administrator pursuant to the provisions of Subsection D of this 8 section, account owners qualifying as eligible individuals 9 pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B or C of Section 58-30-4 NMSA 1978 shall not be permitted to withdraw money from 10 an individual development account until such time as the account 11 12 owners have completed a high school curriculum at a public or accredited private New Mexico high school or received a [general 13 educational development certificate] high school equivalency 14 credential. 15

C. Except as provided in Subsection D of this section, if an account owner withdraws money from an individual development account for a use other than an allowable use, the account owner forfeits a proportionate amount of matching funds from the reserve account, as set forth in the agreement between the program administrator and the account owner.

D. The program administrator may approve a withdrawal by an account owner from an individual development account to be used for a purpose other than an allowable use only for serious emergencies as specified in the rules adopted .198539.1

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by the office. For such an approved withdrawal, the proportionate matching funds in the reserve account shall remain in the reserve account for twelve months following the withdrawal and, if an amount equal to the withdrawn money is redeposited in the individual development account within the twelve months, the matching funds shall again be available to match withdrawals for allowable uses.

8 E. At the request of the account owner and with the
9 written approval of the program administrator, amounts may be
10 withdrawn from the account owner's individual development
11 account and deposited in another individual development account
12 established for an eligible individual who is the account
13 owner's spouse or dependent."

SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2015.

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