1	HOUSE MEMORIAL 131
2	52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Patricia A. Lundstrom
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10	A MEMORIAL
11	REQUESTING THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE TO EXAMINE THE
12	CONSUMER LENDING INDUSTRY IN NEW MEXICO AND CONVENE A TASK
13	FORCE DURING THE 2015 INTERIM TO CONSIDER THE FURTHER
14	REGULATION OF CONSUMER LENDING PRACTICES.
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16	WHEREAS, in 2015, there are 684 small loan companies
17	licensed pursuant to the New Mexico Small Loan Act of 1955 to
18	do business in New Mexico; and
19	WHEREAS, consumer loans currently being made by companies
20	in New Mexico and by online lenders to residents of New Mexico
21	include installment loans, payday loans, car title loans and
22	tax refund anticipation loans; and
23	WHEREAS, data collected by the financial institutions
24	division of the regulation and licensing department for
25	calendar year 2013 indicate that for the total of 64,735
	.200893.2

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete 1

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unsecured installment loans:

A. the annual percentage rate of interest ranged
from 0 percent to 1,517 percent, with an average of 486
percent;

B. the total amount of loan principal was \$38,426,486.84, with an average principal loan amount of \$546.57;

C. the total amount of loan principal repaid was \$29,239,879.53, and the total amount of loan principal considered as a write-off or charge-off was \$3,820,702.68;

D. the total amount of interest and fees received was \$22,182,322.53, and the total amount of interest considered as a write-off or charge-off was \$2,213,838.18; and

E. there were 30,554 loans for which the loan principal and accrued interest was not paid in full and 11,950 loans that were renewed, refinanced or extended; and

WHEREAS, the New Mexico legislature in 2007 enacted statutory reforms to regulate payday loans to address, among other things, the high cost of small loans, the frequency of rollovers and recurring cycles of debt; and

WHEREAS, since 2007, some small loan lenders have revised their loans and business practices to circumvent and avoid the consumer protections enacted in the 2007 payday loan reform legislation; and

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WHEREAS, the New Mexico legislature in 2013 enacted .200893.2

underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete legislation requiring licensees pursuant to the New Mexico Small Loan Act of 1955 to report to the financial institutions division of the regulation and licensing department specific information regarding loans with annual percentage rates greater than 175 percent to the state to enable the legislature to better understand the consumer lending industry in New Mexico; and

WHEREAS, in the ten regular legislative sessions prior to 2015, twenty-seven bills have been introduced concerning the regulation of consumer lending, of which only three received final legislative approval; and

WHEREAS, except for the effort during the 2006 legislative interim, which effort assisted in the passage of the payday lending reforms in 2007, efforts of interim committees and study groups since then have failed to build a consensus for additional reform of consumer lending regulations in New Mexico; and

WHEREAS, many New Mexicans need access to short-term and long-term loans for a variety of purposes, and this need extends throughout the population, affecting persons with both substantial income and financial resources as well as those with little or no income and inadequate financial resources; and

WHEREAS, companies making consumer loans are entitled to make a reasonable but not an excessive profit on loans made to .200893.2

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WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of New Mexico to assure reasonable access for all residents to affordable credit and to sources of short-term loans without the imposition of draconian fees or interest rates for all New Mexico consumers;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that the legislative finance committee be requested to study the consumer lending industry in New Mexico and convene a task force during the 2015 legislative interim to consider ways in which the state may better regulate lending practices in New Mexico to provide residents with consumer lending alternatives at reasonable rates and better protection from abusive lending practices; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the legislative finance committee and the task force report their findings and recommendations to the appropriate legislative interim committees no later than September 30, 2015; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be transmitted to the president pro tempore of the New Mexico senate, the speaker of the New Mexico house of representatives, the director of the legislative finance committee, the director of the legislative council service, the attorney general and the director of the financial institutions division of the regulation and licensing department.

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