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SENATE BILL 3

52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2016

INTRODUCED BY

Cisco McSorley and Antonio "Moe" Maestas

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7 FOR THE WATER AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE AND

8 THE COURTS, CORRECTIONS AND JUSTICE COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE; ENACTING A NEW SECTION OF CHAPTER 76 NMSA 1978 TO PROVIDE AUTHORIZATION FOR THE NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO ADOPT RULES FOR RESEARCH ON INDUSTRIAL HEMP; PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NEW

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 76 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

MEXICO INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FUND.

"[NEW MATERIAL] INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH--NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. --

As used in this section, "industrial hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, containing a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than three-tenths percent on a dry

weight basis.

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- В. The intent of this section is to bring New Mexico into compliance with federal law.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the New Mexico department of agriculture shall issue licenses pursuant to rules enacted under Subsection D of this section to grow industrial hemp for research and development purposes, including agricultural, agronomic, ecological, processing, sales and marketing research.
- The director of the New Mexico department of agriculture shall adopt rules to establish and carry out the provisions of this section, including requirements for licensure, training of law enforcement personnel, inspection, recordkeeping, fees not to exceed program costs and compliance processes. An institution of higher education, person or business that plans to grow industrial hemp seed or industrial hemp fiber shall obtain a grower's license by submitting an application to the New Mexico department of agriculture pursuant to promulgated rules.
- A person who holds a license issued pursuant to this section may grow industrial hemp for commercial or research and development purposes, including agricultural, agronomic, ecological, processing, sales and marketing research.
- New Mexico state university shall establish a F. .202382.1

"New Mexico industrial hemp research and development fund".

The fund consists of fees collected by the New Mexico
department of agriculture for administration of the industrial
hemp research and development program, donations, grants and
income earned from investment of the fund and money otherwise
accruing to the fund. Money in the fund shall not revert to
any other fund at the end of a fiscal year. The New Mexico
department of agriculture shall administer the fund, and money
in the fund is subject to appropriation by the legislature to
the New Mexico department of agriculture to conduct related
programs. Money in the fund shall be disbursed on warrants
signed by the secretary of finance and administration pursuant
to vouchers signed by the director of the New Mexico department
of agriculture or the director's authorized representative."

SECTION 2. Section 30-31-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, Chapter 84, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-31-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Controlled Substances Act:

- A. "administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance by any means to the body of a patient or research subject by a practitioner or the practitioner's agent;
- B. "agent" includes an authorized person who acts on behalf of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseperson or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson; .202382.1

- C. "board" means the board of pharmacy;
- D. "bureau" means the narcotic and dangerous drug section of the criminal division of the United States department of justice, or its successor agency;
- E. "controlled substance" means a drug or substance listed in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances

 Act or rules adopted thereto;
- F. "counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance that bears the unauthorized trademark, trade name, imprint, number, device or other identifying mark or likeness of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the controlled substance;
- G. "deliver" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not there is an agency relationship;
- H. "dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the administering, prescribing, packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the controlled substance for that delivery;
- I. "dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses and includes hospitals, pharmacies and clinics where controlled .202382.1

substances are dispensed;

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- "distribute" means to deliver other than by J. administering or dispensing a controlled substance or controlled substance analog;
- "drug" or "substance" means substances Κ. recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any respective supplement to those publications. It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories;
- "hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of marijuana, whether growing or not, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such resins;
- Μ. "manufacture" means the production, preparation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance:
- (1) by a practitioner as an incident to administering or dispensing a controlled substance in the .202382.1

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course of the practitioner's professional practice; or

- (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale;
- N. "marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis, including any and all varieties, species and subspecies of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant or its seeds. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, hashish, tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from marijuana, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of germination or the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, containing a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than three-tenths percent on a dry weight basis;
- O. "narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

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- (1) opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;
- any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of the substances referred to in Paragraph (1) of this subsection, except the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
- opium poppy and poppy straw, including all parts of the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L. except its seeds; or
- (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of these substances except decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;
- "opiate" means any substance having an Ρ. addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate" does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under Section 30-31-5 NMSA 1978, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts, dextromethorphan. "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;
- "person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, institution, political subdivision, .202382.1

government agency or other legal entity;

- R. "practitioner" means a physician, certified advanced practice chiropractic physician, doctor of oriental medicine, dentist, physician assistant, certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, prescribing psychologist, veterinarian, euthanasia technician, pharmacist, pharmacist clinician or other person licensed or certified to prescribe and administer drugs that are subject to the Controlled Substances Act;
- S. "prescription" means an order given individually for the person for whom is prescribed a controlled substance, either directly from a licensed practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including by means of electronic transmission, or indirectly by means of a written order signed by the prescriber, bearing the name and address of the prescriber, the prescriber's license classification, the name and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the drug prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue and in accordance with the Controlled Substances Act or rules adopted thereto;
- T. "scientific investigator" means a person registered to conduct research with controlled substances in the course of the person's professional practice or research and includes analytical laboratories;
- U. "ultimate user" means a person who lawfully .202382.1

possesses a controlled substance for the person's own use or for the use of a member of the person's household or for administering to an animal under the care, custody and control of the person or by a member of the person's household;

- V. "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind that are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of the Controlled Substances Act. It includes:
- (1) kits used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting any species of plant that is a controlled substance or controlled substance analog or from which a controlled substance can be derived;
- (2) kits used, intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (3) isomerization devices used, intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any .202382.1

species of plant that is a controlled substance;

- (4) testing equipment used, intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (5) scales or balances used, intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (6) diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite dextrose and lactose, used, intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (7) separation gins and sifters used, intended for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning and refining, marijuana;
- (8) blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used, intended for use or designed for use in compounding controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (9) capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used, intended for use or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
- (10) containers and other objects used, intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing .202382.1

1	controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;		
2	(11) hypodermic syringes, needles and other		
3	objects used, intended for use or designed for use in		
4	parenterally injecting controlled substances or controlled		
5	substance analogs into the human body;		
6	(12) objects used, intended for use or		
7	designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise		
8	introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the		
9	human body, such as:		
10	(a) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass,		
11	stone, plastic or ceramic pipes, with or without screens,		
12	permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls;		
13	(b) water pipes;		
14	(c) carburetion tubes and devices;		
15	(d) smoking and carburetion masks;		
16	(e) roach clips, meaning objects used to		
17	hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has		
18	become too small to hold in the hand;		
19	(f) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine		
20	vials;		
21	(g) chamber pipes;		
22	(h) carburetor pipes;		
23	(i) electric pipes;		
24	(j) air-driven pipes;		
25	(k) chilams;		

1	(1) bongs; or
2	(m) ice pipes or chillers; and
3	(13) in determining whether an object is drug
4	paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in
5	addition to all other logically relevant factors, the
6	following:
7	(a) statements by the owner or by anyone
8	in control of the object concerning its use;
9	(b) the proximity of the object, in time
10	and space, to a direct violation of the Controlled Substances
11	Act or any other law relating to controlled substances or
12	controlled substance analogs;
13	(c) the proximity of the object to
14	controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;
15	(d) the existence of any residue of a
16	controlled substance or controlled substance analog on the
17	object;
18	(e) instructions, written or oral,
19	provided with the object concerning its use;
20	(f) descriptive materials accompanying
21	the object that explain or depict its use;
22	(g) the manner in which the object is
23	displayed for sale; and
24	(h) expert testimony concerning its use;
25	W. "controlled substance analog" means a substance
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other than a controlled substance that has a chemical structure substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V or that was specifically designed to produce effects substantially similar to that of controlled substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V. Examples of chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are found include the following:

- (1) phenethylamines;
- (2) N-substituted piperidines;
- morphinans; (3)
- ecgonines; (4)
- (5) quinazolinones;
- substituted indoles; and (6)
- (7) arylcycloalkylamines.

Specifically excluded from the definition of "controlled substance analog" are those substances that are generally recognized as safe and effective within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or have been manufactured, distributed or possessed in conformance with the provisions of an approved new drug application or an exemption for investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act;

Х. "human consumption" includes application, injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other manner of introduction;

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1	Y. "drug-free school zone" means a public school,
2	parochial school or private school or property that is used for
3	a public, parochial or private school purpose and the area
4	within one thousand feet of the school property line, but it
5	does not mean any post-secondary school; and
6	Z. "valid practitioner-patient relationship" means
7	a professional relationship, as defined by the practitioner's
8	licensing board, between the practitioner and the patient."
9	SECTION 3. Section 30-31-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972,
10	Chapter 84, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:
11	"30-31-6. SCHEDULE IThe following controlled
12	substances are included in Schedule I:
13	A. any of the following opiates, including their
14	isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters
15	and ethers, unless specifically exempted, whenever the
16	existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts is
17	possible within the specific chemical designation:
18	(1) acetylmethadol;
19	(2) allylprodine;
20	(3) alphacetylmethadol;
21	(4) alphameprodine;
22	(5) alphamethadol;
23	(6) benzethidine;
24	(7) betacetylmethadol;

betameprodine;

1	(9)	betamethadol;
2	(10)	betaprodine;
3	(11)	clonitazene;
4	(12)	dextromoramide;
5	(13)	dextrorphan;
6	(14)	diampromide;
7	(15)	diethylthiambutene;
8	(16)	dimenoxadol;
9	(17)	dimepheptanol;
10	(18)	dimethylthiambutene;
11	(19)	dioxaphetyl butyrate;
12	(20)	dipipanone;
13	(21)	ethylmethylthiambutene;
14	(22)	etonitazene;
15	(23)	etoxeridine;
16	(24)	furethidine;
17	(25)	hydroxypethidine;
18	(26)	ketobemidone;
19	(27)	levomoramide;
20	(28)	levophenacylmorphan;
21	(29)	morpheridine;
22	(30)	noracymethadol;
23	(31)	norlevorphanol;
24	(32)	normethadone;
25	(33)	norpipanone;

1	(34) phenadoxone;
2	(35) phenampromide;
3	(36) phenomorphan;
4	(37) phenoperidine;
5	(38) piritramide;
6	(39) proheptazine;
7	(40) properidine;
8	(41) racemoramide; and
9	(42) trimeperidine;
10	B. any of the following opium derivatives, their
11	salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically
12	exempted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and
13	salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
14	designation:
15	(1) acetorphine;
16	(2) acetyldihydrocodeine;
17	(3) benzylmorphine;
18	(4) codeine methylbromide;
19	(5) codeine-N-oxide;
20	(6) cyprenorphine;
21	(7) desomorphine;
22	(8) dihydromorphine;
23	(9) etorphine;
24	(10) heroin;
25	(11) hydromorphinol;

1	(12) methyldesorphine;
2	(13) methyldihydromorphine;
3	(14) morphine methylbromide;
4	(15) morphine methylsulfonate;
5	(16) morphine-N-oxide;
6	(17) myrophine;
7	(18) nicocodeine;
8	(19) nicomorphine;
9	(20) normorphine;
10	(21) pholcodine; and
11	(22) thebacon;
12	C. any material, compound, mixture or preparation
13	that contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
14	substances, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless
15	specifically exempted, whenever the existence of these salts,
16	isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
17	chemical designation:
18	(1) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
19	(2) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
20	(3) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
21	(4) bufotenine;
22	(5) diethyltryptamine;
23	(6) dimethyltryptamine;
24	(7) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine;
25	(8) ibogaine;

1	(9) lysergic acid diethylamide;		
2	(10) marijuana;		
3	(11) mescaline;		
4	(12) peyote, except as otherwise provided in		
5	the Controlled Substances Act;		
6	(13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;		
7	(14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;		
8	(15) psilocybin;		
9	(16) psilocyn;		
10	(17) tetrahydrocannabinols;		
11	(18) hashish;		
12	(19) synthetic cannabinoids, including:		
13	(a) 1-[2-(4-(morpholiny1)ethy1]-3-(1-		
14	naphthoyl)indole;		
15	(b) 1-buty1-3-(1-napthoy1)indole;		
16	(c) l-hexyl-3-(l-naphthoyl)indole;		
17	(d) 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;		
18	(e) 1-penty1-3-(2-methoxyphenylacety1)		
19	indole;		
20	(f) cannabicyclohexanol (CP 47, 497 and		
21	homologues: 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)		
22	-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP-47,497); and 5-(1,		
23	1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol;		
24	(g) 6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethy1)		
25	-6,6-dimethy1-3-(2-methyloctan-2-y1)-6a,7,10,		
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      10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-o1);
 2
                             (h) dexanabinol, (6aS, 10aS)
      -9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)
 3
      -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;
 4
                                  1-penty1-3-(4-chloro naphthoy1)
 5
                             (i)
      indole;
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 7
                             (j)
                                  (2-methyl-1-propyl-1H-indol-3-yl)
 8
      -1-naphthalenyl-methanone; and
 9
                             (k)
                                  5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-(3-hydroxy
      cyclohexyl)-phenol;
10
                              3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone;
11
                       (20)
12
                       (21)
                             3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone;
                             4-methylmethcathinone;
13
                       (22)
                             4-methoxymethcathinone;
14
                       (23)
                             3-fluoromethcathinone; and
                       (24)
15
                             4-fluoromethcathinone:
16
                       (25)
                 D.
                      the enumeration of peyote as a controlled
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      substance does not apply to the use of peyote in bona fide
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      religious ceremonies by a bona fide religious organization, and
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      members of the organization so using peyote are exempt from
      registration. Any person who manufactures peyote for or
21
      distributes peyote to the organization or its members shall
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      comply with the federal Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and
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      Control Act of 1970 and all other requirements of law;
24
                  Ε.
                      the enumeration of marijuana,
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tetrahydrocannabinols or chemical derivatives	of	
tetrahydrocannabinol as Schedule I controlled	substances	does
not apply to:		

(1) cultivation of industrial hemp by qualified entities pursuant to rules adopted by the New Mexico department of agriculture; or

(2) the use of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols or chemical derivatives of tetrahydrocannabinol by certified patients pursuant to the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Act or by qualified patients pursuant to the provisions of the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act; and

F. controlled substances added to Schedule I by rule adopted by the board pursuant to Section 30-31-3 NMSA 1978."

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