### HOUSE BILL 104

# 53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

INTRODUCED BY

Paul C. Bandy

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AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS; ENACTING THE LOCAL ELECTION ACT;
PROVIDING FOR A SINGLE ELECTION DAY AND UNIFORM PROCESSES FOR
CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN
BALLOT MEASURE ELECTIONS THAT ARE HELD AT TIMES OTHER THAN WITH
REGULAR LOCAL ELECTIONS ONLY BE CONDUCTED BY MAILED BALLOT;
REQUIRING SPECIAL STATEWIDE BALLOT QUESTION ELECTIONS TO BE
CONDUCTED BY MAILED BALLOT; PROHIBITING ADVISORY QUESTIONS ON
THE BALLOT; ELIMINATING WRITE-IN CANDIDATES IN LOCAL ELECTIONS;
MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; REPEALING THE SCHOOL ELECTION LAW, THE
MAIL BALLOT ELECTION ACT AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW IN
CONFLICT WITH THE LOCAL ELECTION ACT; MAKING CONFORMING
AMENDMENTS TO OTHER SECTIONS OF LAW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 1-1-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,

1	Chapter 240, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read:			
2	"1-1-19. ELECTIONS COVERED BY CODE			
3	A. The Election Code applies to the following:			
4	(1) general elections;			
5	(2) primary elections;			
6	(3) [statewide] special elections;			
7	(4) elections to fill vacancies in the office			
8	of representative in congress; [and]			
9	(5) [ <del>school district</del> ] <u>local</u> elections <u>included</u>			
10	in the Local Election Act; and			
11	(6) recall elections of school board members.			
12	B. To the extent procedures are incorporated or			
13	adopted by reference by separate laws governing such elections			
14	or to the extent procedures are not specified by such laws,			
15	certain provisions of the Election Code shall also apply to:			
16	(1) municipal officer or municipal bond			
17	elections; or			
18	(2) [ <del>special district officer or special</del>			
19	district bond or other] special district elections not covered			
20	by the Local Election Act."			
21	<b>SECTION 2.</b> Section 1-3-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,			
22	Chapter 240, Section 51, as amended) is amended to read:			
23	"1-3-2. PRECINCTSDUTIES OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS			
24	A. [Not later than the first Monday in November] <u>In</u>			
25	June or July of each odd-numbered year, the board of county			
	.205227.2			

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commissioners shall by resolution:

- (1) designate the polling place of each precinct that shall provide individuals with physical mobility limitations an unobstructed access to at least one voting machine;
- (2) create additional precincts to meet the requirements of Section 1-3-1 NMSA 1978 or upon petition pursuant to Section 4-38-21 NMSA 1978;
- (3) create additional polling places in existing precincts as necessary pursuant to Section 1-3-7.1 NMSA 1978;
- (4) consolidate [any] precincts for primary and general elections pursuant to Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978;
- (5) consolidate precincts for local elections as provided in Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978;
- $\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$  divide any precincts as necessary to meet legal and constitutional requirements for redistricting; and
- $\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$  designate any mail ballot election precincts.
- B. The county clerk shall notify the secretary of state in writing of any proposed changes in precincts or the designation of polling places made by the board of county commissioners and shall furnish a copy of the map showing the current geographical boundaries, designation and word

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description of each new polling place and each new or changed precinct.

changed precinct maps submitted pursuant to this section for compliance under the Precinct Boundary Adjustment Act. Any necessary precinct boundary adjustments shall be made and submitted to the secretary of state no later than the first Monday in December of each odd-numbered year. Upon approval of the new or changed precincts by the secretary of state, the precincts and polling places as changed by the resolution of the boards of county commissioners and approved by the secretary of state shall be the official precincts and polling places for the next succeeding <a href="local">local</a>, primary and general elections."

SECTION 3. Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 255, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read:

### "1-3-4. CONSOLIDATION OF PRECINCTS.--

- A. Precincts may be consolidated by the board of county commissioners for the following elections:
  - (1) primary and general elections;
  - (2) [statewide special] local elections; and
  - [(3) countywide special elections; and
- $\frac{(4)}{(3)}$  special elections to fill vacancies in the office of United States representative.
- [B. Precincts may be consolidated by the governing .205227.2

body of a municipality for municipal candidate and bond elections, unless otherwise prohibited.

C. Precincts may be consolidated by the local school board for school district candidate and bond elections, unless otherwise prohibited.

Primary [and] or general election, the resolution required by Section 1-3-2 NMSA 1978, in addition to the other matters required by law, shall state therein which precincts have been consolidated and the designation of the polling place. In addition, when consolidating precincts [for primary and general elections]:

- (1) any voter of the county shall be allowed to vote in any consolidated precinct polling location in the county;
- (2) each consolidated precinct in a primary [or] election, general election or special election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative shall be composed of no more than ten precincts;
- (3) each consolidated precinct in a local election shall be composed of no more than twenty precincts;
- $[\frac{(3)}{(4)}]$  each consolidated precinct shall comply with the provisions of Section 1-3-7 NMSA 1978;

 $\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$  each consolidated precinct polling location shall have a broadband internet connection and real-

time access to the statewide voter registration electronic management system;

[(5)] (6) the county clerk may maintain any alternative voting locations previously used in the same election open for voting on election day for any voter in the county, in addition to the polling location established in each consolidated precinct; and

[(6)] (7) the board of county commissioners may permit rural precincts to be exempted from operating as or being a part of a consolidated precinct; provided that if the precinct is not designated as a mail ballot election precinct pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 and the polling place for the rural precinct does not have real-time access to the statewide voter registration electronic management system, voters registered in a rural precinct as described in this paragraph are permitted to vote in any consolidated precinct polling location on election day only by use of a provisional paper ballot, which shall be counted after the county clerk confirms that the voter did not also vote in the rural precinct.

[E. When precincts are consolidated for a municipal election, school election or special county election, the proclamation, in addition to the other matters required by law, shall state which precincts have been consolidated and the designation of the polling place. Precincts consolidated for a

municipal election, school election or special county election
may allow any voter to vote in any consolidated precinct in the
county, which shall be stated in the proclamation.

F:] C. When precincts are consolidated for a [statewide special election or for a] special election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative, within twenty-one days after the proclamation of election is issued by the governor, the board of county commissioners shall pass a resolution that, in addition to other matters required by law, shall state which precincts have been consolidated and the designation of the polling place. Precincts consolidated for a [statewide special election or for a] special election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative may allow any voter to vote in any consolidated precinct in the county, which shall be stated in the resolution.

- [6.] D. Unless the county clerk receives a written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived, each consolidated precinct polling location shall:
- (1) have ballots available for voters from
  every precinct that is [able to vote] in the consolidated
  precinct;
- (2) have at least one optical scan tabulator programmed to read every ballot style able to be cast in the consolidated precinct;

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- (3) have at least one voting system available to assist disabled voters to cast and record their votes;
- (4) have sufficient spaces for at least five voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible;
- (5) have sufficient check-in stations to accommodate voters throughout the day as provided in Section 1-9-5 NMSA 1978;
- (6) have a secure area for storage of preprinted ballots or for storage of paper ballot stock and a system designed to print ballots at a polling location;
- (7) issue a ballot to voters who have provided the required voter identification after the voter has signed a signature roster or an electronic equivalent approved by the voting system certification committee or after the voter has subscribed an application to vote on a form approved by the secretary of state; and
- (8) be in a location that is accessible and compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.
- [H au] E au As a prerequisite to consolidation, the authorizing resolution must find that consolidation will make voting more convenient and accessible to voters of the consolidated precinct and [does] will not result in delays for voters in the voting process and that the consolidated precinct

voting location will be centrally located within the consolidated precinct."

SECTION 4. Section 1-3-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 57, as amended) is amended to read:

# "1-3-7. POLLING PLACES.--

- A. No less than one polling place shall be provided for each precinct that is not a mail ballot election precinct; provided that in a local election, a precinct that lies partly within and partly without a district may be consolidated in a polling place for that election.
- B. The board of county commissioners shall designate as the polling place or places, as the case may be, in each precinct, other than a mail ballot election precinct, the most convenient and suitable public building or public school building in the precinct that can be obtained.
- C. If no public building or public school building is available, the board of county commissioners shall provide some other suitable place, which shall be the most convenient and appropriate place obtainable in the precinct, considering the purpose for which it is to be used pursuant to the Election Code.
- D. If, in a precinct that is not a mail ballot election precinct or a consolidated precinct, there is no public building or public school building available in the precinct, and there is no other suitable place obtainable in .205227.2

the precinct, the board of county commissioners may designate as a polling place for the precinct the most convenient and suitable building or public school building nearest to that precinct that can be obtained. No polling place shall be designated outside the boundary of the precinct as provided in this subsection until such designated polling place is approved by written order of the district court of the county in which the precinct is located.

- E. Upon application of the board of county commissioners, the governing board of any school district shall permit the use of any school building or a part thereof for registration purposes and the conduct of any election; provided that the building or the part used for the election complies with the standards set out in the federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped Act.
- F. Public schools may be closed for elections at the discretion of local school boards."
- SECTION 5. Section 1-12-71 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
- "1-12-71. RESTRICTION ON <u>SPECIAL</u> LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS.--No municipal [school] or county [or] election, special district election or special local election shall be held within fifty days prior to or following any statewide election. This section does not prohibit a local government ballot question authorized by the board of county commissioners

from appearing on the general election ballot <u>or regular local</u>
<u>election ballot</u>. As used in this section, "statewide election"

<u>means a primary, general or special statewide election or a</u>

<u>regular local election as provided in the Local Election Act</u>."

SECTION 6. Section 1-14-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 343, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-14. RECOUNTS--RECHECKS--APPLICATION.--

A. Whenever any candidate [for any office for which the state canvassing board or county canvassing board issues a certificate of nomination or election] believes that any error or fraud has been committed by any precinct board in counting or tallying the ballots, in the verification of the votes cast on the voting machines or in the certifying of the results of any election whereby the results of the election in the precinct have not been correctly determined, declared or certified, the candidate, within six days after completion of the canvass by the proper canvassing board, may have a recount of the ballots, or a recheck of the votes shown on the voting machines, that were cast in the precinct.

- B. In the case of any office for which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of nomination or election, application for recount or recheck shall be filed with the secretary of state.
- C. In the case of any office for which the county canvassing board or secretary of state issues a certificate of .205227.2

"1-16-8.

nomination or election, application for recount or recheck shall be filed with the district judge for the county in which the applicant resides."

SECTION 7. Section 1-16-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 380, as amended) is amended to read:

OTHER QUESTIONS.--

A. The form for ballots on questions other than proposed constitutional amendments to be submitted to the voters of the entire state shall be prescribed by the secretary of state. The form for ballots on those questions not statewide in application to be submitted to the voters of [the] a county or local government shall be furnished by the county clerk, and a copy of the resolution proposing [such] the question shall be sent by the county clerk to the secretary of state not less than [thirty] sixty-three days prior to the election. In each case, the ballots shall conform as nearly as practicable to the form required for ballots on proposed constitutional amendments.

- B. The form for ballots shall include the full title of the question to be submitted to the voters, and the county clerk or local government may provide an analysis of the question on the ballot.
- C. In no case shall a nonbinding or merely advisory question be placed on the ballot for any election held pursuant to the Election Code."

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SECTION 8. Section 1-22-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 3) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

[NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Chapter 1, Article "1-22-1. 22 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Local Election Act"."

SECTION 9. Section 1-22-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 4, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Local Election Act:

- "local election" means a local government election;
- "local governing body" means a board, council or В. commission, as appropriate for a given local government;
- "local government" means a school district, a special hospital district, a community college district, a technical and vocational institute district, a learning center district, a conservancy district with ad valorem taxing authority governed pursuant to Chapter 73, Article 14 or 18 NMSA 1978, a special zoning district, a soil and water conservation district and a water and sanitation district; and
- "proper filing officer" means the clerk of the D. county in which the candidate resides."

SECTION 10. Section 1-22-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 5, as amended) is repealed and a new .205227.2

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Section 1-22-3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-3. [NEW MATERIAL] REGULAR LOCAL ELECTIONS--SPECIAL LOCAL ELECTIONS--BALLOT QUESTIONS--QUALIFICATIONS OF CANDIDATES. --

- A regular local election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each oddnumbered year.
- A local election shall be held to elect qualified persons to membership on a local governing body. person shall become a candidate in a local election unless the person's record of voter registration shows that the person is a qualified elector of the state, physically resides in the district in which the person is a candidate and was registered to vote in the district on the date the proclamation calling a local election is filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- C. In addition to candidates in the election, a regular local election ballot may contain ballot questions proposed by the state, county or local government. An election on a ballot question held at any time other than the date for a regular local election shall be held with the general election or shall be a special local election called, conducted and canvassed as provided in Chapter 1, Article 24 NMSA 1978.
- Except as otherwise provided in the Local Election Act, local elections shall be called, conducted and .205227.2

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canvassed as provided in the Election Code."

SECTION 11. Section 1-22-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 6, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-4. [NEW MATERIAL] REGULAR LOCAL ELECTION--PROCLAMATION -- PUBLICATION . --

- The secretary of state shall by resolution issue a public proclamation in Spanish and English calling a regular local election on the date prescribed by the Local Election The proclamation shall be filed by the secretary of state in the office of the secretary of state ninety days preceding the date of the election.
- Between one hundred twenty and one hundred fifty В. days before the next local election, each local government shall notify the secretary of state of all local government positions that are to be filled at that election.
  - The proclamation shall specify the:
    - (1) date when the election will be held;
- (2) positions on each local governing body to be filled;
  - executive positions to be filled; and (3)
- (4) date on which declarations of candidacy are to be filed.
- After receipt of the proclamation from the secretary of state, the county clerk shall post the entire .205227.2

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1	proclamation on the county clerk's website and, not less than
2	seventy days before the date of the election, shall publish
3	portions of the proclamation relevant to the county at least
4	once in a newspaper of general circulation within the county.
5	The publication of the proclamation shall conform to the
6	requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as
7	amended, and shall specify the:
8	(1) date when the election will be held;
9	(2) positions on each local governing body of
10	a district situated in whole or in part in the county;
11	(3) elective executive positions of each loca

date on which declarations of candidacy are to be filed;

government situated in whole or in part in the county;

each local

- precincts in each county in which the election is to be held and the location of each polling place;
- location of each alternate voting location for early voting;
- hours each polling place and alternate voting location will be open; and
- date and time of the closing of the registration books by the county as required by law."

**SECTION 12.** Section 1-22-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 8, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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"1-22-6. [NEW MATERIAL] PRECINCTS.--The same precincts that were used in the immediately preceding general election shall be used in a local election; provided that if a precinct lies partly within and partly without a district, the part of the precinct lying within the district constitutes a precinct part in the local election."

SECTION 13. Section 1-22-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 9, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-7. [NEW MATERIAL] DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FILING
DATE--PENALTY.--

- A. A candidate for a position that will be filled at a local election shall file a declaration of candidacy with the proper filing officer during the period commencing at 9:00 a.m. on the sixty-third day before the date of the local election and ending at 5:00 p.m. on the same day.
- B. A candidate shall file for only one position in the same local government but may file for a position in more than one local government during a filing period.
- C. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in a declaration of candidacy is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 14. Section 1-22-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 10, as amended) is repealed and a new .205227.2

1	Section 1-22-8 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:		
2	"1-22-8. [NEW MATERIAL] DECLARATION OF CANDIDACYSWORN		
3	STATEMENT OF INTENTFORMIn making a declaration of		
4	candidacy, the candidate shall submit a sworn statement of		
5	intent in substantially the following form:		
6	"DECLARATION OF CANDIDACYSTATEMENT OF INTENT		
7	I,, (candidate's name on certificate		
8	of registration) being first duly sworn, say that I am a voter		
9	of the county of, State of New Mexico. I		
10	reside at		
11			
12	and was registered to vote at that place on the date of the		
13	proclamation calling this election;		
14	I reside within and am registered to vote in the area to		
15	be represented;		
16	I desire to become a candidate for the office of		
17	at the local election to be held on the date		
18	set by law;		
19	I will be eligible and legally qualified to hold this		
20	office at the beginning of its term; and		
21	I make the foregoing affidavit under oath, knowing that		
22	any false statement herein constitutes a felony punishable		
23	under the criminal laws of New Mexico.		
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25	(Declarant)		

	(Mailing Address)
	(Residence Address)
Subscribed and sworn to before me	this day of
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(Notary Public)	
My commission expires:	
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SECTION 15. Section 1-22-9	NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985

"1-22-9. [NEW MATERIAL] WITHDRAWAL OF CANDIDATES.--A candidate seeking to withdraw from a local election shall withdraw no later than the fifty-sixth day before that election by filing a signed and notarized statement of withdrawal with the proper filing officer."

Chapter 168, Section 11) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-9

SECTION 16. Section 1-22-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 12, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

## "1-22-10. [NEW MATERIAL] BALLOTS.--

NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

A. The proper filing officer shall determine whether a candidate filing a declaration of candidacy is registered to vote within the local election district and, if .205227.2

required for the office being sought, whether the candidate's nominating petition for that office has been filed. If the candidate is so qualified and no withdrawal of candidacy has been filed as provided in the Local Election Act, the proper filing officer shall place the candidate's name on the ballot for the position specified in the declaration of candidacy and notify each candidate in writing no later than 5:00 p.m. on the fifty-sixth day before the local election. A declaration of candidacy shall not be amended after it has been filed with the proper filing officer.

- B. Ballots for the local election shall be prepared by the proper filing officer and printed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-10-5 NMSA 1978. The printed ballot shall contain the name of each person who is a candidate and the position for which the person is a candidate. The ballot shall also contain all questions to be submitted to the voters as certified to the county clerk in each county in which the local government is situate by the local governing body and shall conform to the requirements of Section 1-16-8 NMSA 1978.
- C. Paper ballots shall be printed in a form in substantial compliance with the provisions of Section 1-10-12 NMSA 1978 and in compliance with the provisions of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.
- D. A local election shall be a nonpartisan election, and the names of all candidates shall be listed on .205227.2

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1	the ballot without party or slate designation. The order in			
2	which the names of candidates are listed on the ballot shall be			
3	determined by the secretary of state either by lot or by			
4	randomization as provided by rule.			
5	E. Whenever two or more members of a local			
6	governing body are to be elected at large for terms of the same			
7	length of time, the secretary of state shall numerically			
8	designate the positions on the ballot as "position one",			
9	"position two" and such additional consecutively numbered			
10	positions as are necessary, but only one member shall be			
11	elected for each position."			
12	SECTION 17. A new Section 1-22-10.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted			
13	to read:			
14	"1-22-10.1. [NEW MATERIAL] BALLOT ORDER			
15	A. The Local Election Act ballot shall list offices			
16	in the following order, when applicable:			
17	(1) school board elections;			

- (2) community college elections;
- special district elections listed in order (3) by voting population of each special district, with the most populous listed first and the least populous listed last; and
- (4) in the order prescribed by the secretary of state:
  - county questions; (a)
  - (b) local government questions; and

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(c)	other	ballot	questions	$\hbox{\it authorized}$	bу

B. A board of county commissioners shall permit local government questions on the local election ballot; provided that there is sufficient space on a single page ballot to accommodate the questions using both sides of the page. If there is not sufficient room, then questions shall be included in the order received by the county clerk until space on the ballot is exhausted. For multicounty districts, exclusion from one county's ballot excludes that question from the local election ballot in all counties comprising the special district."

SECTION 18. Section 1-22-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 13, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-11 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-11. [NEW MATERIAL] PUBLICATION.--Each county clerk shall issue and publish the proclamation listing the name of each local government that has a candidate or question appearing on the ballot in that county; the name of each candidate for membership on each local governing body; the name of each candidate for executive office; each question to be submitted to the voters; and the names of the precinct board members for the election. The publication shall be made once each week for two successive weeks, with the last publication being made within twelve days but not later than five days

before the date of the local election. The names of the candidates shall be published in the same order and for the same positions as will appear on the ballot. The publication shall be in a newspaper of general circulation in the county and shall conform to the provisions of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended."

SECTION 19. Section 1-22-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 14, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-12 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-12. [NEW MATERIAL] CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS.--Except as otherwise provided in the Local Election Act, the county clerk shall administer and conduct local elections pursuant to the provisions of the Election Code for the conduct of general elections."

SECTION 20. Section 1-22-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 15) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-13 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-13. [NEW MATERIAL] CHALLENGERS.--Upon written notice filed with the county clerk no later than seven days before the election, any candidate in a local election may appoint one person as challenger for each precinct in the local election who shall have the powers and be subject to the restrictions provided for challengers in the Election Code."

SECTION 21. Section 1-22-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 17, as amended by Laws 1987, Chapter 249, .205227.2

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Section 49 and also by Laws 1987, Chapter 338, Section 3) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-15 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

## "1-22-15. [NEW MATERIAL] CANVASSING BOARD--DUTIES.--

- A. The canvassing board for the canvass of the results of a local election shall be composed of the board of county commissioners of the county in which the votes were cast in that election.
- B. Within ten days after the date of the election, the canvassing board shall meet and shall:
- (1) canvass the returns in the same manner as county election returns are canvassed; and
- (2) issue a certificate of canvass of the results of the election and send one copy of the certified results to:
- (a) each local governing body receiving votes in the county;
  - (b) the secretary of state; and
  - (c) the county clerk.
- C. In the event of a tie vote between any candidates in the election for the same office, the determination as to which of the candidates shall be declared to have been elected shall be decided by lot. The method of determining by lot shall be agreed upon by a majority of a committee consisting of the tied candidates and the county

clerk and district judge of the county in which the administrative office of the local government is situate. The secretary of state shall issue the certificate of election to the candidate chosen by lot.

D. On the twenty-first day following the election, the secretary of state shall issue a certificate of election to each candidate who received the most votes for each position on the ballot and shall certify the passage or defeat of each ballot question."

SECTION 22. Section 1-22-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 19, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-17 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-22-17. [NEW MATERIAL] RECORDS.--The returns and certificates of the result of the canvass are public documents, subject to inspection and retention as provided by Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The certificate of results of the canvass of the election shall, thirty days after the election or recount or immediately after any contest has been settled by the court, be preserved as a permanent record in the state records center. A copy of the certificate of results of the canvass of the election shall be preserved as a permanent record in the office of the county clerk."

SECTION 23. Section 1-22-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 20, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-22-18 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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"1-22-18.

2	OFFICE BEGINS
3	A. The term of office of a candidate elected in a
4	local election shall begin on January l following the
5	candidate's election, and the candidate shall take the oath of
6	office on or after January l following election.
7	B. Every officer, unless removed, shall hold office
8	until the officer's successor has duly qualified."
9	<b>SECTION 24.</b> Section 1-22-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985,
10	Chapter 168, Section 21, as amended) is repealed and a new
11	Section 1-22-19 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
12	"1-22-19. [NEW MATERIAL] ABSENTEE VOTINGALTERNATE
13	VOTING LOCATIONS
14	A. The provisions of the Absent Voter Act and
15	Uniform Military and Overseas Voter Act apply to absentee
16	voting in local elections.
17	B. Early voting shall be conducted in each office
18	of the county clerk and at such alternate voting locations as
19	may be established by the county clerk pursuant to the
20	provisions of Section 1-6-5.7 NMSA 1978."
21	SECTION 25. A new section of the Local Election Act is
22	enacted to read:
23	"[NEW MATERIAL] COSTS OF ELECTIONSLOCAL ELECTION
24	ASSESSMENTLOCAL ELECTION FUND ESTABLISHED
25	A. There is created in the state treasury the

[NEW MATERIAL] LOCAL ELECTION--DATE TERM OF

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"local election fund" solely for the purposes of:

- (1) reimbursing the counties for the costs of conducting and administering regular local elections required by the Local Election Act;
- (2) paying the administrative costs of the office of the secretary of state of administering elections required by the Local Election Act; and
- (3) carrying out all other specified provisions of the Local Election Act.
- B. The state treasurer shall invest the local election fund as other state funds are invested, and all income derived from the fund shall be credited directly to the fund. Remaining balances at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in the fund and not revert to the general fund.
- C. Money received from the following sources shall be deposited directly into the local election fund:
- (1) annual assessments imposed on local governments pursuant to Subsection F of this section; and
- (2) money appropriated to the fund by the legislature.
- D. Money in the local election fund is appropriated to the secretary of state for the purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section and for distribution to the counties for reimbursement of all costs associated with conducting and administering regular local elections required

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by the Local Election Act. Money in the fund shall only be expended on warrants of the department of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the secretary of state or the secretary's designee.

- In the event that current year balances in the Ε. local election fund do not cover the costs of local elections, the secretary of state may apply to the state board of finance for an emergency grant to cover those costs pursuant to Section 6-1-2 NMSA 1978.
- Each local government subject to the Local Election Act shall be assessed by the secretary of state annually the greater of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or an amount equal to twenty-five thousandths percent of the local government's general operating expenses to be paid to the secretary of state for deposit into the local election fund for the purpose of paying the costs of regular local elections."
- SECTION 26. Section 1-22A-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2013, Chapter 180, Section 2) is amended to read:
- "1-22A-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the School District Campaign Reporting Act:
- "campaign committee" means one or more persons authorized by a candidate to raise, collect or expend contributions on the candidate's behalf for the purpose of electing the candidate to office;
- "candidate" means a person who seeks or В. .205227.2

considers an office in an election covered by the School
District Campaign Reporting Act and who either has filed a
declaration of candidacy or has received contributions or made
expenditures of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more or
authorized another person or campaign committee to receive
contributions or make expenditures of five hundred dollars
(\$500) or more for the purpose of seeking election to a covered
office;

- C. "contribution" means a gift, subscription, loan, advance or deposit of money or other thing of value, including the estimated value of an in-kind contribution, that is made or received for a political purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election campaign; but "contribution" does not include the value of services provided without compensation or unreimbursed travel or other personal expenses of individuals who volunteer a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or campaign committee;
- D. "covered office" means the position of board of education member of a school district that has an enrollment of twelve thousand students or more or the position of board member of a community college organized or operating pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 21, Article 13 or Article 16 NMSA 1978;
- E. "election cycle" means the period beginning thirty days after an election for an office and ending [on]. 205227.2

thirty days following the subsequent election day for that office:

- F. "expenditure" means a payment, transfer or distribution or obligation or promise to pay, transfer or distribute any money or other thing of value for a political purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election campaign;
- G. "political purpose" means advocating the election or defeat of a candidate in an election;
- H. "prescribed form" means a form or electronic format prepared and prescribed by the secretary of state; and
- I. "reporting individual" means a candidate or treasurer of a campaign committee."

SECTION 27. Section 1-22A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2013, Chapter 180, Section 3) is amended to read:

"1-22A-3. REPORTS REQUIRED--TIME AND PLACE OF FILING.--

A. A candidate or campaign committee that has received contributions or made expenditures of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more shall file with the secretary of state a report of all contributions received and expenditures made on a prescribed form, and the report shall be filed in the same or similar electronic system as that used for the Campaign Reporting Act. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all reports pursuant to the School District Campaign Reporting Act shall be filed electronically and electronically

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authenticated by the candidate using an electronic signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.

- B. A candidate or campaign committee shall file a campaign report of all contributions received and expenditures made during an election cycle and not previously reported by midnight on the [second Monday in April] twenty-first day before the election and thirty days following the election.
- C. If a reporting date set by Subsection B of this section falls on a [weekend or] holiday, the report shall be filed on the next business day.
- If a candidate or campaign committee has not received any contributions and has not made any expenditures since the last report filed with the secretary of state, the candidate or campaign committee shall only be required to file a statement of no activity, which shall not be required to be notarized, in lieu of a full report when that report would otherwise be due.
- A report of expenditures and contributions filed after a deadline set forth in this section shall not be deemed to have been timely filed.
- Except for candidates and campaign committees that file a statement of no activity, each candidate or campaign committee shall file a report of expenditures and contributions pursuant to the filing schedules set forth in

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this section, regardless of whether any expenditures were made or contributions were received during the reporting period. Reports shall be required until the candidate or campaign committee delivers a report to the secretary of state stating that:

- (1) there are no outstanding campaign debts;
- (2) all money has been expended in accordance with the provisions of Section [6 of the School District

  Campaign Reporting Act] 1-22A-6 NMSA 1978; and
- (3) the bank account for campaign funds maintained by the candidate or campaign committee has been closed.
- G. A candidate who does not ultimately file a declaration of candidacy and does not file a statement of no activity shall file reports in accordance with Subsection B of this section.
- H. A candidate may apply to the secretary of state for exemption from electronic filing in case of hardship, which shall be defined by the secretary of state."
- SECTION 28. Section 1-24-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 295, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
- "1-24-2. SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURES--PROCLAMATION-PUBLICATION.--
- A. Whenever a local government <u>or special district</u> special election is to be called or is required by law, the .205227.2

1	governing body shall by resolution issue a public proclamation
2	calling the election. The proclamation shall forthwith be
3	filed with the county clerk. The proclamation shall specify:
4	(1) the date on which the special election
5	will be held;
6	(2) the purpose for which the special election
7	is called;
8	[ <del>(3) if officers are to be elected or</del>
9	positions on the governing body are to be filled, the date on
10	which declarations of candidacy are to be filed;
11	$\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ if a question is to be voted upon,
12	the text of that question;
13	(4) the date and time of closing the
14	registration books by the county clerk as required by law; and
15	(5) <u>in elections not subject to the Local</u>
16	Election Act:
17	(a) the precincts in each county in
18	which the election is to be held and the location of each
19	polling place in the precinct; and
20	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> the hours that each polling
21	place will be open [ <del>and</del>
22	(7) the date and time of closing the
23	registration books by the county clerk as required by law].
24	B. After filing with the county clerk the
25	proclamation issued pursuant to Subsection A of this section,
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and not less than fifty-six days before the date of the election, the governing body shall publish the proclamation once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the boundaries of the local government or special district. The proclamation shall conform to the requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.

- C. Whenever a statewide special election is to be called or is required by law, the governor shall by resolution issue a public proclamation calling the election. Whenever an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative is to be called or is required by law, the governor shall by resolution issue a public proclamation calling the election pursuant to the requirements of Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978. The proclamation shall forthwith be filed with the secretary of state. The proclamation shall specify:
- (1) the date on which the special election will be held;
- (2) the purpose for which the special election is called;
- (3) if a vacancy in the office of United States representative is to be filled, the date on which declarations of candidacy are to be filed;
- (4) if a question is to be voted upon, the text of that question; and

- (5) the date and time of closing the registration books by the county clerk as required by law.
- D. After the proclamation issued pursuant to Subsection C of this section is filed with the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall within five days certify the proclamation to each county clerk in the state. Not less than fifty-six days before the date of the election, the county clerk shall publish the proclamation once each week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation [which shall include the precincts in the county in which the election is to be held and the location of each polling place in the precinct and the hours that each polling place will be open].
- E. For an election called pursuant to Subsection F of Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978, the proclamation shall be published consistent with this subsection not less than thirty-six days before the date of the election and shall include the precincts in the county in which the election is to be held and the location of each polling place in the precinct and the hours that each polling place will be open. The proclamation shall conform to the requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended."

SECTION 29. Section 1-24-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 295, Section 3) is amended to read:

"1-24-3. SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURES--CONDUCT.--[Special elections shall be conducted and canvassed in the same manner .205227.2

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that regular elections are conducted in the local government or special district; provided, the governing body may, as set forth in the proclamation, consolidate precincts. A polling place shall be provided within each of the consolidated precincts.

A. The state shall conduct by mailed ballot any statewide special election as provided by law.

B. Unless the election is held concurrently with a general election or regular local election, a county or a local government subject to the Local Election Act, by resolution of its governing body, shall conduct any special election by mailed ballot.

C. Upon the calling of an election by a mailed ballot, each voter of the relevant jurisdiction shall be mailed an absentee ballot along with a statement that there will be no polling place for the election. The voter shall not be required to file an application for the absentee ballot. The ballot shall be mailed to each voter no earlier than the twenty-first day prior to the election, and the mailing shall be completed by the fourteenth day before the election. The return envelope for the ballot shall be postage-paid.

D. Mailed ballot elections shall be used exclusively for voting in special elections on a ballot question, including a recall election, and shall not be used in connection with elections at which candidates are to be

2	E. The state shall pay all costs of a statewide
3	special election. A local government shall reimburse the
4	county for all costs associated with the conduct of the local
5	<pre>government's special election."</pre>
6	SECTION 30. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 24 NMSA
7	1978 is enacted to read:
8	"[NEW MATERIAL] SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURESCOSTS OF
9	ELECTIONPROHIBITION ON NONGOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES
10	A. The costs of conducting a special election shall
11	be paid for by the state, local government or special district
12	calling for the election.
13	B. No individual, corporation, person, political
14	action committee or other nongovernmental entity shall pay for
15	or reimburse the state, a local government or a special
16	district for the costs associated with conducting a special
17	election.
18	C. Upon a finding of a violation of this section,
19	the district court shall nullify the votes cast in the special
20	election and shall void the result of the special election."
21	SECTION 31. Section 4-48A-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978,
22	Chapter 29, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read:
23	"4-48A-16. SPECIAL TAX IMPOSED FOR SPECIAL HOSPITAL
24	DISTRICT
25	A. In each special hospital district, the board of
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nominated for or elected to office.

trustees may adopt a resolution calling for an election for the purpose of authorizing the imposition of an ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the special hospital district. The election shall be held pursuant to the Local Election Act. The revenue from such tax shall be used to pay for current operations and maintenance of hospitals, including hospital facilities owned and operated by the special hospital district or [for] hospitals operated and maintained by the special hospital district pursuant to an agreement with a political subdivision as provided in Subsection B of Section 4-48A-11 NMSA 1978, and to pay the operational costs of the special hospital district.

- B. In the case of a special hospital district located wholly within one county, if authorized by a majority of the qualified electors of the special hospital district voting on the question, the board of county commissioners of the county in which the special hospital district is located shall levy such tax at the same time and in the same manner as levies for ad valorem taxes for school districts are made and in the amount certified by the board of trustees as necessary to meet its approved annual budget, but in no event shall the tax levied exceed the rate limitation approved by the voters or the rate limitations provided in Subsection D of this section.
- C. In the case of a special hospital district [which] that is composed of all or a portion of two or more .205227.2

counties, if a majority of the qualified electors <u>in the</u>

<u>special hospital district</u> of each [<u>subdistrict</u>] <u>county</u> voting

on the question [<u>authorize</u>] <u>authorizes</u> a tax levy, the boards

of county commissioners of the counties [<del>which</del>] <u>that</u> agreed to

form the special hospital district shall levy such tax in the

manner provided in Subsection B of this section.

D. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed four dollars twenty-five cents (\$4.25), or any lower maximum amount required by operation of the rate limitation provisions of Section 7-37-7.1 NMSA 1978 upon any tax imposed under this section, on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value as that term is defined in the Property Tax Code, of all taxable property of the county within the hospital district for a period of time greater than four years. An election upon the question of continuing the levy may be called by the board of trustees [immediately prior to the expiration of the period of assessment previously approved by the qualified electors] pursuant to the Local Election Act."

SECTION 32. Section 4-48A-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 29, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read:

"4-48A-17. ELECTION PROCEDURES.--

[A. In all elections held pursuant to the provisions of the Special Hospital District Act, except as otherwise provided in that act, the board of trustees shall give notice of the election in a newspaper of general

circulation in the special hospital district and, in the case
of a special hospital district composed of all or portions of
two or more counties, in the subdistrict, at least once a week
for three consecutive weeks, the last insertion to be not less
than two weeks prior to the proposed election.

B.] All elections of the special hospital district, unless otherwise provided in the Special Hospital District Act, shall be called, conducted and canvassed [in substantially the same manner as school district elections are called, conducted and canvassed. The board of trustees shall be the canvassing board for such elections.

C. The expenses of elections conducted by the special hospital district shall be budgeted for and paid from the operating funds of the special hospital district] pursuant to the Local Election Act."

SECTION 33. Section 21-13-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963, Chapter 17, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

### "21-13-8. COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD.--

- A. Community college board members shall be [over twenty-one years of age] qualified electors and residents of the community college district.
- B. Community college board members shall be elected for staggered terms of six years [beginning on April l succeeding their elections]. Elections shall be held

[(1) in conjunction with regular school

district elections on the first Tuesday of February in each odd-numbered year if the community college board and school board agree to hold their elections at the same time; or

- (2) on the date otherwise prescribed by the Community College] pursuant to the Local Election Act.
- C. All vacancies caused in any other manner than by the expiration of the term of office shall be filled by appointment by the remaining members. An individual appointed by the remaining members of the board to fill a vacancy in office shall serve until the next community college board election, at which time candidates shall file for and be elected to fill the vacant position to serve the remainder of the unexpired term.
- D. A community college board shall select from its members a chair and secretary who shall serve in these offices until the next regular community college board election. After each community college board election, the members shall proceed to reorganize."

SECTION 34. Section 21-16-5.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1994, Chapter 83, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

- "21-16-5.1. BOARD MEMBERS--ELECTED FROM DISTRICTS-ELECTIONS.--
- A. A district board shall be composed of five or seven members elected for four-year terms who shall reside in and be elected from single-member districts as provided in this .205227.2

section. [Any board, the members of which have not been elected from single-member districts, shall district and hold a special election to coincide with the school district elections of 2001.] If the board is a seven-member board, board members shall be elected for all seven positions on the board, with the board members elected to positions 1, 3, 5 and 7 to be elected for initial terms of two years and the board members elected to positions 2, 4 and 6 to be elected for initial terms of four years. If the board is a five-member board, board members elected to positions 1, 3 and 5 shall be elected for initial terms of two years and board members elected to positions 2 and 4 shall be elected for initial terms of four years. After the initial election for a district board, each board member shall be elected for a term of four years.

- B. [Except where specific provision is otherwise provided by law] All election proceedings for technical and vocational institute district elections shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the [School Election Law with the president of the institute serving in the place of the superintendent of schools in every case] Local Election Act.
- C. Once following each federal decennial census, the board shall redistrict the technical and vocational institute district into election districts to ensure that the districts remain as equal in population as is practicable and shall notify the county clerk of the new boundaries upon

bracketed material] = delete

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completion of the redistricting process. The new districts shall go into effect at the first regular board election thereafter. Candidates for the new single-member districts that are scheduled to be voted on at the election shall reside in and be elected from the appropriate new single-member Incumbent board members whose districts before redistricting were not scheduled to be voted on at the election need not reside in the new single-member districts corresponding to their position numbers and may serve out their terms. At the second regular board election held after the redistricting, all candidates for the new single-member districts that are scheduled to be voted on shall reside in and be elected from the appropriate single-member district.

- D. All election districts covered by this section shall be contiguous, compact and as equal in population as is practicable.
- A vacancy occurring on the board shall be filled in the same manner as provided for school board vacancies in Section 22-5-9 NMSA 1978; provided, however, that a vacancy that occurs in an election district where a nonresident board member had been serving shall be filled [with] by a resident of that district."

SECTION 35. Section 21-16-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963, Chapter 108, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"21-16-14. ADDITION OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS OR PORTIONS OF .205227.2

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SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO EXISTING TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL INSTITUTE DISTRICTS.--

- A. A technical and vocational institute district may be expanded by either the procedure in Subsections B, C and D of this section or the procedure in Subsections E and F of this section.
- В. The qualified voters of a school district, portion of a school district, group of school districts within a county containing a technical and vocational institute district or in an adjoining county, not included in the technical and vocational institute district as originally formed, may petition the public education department to be added to the technical and vocational institute district. department shall examine the petition, and if it finds that the petition is signed by a number of qualified voters residing within the pertinent school district or portion of a school district equal to ten percent of the votes cast for governor in such school district or portion of such school district in the last preceding general election, the department shall cause a survey to be made of the petitioning district or districts to determine the desirability of the proposed expansion of the technical and vocational institute district.
- C. In conducting the survey, the <u>public education</u> department, in conjunction with the [<del>commission on</del>] higher education <u>department</u>, shall ascertain the attitude of the

technical and vocational institute board and collect other information it deems necessary. If, on the basis of the survey, the <u>public education</u> department finds that the proposed addition of the petitioning area will promote an improved education service in the area, it shall approve the petition. The secretary of public education shall proceed to <u>issue a proclamation and call</u> an election <u>pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act</u> within the petitioning area and in the established technical and vocational institute district on the question of the inclusion of the petitioning area in the institute district.

- D. If a majority of the votes cast in the petitioning area and a majority of the votes cast within the established institute district are in favor of the addition of the area, the <u>public education</u> department shall notify the local school board of each affected school district and the technical and vocational institute board of the results of the election and shall declare the extension of the boundaries of the institute district to include the petitioning area in which the proposed addition referendum carried by a majority vote.
- E. If a technical and vocational institute district includes less than all of a school district, the institute board, by resolution of a majority of the members of the board, may call an election within the institute district and in the portion of the school district that is not included in the

institute district on the question of the addition of the excluded portion of the school district to the established institute district. [Except where specific provision is otherwise provided by law] Such election shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the [School Election Law with the president of the institute district serving in the place of the superintendent of schools in every case; provided that:

- (1) the election may be held in conjunction with a regular election or as a special election;
- (2) if a precinct lies partly within and
  partly outside the institute district, the parts of the
  precinct within and outside the institute district shall
  constitute separate precincts for purposes of the election; and
- (3) precincts may be consolidated for purposes of administrative convenience] Local Election Act.
- F. If a majority of the votes cast in the institute district and the portion of the school district that is outside the institute district are in favor of the addition of the excluded portion of the school district to the institute district, the board of the institute district shall declare the institute district to be expanded to include all of such school district.
- G. Each area added to an existing technical and vocational institute district shall automatically be subject to any special levy on taxable property approved for the institute

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district for the maintenance of facilities and services and for support of bond issues."

SECTION 36. Section 21-16-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1964 (1st S.S.), Chapter 12, Section 5) is amended to read:

"21-16-20. SUBMISSION AT ELECTION--NOTICE--CERTIFICATION. -- If [the] a question is submitted pursuant to Section 21-16-16 NMSA 1978 at [a general] an election, the submitting board shall [publish notice thereof in the manner required for general elections, except that such notice need not include the names of any election officials or the places where such election is to be held in each precinct and voting division and no posting shall be required] notify the county clerk pursuant to the Local Election Act. The submitting board shall [<del>not less than thirty days before the election</del>] furnish to the county clerk of each county in which [each] an affected school district is situate a certificate specifying the question to be submitted [and the precincts and voting divisions included in the school district or districts or in the technical and vocational institute district. The county clerk of each such county shall include such question on the ballots and voting machines in the proper voting divisions. The election officials in such voting divisions shall execute separate certificates certifying the results of the voting on such question, and, upon receipt thereof, each county clerk shall deliver the same to the president of the board or his

## designated representative]."

SECTION 37. Section 21-16A-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2000, Chapter 105, Section 6) is amended to read:

"21-16A-6. LEARNING CENTER TAX LEVY AUTHORIZED--

- A. A board may adopt a resolution authorizing, for learning center operational purposes, the imposition of a property tax upon the taxable value of property in the district. The total tax imposition that may be authorized under the Learning Center Act shall not exceed a rate of five dollars (\$5.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of taxable value of property in each district. [A] The tax authorized pursuant to this section may not be imposed for a period of more than six years.
- B. The tax authorized in Subsection A of this section shall not be imposed in a district unless the question of authorizing the imposition of the tax is submitted to the voters of the district at [a regular school district] an election [or a special election called for that purpose] held pursuant to the Local Election Act.
- C. A resolution adopted pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall specify:
  - (1) the rate of the proposed tax;
- (2) the date of the election at which the question of imposition of the tax will be submitted to the .205227.2

voters of the district;

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- (3) the period of time the tax is authorized to be imposed; and
- the proposed use of the revenues from the proposed tax.
- D. The election required by this section shall be called, conducted and canvassed as provided in the [School Election Law | Local Election Act.
- If a majority of the voters voting on the question votes for a learning center tax levy pursuant to a resolution adopted under the Learning Center Act, the tax shall be imposed. The tax rate shall be certified by the department of finance and administration and imposed, administered and collected in accordance with the provisions of the Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act, the Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad Valorem Tax Act, the Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act and the Property Tax Code.
- If a majority of the voters voting on the question votes against a learning center tax levy pursuant to a resolution adopted under the Learning Center Act, the tax shall not be imposed. The board shall not again adopt a resolution authorizing the imposition of a tax levy pursuant to the Learning Center Act for at least two years after the date of the resolution that the voters rejected.
- G. The board may discontinue by resolution the .205227.2

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imposition of any tax authorized pursuant to the Learning

Center Act. The discontinuance resolution shall be mailed to

the department of finance and administration no later than June

15 of the year in which a tax rate pursuant to that act is not

to be certified."

SECTION 38. Section 22-7-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 308, Section 1) is amended to read:

"22-7-1. SHORT TITLE.--[This act] Chapter 22, Article 7

NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Local School Board Member Recall
Act"."

SECTION 39. Section 22-7-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 308, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

#### "22-7-13. SPECIAL RECALL ELECTION.--

A. The date of the special recall election shall be set no later than one hundred twenty days after the date of the determination by the county clerk, but in no event shall the election be held within the period of time prohibited for local government elections pursuant to Section 1-12-71 NMSA 1978.

- B. The question to be submitted to the voters at the special recall election shall be whether the named member shall be recalled.
- C. A special recall election may be held in conjunction with a regular or [a] local special [school district] election.
- D. [Whenever a special recall election is called, .205227.2

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the county clerk shall give public notice of the special recall election by publishing information regarding the election once each week for four consecutive weeks. The first publication of the information shall be made between forty-five and sixty days before the date of the special recall election. Information regarding the election shall be in compliance with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended, and shall include the date when the special recall election will be held, the question to be submitted to the voters, a brief description of the boundaries of each precinct, the location of each polling place, the hours each polling place will be open and the date and time of the closing of the registration books by the county clerk as required by law.] Except as otherwise provided in the Local School Board Member Recall Act, special recall elections in a school district shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act.

E. The ballot shall be in compliance with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended, and shall present the voter the choice of voting "for the removal of the named member" or "against the removal of the named member".

[F. All special recall elections shall be held in compliance with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.

G. Except as otherwise provided in the Local School

Board Member Recall Act, special recall elections in a school

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district shall be conducted as provided in the Election Code.]"

SECTION 40. Section 22-18-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,

Chapter 16, Section 229, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-18-2. BOND ELECTIONS--QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS--CALLING FOR BOND ELECTIONS.--

A. Before any general obligation bonds are issued, a local school board of a school district shall submit to a vote of the qualified electors of the school district [owning real estate in the school district] the question of creating a debt by issuing the bonds, and a majority of those persons voting on the question shall vote for issuing the general obligation bonds.

B. The election on the question of creating a debt by issuing general obligation bonds shall be held [at the same time as a regular school district election or at any special school district election which is not within ninety days after a regular school district election] pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act. The question shall be submitted to a vote at a [general or special school] district election upon the initiative of a local school board or upon a petition being filed with a local school board signed by qualified electors of the school district [having paid a property tax on property in the school district for the preceding year, according to the latest completed tax rolls]. The number of signatures required on the petition shall be at least ten percent of the number of

votes cast for governor in the school district in the last preceding general election. For the purpose of determining the number of votes cast for governor in the school district at the last preceding general election, any portion of a voting division within the school district shall be construed to be wholly within the school district. A local school board shall call for a bond election at [a] the next regular local or special [school district] election within ninety days [from] following the date a properly signed petition is filed with it; provided that the timing of the election does not conflict with the provisions of Section 1-12-71 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 41. Section 22-18-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 231, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-18-4. BOND ELECTIONS--CONDUCT.--

- A. A person is required to be a registered [voter]

  qualified elector to vote in a bond election in a school

  district.
- B. Bond elections in a school district shall be conducted pursuant to the [Election Code, except as otherwise provided in Sections 22-18-1 through 22-18-12 NMSA 1978, the School Election Law and the Bond] Local Election Act."
- SECTION 42. Section 22-18-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 235) is amended to read:
- "22-18-8. RESTRICTION ON BOND ELECTIONS.--In the event a majority of those persons voting on a question submitted to the .205227.2

voters in a bond election [votes] votes against creating a debt by issuing general obligation bonds, no bond election shall be held on the same question for a period of two years from the date of the bond election [except upon the presentation of a petition pursuant to Section 77-15-2 New Mexico Statutes

Annotated, 1953 Compilation and after the expiration of at least six months from the date of the previous bond election on the question. If a majority of those persons voting on a question submitted to the voters in a bond election for a second time within two years vote against creating a debt by issuing general obligation bonds, no bond election shall then be held on the same question for a period of two years from the date of first bond election on the question]."

SECTION 43. Section 22-25-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975 (S.S.), Chapter 5, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-25-5. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--NOTICE--BALLOT.--

A. An election on the question of imposing a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act [may] shall be held [in conjunction with a regular school district election or may be conducted as or held in conjunction with a special school district election, but the election shall be held prior to July 1 of the property tax year in which the tax is proposed to be imposed. Conduct of the election shall be] as prescribed in the [School Election Law for regular and special school district elections] Local Election Act.

B. The proclamation required to be published as notice of the election under Section [1-22-4 or 1-22-5] 1-22-11 NMSA 1978 shall include as the question to be submitted to the voters whether a property tax at a rate not to exceed the rate specified in the authorizing resolution should be imposed for the specified number of property tax years not exceeding six years upon the net taxable value of all property allocated to the school district for the capital improvements specified in the authorizing resolution.

C. The ballot shall include the information specified in Subsection B of this section and shall present the voter the choice of voting "for the public school capital improvements tax" or "against the public school capital improvements tax"."

SECTION 44. Section 22-26-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 163, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-26-5. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--NOTICE--BALLOT.--

A. An election on the question of imposing a tax under the Public School Buildings Act [may] shall be held [in conjunction with a regular school district election or may be conducted as or held in conjunction with a special school district election, but the election shall be held prior to July 1 of the property tax year in which the tax is proposed to be imposed. Conduct of the election shall be a prescribed in the [School Election Law for regular and special school

district elections | Local Election Act.

B. The resolution required to be published as notice of the election under Section [1-22-4 or 1-22-5] 1-22-11 NMSA 1978 shall include as the question to be submitted to the voters whether a property tax at a rate not to exceed the rate specified in the authorizing resolution should be imposed for the specified number of property tax years not exceeding six years upon the net taxable value of all property allocated to the school district for capital improvements.

C. The ballot shall include the information specified in Subsection B of this section and shall present the voter the choice of voting "for the public school buildings tax" or "against the public school buildings tax"."

SECTION 45. Section 22-26A-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 173, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:
"22-26A-10. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--NOTICE--BALLOT.--

A. An election on the question of imposing a tax under Sections 22-26A-8 through 22-26A-12 NMSA 1978 [may] shall be held [in conjunction with a regular school district election or may be conducted as or held in conjunction with a special school district election, but the election shall be held prior to July 1 of the property tax year in which the tax is proposed to be imposed. Conduct of the election shall be] as prescribed in the [School Election Law for regular and special school district elections] Local Election Act.

B. The resolution required to be published as
notice of the election under Section [ $\frac{1-22-4 \text{ or } 1-22-5}{2}$ ] $\frac{1-22-11}{2}$
NMSA 1978 shall include as the question to be submitted to the
voters whether a property tax at a rate not to exceed the rate
specified in the authorizing resolution should be imposed for
the specified number of property tax years not exceeding thirty
years upon the net taxable value of all property allocated to
the school district for payments due under lease purchase
arrangements.

C. The ballot shall include the information specified in Subsection B of this section and shall present the voter the choice of voting "for the lease purchase tax" or "against the lease purchase tax"."

SECTION 46. Section 22-26A-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 173, Section 11) is amended to read:

"22-26A-11. ELECTION RESULTS--CERTIFICATION.--The certification of the results of an election held on the question of imposition of a lease purchase tax shall be made in accordance with the [School Election Law] Local Election Act, and a copy of the certificate of results shall be mailed immediately to the secretary."

SECTION 47. Section 73-14-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-20. DEFINITIONS.--As used in Sections 73-14-18 through [<del>73-14-32</del>] <u>73-14-30</u> NMSA 1978:

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[A. "absent voter" means a qualified elector who
has requested an absentee ballot forty days prior to an
election;

- B. "absentee-early voter" means a qualified elector who has voted early, prior to election day, on an electronic voting machine at a designated absentee-early voter precinct;
- $G_{\bullet}$ ]  $A_{\bullet}$  "benefited area" means that area described by a property appraisal that receives a benefit as a result of the creation of a district for any of the purposes specified in Section 73-14-4 NMSA 1978;
- [D. "election director" means the person whom the board of directors may request to provide election services by a contract approved by the secretary of state;
- E. "election officer" means a person appointed by the board of directors to conduct the election in the absence of an election director and who performs all election services required by statute;
- F.] B. "list compiler" means a contractor approved by the board of directors to compile and produce a qualified elector list for a conservancy district;
- [G.] C. "qualified elector" means an individual who owns real property within the benefited area of the conservancy district and who has provided proof of an ownership interest to one of the sources specified in Subsection B of Section 73-14-20.1 NMSA 1978 within the required time period, or who .205227.2

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resides on and owns legal or equitable title in tribal lands and who is over the age of majority;

"qualified elector's list" means the list [<del>H.</del>] D. compiled before each election that contains the individual names of all qualified electors; and

 $[\frac{1}{1}]$   $\underline{E}$  "residence" means a dwelling that lies partially or completely within the benefited area."

Section 73-14-20.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws SECTION 48. 1990, Chapter 48, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "73-14-20.1. QUALIFIED ELECTOR LIST.--

The board of directors of the conservancy district may contract for a list compiler before each election to compile and produce a qualified elector's list for the district. The list compiler shall deliver the completed list to the [election director] appropriate county clerk no later than forty-five days prior to a district election. individual who purchases property ninety days prior to an election and whose name does not appear on the qualified elector's list shall not vote in that election. The individual may become certified to vote in a future election by filing [his] a deed of title with the appropriate county clerk at least ninety days before the next conservancy district election.

Names of qualified electors shall be obtained from the records of the county clerk of the appropriate county, .205227.2

the appropriate county assessor of the appropriate county, records of the conservancy district or from the census bureau and enrollment records provided by the pueblos. The county assessor of the appropriate county, the county clerk of the appropriate county and the tribal representatives of the appropriate pueblos shall deliver to the election director all records regarding qualified electors of the benefited area no later than the last day of each [March] July before a district election.

- C. Updating the qualified elector's list shall consist of adding, for any new qualified elector who has purchased property in the district, the name, address and description of all property owned by the qualified elector in the benefited area and removing the name of any elector who is deceased or [is no longer a qualified elector because he] who no longer owns property within the benefited area.
- D. Proof of ownership of land within the benefited area requires one of the following:
- (1) a recorded deed or real estate contract indicating current ownership of land within the benefited area;
- (2) an individual's name on county clerk records indicating a description of property the individual owns within the benefited area;
- (3) an individual's name on a list compiled by the governing body of a pueblo within the benefited area .205227.2

indicatir	ng that	the	indiv	7idı	ıal ı	named	is	residing	on	and	has
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- (4) a current property tax bill indicating ownership of land within the benefited area.
- E. The [election officer or the election director] appropriate county clerk shall distribute to each polling place a current qualified elector's list for the appropriate county. The [election officer or the election director] appropriate county clerk shall distribute the qualified elector's list to each polling place within a pueblo located within the benefited area. A qualified elector may vote at any one polling place in the pueblo or county where [he] the elector owns land. An individual who seeks to cast [his] a vote but [finds his] whose name is not on the qualified elector's list shall not be allowed to vote in that election."

SECTION 49. Section 73-14-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-24. TIME AND PROCEDURE FOR ELECTION.--

[A. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January prior to the middle Rio Grande conservancy district election, an election proclamation shall be published that includes a list of the offices for which a candidate may file, the date and place at which declarations of candidacy shall be filed and the date of the election. The election proclamation shall be published once in a newspaper of general circulation

in the counties in which the election shall be held.

B.] A. The members of the boards of directors created pursuant to the provisions of Sections 73-14-18 through [73-14-32] 73-14-30 NMSA 1978 shall be elected [at an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June in 2001 and in each odd-numbered year thereafter] pursuant to the Local Election Act.

[6.] B. The elections for the members of the board of directors of the conservancy district shall be conducted, counted and canvassed as provided in [Sections 73-14-18 through 73-14-32 and 73-14-84 through 73-14-86 NMSA 1978. The polls may be opened and closed in the same manner as provided for the general election under the Election Code.

D. If only one candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a position to be filled at an election, no declared write-in candidate has filed for a position and there are no questions or bond issues on the ballot, only one polling place for the election may be designated. The one polling place may be located in the office of the election director or in the office of the middle Rio Grande conservancy district] the Local Election Act."

SECTION 50. Section 73-14-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-25. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF ELECTORS.--

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1	A. [Any] $\underline{A}$ person who desires to become a candidate
2	for election as a member of the conservancy district board of
3	directors shall file [ $rac{his}{}$ ] $rac{a}{}$ written declaration of candidacy
4	with the [ <del>election director or with the election officer at</del>
5	least sixty days before the election. The election officer or
6	the election director shall certify the candidates to the board
7	of directors] proper filing officer in accordance with the
8	provisions of the Local Election Act.
9	B. The declaration of candidacy shall [contain:
10	(1) a statement that the candidate is a
11	qualified elector of the district and meets the qualifications
12	of a director as required by law;
13	(2) the candidate's name, address, county of
14	residence and date of declaration of candidacy;
15	(3) the numerical designation of the position
16	on the board of directors for which he desires to be a
17	<del>candidate;</del>

## (4)] be accompanied by:

(1) if a candidate for a position representing a county in the conservancy district, a petition signed by at least seventy-five qualified electors of the district who reside in that county; or

 $[\frac{(5)}{(2)}]$  if a candidate for the position at large in the conservancy district, a petition signed by at least one hundred twenty-five qualified electors [and

	<del>(6) a</del>	<del>statement th</del>	nat the candi	<del>idate resides</del>
<del>within th</del>	ne conservancy	district and	in the coun	<del>ty for which he</del>
<del>desires t</del>	to be a candida	ate on the bo	ard of direc	tors]."

SECTION 51. Section 73-14-28.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996, Chapter 42, Section 12) is amended to read:

"73-14-28.1. ELECTION.--[The board of directors of the conservancy district shall conduct the election] Elections shall be conducted pursuant to [Chapter 73, Article 14]

Sections 73-14-18 through 73-14-30 NMSA 1978 and [other applicable election laws or shall select an election director as defined in Section 73-14-20 NMSA 1978 to provide election services. The election director shall operate pursuant to a contract approved by the secretary of state. The election may be conducted by emergency paper ballot, electronic voting machine or any other state-certified tabulating voting machine] the Local Election Act."

SECTION 52. Section 73-14-55 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 2) is amended to read:

"73-14-55. BOARDS OF DIRECTORS--MEMBERSHIP-QUALIFICATIONS.--The boards of directors [hereby] created in
Sections 73-14-54 through 73-14-69 NMSA 1978 shall consist of
five [(5)] directors, each of whom must own real property
within the conservancy district [which] that is subject to
conservancy district appraisals, assessments, levies and taxes,
and each of whom must actually reside within the conservancy
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district and also within the county from which [he shall be] the director is elected [as hereinafter provided]."

**SECTION 53.** Section 73-14-57 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-57. DEFINITION OF "QUALIFIED ELECTORS".--The term "qualified electors", as used in Sections [<del>75-28-33 through</del> 75-28-48 NMSA 1953] 73-14-56 through 73-14-67 NMSA 1978, means only those persons who have reached the age of majority and, for at least six months prior to the election, have owned, during the entire six-month period, real property situated within the district [which] that is subject to conservancy district appraisals, assessments, levies and taxes."

**SECTION 54.** Section 73-14-58 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 5) is amended to read:

"73-14-58. TERMS--VACANCIES.--Each director shall be elected for a term of six years from and after the date of [his] election and, unless removed from office as [hereinafter] provided in Sections 73-14-54 through 73-14-69 NMSA 1978, shall serve until [his] a successor is duly elected and has qualified; provided that at the first election, one director shall be elected for a term of two years, two for a term of four years and two for a term of six years, to be determined according to counties if there [be] is land in any district in more than one county, by the board calling the election. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired term

of the director whose office becomes vacant. [Within ten days after the first and each succeeding election to be held under the provisions of this act, the directors so elected shall meet and qualify as directors and shall organize the board of directors hereby created in the same manner now by law required of members of the board of directors hereby abolished. When the elected directors shall have qualified and the boards of directors hereby created shall have been organized as aforesaid, then the present boards of directors as now constituted shall immediately cease to exist and to function, and all conservancy district records and property of what kind or character soever shall be, by the outgoing board and its outgoing directors, officers and employees, transferred and delivered unto the newly organized board of directors of said conservancy district.]"

SECTION 55. Section 73-14-61 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-61. NOTICE OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF
ELECTORS.--Any qualified elector [as herein defined] who
desires to become a candidate for election as a director shall
[at least forty days prior to the election] file with the
[secretary of the board of directors then in office his] proper
filing officer in accordance with the provisions of the Local
Election Act a written notice of candidacy, which shall state
[his] the candidate's name and residence [and the term for
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which he is a candidate for election] within the conservancy district. If [he] the candidate is a candidate at large, [his] the candidate's notice of candidacy [must] shall be signed by twenty qualified electors resident within the district. If [he] the candidate is a candidate only from that portion of the district [which] that lies within one county, [his] the candidate's notice of candidacy [must] shall be signed by ten qualified electors who reside within that particular portion of the district and county from which the candidate seeks to be elected. [No person who has not filed his notice of candidacy as and within the time required in this section shall be placed on the ballot.]"

SECTION 56. Section 73-14-62 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-62. TIME, PLACE AND PROCEDURE FOR ELECTION.--[A.]
The five director-members of the board of directors [by this act] created by Sections 73-14-54 through 73-14-69 NMSA 1978 shall be elected [on the first Tuesday of October of the year 1943 and of each succeeding sixth year thereafter at general election for districts having less than one hundred thousand acres. The five director-members of the boards of directors of conservancy districts formed after July 1, 1952 shall be elected on the first Tuesday of October, 1959 and of each succeeding sixth year thereafter at general election.

B. Not less than thirty days prior to said

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election, the board of directors then in office shall meet and by written resolution, which shall be preserved among the permanent records of the board, shall select a voting place within each voting precinct or voting division thereof within the conservancy district and shall select three judges of election to conduct the election at the place so selected. Said judges shall be qualified electors, as herein defined, and residents of the precinct within which they are appointed to act and shall serve without pay. The resolution shall appoint one of said judges to receive the ballots and post its notice of election. Not less than five days thereafter, the secretary of said board shall notify each judge so selected of his appointment as such and send to the judge selected to receive the ballots four copies of a notice of election which shall state the time and purpose thereof, the place where held within the precinct and the names of the judges selected for such precinct and said notices shall be posted at the four most prominent places within the precinct as soon as received] in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act."

SECTION 57. Section 73-14-71 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-71. DEFINITION OF "QUALIFIED ELECTOR".--As used in the provisions of Sections [75-28-49 through 75-28-67 NMSA 1953] 73-14-70 through 73-14-88 NMSA 1978, "qualified elector" means a natural person who has reached the age of majority and .205227.2

who, for at least six months prior to the election, has owned,
either in community or separately, real property located within
the district and subject to conservancy district appraisals,
assessments, levies and taxes."

SECTION 58. Section 73-14-73 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Section 5) is amended to read:

"73-14-73. ELECTIONS [WHEN HELD].--[A. The first election for conservancy districts existing on July 1, 1961 and eligible under the provisions of Section 75-28-53 New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1953 Compilation to have an elected board of directors shall be held on the first Tuesday in October 1961.

B. Subsequent] Elections shall be held [every two years following the year 1961 and shall be held on the first Tuesday of October;

G.] pursuant to the Local Election Act. Conservancy districts formed after July 1, 1961 shall hold their first election as provided in Section [75-28-53 New Mexico Statutes

Annotated, 1953 Compilation] 73-14-74 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 59. Section 73-14-74 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-74. ELIGIBILITY OF DISTRICT TO HOLD ELECTION.--

A. No election shall be held in [any] an existing conservancy district until the main canals in that district are in such a condition that water can be delivered from them for .205227.2

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irrigation on the lands within the district.

B. The first election in any district formed after July 1, 1961 [or in a district existing on July 1, 1961, and having an appointed board of directors] shall be held [on the first Tuesday of October occurring in an odd-numbered year during or] with the first regular local election occurring after [which] the requirements of Subsection A of this section are fulfilled."

SECTION 60. Section 73-14-78 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Section 10) is amended to read:

"73-14-78. NOTICE OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF
ELECTORS.--[A.] Any qualified elector who desires to become a candidate for election as a member of a conservancy district board of directors shall file [his] a written notice of candidacy with the [secretary of the existing appointed or elected board at least twenty days before the election.

# B. A notice for candidacy shall state:

- (1) the candidate's name and address; and
- (2) the numerical designation of the office position on the board for which he desires to be a candidate.
- provisions of the Local Election Act. In addition, [to the requirements of Subsection B] a notice for candidacy shall be signed by at least ten qualified electors within the conservancy district."

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SECTION 61. Section 73-18-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-18-27. [CALLING OF FIRST ELECTIONS.--[The board of directors of the conservancy district shall meet at the office of the conservancy district at 10:00 a.m. on the second Tuesday of August 1955 and shall call an election in the election precincts outside the municipality to be held on the second Tuesday in October 1955. The election shall be called by the board of directors by resolution that shall fix a voting place for each election precinct within the district outside the municipality and designate the necessary qualified electors of each election precinct to act as judges of the election in each precinct. In the discretion of the board of directors of the conservancy district, the election may be held at any place within the district. Judges of the elections shall be paid an amount to be determined by the board of directors for service. Expenses of the elections shall be paid by the district. In each odd-numbered year after 1955, elections shall be called [in the same manner and at the same times as provided in <del>Sections 73-18-25 through 73-18-43 NMSA 1978</del>] and conducted pursuant to the Local Election Act for the election of directors to succeed any directors whose terms expire in that year."

SECTION 62. Section 73-18-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 4) is amended to read:

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#### "73-18-28. DIRECTOR-AT-LARGE AND MUNICIPAL DIRECTOR.--

The director to represent the municipality [or municipalities and the director-at-large for the period from October 1955 to October 1957 shall be selected at the September 1955 meeting by the board of directors of [such] the conservancy district as [the same] it exists prior to [such] the election. [Such] The members shall be elected from the membership of the previously existing board if there [be] are qualified members of [such] the board willing to serve for [such] the additional two years. If there [be] are no members of the existing board willing to serve for [such] the additional period of two years or if there [be] is only one, [then said] the existing board may select one or both of [such] the directors from qualified electors of the district for [such] the position or positions [as a director as no member of the existing board shall be willing to accept].

B. In the election to be held in October 1957, a director to represent the municipal voting precinct shall be elected from the qualified electors of the municipality, and a director-at-large shall be elected from the qualified electors of the district.

<u>C.</u> Every resident, otherwise qualified, owning real estate of any character within the district shall have one vote for director-at-large. Each elector resident of the municipal voting precinct shall have one vote for municipal director.

The right of a voter to vote for municipal director shall not be affected by [such] the elector voting in any other election precinct in which [such] the elector may own class "A" land."

SECTION 63. Section 73-18-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-18-33. QUALIFICATIONS OF DIRECTORS.--The directorat-large shall be the owner of class "A" land within the
district and shall be a resident of the district. The director
for the municipal election precinct shall be a resident and
shall be the owner of real estate within the district
boundaries of the municipality. A director representing a
district election precinct outside the municipality shall be a
resident of the district and the owner of irrigable land within
the voting precinct for which [he] the director is a director."

SECTION 64. Section 73-18-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-18-34. BECOMING A CANDIDATE FOR DIRECTOR.--Any person wishing to become a candidate for the office of director in any district shall [by the last Friday of July before the election] file [in the office of the secretary of the district] a declaration of candidacy pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act, stating the election precinct for which the person is a candidate, accompanied by a petition signed by not less than ten qualified electors of the election precinct for which the person is a candidate to represent. No declaration

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of candida	cy s	hall b	e accepte	d [ <del>by th</del>	<del>ie s</del>	secretary]	unless
accompanie	d by	such	petition,	signed	bу	electors."	

**SECTION 65.** Section 73-18-35 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 11) is amended to read:

"73-18-35. TERM OF OFFICE FOR DIRECTOR. -- The regular term of office for a director [<del>shall be</del>] is four [<del>(4)</del>] years, and the director shall serve until [<del>his</del>] a successor [<del>shall</del> have] has been chosen and [shall have] has qualified. A director shall qualify by taking an oath of office. Newly elected directors shall take office [at the next regular meeting of the board of directors] on the date that their terms of office begin following the election of [such] the director."

**SECTION 66.** Section 73-18-41 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 17) is amended to read:

"73-18-41. APPLICATION OF [GENERAL ELECTION LAWS] LOCAL ELECTION ACT .-- In any election held under [this act] Sections 73-18-25 through 73-18-43 NMSA 1978, the [general election laws] Local Election Act shall be applicable [except as otherwise provided in this act and except as to the requirement for registration and residence in state, county or precinct as a qualification of an elector in offering to vote]."

SECTION 67. Section 73-20-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1957, Chapter 210, Section 1) is amended to read:

"73-20-1. SHORT TITLE.--[This act] Sections 73-20-1 .205227.2

through	73-20-24	NMSA	1978	may	be	cited	as	the	"Watershed
District	Act"."								

SECTION 68. Section 73-20-37 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 137, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-20-37. DISTRICT SUPERVISORS--ELECTION AND APPOINTMENT--NEW DISTRICTS.--

A. The governing body of a district shall be composed of five supervisors who shall be residents of the district and shall be elected <u>pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act</u>; provided, however, <u>that</u> two additional supervisors may be appointed to the governing body of each district by the commission in accordance with the provisions of the Soil and Water Conservation District Act. Four elected supervisor positions of each district shall be filled by landowners within the defined geographical area of their district. One elected supervisor position shall be designated supervisor-at-large, and the supervisor filling that position may serve the district without landowner qualification.

[B. Unless a different time is prescribed by the commission, within thirty days following the issuance of a certificate of organization to the two interim supervisors of a district, declarations of candidacy for supervisors of the district may be filed with the commission. The commission shall give due notice of election for the offices of five district supervisors. All registered voters residing within

the district shall be eligible to vote. The commission shall adopt and prescribe regulations governing the conduct of the election, shall determine voter eligibility and shall supervise the election and publish its results. The districts shall bear the expenses of elections; however, the commission shall bear the expenses of the first election of a newly organized district.

6.] B. In the first election of supervisors to serve a newly organized district, two supervisors shall be elected for terms of four years and three supervisors shall be elected for terms of two years. Thereafter, each elected supervisor shall serve a term of four years and shall continue in office until [his] a successor has been elected or appointed and has completed an oath of office. [Oaths of office may not be completed prior to July 1 after an election.] A vacant unexpired term of the office of an elected supervisor shall be filled by appointment by the remaining supervisors of the district. Two or more vacant unexpired terms occurring simultaneously in the same district shall be filled by appointment by the commission.

[Đ.] C. Appointed interim supervisors may continue to serve as appointed supervisors [at the pleasure of the commission or] until their successors are [otherwise appointed] elected at the next local election pursuant to the Local Election Act."

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SECTION 69. Section 73-20-38 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 137, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-20-38. DISTRICT SUPERVISORS--ELECTION AND APPOINTMENT -- ORGANIZED DISTRICTS. --

Successors to supervisors whose terms end in a calendar year shall be elected [<del>on the first Tuesday in May of</del> that year] pursuant to the Local Election Act. Elections shall be called, conducted and [returned] canvassed in accordance with [rules adopted and prescribed by the commission.

B. A canvassing board appointed by the commission shall determine the results of a district election, shall certify and publish the results and shall give the commission notice of its canvass within seven days of its completion. A canvass is considered complete when all challenges have been resolved to the satisfaction of the canvassing board.

C. Rules adopted and published by the commission and the election provisions of the Soil and Water Conservation District Act shall be exclusive in the conduct of district elections. The commission may adopt and publish rules to carry out the provisions of the Soil and Water Conservation District Act.

## D. the Local Election Act.

B. By June 15 of each year, the district supervisors may submit to the commission a list of persons interested in the district and who by experience or training .205227.2

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are qualified to serve as supervisors. The commission may appoint from the list submitted [<del>or at will</del>] two persons to serve as supervisors if it is the determination of the commission that the appointments are necessary or desirable and would benefit or facilitate the work and functions of the In the event a list is not submitted to the commission by the supervisors by June 15, the commission may appoint [at will] two supervisors qualified to serve by training or experience. Appointed supervisors shall serve [at the pleasure of the commission] a term of two years and shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as elected supervisors. Successors to appointed supervisors, or replacement-appointed supervisors in the event of vacancy, shall be appointed by the commission from a list of candidates [or at will] in accordance with the provisions of this subsection."

**SECTION 70.** Section 73-20-46 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 137, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-20-46. DISTRICT ASSESSMENTS. --

In the event a district is unable to meet or bear the expense of the duties imposed upon it by the Soil and Water Conservation District Act, the supervisors may adopt a resolution that, to be effective, shall be approved by referendum in the district and that shall provide for an annual levy for a stated period of up to ten years in a stated amount

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not exceeding one dollar (\$1.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value, as that term is defined in the Property Tax Code, of real property within the district, except that real property within incorporated cities and towns in the district may be excluded. The referendum held to approve or reject the resolution of the supervisors shall be conducted [with appropriate ballot and in substantially the same manner as a referendum adopting and approving the creation of a proposed district] pursuant to the Local Election Act. After the initial authorization is approved by referendum, the supervisors shall adopt a resolution in each following year authorizing the levy. To extend an assessment beyond the period of time originally authorized and approved by referendum, the supervisors shall adopt a new resolution and the district voters shall approve it in a referendum. extension shall be for the same period of time as originally approved, but the rate of the tax may be different as long as it does not exceed one dollar (\$1.00) on each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of real property within the district, except that real property within incorporated municipalities in the district may be excluded. district is indebted to the United States or the state or any of their respective agencies or instrumentalities, including the New Mexico finance authority, at the time of the expiration of the original authorization, the supervisors may renew the

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assessment by resolution for a period not to exceed the maturity date of the indebtedness, and no referendum for that renewal is necessary.

- A resolution authorized under Subsection A of В. this section shall not be effective, and neither a referendum nor a levy is authorized, unless the resolution is submitted to and approved in writing by the commission.
- In the event a resolution of the supervisors is adopted and approved in accordance with the provisions of Subsection A of this section, the supervisors of the district shall certify by the fifteenth of July of each year to the county assessor of each county in which there is situate land subject to the district assessment:
- a copy of the resolution of the supervisors;
- the results of any referendum held in the (2) year the certification is made; and
- (3) a list of landowners of the district and a description of the land owned by each that is subject to assessment.
- A county assessor shall indicate the information on the tax schedules, compute the assessment and present the district assessment by regular tax bill.
- The district assessment shall be collected by the county treasurer of each county in which taxable district .205227.2

land is situate in the same manner and at the same time that county ad valorem taxes are levied. The conditions, penalties and rates of interest applicable to county ad valorem taxation apply to the levy and collection of district assessments. A county treasurer shall be entitled to a collection fee equal to the actual costs of collection or four percent of the money collected from the levy of the district assessment, whichever is the lesser.

- F. District funds, regardless of origin, shall be transferred to and held by the supervisors and shall be expended for district obligations and functions. The supervisors shall prepare an annual budget and submit it for approval to the commission and to the local government division of the department of finance and administration. All district funds shall be expended in accordance with the approved budgets.
- G. In the event the supervisors of a district determine that there are or will be sufficient funds available for the operation of the district for any year for which an assessment is to be levied, they shall, by resolution, direct the assessor of each county in which taxable district land is situate, by July 15 of each year, to decrease the district assessment or to delete the district assessment reflected on the tax schedules.
- H. Any levy authorized by the Soil and Water .205227.2

Conservation District Act and any loan or other indebtedness authorized by that act that will require that a levy shall be based exclusively on or levied exclusively on the real property in the district, except that real property within incorporated cities and towns may be excluded."

SECTION 71. Section 73-21-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 80, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-21-14. ELECTIONS.--

- A. In any district, except a district created pursuant to a petition signed by the chair of the board of county commissioners of a county, [on the second Tuesday of January in the second calendar year after the organization of the district and on the second Tuesday of January every second year thereafter] in accordance with the Local Election Act, there shall be elected by the [taxpaying] qualified electors of the district one member of the board to serve for a term of six years, except that if the district elects to adopt four-year terms, the member shall serve for a term of four years.
- B. In any district created pursuant to a petition signed by the chair of the board of county commissioners of a county, [one] in the odd-numbered year after the organization of the district and every second year thereafter, there shall be elected by the [taxpaying] qualified electors of the district at least two, but no more than three, members of the board to serve for a term of two years. The election shall be

bracketed material]

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held in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act.

[Not later than thirty days before any election C. pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section] Nominations may be filed with the [secretary of the board, and, if a nominee does not withdraw the nominee's name before the first publication of the notice of election, the name shall be placed on the ballot. The board shall provide for holding such election and shall appoint judges to conduct it. The secretary of the district shall give notice of election by publication and shall arrange such other details in connection with the election as the board may direct] proper filing officer in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act. If within ninety days prior to a board election, the district publishes materials that describe the qualifications, experience and accomplishments of incumbents, equal space shall be made available without charge for similar information provided by opponents seeking a position on the board. [The returns of the election shall be certified to and shall be canvassed and declared by the board. The candidate receiving the most votes shall be elected. Any new member of the board shall qualify in the same manner as members of the first board qualify.]"

SECTION 72. Section 73-21-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 80, Section 25, as amended) is amended to read: .205227.2

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"73-21-28.

Whenever the board shall, by resolution, determine that the interest of the district and the public interest or necessity demand the acquisition, construction, installation or completion of any works or other improvements or facilities, or the making of any contract with the United States or other persons or corporations, to carry out the objects or purposes of the district, requiring the creation of a general obligation indebtedness of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, secured by property tax revenue from within the district, the board shall order the submission of the proposition of issuing the obligations or bonds or creating other indebtedness to the qualified [taxpaying] electors of the district at [an] a district election held [for that purpose. Any such election may be held separately or may be consolidated or held concurrently with any other election authorized by the Water and Sanitation District | in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act. The declaration of public interest or necessity required in this section and the provision for the holding of the election may be included within one and the same The resolution, in addition to the declaration of public interest or necessity, shall recite the objects and purposes for which the indebtedness is proposed to be incurred, the estimated cost of the works or improvements, as the case may be, the amount of principal of the indebtedness to be

BOARD RESOLUTION -- INDEBTEDNESS -- ELECTION . --

incurred and the maximum rate of interest to be paid on the indebtedness. The resolution shall also [fix] announce the date upon which the election shall be held [and the manner of holding it and the method of voting for or against the incurring of the proposed indebtedness. The resolution shall also fix the compensation to be paid the officers of the election and shall designate the polling place and shall appoint, for each polling place, from the electors of the district, the officers of the election consisting of three judges, one of whom shall act as clerk]; provided that the date is not in conflict with the provisions of Section 1-12-71 NMSA 1978."

## SECTION 73. TEMPORARY PROVISION. --

A. The term of an elected local government officer that was set to expire on or before June 30, 2020 pursuant to the governing statutes of that local government in effect before the effective date of this act shall expire on November 30, 2019, and that officer's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of October 2019 for a term beginning on December 1, 2019.

B. The term of an elected local government officer that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2020 but on or before June 30, 2022 pursuant to the governing statutes of that local government in effect before the effective date of this act shall expire on November 30, 2021, and that officer's

successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of October 2021 for a term beginning on December 1, 2021.

- C. The term of an elected local government officer that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2022 pursuant to the governing statutes of that local government in effect before the effective date of this act shall expire on November 30, 2023, and that officer's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of October 2023 for a term beginning on December 1, 2023.
- D. The provisions of this section only apply to local government officers whose elections are subject to the provisions of the Local Election Act.

SECTION 74. TEMPORARY PROVISION. -- References in law to the School Election Law shall be deemed to be references to the Local Election Act.

## SECTION 75. REPEAL.--

A. Sections 1-6-19, 1-22-5, 1-23-1 through 1-23-7, 21-13-18.1, 21-13-18.2, 21-16-21, 21-16-22, 73-14-27, 73-14-28, 73-14-29, 73-14-31 through 73-14-31.3, 73-14-63 through 73-14-65, 73-14-80 through 73-14-86, 73-21-29 and 73-21-30 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 54, Section 1, Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 7, Laws 1987, Chapter 160, Sections 1 through 6, Laws 1991, Chapter 105, Section 43, Laws 1987, Chapter 160, Section 7, Laws 1993, Chapter 75, Sections 3 and .205227.2

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4, Laws 1964 (1st S.S.), Chapter 12, Sections 6 and 7, Laws
1975, Chapter 262, Sections 10 through 12 and 14, Laws 1996,
Chapter 42, Sections 15 and 16, Laws 1999, Chapter 168, Section
8, Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Sections 10 through 12, Laws 1961,
Chapter 67, Sections 12 through 17, Laws 1996, Chapter 42,
Section 17, Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Section 18 and Laws 1943,
Chapter 80, Sections 26 and 27, as amended) are repealed.

B. Sections 73-18-37 through 73-18-40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Sections 13 through 16) are repealed.

**SECTION 76.** EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2018.

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