1	HOUSE BILL 253
2	53rd LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Elizabeth "Liz" Thomson and Deborah A. Armstrong
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE
12	OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY ACT TO MAKE SCOPE OF PRACTICE CHANGES.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
15	SECTION 1. Section 61-12A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996,
16	Chapter 55, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
17	"61-12A-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Occupational
18	Therapy Act:
19	A. "board" means the board of examiners for
20	occupational therapy;
21	B. "censure" means a formal expression of
22	disapproval that is publicly announced;
23	C. "denial of license" means that a person is
24	barred from becoming licensed to practice in accordance with
25	the provisions of the Occupational Therapy Act either
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1 indefinitely or for a certain period;

D. "licensee" means an occupational therapist or
occupational therapy assistant, as appropriate;

E. "occupational therapist" means a person who
holds an active license to practice occupational therapy in New
Mexico in accordance with board rules;

7 F. "occupational therapy" means the therapeutic use of occupations, including everyday life activities with persons 8 9 [or] across the life span, including groups, populations or organizations, to [participate] enhance or enable 10 participation, performance or function in roles, [and 11 12 situations] habits and routines in home, school, workplace, community and other settings [to promote]. Occupational 13 14 therapy services are provided for habilitation, rehabilitation and the promotion of health and wellness [in] to those clients 15 who have or are at risk for developing an illness, injury, 16 disease, disorder, condition, impairment, disability, activity 17 limitation or participation restriction. "Occupational 18 therapy" includes addressing the physical, cognitive, 19 20 psychosocial, [sensory] sensory-perceptual and other aspects of performance in a variety of contexts and environments to 21 support [a client's] engagement in [everyday life activities] 22 occupations that affect physical and mental health, well-being 23 and quality of life. Occupational therapy uses everyday life 24 activities to promote mental health and support functioning in 25 .204823.3

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people with or at risk of experiencing a range of mental health disorders, including psychiatric, behavioral and substance abuse disorders; 3

[G. "occupational therapy aide or technician" means 4 an unlicensed person who assists in occupational therapy, who 5 works under direct supervision of an occupational therapist or 6 7 occupational therapy assistant;

H.] G. "occupational therapy assistant" means a person having no less than an associate degree in occupational therapy and holding an active license to practice occupational therapy in New Mexico who assists [an] in the practice of occupational [therapist] therapy under the supervision of the occupational therapist in accordance with board rules;

"person" means an individual, association, [].] H. partnership, unincorporated organization or corporate body;

[J.] I. "probation" means continued licensure is subject to fulfillment of specified conditions such as monitoring, education, supervision or counseling;

[K.] J. "reprimand" means a formal expression of disapproval that is retained in the licensee's file but not publicly announced;

[L.] K. "revocation" means permanent loss of licensure; and

[M.] L. "suspension" means the loss of licensure for a certain period, after which the person may be required to .204823.3 - 3 -

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apply for reinstatement."

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2	SECTION 2. Section 61-12A-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996,
3	Chapter 55, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
4	"61-12A-4. OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY SERVICES <u>The practice</u>
5	of occupational therapy [services include:
6	A. selected strategies to direct the process of
7	interventions, such as:
8	(1) establishment, remediation or restoration
9	of a skill or ability that has not yet developed or is
10	<pre>impaired;</pre>
11	(2) compensation, modification or adaptation
12	of activity or environment to enhance performance;
13	(3) maintenance and enhancement of
14	capabilities without which performance in everyday life
15	activities would decline;
16	(4) health promotion and wellness to enable
17	enhanced performance in everyday life activities; and
18	(5) prevention of barriers to performance,
19	including disability prevention] includes the following
20	processes and services:
21	[B.] <u>A.</u> evaluation of factors affecting <u>all areas</u>
22	of occupation, including activities of daily living,
23	instrumental activities of daily living, rest and sleep,
24	education, work, productivity, play, leisure and social
25	participation; including:
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1	(1) client factors, including neuromuscular,
2	sensory, visual, [perceptual and cognitive functions and
3	cardiovascular, digestive, integumentary and genitourinary
4	systems] mental, cognitive and pain factors and body
5	structures, including cardiovascular, digestive, integumentary
6	and genitourinary systems and structures related to movement;
7	(2) habits, routines, roles and behavior
8	patterns;
9	(3) cultural, physical, environmental, social
10	and spiritual contexts and activity demands that affect
11	performance; and
12	(4) performance skills, including motor
13	process and communication and interaction skills; [and]
14	B. activity analysis to determine activity demands
15	of occupations performed;
16	C. design, implementation and modification of
17	therapeutic interventions, including the following activities
18	related to selection of intervention strategies to direct the
19	process of interventions:
20	(1) establishment, remediation or restoration
21	of a skill or ability that has not yet developed, is impaired
22	<u>or is in decline;</u>
23	(2) compensation, modification or adaptation
24	of activity or environment to enhance performance or to prevent
25	injuries, disorders or other conditions;
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1	(3) retention, maintenance and enhancement of
2	skills and capabilities without which performance in everyday
3	life activities would decline;
4	(4) promotion of health and wellness,
5	including the use of self-management strategies to enable or
6	enhance performance in everyday life activities;
7	(5) prevention of barriers to performance,
8	including injury and disability prevention; and
9	[C.] <u>(6)</u> interventions and procedures to
10	promote or enhance safety and performance in [activities of
11	daily living, instrumental activities of daily living,
12	education, work, play, leisure and social participation] areas
13	of occupation, including:
14	[(1)] <u>(a)</u> therapeutic use of
15	occupations, exercises and activities;
16	[(2)] <u>(b)</u> training in self-care, self-
17	management, health management and maintenance, home management,
18	[and] community-work reintegration, <u>school activities and work</u>
19	<pre>performance;</pre>
20	[(3)] <u>(c)</u> development, remediation or
21	compensation of [physical] <u>neuromusculoskeletal, sensory-</u>
22	perceptual, sensory-integrative and modulation, visual, mental
23	and cognitive [neuromuscular and sensory] functions, <u>pain</u>
24	tolerance and management, developmental skills and behavioral
25	skills;
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1 [(4)] (d) therapeutic use of self, 2 including one's personality, insights, perceptions and 3 judgments, as part of the therapeutic process; [(5)] (e) education and training of 4 persons, including family members, caregivers, groups, 5 populations and others; 6 7 [(6)] (f) care coordination, case management and transition services; 8 9 [(7)] (g) consultative services to groups, programs, organizations or communities; 10 [(8)] (h) modification of home, work, 11 12 school and community environments and adaptation [or] of processes, including the application of ergonomic principles; 13 14 [(9)] (i) assessment, design, fabrication, application, fitting and training in seating and 15 positioning, assistive technology, adaptive devices and 16 orthotic devices and training in the use of prosthetic devices; 17 [(10)] (j) assessment, recommendation 18 19 and training in techniques to enhance functional mobility, 20 including [wheelchair] management of wheelchairs and other mobility devices; 21 (k) low vision rehabilitation; 22 [(11)] (1) driver rehabilitation and 23 community mobility; 24 [(12)] (m) management of feeding, eating 25 .204823.3

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1	and swallowing; [to enable eating and feeding performance; and
2	(13) (n) application of physical agent
3	modalities and use of a range of specific therapeutic
4	procedures such as wound care management; techniques to enhance
5	sensory, perceptual and cognitive processing; and manual
6	therapy techniques to enhance performance skills;
7	(o) facilitating the occupational
8	performance of groups, populations or organizations; and
9	(p) management of a client's mental
10	health, functioning and performance; and
11	D. use of means to measure the outcomes and effects
12	of interventions to reflect the attainment of treatment goals,
13	<u>including</u> :
14	(1) improved quality of life;
15	(2) the degree of participation;
16	(3) role competence;
17	(4) well-being;
18	(5) improved life function;
19	(6) enhanced performance; and
20	(7) prevention criteria."
21	SECTION 3. Section 61-12A-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996,
22	Chapter 55, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
23	"61-12A-5. SUPERVISIONREQUIREDDEFINED[A.]
24	Occupational therapy shall not be performed by an occupational
25	therapy assistant [occupational therapy aide or technician] or
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by any person practicing on a provisional permit unless [such] <u>the occupational</u> therapy is supervised by an occupational therapist. The board shall adopt rules defining supervision. [which definitions may include various categories such as "close supervision", "routine supervision" and "general supervision".

7 B. An occupational therapy aide or technician is not a primary service provider of occupational therapy in any 8 9 practice setting and, therefore, does not provide skilled occupational therapy services. An occupational therapy aide or 10 technician is trained by an occupational therapist or an 11 12 occupational therapy assistant to perform specifically delegated tasks, and the occupational therapist is responsible 13 for the overall use and actions of the occupational therapy 14 aide or technician. An occupational therapy aide or technician 15 must demonstrate competence to perform the assigned, delegated 16 client and nonclient tasks.]" 17

SECTION 4. A new section of the Occupational Therapy Act is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] APPLICABILITY TO OTHER HEALTH PROFESSIONS.--Nothing in the Occupational Therapy Act shall be construed as limiting the practice of other licensed and qualified health professionals in their specific disciplines."

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