1	SENATE BILL 191
2	53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Cliff R. Pirtle
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO JURISDICTION; REQUIRING TRAFFIC CITATIONS TO BE
12	FILED IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE VIOLATION IS ALLEGED TO HAVE
13	BEEN COMMITTED.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. Section 35-3-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968,
17	Chapter 62, Section 51, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"35-3-6. JURISDICTIONTERRITORIAL LIMITS
19	A. The territorial jurisdiction of a magistrate is
20	coextensive with the magistrate district in which the
21	magistrate serves. A magistrate also has jurisdiction in any
22	criminal action involving violation of a law relating to motor
23	vehicles arising in a magistrate district adjoining at any
24	point that in which the magistrate serves and within magistrate
25	trial jurisdiction; provided that the defendant [ <del>is entitled to</del>
	.205964.1

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a change of venue to the district where the cause of action arose if the defendant so moves at, or within fifteen days after, arraignment] consents to a change of venue from the magistrate district where the cause of action arose.

B. A magistrate has jurisdiction to sit in any action arising in any other magistrate district when designated for a specific period of time by a district judge because of the unavailability of a magistrate in that magistrate district. A magistrate acting in another magistrate district by designation pursuant to this subsection shall include the cases heard by designation in the magistrate's own reports to the administrative office of the courts, indicating on the reports that the magistrate's jurisdiction is by designation.

C. In a criminal action in which a magistrate has territorial jurisdiction over the offense pursuant to this section, the magistrate court has personal jurisdiction over the defendant for the purpose of service of process upon the defendant wherever the defendant resides or may be found within the state.

D. In a civil action arising within the magistrate's territorial jurisdiction, the magistrate court has personal jurisdiction over the defendant for the purpose of service of process upon the defendant wherever the defendant resides or may be found within the state.

E. The territorial limitations of magistrate .205964.1

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	1	court jurisdiction shall not apply to actions to enforce
	2	judgments entered in the magistrate district and writs issued
	3	in aid of those actions."
	4	SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
	5	provisions of this act is July 1, 2017.
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