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SENATE BILL 207

53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

INTRODUCED BY

John M. Sapien

FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION STUDY COMMITTEE

AN ACT

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RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS; AMENDING THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CODE TO CLARIFY A CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORITY'S DUTIES RELATIVE TO AUTHORIZATION OF A CHARTER SCHOOL TO BE LOCATED IN A DISTRICT OF A CERTAIN SIZE WITH A CERTAIN PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS ENROLLED IN ALREADY ESTABLISHED CHARTER SCHOOLS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 22-8B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 281, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8B-6. CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS -- APPLICATION PROCESS--AUTHORIZATION--STATE BOARD OF FINANCE DESIGNATION REQUIRED--PUBLIC HEARINGS--SUBCOMMITTEES.--

A local school board has the authority to approve the establishment of a locally chartered charter school within that local school board's district.

- B. No later than the second Tuesday of January of the year in which an application will be filed, the organizers of a proposed charter school shall provide written notification to the commission and the school district in which the charter school is proposed to be located of their intent to establish a charter school. Failure to notify may result in an application not being accepted.
- C. A charter school applicant shall apply to either a local school board or the commission for a charter. If an application is submitted to a chartering authority, it must process the application. Applications for initial charters shall be submitted by June 1 to be eligible for consideration for the following fiscal year; provided that the June 1 deadline may be waived upon agreement of the applicant and the chartering authority.
- D. An application shall include the total number of grades the charter school proposes to provide, either immediately or phased. A charter school may decrease the number of grades it eventually offers, but it shall not increase the number of grades or the total number of students proposed to be served in each grade.
- E. An application shall include a detailed description of the charter school's projected facility needs, including projected requests for capital outlay assistance that have been approved by the director of the public school

facilities authority or the director's designee. The director shall respond to a written request for review from a charter applicant within forty-five days of the request.

- F. An application may be made by one or more teachers, parents or community members or by a public post-secondary educational institution or nonprofit organization. Municipalities, counties, private post-secondary educational institutions and for-profit business entities are not eligible to apply for or receive a charter.
- shall not be made [after June 30, 2007] if the proposed charter school's proposed enrollment for all grades or the proposed charter school's proposed enrollment for all grades in combination with any other charter school's enrollment for all grades would equal or exceed ten percent of the total MEM of the school district in which the charter school will be geographically located and that school district has a total [enrollment] MEM of [not more than one thousand three hundred students] one thousand three hundred or less.
- H. In a school district with a total MEM of one thousand three hundred or less, total charter school MEM shall not exceed ten percent of the MEM of the school district, regardless of where the charter school students reside; provided that:
 - (1) the board of education of a school

district with a total MEM of one thousand three hundred or less may waive the provisions of this subsection, thereby allowing locally chartered and state-chartered charter schools to enroll more than ten percent of the total MEM of the school district; or

- (2) a school district is not subject to the limitation in this subsection if, during the 2016-2017 school year, total charter school MEM in the school district exceeds ten percent of the total MEM of the school district.
- [\mathbb{H}_{ullet}] \underline{I}_{ullet} A state-chartered charter school shall not be approved for operation unless its governing body has qualified to be a board of finance.
- $[\frac{1}{1}]$ The chartering authority shall receive and review all applications for charter schools submitted to it. The chartering authority shall not charge application fees.
- [J.] K. The chartering authority shall hold at least one public hearing in the school district in which the charter school is proposed to be located to obtain information and community input to assist it in its decision whether to grant a charter school application. The chartering authority may designate a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold the public hearing, and, if so, the hearing shall be transcribed for later review by other members of the chartering authority. Community input may include written or oral comments in favor of or in opposition to the application from

the applicant, the local community and, for state-chartered charter schools, the local school board and school district in whose geographical boundaries the charter school is proposed to be located.

[K.] L. The chartering authority shall rule on the application for a charter school in a public meeting by September 1 of the year the application was received; provided, however, that prior to ruling on the application for which a designated subcommittee was used, any member of the chartering authority who was not present at the public hearing shall receive the transcript of the public hearing together with documents submitted for the public hearing. If not ruled upon by that date, the charter application shall be automatically reviewed by the secretary in accordance with the provisions of Section 22-8B-7 NMSA 1978. The charter school applicant and the chartering authority may, however, jointly waive the deadlines set forth in this section.

 $[\frac{L_{\bullet}}{M_{\bullet}}]$ A chartering authority may approve, approve with conditions or deny an application. A chartering authority may deny an application if:

- (1) the application is incomplete or inadequate;
- (2) the application does not propose to offer an educational program consistent with the requirements and purposes of the Charter Schools Act;

- (3) the proposed head administrator or other administrative or fiscal staff was involved with another charter school whose charter was denied or revoked for fiscal mismanagement or the proposed head administrator or other administrative or fiscal staff was discharged from a public school for fiscal mismanagement;
- (4) for a proposed state-chartered charter school, it does not request to have the governing body of the charter school designated as a board of finance or the governing body does not qualify as a board of finance; or
- (5) the application is otherwise contrary to the best interests of the charter school's projected students, the local community or the school district in whose geographic boundaries the charter school applies to operate.
- $[M_{ au}]$ $N_{ au}$ If the chartering authority denies a charter school application or approves the application with conditions, it shall state its reasons for the denial or conditions in writing within fourteen days of the meeting. If the chartering authority grants a charter, the approved charter shall be provided to the applicant together with any imposed conditions.
- [N-] O. A charter school that has received a notice from the chartering authority denying approval of the charter shall have a right to a hearing by the secretary as provided in Section 22-8B-7 NMSA 1978."