HOUSE BILL 295

54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

INTRODUCED BY

Deborah A. Armstrong and Roberto "Bobby" J. Gonzales and
Gail Chasey and Patricia Roybal Caballero and Joanne J. Ferrary

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE; ENACTING THE HEALTH SECURITY ACT TO
PROVIDE FOR COMPREHENSIVE STATEWIDE HEALTH CARE; PROVIDING FOR
HEALTH CARE PLANNING; ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES TO CONTAIN HEALTH
CARE COSTS; CREATING A COMMISSION; PROVIDING FOR ITS POWERS AND
DUTIES; PROVIDING FOR HEALTH CARE DELIVERY REGIONS AND REGIONAL
COUNCILS; DIRECTING AND AUTHORIZING THE DEVELOPMENT OF A HEALTH
SECURITY PLAN; PROVIDING PENALTIES; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE
TORT CLAIMS ACT; ENACTING A NEW SECTION OF THE UNFAIR PRACTICES
ACT TO BAN THE SALE OF REDUNDANT HEALTH COVERAGE; ENACTING
TEMPORARY PROVISIONS OF LAW TO REQUIRE A FISCAL ANALYSIS OF THE
HEALTH SECURITY PLAN BEFORE ENACTMENT OF THE HEALTH SECURITY
ACT; PROVIDING FOR DELAYED REPEAL; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1
through 42 of this act may be cited as the "Health Security Act".

SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] PURPOSES OF ACT.--The purposes of the Health Security Act are to:

A. ensure health care coverage to all New Mexicans;
B. control escalating health care costs; and
C. improve the health care of all New Mexicans.

SECTION 3. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Health Security Act:

A. "behavioral health services" includes mental health and substance use disorder treatment and rehabilitation services;
B. "beneficiary" means a person eligible for health care and benefits pursuant to the health security plan;
C. "budget" means the total of all categories of dollar amounts of expenditures for a stated period authorized for an entity or a program;
D. "capital budget" means that portion of a budget that establishes expenditures for acquisition:
   (1) or addition of substantial improvements to real property; or
   (2) of tangible personal property;
E. "care coordination" means a comprehensive, multidisciplinary program designed to meet an individual's need for care by coordinating health services, patient needs and
information to better achieve the goals of treatment and care;

F. "commission" means the health care commission;

G. "consumer price index for medical care prices"
means that index as published by the bureau of labor statistics
of the federal department of labor;

H. "controlling interest" means:
   (1) a five percent or greater ownership
   interest, direct or indirect, in the person controlled; or
   (2) an interest, direct or indirect, that,
because of financial or personal relationships, has the power
to influence important decisions of the person controlled;

I. "financial interest" means an ownership interest
of any amount, direct or indirect;

J. "group practice" means an association of health
care providers that provides one or more specialized health
care services or a tribal or urban Indian coalition in
partnership or under contract with the federal Indian health
service that is authorized under federal law to provide health
care to Native American populations in the state;

K. "health care" means health care provider
    services and health facility services;

L. "health care provider" means any of the
    following persons that is not a health facility and that is:
    (1) a person or network of persons licensed or
certified and authorized to provide health care in the state;
(2) an individual licensed or certified by a nationally recognized professional organization and designated as a health care provider by the commission; or

(3) a person that is a group practice of licensed providers or a medical transportation service;

M. "health facility" means a school-based clinic, an Indian health service facility, a tribal or tribal entity health care facility, a state-operated health care facility, a general hospital, a special hospital, an outpatient facility, a psychiatric hospital, a primary clinic pursuant to the Rural Primary Health Care Act, a laboratory, a freestanding birthing facility, a skilled nursing facility or a nursing facility or other type of facility licensed as a health facility by the department of health and identified in commission rules; provided that the health facility is authorized to receive state or federal reimbursement;

N. "health resource certification" means a system of approval for major capital expenditures to be determined by commission rules;

O. "health security plan" means the program that is created and administered by the commission for provision of health care pursuant to the Health Security Act;

P. "major capital expenditure" means construction or renovation of facilities or the acquisition of diagnostic, treatment or transportation equipment by a health care provider.
or health facility that costs more than an amount recommended
and established by the commission;

Q. "medicare offset" means a reimbursement that the
federal government makes pursuant to the federal Health
Insurance for the Aged Act, Title 18 of the Social Security
Amendments of 1965, as then constituted or later amended;

R. "operating budget" means the budget of a health
facility exclusive of the facility's capital budget;

S. "person" means an individual or any other legal
entity;

T. "primary care provider" means a health care
provider who is a physician, osteopathic physician, nurse
practitioner, physician assistant, osteopathic physician's
assistant, pharmacist clinician or other health care provider
certified by the commission to provide the first level of basic
health care, including diagnostic and treatment services;
services delivered at a primary clinic, telehealth site or
school-based health center; and behavioral health services if
those services are integrated into the provider's service
array;

U. "provider budget" means the authorized
expenditures pursuant to payment mechanisms established by the
commission to pay for health care furnished by health care
providers participating in the health security plan;

V. "service" means a health care service or product
offered or provided to an individual for the purpose of
preventing, alleviating, curing or healing human physical or
mental illness or injury or substance use disorder;

W. "specialist" means a physician who is certified
to practice in a medical subspecialty by the American board of
medical specialties;

X. "superintendent" means the superintendent of
insurance; and

Y. "transportation service" means a person
providing the services of an ambulance, helicopter or other
conveyance that is used to transport patients to or from health
care providers or health facilities.

SECTION 4. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH CARE COMMISSION
CREATED--GOVERNMENTAL INSTRUMENTALITY.--As of December 1, 2021,
the "health care commission" is created as a public body,
politic and corporate, constituting a governmental
instrumentality. The commission consists of fifteen members.

SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] CREATION OF HEALTH CARE
COMMISSION MEMBERSHIP NOMINATING COMMITTEE--MEMBERSHIP, TERMS
AND DUTIES.--

A. As of May 6, 2021, the "health care commission
membership nominating committee" is created, consisting of ten
members, to reflect the geographic diversity of the state, as
follows:

(1) three members appointed by the speaker of
the house of representatives;

(2) three members appointed by the president
pro tempore of the senate;

(3) two members appointed by the minority
floor leader of the house of representatives; and

(4) two members appointed by the minority
floor leader of the senate.

B. By April 15, 2021, the legislative council
service shall provide the public with public notice to allow
members of the public to request consideration of appointment
to the nominating committee. The notice shall be advertised
and reported on a publicly accessible website that the
nominating committee establishes and maintains, in media
outlets throughout the state and through publication of a legal
notice in major newspapers. Publication of the legal notice
shall occur once each week for the two weeks preceding April
15, 2021.

C. At the first meeting of the nominating
committee, it shall elect a chair and any other officers it
deems necessary from its membership.

D. Members shall serve two-year terms.

E. A member shall serve until the member's
successor is appointed and qualified. Successor members shall
be appointed by the appointing authority that made the initial
appointment to the nominating committee. A member shall be
eligible for or enrolled in the health security plan. A person shall not serve on the nominating committee if that person:

1. currently or within the previous twenty-four months:
   a. serves or has served as a member of the commission; or
   b. has, or is a member of the household of a person who has, been employed by, served as an agent or officer of or had a controlling interest in a person that is licensed to provide health insurance;

2. is a state employee who is appointed by the governor and confirmed by the senate;

3. is an elected official;

4. is a health care provider; or

5. is an owner or operator of a health facility.

F. Appointed members of the nominating committee shall have substantial knowledge of the health care system as demonstrated by education or experience.

G. The nominating committee shall advertise and report notice of its meetings and agendas at least seventy-two hours before each meeting on a publicly accessible website that the commission establishes and maintains, in media outlets throughout the state and through publication of a legal notice in major newspapers. Publication of the legal notice shall
occur once each week for the two weeks immediately preceding the date of a meeting. Meetings of the nominating committee shall be open to the public, and public comment shall be allowed.

H. A majority of the nominating committee constitutes a quorum. The nominating committee may allow members' participation in meetings by telephone or other electronic media that allow full participation. Meetings may be closed only for discussion of candidates prior to selection. Final selection of candidates shall be by vote of the members and shall be conducted in a public meeting.

I. The New Mexico legislative council shall convene the first meeting of the nominating committee on or before May 14, 2021 and thereafter at the call of the chair.

J. The nominating committee shall actively solicit, accept and evaluate applications from qualified persons for membership on the commission subject to the qualification requirements for commission membership pursuant to Section 6 of the Health Security Act.

K. No later than October 1, 2021, the nominating committee shall submit to the governor the names of the persons recommended for appointment to the commission by a majority of the nominating committee. Immediately after receiving the nominating committee's nominations, the governor may make one request of the nominating committee for submission of
additional names. If a majority of the nominating committee finds additional persons that would be qualified, the nominating committee shall promptly submit the additional names and recommend those persons for appointment to the commission. The nominating committee shall submit no more than three names for a membership position for each initial or additional appointment.

L. Appointed nominating committee members may be reimbursed pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act for expenses incurred in fulfilling their duties.

M. The legislative council service shall provide staff to assist the nominating committee.

SECTION 6. [NEW MATERIAL] APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSION MEMBERS--MEETINGS--QUALIFICATIONS--TERMS.--

A. From the nominees submitted by the health care commission membership nominating committee, the governor shall appoint fifteen members to the commission, and the initial commission shall be in place by December 2, 2021. In the event that the governor does not appoint a member to a commission membership slot by December 2, 2021, the nominating committee shall make that appointment.

B. The New Mexico legislative council shall convene a first meeting of the commission by January 6, 2022. At the first meeting of the commission, the members shall elect from their membership a chair and a vice chair and any other...
officers they deem necessary. The chair, vice chair and any other officers shall serve for terms of two years.

C. After the first meeting of the commission, the commission shall meet at the call of the chair as the chair deems necessary and at least once each month.

D. The terms of the initial commission members appointed shall be chosen by lot: five members shall be appointed for terms of four years; five members shall be appointed for terms of three years; and five members shall be appointed for terms of two years. Thereafter, all members shall be appointed for terms of four years. After initial terms are served, no member shall serve more than two consecutive four-year terms. A member may serve until a successor is appointed.

E. A person shall not serve on the commission if that person:

    (1) has, within the previous twenty-four months, served as a member of the nominating committee;

    (2) has, or is a member of the household of a person who has, during the previous twenty-four months, been employed by, served as an agent or officer of or had a controlling interest in a person that is licensed to provide health insurance;

    (3) is a state employee who is appointed by the governor and confirmed by the senate;
(4) is an elected official; or
(5) is not enrolled in the health security plan.

F. When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the commission, the health care commission membership nominating committee shall meet and nominate a member to fill the vacancy within thirty days of the occurrence of the vacancy. From the nominees submitted, the governor shall fill the vacancy within thirty days after receiving final nominations. In the event that the governor does not appoint a member to the vacancy within thirty days, the nominating committee shall appoint a member to fill the vacancy.

G. The fifteen members of the commission shall include:

(1) five persons who represent either health care providers or health facilities;
(2) six persons who represent consumer interests; and
(3) four persons who represent employer interests; provided that a person who represents a health care provider or a health facility shall not serve as a member who represents employer interests.

H. A person appointed to the commission who does not represent a health care provider or a health facility shall have a knowledge of the health care system as demonstrated by .211659.3

- 12 -
experience or education.

I. To ensure fair representation of all areas of the state, members shall be appointed from each of the public education commission districts as follows:

(1) two from public education commission district 1;
(2) one from public education commission district 2;
(3) one from public education commission district 3;
(4) two from public education commission district 4;
(5) two from public education commission district 5;
(6) one from public education commission district 6;
(7) two from public education commission district 7;
(8) two from public education commission district 8;
(9) one from public education commission district 9; and
(10) one from public education commission district 10.

J. The presence of a majority of the commission's
members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business. The commission may allow members' participation in meetings by telephone or other electronic media that allow full participation.

K. A member may receive per diem and mileage at a rate equal to the rate at which state legislators are reimbursed in accordance with the provisions of the Per Diem and Mileage Act for expenses incurred in fulfilling their duties. Additionally, members shall be compensated at the rate of two hundred dollars ($200) for each day of a meeting or training event actually attended not to exceed compensation for one hundred twenty meetings for a two-year period occurring in a term.

L. The commission shall establish an electronic mail or "email" system for use by members in the conduct of commission business. Commission business shall be exclusively conducted on the commission's email system.

SECTION 7. [NEW MATERIAL] CONFLICT OF INTEREST--DISCLOSURE BY MEMBERS AND DISQUALIFICATION FROM VOTING ON CERTAIN MATTERS.--

A. The commission shall adopt a conflict-of-interest disclosure statement for use by all members that requires disclosure of a financial interest, whether or not a controlling interest, of the member or a member of the member's household in a person providing health care or health...
insurance.

B. A member representing health facilities or health care providers may vote on matters that pertain generally to health facilities or health care providers.

C. If there is a question about a conflict of interest of a commission member, the other members shall vote on whether to allow the member to vote.

SECTION 8. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION CODE OF CONDUCT--MEMBER DISCIPLINE--REMOVAL.--The commission shall adopt and promulgate a code of conduct and procedures to be observed by members in the execution of their duties. The commission may remove a member for a violation of the commission code of conduct or a violation of the Health Security Act by a two-thirds' majority vote of all of the members at a meeting where all members, except the member who is the subject of the vote, are present. A member shall not be removed without proceedings consisting of at least one ten-day notice of hearing and an opportunity to be heard. Removal proceedings shall be before the commission and in accordance with procedures the commission has adopted and promulgated.

SECTION 9. [NEW MATERIAL] APPLICATION OF CERTAIN STATE LAWS TO COMMISSION.--The commission and regional councils created pursuant to the Health Security Act:

A. shall be subject to and shall comply with the provisions of the:

.211659.3

- 15 -
(1) Open Meetings Act;
(2) State Rules Act;
(3) Inspection of Public Records Act;
(4) Public Records Act;
(5) Financial Disclosure Act;
(6) Accountability in Government Act;
(7) Gift Act;
(8) Tort Claims Act; and
(9) State-Tribal Collaboration Act; and
B. shall not be subject to the provisions of the
Procurement Code or the Personnel Act.

SECTION 10. [NEW MATERIAL] CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER--
STAFF--CONTRACTS--BUDGETS.--

A. The commission shall appoint and set the salary
of a "chief executive officer". The chief executive officer
shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and has authority
to carry on the day-to-day operations of the commission and the
health security plan.

B. The chief executive officer shall employ those
persons necessary to administer and implement the provisions of
the Health Security Act.

C. The chief executive officer and the chief
executive officer's staff shall implement the Health Security
Act in accordance with that act and the rules adopted by the
commission. The chief executive officer may delegate authority
to employees and may organize the staff into units to facilitate its work.

D. If the chief executive officer determines that the commission staff or a state agency does not have the resources or expertise to perform a necessary task, the chief executive officer may contract for performance from a person who has a demonstrated capability to perform the task. The commission shall establish the standards and requirements by which a contract is executed by the commission or the chief executive officer. A contract shall be reviewed by the commission or the chief executive officer to ensure that it meets the criteria, performance standards, expectations and needs of the commission.

E. The chief executive officer shall prepare and submit an annual budget request and plan of operation to the commission for its approval. The chief executive officer shall provide at least quarterly status reports on the budget and advise of a potential shortfall as soon as practicably possible.

F. A contract for claims processing functions shall require that all work for claims processing, customer service, medical and utilization review, financial audit and reimbursement and related claims adjudication functions be performed entirely in New Mexico. To the extent practicable, all other work shall be performed in New Mexico.
SECTION 11. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION--GENERAL DUTIES.--

The commission shall:

A. adopt a transition plan to ensure the seamless
transition of health security plan beneficiaries from other
sources of coverage, public and private. The transition plan
shall ensure the proper assignment and payment of claims
incurred on behalf of beneficiaries before the implementation
of the health security plan;

B. by February 10, 2022, obtain legal counsel to
advise the commission in the execution of its duties;

C. by April 1, 2022, adopt and promulgate rules for
the procurement of goods and services. With the exception of
audit-related services, rules relating to the procurement of
goods and services shall provide for a preference for New
Mexico vendors;

D. propose health security plan premium rates and
employer contribution rates to the superintendent;

E. pursuant to federal law, apply for any federal
waiver that the commission deems necessary to implement the
health security plan;

F. design the health security plan to fulfill the
purposes of and conform with the provisions of the Health
Security Act;

G. provide a program to educate the public, health
care providers and health facilities about the health security
plan and the persons eligible to receive its benefits;

H. study and adopt as provisions of the health security plan cost-effective methods of providing quality health care to all beneficiaries, according high priority to increased reliance on:

(1) preventive and primary care that includes immunization and screening examinations;

(2) providing health care in rural or underserved areas of the state;

(3) in-home and community-based alternatives to institutional health care; and

(4) care coordination services when appropriate;

I. establish annual health security plan budgets and budgets for those projected future periods that the commission believes appropriate;

J. establish and maintain sufficient reserves to provide for catastrophic and unforeseen expenditures;

K. establish capital budgets for health facilities, limited to capital expenditures subject to the Health Security Act, and include and adopt in establishing those budgets:

(1) standards and procedures for determining the budgets; and

(2) a requirement for prior approval by the commission for major capital expenditures by a health facility;
L. negotiate and enter into health care reciprocity agreements with out-of-state health care providers and negotiate and enter into other health care agreements with out-of-state health care providers and health facilities;

M. develop claims and payment procedures for health care providers, health facilities and claims administrators and include provisions to ensure timely payments and provide for payment of interest when reimbursable claims are not paid within a reasonable time;

N. establish, in conjunction with state agencies similarly charged, a comprehensive system to collect and analyze health care data, including claims data and other data, necessary to improve the quality, efficiency and effectiveness of health care and to control costs of health care in New Mexico, which system shall include data on:

(1) mortality, including accidental causes of death, and natality;

(2) morbidity;

(3) health behavior;

(4) physical and psychological impairment and disability;

(5) health care system costs and health care availability, utilization and revenues;

(6) environmental factors;

(7) availability, adequacy and training of
health care personnel;

(8) demographic factors;

(9) social and economic conditions affecting health; and

(10) other factors determined by the commission;

O. standardize data collection and specific methods of measurement across databases and use scientific sampling or complete enumeration for reporting health information;

P. foster a health care delivery system that is efficient to administer and that eliminates unnecessary administrative costs;

Q. adopt rules necessary to implement and monitor a preferred drug list, bulk purchasing or other mechanism to provide prescription drugs and a pricing procedure for nonprescription drugs, durable medical equipment and supplies, eyeglasses, hearing aids and oxygen;

R. establish a pharmacy and therapeutics committee to:

(1) research federal and state incentives and discount programs for the purchase, manufacture or supply of drugs, biologics and medical equipment and supplies to maximize the health security plan's savings potential through these incentives and programs;

(2) establish a formulary of drugs and
biologics that is in accordance with clinical best practices
for safety, efficacy and effectiveness while, in strict
observance of those best practices, maximizing fiscal
soundness;

(3) conduct concurrent, prospective and
retrospective drug utilization review;

(4) consult with specialists in appropriate
fields of medicine for therapeutic classes of drugs;

(5) recommend therapeutic classes of drugs,
including specific drugs within each class to be included in
the preferred drug list;

(6) identify appropriate exclusions from the
preferred drug list; and

(7) conduct periodic clinical reviews of
preferred, nonpreferred and new drugs;

S. study and evaluate the adequacy and quality of
health care furnished pursuant to the Health Security Act, the
cost of each type of service and the effectiveness of cost-
containment measures in the health security plan;

T. in conjunction with the human services
department, apply to the United States department of health and
human services for all waivers of requirements under health
care programs established pursuant to the federal Social
Security Act that are necessary to enable the health security
plan to receive federal payments for services rendered to
medicaid or medicare beneficiaries;

U. except for those health coverage programs designated in Subsection B of Section 21 of the Health Security Act, identify other federal programs that provide federal funds for payment of health care services to individuals and apply for any waivers or enter into any agreements that are necessary for services covered by the health security plan; provided, however, that agreements negotiated with the federal Indian health service or tribal governments shall not impair treaty obligations of the United States government and that other agreements negotiated shall not impair portability or other aspects of the health care coverage;

V. seek an amendment to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to exempt New Mexico from the provisions of that act that relate to health care services or health insurance, or apply to the appropriate federal agency for waivers of any requirements of that act if congress provides for waivers to enable the commission to extend coverage through the Health Security Act to as many New Mexicans as possible; provided, however, that the amendment or waiver requested shall not impair portability or other aspects of the health care coverage;

W. analyze developments in federal law and regulation relevant to the health security plan, and provide updates and any legislative recommendations to the legislature.
that the commission deems necessary pursuant to those developments;

X. work with the counties to determine the expenditure of funds generated pursuant to the Indigent Hospital and County Health Care Act and the Statewide Health Care Act;

Y. seek to maximize federal contributions and payments for health care services provided in New Mexico and ensure that the contributions of the federal government for health care services in New Mexico will not decrease in relation to other states as a result of any health care efficiencies or improvements or savings;

Z. study and monitor the migration of persons to New Mexico to determine if persons with costly health care needs are moving to New Mexico to receive health care and, if migration appears to threaten the financial stability of the health security plan, recommend to the legislature changes in eligibility requirements, premiums or other changes that may be necessary to maintain the financial integrity of the health security plan;

AA. collaborate with state agencies and experts to study and evaluate health care workforce data and research, and information solicited from health care providers and health care workforce experts, on the effect of the health security plan on the state's provider community. This shall include the
study and evaluation of the supply of health care providers in
the state and providers' ability to provide high-quality health
care under the health security plan;

BB. study and evaluate the cost of health care
provider professional liability insurance and its impact on the
price of health care services and recommend changes to the
legislature as necessary;

CC. establish and approve changes in coverage
services and service standards in the health security plan in
compliance with federal and state law;

DD. conduct necessary investigations and inquiries;

EE. adopt rules necessary to implement, administer
and monitor the operation of the health security plan;

FF. designate a Native American liaison who shall:

(1) serve on the Native American advisory
board established pursuant to Subsection A of Section 13 of the
Health Security Act;

(2) assist the commission in developing and
ensuring implementation of communication and collaboration
between the commission and New Mexico Indian nations, tribes
and pueblos in the state;

(3) serve as a contact person between the
commission and New Mexico Indian nations, tribes and pueblos;
and

(4) ensure that training is provided to the
staff of the commission, which may include training in:

(a) cultural competency;

(b) state and federal law relating to
Indian health; and

(c) other matters relating to the
functions of the health security plan with respect to Native
Americans in the state;

GG. report at least once annually to the
legislature and the governor on the commission's activities and
the operation of the health security plan and include in the
annual report:

(1) a summary of information about health care
needs, health care services, health care expenditures, revenues
received and projected revenues and other relevant issues
relating to the health security plan; and

(2) recommendations on methods to control
health care costs and improve access to and the quality of
health care for state residents, as well as recommendations for
legislative action; and

HH. provide at least one annual training for its
members on health care coverage, policy and financing.

SECTION 12. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION--AUTHORITY.--The
commission has the authority necessary to carry out the powers
and duties pursuant to the Health Security Act. The commission
retains responsibility for its duties but may delegate
authority to the chief executive officer; provided, however,
that only the commission may:

   A. approve the commission's budget and plan of
      operation;

   B. approve the health security plan and make
      changes in the health security plan;

   C. make rules and conduct both rulemaking and
      adjudicatory hearings in person or by use of a hearing officer;

   D. issue subpoenas to persons to appear and testify
      before the commission and to produce documents and other
      information relevant to the commission's inquiry and enforce
      this subpoena power through an action in a state district
court;

   E. make reports and recommendations to the
      legislature;

   F. subject to the prohibitions and restrictions of
      Section 21 of the Health Security Act, apply for program
      waivers from any governmental entity if the commission
      determines that the waivers are necessary to ensure the
      participation by the greatest possible number of beneficiaries;

   G. apply for and accept grants, loans and
      donations;

   H. acquire or lease real property and make
      improvements on it and acquire by lease or by purchase tangible
      and intangible personal property;
I. dispose of and transfer personal property, but only at public sale after adequate notice;

J. appoint and prescribe the duties of employees, fix their compensation, pay their expenses and provide an employee benefit program;

K. establish and maintain banking relationships, including establishment of checking and savings accounts;

L. sue and be sued;

M. participate as a qualified entity in the programs of the New Mexico finance authority;

N. enter into agreements with an employer, group or other plan to provide health care services for the employer's employees or retirees; provided, however, that nothing in the Health Security Act shall be construed to reduce or eliminate services to which the employee or retiree is entitled; and

O. enter into contracts with similar entities or other states of the United States for the performance of common administrative functions.

SECTION 13. [NEW MATERIAL] ADVISORY BOARDS.--

A. The commission shall establish the following in matters requiring the expertise and knowledge of the advisory boards' members:

(1) at least three health care provider advisory boards, composed of health care providers to reflect the diversity of health care professions and subspecialties,
including one primary care provider advisory board;

(2) at least three health facility advisory boards, composed of representatives of health facilities; and

(3) the following advisory boards, for which the Native American liaison established pursuant to Subsection FF of Section 11 of the Health Security Act shall serve as facilitator, which boards shall make recommendations to the commission on matters relating to Indian nation, tribal and pueblo beneficiaries:

(a) a tribal government advisory board, composed of representatives of the governments of New Mexico Indian nations, tribes and pueblos, to make recommendations to the commission regarding agreements between the commission and tribal governments; and

(b) at least one advisory board composed of members of Indian nations, tribes and pueblos living in New Mexico tribal jurisdictions and those living off-reservation.

B. In addition to the advisory boards established pursuant to Subsection A of this section, the commission may establish additional advisory boards to assist the commission in performing its duties.

C. Except for the tribal government advisory board established pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section, the commission shall not appoint to an advisory board:
(1) more than two members of the commission;
(2) more than five persons who are not members of the commission; or
(3) a person who represents or who has a controlling interest, direct or indirect, in a person licensed to provide health insurance in the state.

D. Except for the members of the health care provider advisory board, the health facility advisory board and the advisory boards established pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section, no more than two members of any advisory board shall represent or have a controlling interest, direct or indirect, in a health care provider or a health facility.

E. Advisory board members may be paid per diem and mileage equal to the rate at which state legislators are reimbursed in accordance with the provisions of the Per Diem and Mileage Act.

F. Staff and technical assistance for advisory boards shall be provided by the commission as necessary.

SECTION 14. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH CARE DELIVERY REGIONS.--The commission shall establish health care delivery regions in the state, based on geography and health care resources. The regions may have differential fee schedules, budgets, capital expenditure allocations or other features to encourage the provision of health care in rural and other...
underserved areas or to tailor otherwise the delivery of health
care to fit the needs of a region or a part of a region.

SECTION 15. [NEW MATERIAL] REGIONAL COUNCILS.--

A. The commission shall designate regional councils
in the designated health care delivery regions. In selecting
persons to serve as members of regional councils, the
commission shall consider the comments and recommendations of
persons in the region who are knowledgeable about health care
and the economic and social factors affecting the region.

B. The regional councils shall be composed of the
commission members who live in the region and five other
members who live in the region and are appointed by the
commission. No more than two noncommission council members
shall have a controlling interest, direct or indirect, in a
person providing health care. The commission shall not appoint
to a regional council an individual who is, or whose household
contains an individual who is, employed by or is an officer of
or has a controlling interest in a person licensed to provide
health insurance, directly or as an agent of a health insurer.

C. Members of a regional council may be paid per
diem and mileage equal to the rate at which state legislators
are reimbursed in accordance with the provisions of the Per
Diem and Mileage Act.

D. The regional councils shall hold public hearings
to receive comments, suggestions and recommendations from the
public regarding regional health care needs. The councils shall report to the commission at times specified by the commission to ensure that regional concerns are considered in the development and update of short- and long-range plans and projections, fee schedules, budgets and capital expenditure allocations.

E. Staff technical assistance for the regional councils shall be provided by the commission.

SECTION 16. [NEW MATERIAL] RULEMAKING.--

A. The commission shall adopt rules necessary to carry out the duties of the commission and the provisions of the Health Security Act.

B. The commission shall not adopt, amend or repeal any rule affecting a person outside the commission without a public hearing on the proposed action before the commission or a hearing officer designated by the commission. The hearing officer may be a member of the commission's staff. The hearing shall be held in a county whose location the commission determines would be in the interest of those affected. Notice of the subject matter of the rule, the action proposed to be taken, the time and place of the hearing, the manner in which interested persons may present their views and the method by which copies of the proposed rule or an amendment or repeal of an existing rule may be obtained shall be published once at least thirty days prior to the hearing date on a publicly.
accessible website that the commission establishes and
maintains and in media outlets throughout the state. Notice
shall also be published in an informative nonlegal format in
one newspaper published in each health care delivery region and
mailed at least thirty days prior to the hearing date to all
persons who have made a written request for advance notice of
hearing.

C. All rules adopted by the commission shall be
filed in accordance with the State Rules Act.

SECTION 17. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH SECURITY PLAN.--

A. The commission shall design the health security
plan to provide comprehensive, necessary and appropriate health
care services, including the "minimum essential health
benefits" required under federal and state law. The commission
may establish additional preventive health care and primary,
secondary and tertiary health care for acute and chronic
conditions.

B. Covered health care services shall not include:

(1) surgery for cosmetic purposes other than
for reconstructive purposes;

(2) medical examinations and medical reports
prepared for purchasing or renewing life insurance or
participating as a plaintiff or defendant in a civil action for
the recovery or settlement of damages; and

(3) orthodontic services and cosmetic dental
services except those cosmetic dental services necessary for
reconstructive purposes.

C. The health security plan shall specify the
health care to be covered and the amount, scope and duration of
services.

D. The health security plan shall contain
provisions to control health care costs.

E. The health security plan shall ensure that
beneficiaries receive comprehensive, high-quality health care
consistent with available revenue and budget constraints.

F. The health security plan shall phase in
eligibility for beneficiaries as their participation becomes
possible through contracts, waivers or federal legislation.
The health security plan may provide for certain preventive
health care to be offered to all New Mexicans regardless of a
person's eligibility to participate as a beneficiary.

SECTION 18. [NEW MATERIAL] LONG-TERM CARE.--

A. No later than one year after the effective date
of the operation of the health security plan, the commission
shall appoint an advisory "long-term care committee" made up of
representatives of health care consumers, family members of
consumers, providers and administrators to develop a plan for
integrating a continuum of long-term care services and supports
into the health security plan, including home-based care
settings as well as facility-based care settings. The
committee shall report its plan to the commission no later than one year from its appointment. Committee members may receive per diem and mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act.

B. The long-term care component of the health security plan shall provide for care coordination and noninstitutional services when appropriate.

C. Nothing in this section affects long-term care services paid through private insurance or state or federal programs subject to the provisions of Section 40 of the Health Security Act.

SECTION 19. [NEW MATERIAL] BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES--PARITY.--

A. The commission shall appoint an advisory "behavioral health services committee" made up of representatives of behavioral health care consumers, family members of consumers, providers and administrators to develop a systemic plan for coordinating behavioral health services within the health security plan. The committee shall report its plan to the commission no later than one year from its appointment. Committee members may receive per diem and mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act.

B. The commission shall ensure that the health security plan conforms to federal and state behavioral health services parity laws.
C. The behavioral health services component of the health security plan shall provide, where appropriate, for:

(1) inpatient crisis evaluation services;

(2) inpatient residential substance abuse treatment services without a step therapy requirement; and

(3) care coordination and noninstitutional services.

D. Nothing in this section limits behavioral health services paid through private insurance or state or federal health coverage programs.

SECTION 20. [NEW MATERIAL] MEDICAID COVERAGE--AGREEMENTS.--The commission shall enter into appropriate agreements with the human services department, another state agency or a federal agency for the purpose of furthering the goals of the Health Security Act. These agreements may provide for certain services provided pursuant to the medicaid program under Title 19 or Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act and any waiver or provision of that act to be administered by the commission to implement the health security plan.

SECTION 21. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH SECURITY PLAN COVERAGE--CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFICIARIES--EXCLUSIONS.--

A. An individual is eligible as a beneficiary of the health security plan if the individual has been physically present in New Mexico for one year prior to the date of
application for enrollment in the health security plan and if
the individual has a current intention to remain in New Mexico
and not to reside elsewhere. A dependent of an eligible
individual is included as a beneficiary.

B. Individuals covered under the following
governmental programs shall not be brought into coverage:

(1) federal retiree health plan beneficiaries;
(2) active duty and retired military
personnel; and
(3) individuals covered by the federal active
and retired military health programs.

C. Federal Indian health service or tribally
operated health care agreements, contracts and programs shall
not be brought into coverage except through agreements with:

(1) an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo;
(2) a consortium of Indian nations, tribes or
pueblos; or
(3) a federal Indian health service agency
subject to the approval of any Indian nation, tribe or pueblo
that the agency serves.

D. If an individual is ineligible due to the
residence requirement, the individual may become eligible by
paying the premium required by the health security plan for
coverage for the period of time up to the date the individual
fulfills that requirement if the individual is an employee who
physically resides and intends to reside in the state because
of employment offered to the individual in New Mexico while the
individual was residing elsewhere as demonstrated by furnishing
that evidence of those facts required by rule adopted by the
commission.

E. An employer or group plan that provides health
care benefits for its employees and members after retirement,
including coverage for payment of health care supplementary
coverage if the retiree is eligible for medicare, may agree to
participate in the health security plan; provided that there is
no loss of benefits under the retiree health benefit coverage.
An employer or group plan that participates in the health
security plan shall contribute to the health security plan for
the benefit of the retiree, and the agreement shall ensure that
the health benefit coverage for the retiree shall be restored
in the event of the retiree's ineligibility for health security
plan coverage.

F. The commission shall prescribe by rule
conditions under which other persons in the state may be
eligible for coverage pursuant to the health security plan.

SECTION 22. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH SECURITY PLAN COVERAGE
OF NONRESIDENT STUDENTS.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection B of this
section, an educational institution shall purchase coverage
under the health security plan for its nonresident students
through fees assessed to those students covered under the
health security plan. The governing body of an educational
institution shall set the fees at the amount determined by the
commission.

B. A nonresident student at an educational
institution may satisfy the requirement for health care
coverage by proof of coverage under a policy or plan in another
state that is acceptable to the commission. The student shall
not be assessed a fee in that case.

C. The commission shall adopt rules to determine
proof of an individual's eligibility for the health security
plan or a student's proof of nonresident health care coverage.

SECTION 23. [NEW MATERIAL] REMOVING INELIGIBLE PERSONS.--
The commission shall adopt rules to provide procedures for
removing persons no longer eligible for coverage.

SECTION 24. [NEW MATERIAL] ELIGIBILITY CARD--USE--
PENALTIES FOR MISUSE.--

A. A beneficiary shall receive a card as proof of eligibility. The card shall be electronically readable and
shall contain a photograph or electronic image of the
beneficiary, information that identifies the beneficiary for
treatment and billing, payment and other information the
commission deems necessary. The use of a beneficiary's social
security number as an identification number is not permitted.

B. The eligibility card is not transferable. A
beneficiary who lends the beneficiary's card to another and an individual who uses another's card shall be jointly and severally liable to the commission for the full cost of the health care provided to the user. The liability shall be paid in full within one year of final determination of liability. Liabilities created pursuant to this section shall be collected in a manner similar to that used for collection of delinquent taxes.

C. A beneficiary who lends the beneficiary's card to another or an individual who uses another's card after being determined liable pursuant to Subsection B of this section of a previous misuse is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978. A third or subsequent conviction is a fourth degree felony, and the offender shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 25. [NEW MATERIAL] PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER--RIGHT TO CHOOSE--ACCESS TO SERVICES.--

A. Except as provided in the Workers' Compensation Act, a beneficiary has the right to choose a primary care provider.

B. The primary care provider is responsible for providing health care provider services to the patient except for services:

(1) in medical emergencies; and
(2) for which a primary care provider determines that specialist services are required, in which case the primary care provider shall advise the patient of the need for and the type of specialist services.

C. Nothing in this section prevents a beneficiary from obtaining the services of a health care provider specialist and paying the specialist for services.

D. The commission shall specify by rule the conditions under which a beneficiary may select a specialist as a primary care provider.

E. The commission shall establish by rule the circumstances under which a beneficiary may not self-refer; provided that commission rules shall allow a beneficiary to self-refer to a chiropractic physician, a doctor of oriental medicine or a behavioral health service provider.

SECTION 26. [NEW MATERIAL] DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.--A health care provider or health facility shall not discriminate against or refuse to furnish health care to a beneficiary on the basis of age, race, color, income level, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation, disabling condition or payment status. Nothing in this section shall require a health care provider or health facility to provide services to a beneficiary if the provider or facility is not qualified to provide the needed services or does not offer them to the general public.

.211659.3
SECTION 27. [NEW MATERIAL] BENEFICIARY RIGHTS--CLAIMS

REVIEW--INTERNAL APPEALS--EXTERNAL APPEALS--GRIEVANCES.--

A. The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules to provide for:

(1) a system of service claim review pursuant to which any final decision shall be made by a health professional qualified and legally authorized to make the determination. The service claim review system shall include an internal and external appeals process for adverse determinations of service claims, including:

   (a) a determination that a service is not medically necessary;

   (b) a denial of coverage for a service because it is determined to be experimental, investigational or inappropriate; and

   (c) any other determination that results in a denial of, or partial payment for, a service claim;

(2) expedited appeals of adverse determinations of service claims, including the grounds for expedited appeals and the time lines for hearing and decisions on expedited appeals;

(3) procedures and evidentiary rules relating to the internal appeals process;

(4) a beneficiary's right to continue to receive services that are the subject of an appeal and that the
beneficiary was receiving before the beneficiary filed the appeal; and

(5) a beneficiary's right to emergency services that are immediately available without prior authorization requirements and appropriate out-of-state emergency services that are not subject to additional cost to the beneficiary.

B. The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules to provide beneficiaries with a prompt and fair grievance procedure for resolving patient complaints and for addressing patient questions and concerns relating to any aspect of the health security plan not relating to the service claim review system.

C. Within a reasonable time after enrollment and at subsequent periodic times as the commission deems appropriate, the health security plan shall provide beneficiaries with written materials that contain, in a clear, conspicuous and readily understandable form, a full disclosure of:

(1) the health security plan's covered services, limitations and exclusions;

(2) conditions of eligibility;

(3) prior authorization requirements;

(4) rights to appeals of adverse service claim determinations and to grievance procedures, including:

(a) a beneficiary's right to have a
service claim denial, reduction or termination communicated promptly in writing;

    (b) a beneficiary's right to review the beneficiary's file and to present evidence and testimony as part of the appeals and grievance processes;

    (c) the availability of the office of superintendent of insurance to assist beneficiaries with appeals and grievances;

    (d) a beneficiary's right to continue to receive services that are the subject of an appeal and that the beneficiary was receiving before the beneficiary filed the appeal; and

    (e) a beneficiary's right to have the outcome of an appeal or grievance communicated promptly in writing; and

    (5) a beneficiary's right to emergency services that are immediately available without prior authorization requirements and appropriate out-of-state emergency services that are not subject to additional costs to the beneficiary.

D. The superintendent shall adopt and promulgate rules to establish an external appeals process for review of beneficiary service claim appeals in accordance with the provisions of the Health Security Act.

E. The superintendent shall appoint one or more
qualified individuals to review external service claim appeals. The superintendent shall fix the reasonable compensation of each appointee based upon compensation amounts suggested by national or state legal or medical professional societies, organizations or associations. The commission shall pay the compensation directly to each appointee who participated in the external grievance appeal review.

F. Upon completion of the external service claim appeal review, the superintendent shall prepare a detailed statement of compensation due each appointee and shall present the statement to the beneficiary and the commission.

G. The decision to approve or deny a service claim based on a technicality shall be made in a timely manner and shall not exceed time limits established by rule of the commission.

H. The fact of and the specific reasons for a denial of a service claim shall be communicated promptly in writing to both the provider and the beneficiary involved.

SECTION 28. [NEW MATERIAL] QUALITY OF CARE--HEALTH CARE PROVIDER AND HEALTH FACILITIES--PRACTICE STANDARDS.--

A. The commission shall adopt rules to establish and implement a quality improvement program that monitors the quality and appropriateness of health care provided by the health security plan, including evidence-based medicine, best practices, outcome measurements, consumer education and patient.
safety. The commission shall set standards and review benefits to ensure that effective, high-quality, cost-efficient and appropriate health care is provided under the health security plan.

B. The commission shall establish a quality improvement program. The quality improvement program shall include an ongoing system for monitoring patterns of practice that do not supplant an individual facility's quality improvement program. Pursuant to the quality improvement program, the commission shall review and adopt professional practice guidelines developed by state and national medical and specialty organizations, federal agencies for health care policy and research and other organizations as it deems necessary to promote the quality and cost-effectiveness of health care provided through the health security plan.

C. The commission shall appoint a "health care practice advisory committee" consisting of health care providers, health facilities and other knowledgeable persons to advise the commission and staff on health care practice issues. The committee shall include both health care providers and health facilities from counties having eighty thousand or fewer inhabitants as of the most recent federal decennial census and health care providers and health facilities from counties having more than eighty thousand inhabitants as of the most recent federal decennial census. The committee may appoint
subcommittees and task forces to address practice issues of a
specific health care provider discipline or a specific kind of
health facility; provided that the subcommittee or task force
includes providers of substantially similar specialties or
types of facilities. The advisory committee shall provide to
the commission recommended standards and guidelines to be
followed in making determinations on practice trends.

D. With the advice of the health care practice
advisory committee, the commission shall establish a system of
peer education for health care providers or health facilities
determined to be engaging in patterns of practice that do not
meet professional practice guidelines established pursuant to
Subsection B of this section. If the commission determines
that peer education efforts have failed, the commission may
refer the matter to the appropriate licensing or certifying
board.

E. The commission may provide by rule for the
assessment of administrative penalties for up to three times
the amount of excess payments upon a finding that excessive
billing has occurred. Administrative penalties shall be
deposited in the current school fund.

F. After consultation with the health care practice
advisory committee, the commission may suspend or revoke a
health care provider's or health facility's authorization to be
paid for health care provided under the health security plan
based upon evidence clearly supporting a determination by the commission that the provider or facility engages in patterns of practice, including inappropriate utilization, that do not meet professional practice guidelines established pursuant to Subsection B of this section.

G. The commission shall report a suspension or revocation of the authorization to be paid for health care pursuant to the Health Security Act to the appropriate licensing or certifying board.

H. The commission shall report cases of suspected fraud by a health care provider or a health facility to the attorney general for investigation and prosecution. The office of the attorney general has independent authority to investigate and prosecute suspected fraud without a prior commission report of fraud.

SECTION 29. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH CARE PROVIDER AND HEALTH FACILITY RIGHTS--DISPUTE RESOLUTION--GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--RULEMAKING.--

A. The health security plan shall not:

   (1) adopt a gag rule or practice that prohibits a health care provider or health facility from discussing a treatment option with a beneficiary even if the health security plan does not approve of the option;

   (2) include in any of its contracts with health care providers or health facilities any provisions that
offer an inducement, financial or otherwise, to provide less
than medically necessary services to a beneficiary; or

(3) require a health care provider or health
facility to violate any recognized fiduciary duty of the health
care provider's profession or place the health care provider's
or health facility's license in jeopardy.

B. If the health security plan proposes to make an
adverse determination affecting the participation of a health
care provider or health care facility in the health security
plan, it shall explain in writing the rationale for its
proposed adverse determination and deliver reasonable advance
written notice to the provider or facility prior to the
proposed effective date of the termination.

C. The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules
to implement a dispute resolution system and include in each
contract with a health care provider or a health facility a
dispute resolution provision to permit the provider or facility
to dispute:

(1) a denial of, or partial payment for, a
service that the health care provider or health facility has
rendered to a beneficiary; or

(2) the existence of adequate cause to
terminate the provider's or facility's participation in the
plan when the termination is made for cause.

D. The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules
to implement procedures pursuant to which a health care
provider or a health facility may file a grievance relating to
administration of the plan. The rules shall provide, at a
minimum, the provider or facility with the right to present to
the commission a grievance and evidence to support that
grievance. A grievance may relate to:

1. the quality of and access to health care


2. the choice of health care providers and
health facilities under the plan.

E. As used in this section, "adverse determination"
means any of the following actions against a health care
provider or health facility:

1. restriction of or termination from
participation in the health security plan;

2. the recoupment of payment; or

3. the assessment of an administrative
penalty.

SECTION 30. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH SECURITY PLAN BUDGET--
PREMIUM RATES--EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS.--

A. Annually, the commission shall develop a health
security plan budget. The budget shall be the commission's
recommendation for the total amount to be spent by the plan for
covered health care services in the next fiscal year.

B. The superintendent shall adopt and promulgate
rules for the review of proposed health security plan premium rates and employer contribution rates proposed by the commission. The rules shall include, at a minimum, provisions for:

   (1) the transparency of rate filings;
   (2) grounds for the establishment or modification of rates;
   (3) the issuance of findings by the superintendent;
   (4) procedures pursuant to which the commission or a member of the public may obtain a redetermination of the superintendent's findings; and
   (5) procedures pursuant to which the commission or a member of the public may appeal a redetermination of the superintendent's findings in a court of competent jurisdiction.

C. In developing the health security plan budget, the commission shall provide that credit be taken in the budget for all revenues produced for health care in the state pursuant to any law other than the Health Security Act.

D. The health security plan shall include a maximum amount or percentage for administrative costs, and this maximum, if a percentage, may change in relation to the total costs of services provided under the health security plan. For the sixth and subsequent calendar years of operation of the
health security plan, administrative costs shall not exceed five percent of the health security plan budget.

SECTION 31. [NEW MATERIAL] PAYMENTS TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS.--

A. The commission shall prepare a budget to provide payment for all covered health care services rendered by health care providers. The commission may adopt a variety of payment systems. The commission shall negotiate payment with providers as provided by rule and in accordance with federal antitrust law. In the event that negotiation fails to develop an acceptable payment plan and except as otherwise provided in federal law, the disputing parties shall submit the dispute for resolution pursuant to Section 29 of the Health Security Act.

B. Supplemental payment rates may be adopted to provide incentives to help ensure the delivery of needed health care in rural and other underserved areas throughout the state.

C. An annual percentage increase in the amount allocated for provider payments in the budget shall be no greater than the annual percentage increase in the consumer price index for medical care prices published by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor using the year prior to the year in which the health security plan is implemented as the baseline year. The annual limitation in this subsection may be adjusted up or down by the commission based on a showing of special and unusual circumstances in a
hearing before the commission.

D. Payment to a health care provider with a
negotiated agreement for services covered by the health
security plan shall be payment in full for those services. A
health care provider shall not charge a beneficiary an
additional amount for services covered by the plan.

SECTION 32. [NEW MATERIAL] PAYMENTS TO HEALTH
FACILITIES.--

A. A health facility shall negotiate an annual
operating budget with the commission. The operating budget
shall be based on a base operating budget of past performance
and projected changes upward or downward in costs and services
anticipated for the next year. If a negotiated annual
operating budget is not agreed upon, a health facility shall
submit the budget to dispute resolution pursuant to Section 29
of the Health Security Act. An annual percentage increase in
the amount allocated for a health facility operating budget
shall be no greater than the change in the annual consumer
price index for medical care prices, published annually by the
bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.
The annual limitation in this subsection may be adjusted up or
down by the commission based on a showing of special and
unusual circumstances in a hearing before the commission.

B. Supplemental payment rates may be adopted to
provide incentives to help ensure the delivery of needed health
care services in rural and other underserved areas throughout the state.

C. Each health care provider employed by a health facility shall be paid from the facility's operating budget in a manner determined by the health facility.

SECTION 33. [NEW MATERIAL] BENEFICIARY COPAYMENTS--PREVENTIVE SERVICES--OUT-OF-STATE SERVICES--THIRD-PARTY PAYMENTS--ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS.--

A. The commission may establish a copayment schedule if a required copayment is determined to be an effective cost-control measure; provided that the commission shall not require a member of an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo to make copayments. A copayment shall not be required for preventive health care services, as the commission defines "preventive health care services" by rule in accordance with state and federal law. When a copayment is required, a health care provider or health facility shall not waive it, and if it remains uncollected, the provider or facility shall demonstrate a good-faith effort to collect the copayment.

B. A beneficiary may obtain health care services covered by the health security plan out of state; provided, however, that the services shall be reimbursed at:

(1) the same rate that would apply if those services had been received in New Mexico; or

(2) a rate higher than the reimbursement rate
the health security plan would have paid if the services had
been received in New Mexico if the commission negotiates a
reimbursement agreement or other agreement with the:

(a) state in which the health care
services were received; or

(b) health care provider or health
facility rendering the services.

C. The health security plan shall make reasonable
efforts to ascertain any legal liability of third-party persons
that are or may be liable to pay all or part of the health care
services costs of injury, disease or disability of a
beneficiary.

D. When the health security plan makes payments on
behalf of a beneficiary, the health security plan is subrogated
to any right of the beneficiary against a third party for
recovery of amounts paid by the health security plan.

E. By operation of law, an assignment to the health
security plan of the rights of a beneficiary:

(1) is conclusively presumed to be made of a:

(a) payment for health care services
from any person, including an insurance carrier; and

(b) monetary recovery for damages for
bodily injury, whether by judgment, contract for compromise or
settlement;

(2) shall be effective to the extent of the
amount of payments by the health security plan; and

(3) shall be effective as to the rights of any
other beneficiary whose rights can legally be assigned by the
beneficiary.

SECTION 34. [NEW MATERIAL] STANDARD CLAIM FORMS FOR
INSURANCE PAYMENT.--The commission shall adopt standard claim
forms and electronic formats that shall be used by all health
care providers and health facilities that seek payment through
the health security plan or from private persons, including
private insurance companies, for health care services rendered
in the state. Each claim form or electronic format may
indicate whether a person is eligible for federal or other
insurance programs for payment. To the extent practicable, the
commission shall require the use of existing, nationally
accepted standardized forms, formats and systems.

SECTION 35. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH RESOURCE CERTIFICATE--
COMMISSION RULES--REQUIREMENT FOR REVIEW.--

A. The commission shall adopt rules stating when a
health facility or health care provider participating in the
health security plan shall apply for a health resource
certificate, how the application will be reviewed, how the
certificate will be granted, how an expedited review is
conducted and other matters relating to health resource
projects.

B. Except as provided in Subsection F of this
section, a health facility or health care provider participating in the health security plan shall not make or obligate itself to make a major capital expenditure without first obtaining a health resource certificate.

C. A health facility or health care provider shall not acquire through rental, lease or comparable arrangement or through donation all or a part of a capital project that would have required review if the acquisition had been by purchase unless the project is granted a health resource certificate.

D. A health facility or health care provider shall not engage in component purchasing in order to avoid the provisions of this section.

E. The commission shall grant a health resource certificate for a major capital expenditure or a capital project undertaken pursuant to Subsection C of this section only when the project is determined to be needed.

F. This section does not apply to:

(1) the purchase, construction or renovation of office space for health care providers;

(2) expenditures incurred solely in preparation for a capital project, including architectural design, surveys, plans, working drawings and specifications and other related activities, but those expenditures shall be included in the cost of a project for the purpose of determining whether a health resource certificate is required;
(3) acquisition of an existing health facility, equipment or practice of a health care provider that does not result in a new service being provided or in increased bed capacity;

(4) major capital expenditures for nonclinical services when the nonclinical services are the primary purpose of the expenditure; and

(5) the replacement of equipment with equipment that has the same function and that does not result in the offering of new services.

G. No later than November 2, 2022, the commission shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the capital needs of health facilities, including facilities of state and local governments, with a focus on underserved geographic areas with substantially below-average health facilities and investment per capita as compared to the state average. The report shall also describe geographic areas where the distance to health facilities imposes a barrier to care. The report shall include a section on health care transportation needs, including capital, personnel and training needs. The report shall make recommendations for legislation to amend the Health Security Act that the commission determines necessary and appropriate.

SECTION 36. [NEW MATERIAL] FISCAL AND ACTUARIAL REVIEWS--AUDITS.--
A. The commission shall provide for annual independent fiscal and actuarial reviews of the health security plan and any funds of the commission or the plan.

B. The commission shall provide by rule requirements for independent financial audits of health care providers and health facilities.

C. The commission, through its staff or by contract, shall perform announced and unannounced reviews, including financial management and electronic data processing reviews of health care providers and health facilities. Review findings shall be reported directly to the commission. The commission may request the state auditor to review preliminary findings or to consult with review staff before the findings are reported to the commission.

D. Actuarial review, fiscal reviews, financial audits and internal audits are public documents after they have been released by the commission; provided that the reports protect private and confidential information of a patient or provider. Copies of reviews, audits and other reports shall be transmitted to the governor, the legislature, appropriate interim committees of the legislature and the office of the state auditor as well as made available via the internet.

SECTION 37. [NEW MATERIAL] INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORK.--The commission shall establish guidelines for maximizing participation of health care providers and health.
facilities in the health security plan's information technology network that provides for electronic transfer of payments to health care providers and health facilities; transmittal of reports, including patient data and other statistical reports; billing data, with specificity as to procedures or services provided to individual patients; and any other information required or requested by the commission. To the extent practicable, the commission shall require the use of existing, nationally accepted standardized forms, formats and systems.

SECTION 38. [NEW MATERIAL] REPORTS REQUIRED--CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.--

A. The commission shall require reports by all health care providers and health facilities of information needed to allow the commission to evaluate the health security plan, cost-containment measures, utilization review, health facility operating budgets, health care provider fees and any other information the commission deems necessary to carry out its duties pursuant to the Health Security Act.

B. The commission shall establish uniform reporting requirements for health care providers and health facilities.

C. Information confidential pursuant to other provisions of law shall be confidential pursuant to the Health Security Act. Within the constraints of confidentiality, reports of the commission are public documents.

SECTION 39. [NEW MATERIAL] CONSUMER, PROVIDER AND HEALTH
FACILITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.--

A. The commission shall establish a consumer, health care provider and health facility assistance program to take complaints and to provide timely and knowledgeable assistance to:

   (1) eligible persons and applicants about their rights and responsibilities and the coverages provided in accordance with the Health Security Act; and

   (2) health care providers and health facilities about the status of claims, payments and other pertinent information relevant to the claims payment process.

B. The commission shall establish a toll-free telephone line and publicly accessible website for the consumer, health care provider and health facility assistance program and shall have persons available throughout the state to assist beneficiaries, applicants, health care providers and health facilities in person.

SECTION 40. [NEW MATERIAL] VOLUNTARY PURCHASE OF OTHER INSURANCE.--

A. After the date on which the health security plan begins operating, a beneficiary may purchase supplemental health insurance benefits.

B. Nothing in this section affects insurance coverage pursuant to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 unless the state obtains a congressional
exemption or a waiver from the federal government. Health
coverage plans that are covered by the provisions of that act
may elect to participate in the health security plan.

C. Nothing in the Health Security Act shall be
construed to prohibit the voluntary purchase of insurance
coverage for health care services not covered by the health
security plan or for individuals not eligible for coverage
under the health security plan.

SECTION 41. [NEW MATERIAL] REIMBURSEMENT TO HEALTH
SECURITY PLAN FROM FEDERAL AND OTHER HEALTH INSURANCE
PROGRAMS.--

A. The commission shall seek payment to the health
security plan from medicaid, medicare or any other federal or
other insurance program for any reimbursable payment provided
under the plan. The commission shall seek approval from a
tribal government for payments to the health security plan for
health security plan coverage of beneficiaries under that
tribal government's jurisdiction from a tribal health agency; a
federal Indian health service agency; or a consortium of Indian
nations, tribes or pueblos.

B. The commission shall seek to maximize federal
contributions and payments for health care services provided in
New Mexico and shall ensure that the contributions of the
federal government for health care services in New Mexico will
not decrease in relation to other states as a result of any
health care efficiencies or improvements or other savings.

SECTION 42. [NEW MATERIAL] TRANSITION PERIOD

ARRANGEMENTS--PRIVATE CONTRACT--COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.--A person who, on the date benefits are available under the Health Security Act's health security plan, receives health care benefits under a private contract or collective bargaining agreement entered into prior to July 1, 2022 shall continue to receive those benefits until the contract or agreement expires or unless the contract or agreement is renegotiated to provide participation in the health security plan.

SECTION 43. Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976, Chapter 58, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"41-4-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Tort Claims Act:

A. "board" means the risk management advisory board;

B. "governmental entity" means the state or any local public body as defined in Subsections C and H of this section;

C. "local public body" means all political subdivisions of the state and their agencies, instrumentalities and institutions and all water and natural gas associations organized pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 28 NMSA 1978;

D. "law enforcement officer" means a full-time salaried public employee of a governmental entity, or a certified part-time salaried police officer employed by a
governmental entity, whose principal duties under law are to hold in custody any person accused of a criminal offense, to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, or members of the national guard when called to active duty by the governor;

E. "maintenance" does not include:

(1) conduct involved in the issuance of a permit, driver's license or other official authorization to use the roads or highways of the state in a particular manner; or

(2) an activity or event relating to a public building or public housing project that was not foreseeable;

F. "public employee" means an officer, employee or servant of a governmental entity, excluding independent contractors except for individuals defined in Paragraphs (7), (8), (10), (14) and (17) of this subsection, or of a corporation organized pursuant to the Educational Assistance Act, the Small Business Investment Act or the Mortgage Finance Authority Act or a licensed health care provider, who has no medical liability insurance, providing voluntary services as defined in Paragraph (16) of this subsection and including:

(1) elected or appointed officials;

(2) law enforcement officers;

(3) persons acting on behalf or in service of a governmental entity in any official capacity, whether with or without compensation;
(4) licensed foster parents providing care for children in the custody of the human services department, corrections department or department of health, but not including foster parents certified by a licensed child placement agency;

(5) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Adult Community Corrections Act;

(6) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Juvenile Community Corrections Act;

(7) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the corrections department pursuant to contract;

(8) members of the board of directors of the New Mexico medical insurance pool;

(9) individuals who are members of medical review boards, committees or panels established by the educational retirement board or the retirement board of the public employees retirement association;

(10) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the children, youth and families department pursuant to contract;

(11) members of the board of directors of the New Mexico educational assistance foundation;

(12) members of the board of directors of the New Mexico student loan guarantee corporation;
(13) members of the New Mexico mortgage finance authority;

(14) volunteers, employees and board members of court-appointed special advocate programs;

(15) members of the board of directors of the small business investment corporation;

(16) health care providers licensed in New Mexico who render voluntary health care services without compensation in accordance with rules promulgated by the secretary of health. The rules shall include requirements for the types of locations at which the services are rendered, the allowed scope of practice and measures to ensure quality of care;

(17) an individual while participating in the state's adaptive driving program and only while using a special-use state vehicle for evaluation and training purposes in that program;

(18) the staff and members of the board of directors of the New Mexico health insurance exchange established pursuant to the New Mexico Health Insurance Exchange Act; [and]

(19) members of the insurance nominating committee; and

(20) the staff and members of the health care commission established pursuant to the Health Security Act;
G. "scope of duty" means performing any duties that a public employee is requested, required or authorized to perform by the governmental entity, regardless of the time and place of performance; and

H. "state" or "state agency" means the state of New Mexico or any of its branches, agencies, departments, boards, instrumentalities or institutions."

SECTION 44. Effective June 1, 2020, Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976, Chapter 58, Section 3, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"41-4-3. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Tort Claims Act:

A. "board" means the risk management advisory board;

B. "governmental entity" means the state or any local public body as defined in Subsections C and H of this section;

C. "local public body" means all political subdivisions of the state and their agencies, instrumentalities and institutions and all water and natural gas associations organized pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 28 NMSA 1978;

D. "law enforcement officer" means a full-time salaried public employee of a governmental entity, or a certified part-time salaried police officer employed by a governmental entity, whose principal duties under law are to
hold in custody any person accused of a criminal offense, to
maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, or members
of the national guard when called to active duty by the
governor;

E. "maintenance" does not include:

(1) conduct involved in the issuance of a
permit, driver's license or other official authorization to use
the roads or highways of the state in a particular manner; or

(2) an activity or event relating to a public
building or public housing project that was not foreseeable;

F. "public employee" means an officer, employee or
servant of a governmental entity, excluding independent
contractors except for individuals defined in Paragraphs (7),
(8), (10), (14) and (17) of this subsection, or of a
corporation organized pursuant to the Educational Assistance
Act, the Small Business Investment Act or the Mortgage Finance
Authority Act or a licensed health care provider, who has no
medical liability insurance, providing voluntary services as
defined in Paragraph (16) of this subsection and including:

(1) elected or appointed officials;

(2) law enforcement officers;

(3) persons acting on behalf or in service of
a governmental entity in any official capacity, whether with or
without compensation;

(4) licensed foster parents providing care for
children in the custody of the human services department, 
corrections department or department of health, but not 
including foster parents certified by a licensed child 
placement agency;

   (5) members of state or local selection panels 
established pursuant to the Adult Community Corrections Act;

   (6) members of state or local selection panels 
established pursuant to the Juvenile Community Corrections Act;

   (7) licensed medical, psychological or dental 
arts practitioners providing services to the corrections 
department pursuant to contract;

   (8) members of the board of directors of the 
New Mexico medical insurance pool;

   (9) individuals who are members of medical 
review boards, committees or panels established by the 
educational retirement board or the retirement board of the 
public employees retirement association;

   (10) licensed medical, psychological or dental 
arts practitioners providing services to the children, youth 
and families department pursuant to contract;

   (11) members of the board of directors of the 
New Mexico educational assistance foundation;

   (12) members of the board of directors of the 
New Mexico student loan guarantee corporation;

   (13) members of the New Mexico mortgage 

finance authority;

(14) volunteers, employees and board members of court-appointed special advocate programs;

(15) members of the board of directors of the small business investment corporation;

(16) health care providers licensed in New Mexico who render voluntary health care services without compensation in accordance with rules promulgated by the secretary of health. The rules shall include requirements for the types of locations at which the services are rendered, the allowed scope of practice and measures to ensure quality of care;

(17) an individual while participating in the state's adaptive driving program and only while using a special-use state vehicle for evaluation and training purposes in that program;

(18) the staff and members of the board of directors of the New Mexico health insurance exchange established pursuant to the New Mexico Health Insurance Exchange Act; and

(19) members of the insurance nominating committee;

G. "scope of duty" means performing any duties that a public employee is requested, required or authorized to perform by the governmental entity, regardless of the time and
place of performance; and

H. "state" or "state agency" means the state of New Mexico or any of its branches, agencies, departments, boards, instrumentalities or institutions."

SECTION 45. A new section of the Unfair Practices Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE--HEALTH CARE SERVICES PROVIDED UNDER THE HEALTH SECURITY ACT--UNFAIR PRACTICE.--

A. No person shall sell private health insurance to a beneficiary for a health care service that is covered by the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act, except for the following types of coverage:

(1) transitional coverage, as provided in Section 42 of the Health Security Act; or

(2) coverage pursuant to a retiree health insurance plan that does not enter into a contract with the health security plan.

B. A violation of the provisions of this section shall constitute an unfair practice."

SECTION 46. TEMPORARY PROVISION--AUTOMOBILE MEDICAL COVERAGE--WORKERS' COMPENSATION--RATES--SUPERINTENDENT DUTIES.--

A. The superintendent of insurance shall work closely with the legislative finance committee on the fiscal
analysis performed pursuant to Subsection A of Section 47 of this 2019 act to identify premium costs associated with health care coverage in workers' compensation and automobile medical coverage. The superintendent shall consult with the workers' compensation administration and develop an estimate of expected reduction in those costs based upon assumptions of health care services coverage in the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act and, by September 14, 2020, shall report the findings to the legislative finance committee as the committee considers financing for the health security plan.

B. The superintendent of insurance shall ensure that workers' compensation and automobile insurance premiums on insurance policies written in New Mexico reflect a lower rate to account for the medical payment component to be assumed by the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act.

SECTION 47. TEMPORARY PROVISION--PROPOSED HEALTH SECURITY PLAN--FISCAL ANALYSIS--REIMBURSEMENT.--

A. The legislative finance committee shall obtain a fiscal analysis relating to the first five years of the establishment and operation of the proposed health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act, including an analysis of the provisions of Sections 17 through 22, 25, 31 through 33, 35, 39 and 40 of the Health Security Act and
Section 46 of this 2019 act. The fiscal analysis shall include a projection of plan costs and a review of financing options for the proposed health security plan.

B. The fiscal analysis performed pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall be guided by the following requirements and assumptions:

(1) before estimating beneficiary and employer contributions to the health security plan budget established pursuant to the Health Security Act, the legislative finance committee shall identify and estimate the amount of public finances, including any contribution from the federal government or a tribal entity, that may be contributed to the budget;

(2) health care services to be included and for which costs are to be projected in determining the financing options shall be no less than the health care services afforded to state employees pursuant to the Health Care Purchasing Act;

(3) financing options may set minimum and maximum levels of costs to a beneficiary based on the following factors as they apply to a given beneficiary:

(a) the beneficiary's income;
(b) federal premium tax credits;
(c) federal cost-sharing subsidies; and
(d) medicare offsets; and
(4) financing options may set minimum and maximum levels of employer contributions, taking into consideration an employer's payroll and number of employees.

C. The fiscal analysis performed pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall:

(1) include projections regarding the impact of the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act upon the state budget; and

(2) project the costs of establishing and administering the health security plan.

D. The legislative finance committee shall:

(1) prepare a report of its determinations with the specific options and recommendations no later than October 1, 2020; and

(2) submit its report prepared pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this subsection to the appropriate interim legislative committees for consideration by the fifty-fifth legislature.

E. The health care commission established pursuant to the Health Security Act shall reimburse the legislative finance committee for any state funds it expended in undertaking the fiscal analysis pursuant to Subsection A of this section.

SECTION 48. TEMPORARY PROVISION--FISCAL ANALYSIS--GRANT FUNDING AND OTHER RESOURCES--PARTNERSHIPS.--The legislative
finance committee shall seek partnerships among state agencies and private nonprofit persons to identify and apply for available grant funding and other in-kind and financial resources for its fiscal analysis conducted pursuant to Section 47 of this 2019 act. Any amounts that the legislative finance committee receives in grant funds or from other financial resources shall first be used to offset any state funds that the legislature appropriates or allocates for the fiscal analysis. Any grant funds or other financial resources received in excess of legislative appropriations or allocations shall be used for the study of financing options for the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act.

SECTION 49. APPROPRIATION.--Three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($375,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the legislative finance committee for expenditure in fiscal year 2021 to fund the legislative finance committee's performance of the fiscal analysis, in accordance with Section 47 of this 2019 act, of the health security plan established pursuant to the Health Security Act. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2021 shall revert to the general fund.

SECTION 50. DELAYED REPEAL.--Sections 1 through 42 and 45 through 48 of this act are repealed effective June 1, 2021.

SECTION 51. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.