1	HOUSE BILL 366
2	54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Matthew McQueen and Christine Chandler and
5	Roberto "Bobby" J. Gonzales
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO WILDLIFE; ENACTING THE WILDLIFE PROTECTION AND
12	PUBLIC SAFETY ACT; PROVIDING FOR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF
13	TRAPS, SNARES AND POISONS; PROVIDING PENALTIES; IMPOSING CIVIL
14	LIABILITY.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. A new Section 17-9-1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to
18	read:
19	"17-9-1. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] SHORT TITLEChapter 17, Article
20	9 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Wildlife Protection and Public
21	Safety Act"."
22	SECTION 2. A new Section 17-9-2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to
23	read:
24	"17-9-2. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] DEFINITIONSAs used in the
25	Wildlife Protection and Public Safety Act:
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A. "animal" includes domestic animals, feral animals and wildlife;

"bona fide scientific research" means an 3 Β. investigation using commonly accepted scientific techniques or 4 the scientific method of comparing effects with outcomes 5 experienced by a control group and that is not being conducted 6 7 for commercial gain from the sale of animal parts and that is conducted by employees or contractors of the department, the 8 9 United States fish and wildlife service or other government agencies, nongovernmental organizations, educational 10 institutions or individuals who are affiliated with educational 11 12 institutions conducting investigations and who have applied for and received a scientific collection permit from the 13 14 department;

C. "cage trap" means a trap that confines a live animal but does not grip an animal's body or body part and is not intended to kill the animal, including a live trap, a cage or box trap, a corral trap, a colony trap, a net and a suitcase-type live beaver trap;

D. "department" means the department of game and fish;

E. "depredation trapping" means the act of setting traps, snares or poisons on public land to reduce or prevent damage caused by an animal to private property, including growing crops, harvested and stored crops, livestock or other .212258.4

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F. "domestic animal" means any animal that is bred for and is typically subject to human control;

G. "ecosystem management" means actions that are necessary to maintain or increase the long-term sustainability and integrity of an entire system of living wildlife and their environment, including the restoration and conservation of wildlife populations and habitat, wildlife relocation, medical treatment of wildlife and the protection of threatened or endangered species;

H. "feral animal" means a domestic animal existing in an untamed state outside captivity or domestication and not under human control;

I. "government entity" means a local, state or federal government body or agency, a political subdivision of the state or an employee, agent or representative of the body, agency or political subdivision when acting within the scope of its governmental duties;

J. "leghold trap" means a spring-actuated device, either padded or unpadded, designed to capture an animal by the foot, leg or other limb, including a steel-jawed leghold trap, a padded-jaw leghold trap, a foot-hold trap, an egg trap, a duffer trap and all other similar traps;

K. "lethal body-gripping trap" means a rotating jaw trap designed to capture an animal by the body that is intended .212258.4 - 3 -

<u>underscored material = new</u> [<del>bracketed material</del>] = delete to fatally crush or otherwise kill the animal and includes
 conibear traps and all other similar traps;

L. "poison" means a substance or mixture of substances applied in a manner intended to kill an animal;

M. "public land" means open space land owned by a government entity, but does not include physical structures or land belonging to or held in trust for an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo;

N. "snare" means a wire or cable with a single closing device, often with a noose, with or without stops, that is used to capture, strangle or otherwise entangle an animal, but does not include use of a catch pole, leash or tether lawfully used by a person to temporarily restrain or relocate an animal;

0. "trap" includes a leghold trap, lethal bodygripping trap or cage trap; and

P. "wildlife" means a member of a vertebrate species that is native to or found in New Mexico that is not under the direct control of a human or in captivity, but does not include a feral or escaped domestic animal."

SECTION 3. A new Section 17-9-3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"17-9-3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PROHIBITIONS ON PUBLIC LAND.--It is a violation of the Wildlife Protection and Public Safety Act for a person or government entity to use a trap, snare or

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1 poison for purposes of capturing, injuring or killing an animal 2 on public land except as provided in Section 4 of the Wildlife Protection and Public Safety Act." 3 SECTION 4. A new Section 17-9-4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to 4 5 read: [NEW MATERIAL] EXCEPTIONS.--6 "17-9-4. 7 The provisions of the Wildlife Protection and Α. 8 Public Safety Act do not apply to: 9 (1)any land or property that is not defined as public land pursuant to the Wildlife Protection and Public 10 11 Safety Act; 12 (2) the taking of wildlife with firearms, 13 fishing equipment, archery equipment, falconry equipment or 14 other implements in hand as authorized by law; the control of mice, rats, gophers, 15 (3) prairie dogs, moles, voles or rock squirrels as authorized by 16 bracketed material] = delete 17 law; 18 (4) a government entity acting in the course 19 of its official duties to prevent or mitigate actual threats to 20 human health and safety; (5) the department, the United States fish and 21 wildlife service or a conservancy district of the state or its 22 employee, agent or representative acting in the course of its 23 official duties related to ecosystem management; 24 (6) bona fide scientific research; or 25 .212258.4

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1 the use of cage traps by an owner of (7) 2 property, crops or livestock that are lawfully situated on public land for the lawful capture of offending wildlife, feral 3 animals or domestic animals to abate actual damages caused to 4 5 property, crops or livestock; provided that: (a) once the animal has been captured 6 7 and removed, use of the cage trap shall cease; and the captured animal is disposed of 8 (b) 9 in accordance with rules established by the department. Nothing in this section shall be construed to 10 Β. allow recreational or commercial trapping on public land. 11 12 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow depredation trapping without evidence of actual damage to 13 property, crops or livestock." 14 SECTION 5. A new Section 17-9-5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to 15 read: 16 "17-9-5. [NEW MATERIAL] PENALTIES.--17 A person who violates the Wildlife Protection 18 Α. 19 and Public Safety Act is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 20 notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not to exceed six 21 months and to payment of a fine in the amount of: 22 five hundred dollars (\$500) for each 23 (1)prohibited device used, upon a first conviction; 24 one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each 25 (2) .212258.4 - 6 -

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1 prohibited device used, upon a second conviction; and 2 two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each (3) 3 prohibited device used, upon a third or subsequent conviction. In addition to other penalties, upon conviction, 4 Β. 5 the court may consider appropriate restitution to a state agency that incurs costs in enforcing the Wildlife Protection 6 7 and Public Safety Act." SECTION 6. A new Section 17-9-6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to 8 9 read: [NEW MATERIAL] CIVIL LIABILITY .-- A person who is 10 "17-9-6. convicted of a violation of the Wildlife Protection and Public 11 12 Safety Act shall be strictly liable in a civil action for 13 damages related to the conduct for which the person was 14 convicted. If a violation results in the death of a domestic animal, the court may award up to three times actual damages to 15 the party complaining of the violation." 16 SECTION 7. Section 17-5-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1939, 17 18 Chapter 178, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: 19 "17-5-3. SEASONS--SPECIAL PERMITS TO TAKE ANIMALS DOING 20

DAMAGE.--Fur-bearing animals as defined in Section 17-5-2 NMSA 1978 shall be taken only during the seasons declared by regulation of the state game commission promulgated as provided in Section 17-5-4 NMSA 1978. The director <u>of the department of</u> <u>game and fish</u> may, however, issue permits at any time for the taking of fur-bearing animals doing damage to game, private

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1 property, poultry or livestock pursuant to the provisions of 2 the Wildlife Protection and Public Safety Act." SECTION 8. Section 17-5-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1939, 3 Chapter 178, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: 4 "17-5-5. 5 TRAPPER'S LICENSES.--No resident who has reached [his twelfth 6 Α. 7 birthday] the age of twelve shall capture, trap or possess any 8 fur-bearing animal or attempt to do so without first procuring 9 a resident trapper's license; or, in the case of a resident who 10 has reached [his twelfth birthday] the age of twelve but not [his eighteenth birthday] the age of eighteen, a resident 11 12 junior trapper's license. No nonresident shall capture, trap or possess 13 Β. 14 any fur-bearing animal or skunk or coyote or attempt to do so without first procuring a nonresident trapper's license. 15 C. No nonresident who resides in a state that does 16 17 not permit New Mexico residents to procure nonresident 18 trapper's licenses may purchase a New Mexico nonresident 19 trapper's license. 20 D. Trappers shall release all fur-bearing animals trapped during closed seasons, and resident trappers who 21 release all fur-bearing animals during open seasons need not 22 procure a trapper's license. 23

E. Trappers on official business, paid from state and federal funds and under supervision of the department of .212258.4 - 8 -

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game and fish, the New Mexico department of agriculture or the
 United States fish and wildlife service need not purchase a
 trapper's license.

F. Trapping of animals, both fur-bearing and nongame, by a resident in order to protect [his] livestock or domesticated animals or fowl shall not be subject to rules and regulations on trapping made pursuant to Section 17-5-4 NMSA 1978 or to licensing requirements provided in this section.

9 G. The state game commission may by regulation
10 require holders of trapper's licenses to use bobcat pelt tags
11 and may specify the conditions for use of the tags.

H. Trapping under this section shall be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of the Wildlife Protection and Public Safety Act."

**SECTION 9.** EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.

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