1	HOUSE BILL 541
2	54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Patricio Ruiloba
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS; AMENDING THE CRAMMING AND
12	SLAMMING ACT; CLARIFYING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING AN EXCEPTION TO
13	PROHIBITED ACTS.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. Section 63-9G-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
17	Chapter 138, Section 2) is amended to read:
18	"63-9G-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Cramming and
19	Slamming Act:
20	A. "billing aggregator" means a person that bills
21	customers for goods or services provided by others and that
22	uses a local exchange company as a billing agent;
23	B. "commission" means the public regulation
24	commission;
25	C. "cramming" means:
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1 (1) charging a customer for telecommunications 2 services that were not authorized by the customer; charging a customer for goods or services 3 (2) that are not telecommunications services and were not 4 authorized by the customer; or 5 (3) using a sweepstakes, contest or drawing 6 7 entry form as authorization to change or add telecommunications services to a customer's telephone bill; 8 "customer" means the person whose name appears 9 D. on the telephone bill or the person responsible for payment of 10 the telephone bill, or any person authorized to use the 11 12 telecommunications service associated with the telephone bill; "local exchange company" means a provider that Ε. 13 14 provides local exchange services; "local exchange services" means the transmission F. 15 of two-way interactive communications within a local exchange 16 area described in maps, tariffs or rate schedules filed with 17 the commission where local exchange rates apply; 18 "provider" means a telephone company, 19 G. 20 transmission company, telecommunications common carrier, telecommunications company, cellular or other wireless 21 telecommunications service company, cable television service, 22 telecommunications reseller, billing aggregator or other person 23 that bills directly or has a billing contract with a local 24 25 exchange company;

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1 н. "slamming" means: 2 changing a customer's provider without the (1)3 customer's authorization; or (2) using a sweepstakes, contest or drawing 4 entry form as authorization to change a customer's provider; 5 and 6 "telecommunications service" means the 7 I. transmission of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, 8 9 messages, data or other information of any nature by wire, radio, lightwaves or other electromagnetic means or goods and 10 services related to the transmission of information that are 11 12 provided by the provider; provided that a good or service that does not meet the definition of "telecommunications service" 13 does not become a telecommunications service merely because it 14 is bundled with a telecommunications service for marketing or 15 billing purposes." 16 SECTION 2. Section 63-9G-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, 17 Chapter 138, Section 5) is amended to read: 18 19 "63-9G-5. COMPLAINTS FILED WITH COMMISSION--RULES--20 ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.--The following acts are prohibited: 21 Α. cramming or slamming; and (1)22 (2) disconnecting or threatening to disconnect a customer's local exchange service because the customer 24 refuses to pay charges resulting from cramming or slamming and 25 .213613.1 - 3 -

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1 the local exchange company has been notified of the cramming or 2 slamming.

B. A customer or provider may file a complaint with the commission alleging cramming or slamming. A customer may file a complaint alleging disconnection or threats of disconnection to local exchange service. The commission may combine complaints.

8 C. If the commission finds after investigation and
9 hearing that a provider engaged in cramming or slamming or
10 disconnected or threatened to disconnect a customer's local
11 exchange service, it may:

12 (1) assess an administrative penalty not to 13 exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each occurrence of 14 cramming or slamming or for each disconnection or threat to 15 disconnect; or

(2) after other sanctions have failed, suspend or revoke the provider's certificate of authority or certificate of public convenience and necessity for a deliberate pattern of cramming or slamming or disconnection or threat of disconnection.

D. A person aggrieved by an order of the commission pursuant to this section may appeal to the district court as provided in Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978.

E. The remedies and penalties provided for in the Cramming and Slamming Act are in addition to any other

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1	penalties that may be imposed pursuant to any other state law
2	or any other remedies available to consumers.
3	F. The provisions of Subsection A of this section
4	shall not apply to a provider placing or causing a charge to be
5	placed on a customer's telephone bill for third-party goods or
6	services where the third party or its agent represents that it
7	obtained the customer's consent or authorization."
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