SENATE CORPORATIONS AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 415

54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER REGULATION ACT; PROVIDING FOR RENEWAL OF PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER LICENSURE; REQUIRING DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS DURING AN INVESTIGATION; PROVIDING FOR CONFIDENTIALITY; PROVIDING FOR CHANGES TO THE REIMBURSEMENT PROCESS; PROVIDING FOR AN APPEALS PROCESS; REQUIRING THE PROVISION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION UPON REQUEST; REQUIRING CERTAIN CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS; LIMITING PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER CHARGES TO THOSE ITEMIZED IN A CONTRACT; CLARIFYING PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES AND PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 59A-61-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 2) is amended to read:

"59A-61-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Pharmacy Benefits .213894.1

Manager Regulation Act:

policies and contracts;

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[A. "covered entity" means a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation, health insurer, health benefit plan or health maintenance organization; a health program administered by the state as a provider of health coverage; any type of group health care coverage, including any form of self-insurance offered, issued or renewed pursuant to the Health Care Purchasing Act; or an employer, labor union or other group of persons organized in the state that provides health coverage to covered individuals who are employed or reside in the state. "Covered entity" does not include a self-funded plan that is exempt from state regulation pursuant to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; a plan issued for coverage for federal employees; or a health plan that provides coverage only for accidental injury, specified disease,

B. "covered individual" means a member,

participant, enrollee, contract holder, policy holder or

beneficiary of a covered entity who is provided health coverage

by the covered entity and includes a dependent or other person

provided health coverage through a policy, contract or plan for

a covered individual;

hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, disability income,

long-term care or other limited benefit health insurance

C. "medicare advantage plan" or "MA-PD" means a

1	prescription drug program authorized pursuant to Part C of
2	Title 18 of the federal Medicare Prescription Drug,
3	Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 that provides
4	qualified prescription drug coverage;
5	A. "clean claim" means a physically or
6	electronically submitted claim from a pharmacy or pharmacist
7	that:
8	(1) contains all of the required data
9	necessary for accurate adjudication of the claim without the
10	need for additional information from outside a pharmacy benefit
11	manager's system; and
12	(2) has no particular or unusual circumstances
13	requiring special treatment that prevent payment from being
14	made by the pharmacy benefits manager within:
15	(a) seven business days of the date of
16	receipt by the pharmacy benefits manager, if submitted
17	electronically; or
18	(b) thirty calendar days of the date of
19	receipt by the pharmacy benefits manager, if submitted
20	physically;
21	B. "maximum allowable cost" means the maximum
22	amount that a pharmacy benefits manager will reimburse a
23	pharmacy for the cost of a generic drug;
24	C. "maximum allowable cost list" means a
25	searchable, electronic and internet-based listing of drugs used

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cost	on	which	reimburs	ement to	<u>a</u>	pharma	acy (or pl	narma	cist	<u>is</u>
made	;										

D. "obsolete" means a product that is listed in national drug pricing compendia but is no longer available to be dispensed based on the expiration date of the last lot manufactured;

 $[rac{B_{ullet}}{a}]$ "pharmacist" means an individual licensed as a pharmacist by the board of pharmacy;

[E.] F. "pharmacy" means a licensed place of business where drugs are compounded or dispensed and pharmacist services are provided;

[F.] G. "pharmacy benefits management" means [the service provided to a health benefit plan or health insurer, directly or through another person, including the procurement of prescription drugs to be dispensed to patients, or the administration or management of prescription drug benefits, including:

(1) mail service pharmacies; and

(2) claims processing, retail network

management or payment of claims to pharmacies for dispensing

dangerous drugs, as those drugs are defined in the New Mexico

Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act] a service provided to or

conducted by a health benefit plan or health insurer that

involves:

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(1) prescription drug claim administration;
(2) pharmacy network management;
(3) negotiation and administration of
prescription drug discounts, rebates and other benefits;
(4) design, administration or management of
prescription drug benefits;
(5) payment of claims to pharmacies for
dispensing prescription drugs;
(6) negotiation or administration of contracts
relating to pharmacy operations or prescription benefits; or
(7) any other service determined by the
superintendent as specified by rule to be a pharmacy benefits
<pre>management activity;</pre>
[G.] H. "pharmacy benefits manager" means [a person
or a wholly or partially owned or controlled subsidiary of a
person that provides claims administration, benefit design and
management, pharmacy network management, negotiation and
administration of product discounts, rebates and other benefits
accruing to the pharmacy benefits manager or other prescription
drug or device services to third parties, but "pharmacy
benefits manager" does not include licensed health care
facilities, pharmacies, licensed health care professionals,
health insurers, unions, health maintenance organizations,

providing formulary services to their own patients, employees,

medicare advantage plans or prescription drug plans when

members or beneficiaries;

H. "prescription drug plan" or "PDP" means

prescription drug coverage that is offered pursuant to a

policy, contract or plan that has been approved as specified in

42 CFR Part 423 and that is offered by a prescription drug plan

sponsor that has a contract with the federal centers for

medicare and medicaid services of the United States department

of health and human services;

benefits management services;

- I. "pharmacy benefits manager affiliate" means a

 pharmacy or pharmacist that directly or indirectly, through one
 or more intermediaries, owns or controls, is owned or
 controlled by or is under common ownership or control with a

 pharmacy benefits manager;
- J. "pharmacy services administrative organization"

 means an entity that contracts with a pharmacy or pharmacist to

 act as the pharmacy or pharmacist's agent with respect to

 matters involving a pharmacy benefits manager or third-party

 payor, including negotiating, executing or administering

 contracts with the pharmacy benefits manager or third-party

 payor; and
- [$\overline{\text{H.}}$] $\underline{\text{K.}}$ "superintendent" means the superintendent of insurance."
- SECTION 2. Section 59A-61-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 3) is amended to read:

11	59A-61-3	. [LICENSE]	LICENSURE-	-INITIAL	APPLICATION
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- A. A person shall not operate as a pharmacy benefits manager unless licensed by the superintendent in accordance with the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act and applicable federal and state laws. A licensee shall renew the licensee's pharmacy benefits manager license annually.
- B. An <u>initial</u> application <u>and a renewal application</u> for licensure as a pharmacy benefits manager <u>shall be made on a form and in a manner provided for by the superintendent, but at <u>a minimum</u> shall require [only the following information]:</u>
- (1) the identity of the pharmacy benefits manager;
- (2) the name and business address of the contact person for the pharmacy benefits manager; and
- (3) where applicable, the federal employer identification number for the pharmacy benefits manager.
- C. The superintendent shall enforce and promulgate rules to implement the provisions of the Pharmacy Benefits

 Manager Regulation Act and may suspend or revoke a license issued to a pharmacy benefits manager or deny an application for a license or renewal of a license if:
- (1) the pharmacy benefits manager is operating
 [materially] in contravention of its application;
- (2) the pharmacy benefits manager has failed .213894.1

to continuously meet or [substantially] comply with the requirements for issuance or maintenance of a license;

- (3) the pharmacy benefits manager has failed to [substantially] comply with applicable state or federal laws or rules; or
- (4) the pharmacy benefits manager has transacted insurance in the state without authorization or has transacted insurance for a product that is not issued by an authorized insurer.
- D. If the license of a pharmacy benefits manager is revoked, the manager shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of revocation, to [wind up] conclude its affairs, notify each pharmacy or pharmacist in its network and conduct no further [business] pharmacy benefits management services in the state except as may be essential to the orderly conclusion of its affairs. The superintendent may permit further operation of the pharmacy benefits manager if the superintendent finds it to be in the best interest of patients [to obtain pharmacist services].
- E. A person whose pharmacy benefits manager license has been denied, suspended or revoked may seek review of the denial, suspension or revocation pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 4 NMSA 1978.
- F. Nothing in the Pharmacy Benefits Manager

 Regulation Act shall be construed to authorize a pharmacy

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1	benefits manager to transact the business of insurance."
2	SECTION 3. Section 59A-61-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014,
3	Chapter 14, Section 4) is amended to read:
4	"59A-61-4. [MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COST PRICING REQUIREMENTS]
5	PHARMACY REIMBURSEMENT PRACTICES APPEALS PROCESS REQUIRED
6	A. A pharmacy benefits manager shall use
7	reimbursement criteria that incorporate objective and
8	verifiable standards to determine a reimbursement amount.
9	B. A pharmacy benefits manager shall reimburse a
10	pharmacy or pharmacist an amount no less than the amount that
11	the pharmacy benefits manager reimburses a pharmacy benefits
12	manager affiliate for providing the same or equivalent service.
13	[A.] C. A pharmacy benefits manager using maximum
14	allowable cost pricing [shall:
15	(1) to] may place a drug on a maximum
16	allowable cost list [ensure that the drug] if the drug:
17	$[\frac{(a)}{(1)}]$ is listed as "A" or "B" rated in the
18	most recent version of the United States food and drug
19	administration's approved drug products with therapeutic
20	equivalence evaluations, also known as the "orange book", $[\frac{b}{b}]$
21	or has an "NR" or "NA" rating or a similar rating by a
22	nationally recognized reference; [and
23	(c) <u>(2)</u> is [generally] available for purchase
24	by pharmacies in the state at the time of claim submission from
25	national or regional wholesalers and is not obsolete;
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2	prescribed after expiration of
3	as provided in federal law; an
4	(4) is a drug
5	"B" rated therapeutically equi
6	version of the United States f
7	approved drug products with th
8	evaluations, also known as the
9	D. A pharmacy bene
10	allowable cost pricing shall:
11	[(2)] <u>(1) upc</u>
12	provide [to a] <u>that</u> network ph
13	contract is entered into or re
14	provider] the sources and crit
15	maximum allowable cost pricing
16	list specific to that provider
17	[(3)] <u>(2)</u> rev
18	cost price information at leas
19	to reflect any modification of
20	[(4)] <u>(3)</u> est
21	eliminating products from the
22	modifying maximum allowable co
23	remain consistent with pricing
24	in the marketplace;
25	[(5) provide
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(3) is a multiple-source generic drug
prescribed after expiration of its generic exclusivity period
as provided in federal law; and
(4) is a drug with not fewer than three "A" or
"B" rated therapeutically equivalent drugs in the most recent
version of the United States food and drug administration's
approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence
evaluations, also known as the "orange book".
D. A pharmacy benefits manager using maximum
allowable cost pricing shall:
[(2)] <u>(1) upon a network pharmacy's request</u> ,
provide [to a] <u>that</u> network pharmacy [provider, at the time a
contract is entered into or renewed] with [the network pharmacy
provider] the sources and criteria used to determine the
maximum allowable cost pricing for the maximum allowable cost
list specific to that provider;
$[\frac{(3)}{(2)}]$ review and update maximum allowable
cost price information at least once every seven business days
to reflect any modification of maximum allowable cost pricing;
[(4)] <u>(3)</u> establish <u>and maintain</u> a process for
eliminating products from the maximum allowable cost list or
modifying maximum allowable cost prices in a timely manner to
remain consistent with pricing changes and product availability
in the marketplace;
[(5) provide a procedure under which a network

pharmacy provider may challenge a listed maximum allowable cost
price for a drug and respond to a challenge not later than the
fifteenth day after the date the challenge is made. If the
challenge is successful, a pharmacy benefits manager using
maximum allowable cost pricing shall make an adjustment in the
drug price effective one day after the challenge is resolved,
and make the adjustment applicable to all similarly situated
network pharmacy providers, as determined by the managed care
organization or pharmacy benefits manager, as appropriate. If
the challenge is denied, the pharmacy benefits manager using
maximum allowable cost pricing shall provide the reason for the
denial; and]

(4) provide a procedure that allows a pharmacy to choose the entity to which it will appeal maximum allowable costs and reimbursements made under a maximum allowable cost list for a specific drug or drugs. A pharmacy may appeal either:

(a) directly to the pharmacy benefits

manager; or

(b) through a pharmacy services administrative organization;

(5) provide an appeals process that, at a minimum, includes the following:

(a) a dedicated telephone number and electronic mail address or website for the purpose of .213894.1

1	submitting appeals;
2	(b) the ability to submit an appeal
3	directly to the pharmacy benefits manager; and
4	(c) the allowance of at least twenty-one
5	business days to file an appeal after the date a pharmacy
6	receives notice of the reimbursement amount;
7	(6) grant an appeal if the pharmacy benefits
8	manager fails to respond to the completed submission of the
9	appealing party in writing within seven business days after the
10	pharmacy benefits manager receives the appeal;
11	(7) if an appeal is granted, notify the
12	challenging pharmacy and its pharmacy services administrative
13	organization, if any, that the appeal is granted and make the
14	change in the maximum allowable cost effective for the
15	appealing pharmacy and for each other pharmacy in its network
16	and permit the appealing pharmacy or pharmacist to reverse and
17	bill again the claim or claims that formed the basis of the
18	appeal;
19	(8) if an appeal is denied, provide the
20	challenging pharmacy and its pharmacy services administrative
21	organization, if any, the national drug code number and
22	supplier that has the product available for purchase in New
23	Mexico at or below the maximum allowable cost; and
24	[(6)] <u>(9)</u> provide <u>for each of its network</u>
25	pharmacy providers and the superintendent a process [for each

2	access the maximum allowable cost list specific to that
3	provider.
4	[B. A maximum allowable cost list specific to a
5	provider and maintained by a managed care organization or
6	pharmacy benefits manager is confidential.
7	C. As used in this section, "maximum allowable
8	cost" means the maximum amount that a pharmacy benefits manager
9	will reimburse a pharmacy for the cost of a generic drug.
10	E. Pursuant to Section 59A-4-3 NMSA 1978, a
11	pharmacy benefits manager shall provide information contained
12	in a maximum allowable cost list to the superintendent upon
13	request by the superintendent.
14	F. A claim for pharmacist services shall not be
15	retroactively denied or reduced after adjudication of the
16	claim."
17	SECTION 4. Section 59A-61-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014,
18	Chapter 14, Section 5) is amended to read:
19	"59A-61-5. PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER CONTRACTSCERTAIN
20	PRACTICES PROHIBITED CERTAIN DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UPON
21	REQUEST
22	A. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not require
23	that a pharmacy participate in one contract in order to
24	participate in another contract.
25	B. $[\frac{Each}]$ A pharmacy benefits manager shall provide
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of its network pharmacy providers] and structure to readily

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to [the pharmacies] a pharmacy by electronic mail, facsimile or certified mail, at least thirty calendar days prior to its execution, a contract written in plain English.

- C. A contract between a pharmacy benefits manager and a pharmacy shall [provide specific time limits for the pharmacy benefits manager to pay the pharmacy for services rendered]:
- (1) provide that the pharmacy benefits manager will pay the pharmacy for services rendered within:
- (a) seven business days of receipt of a clean claim submitted electronically; and
- (b) thirty calendar days of receipt of a clean claim submitted physically; and
- (2) specify the reimbursement methodology that the pharmacy benefits manager will use, and the pharmacy benefits manager shall use the specified methodology unless or until the contract is modified in writing to specify another methodology.
- D. The provisions of the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act shall not be waived, voided or nullified by contract.
 - E. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not:
- (1) cause or knowingly permit the use of any advertisement, promotion, solicitation, representation, proposal or offer that is untrue, deceptive or misleading;

1	(2) require pharmacy accreditation standards
2	or certification requirements inconsistent with, more stringent
3	than or in addition to federal and state requirements for
4	licensure and operation as a pharmacy in this state;
5	(3) prohibit a pharmacy or pharmacist from:
6	(a) mailing or delivering drugs to a
7	patient as an ancillary service;
8	(b) providing a patient information
9	regarding the patient's total cost for pharmacist services for
10	a prescription drug; or
11	(c) discussing information regarding the
12	total cost for pharmacist services for a prescription drug or
13	from selling a more affordable alternative to the insured if a
14	more affordable alternative is available;
15	(4) require or prefer a generic drug over its
16	generic therapeutic equivalent;
17	(5) prohibit, restrict or limit disclosure of
18	information by a pharmacist or pharmacy to the superintendent;
19	<u>or</u>
20	(6) prohibit, restrict or limit pharmacies or
21	pharmacists from providing to state or federal government
22	officials general information for public policy purposes.
23	F. A pharmacy benefits manager or health benefit
24	plan shall not impose a fee on a pharmacy for scores or metrics
25	or both scores and metrics. Nothing in this subsection
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1	prohibits a pharmacy benefits manager or health benefit plan
2	from offering incentives to a pharmacy based on a score or
3	metric; provided that the incentive is equally available to all
4	in-network pharmacies.
5	G. Within seven business days of a request by the
6	superintendent or a contracted pharmacy or pharmacist, a
7	pharmacy benefits manager or pharmacy services administrative
8	organization shall provide:
9	(1) a contract;
10	(2) an agreement;
11	(3) a claim appeal document;
12	(4) a disputed claim transaction document or
13	<pre>price list; or</pre>

(5) any other information specified by law.

H. In a time and manner required by rules

promulgated by the superintendent, a pharmacy benefits manager

shall issue to the superintendent a network adequacy report

describing the pharmacy benefits manager network and the

pharmacy benefits manager network's accessibility to insureds

statewide.

I. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 59A-4-3

NMSA 1978, the superintendent, or the superintendent's

designee, may examine the books, documents, policies,

procedures and records of a pharmacy benefits manager to

determine compliance with applicable law. The pharmacy

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8	benefits			
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SECTION 5. Section 59A-61-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 6) is amended to read:

"59A-61-6. AUDIT--PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER.--A pharmacy benefits manager [whether] licensed pursuant to the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act [or exempt from licensure pursuant to that act] shall be subject to Section 61-11-18.2 NMSA 1978. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not reduce or eliminate payment on an adjudicated claim except as permitted by Section 61-11-18.2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 6. Section 59A-61-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2017, Chapter 16, Section 2) is amended to read:

"59A-61-7. PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGERS--PROHIBITED PHARMACY FEES.--

 \underline{A} . A pharmacy benefits manager shall not charge a pharmacist or pharmacy a fee related to the adjudication of a claim, including:

[A.] (1) the receipt and processing of a pharmacy claim;

[B.] (2) the development or management of a claim processing or adjudication network; or

[6.] (3) participation in a claim processing

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or	claim	adjudication	network.
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- B. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not charge a pharmacist or pharmacy a fee for a service unless the fee for service is itemized in the pharmacy benefits management contract."
- **SECTION 7.** A new section of the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES AND FRAUD
PROHIBITED.--Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 59A, Article
16 NMSA 1978, no pharmacy benefits manager shall engage in a
practice defined or prohibited as, or determined to be an:

- A. unfair method of competition; or
- B. unfair, deceptive or fraudulent act or practice."
- SECTION 8. A new section of the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] REGISTRATION OF PHARMACY SERVICES

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATIONS REQUIRED.--A pharmacy services

administrative organization shall register with the

superintendent on a form and in a time frame and method of

submission specified by the superintendent."

SECTION 9. A new section of the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PENALTIES.--Pharmacy benefits managers and pharmacy services administrative organizations are subject to .213894.1

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penalties, pursuant to Section 59A-1-18 NMSA 1978, for violating the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act."

SECTION 10. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.

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