AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF
THE PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER REGULATION ACT; PROVIDING FOR
RENEWAL OF PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER LICENSURE; REQUIRING
DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS DURING AN INVESTIGATION; PROVIDING
FOR CONFIDENTIALITY; PROVIDING FOR CHANGES TO THE
REIMBURSEMENT PROCESS; PROVIDING FOR AN APPEALS PROCESS;
REQUIRING THE PROVISION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION
UPON REQUEST; REQUIRING CERTAIN CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS;
LIMITING PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER CHARGES TO THOSE ITEMIZED
IN A CONTRACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 59A-61-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 2) is amended to read:

"59A-61-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Pharmacy Benefits Manager Regulation Act:

A. "maximum allowable cost" means the maximum amount that a pharmacy benefits manager will reimburse a pharmacy for the cost of a generic drug;

B. "maximum allowable cost list" means a searchable, electronic and internet-based listing of drugs used by a pharmacy benefits manager setting the maximum allowable cost on which reimbursement to a pharmacy or pharmacist is made;

1	C. "obsolete" means a product that is listed in			
2	national drug pricing compendia but is no longer available to			
3	be dispensed based on the expiration date of the last lot			
4	manufactured;			
5	D. "pharmacist" means an individual licensed as a			
6	pharmacist by the board of pharmacy;			
7	E. "pharmacy" means a licensed place of business			
8	where drugs are compounded or dispensed and pharmacist			
9	services are provided;			
10	F. "pharmacy benefits management" means a service			
11	provided to or conducted by a health plan as defined in			
12	Section 59A-16-21.1 NMSA 1978 or health insurer that			
13	involves:			
14	(1) prescription drug claim administration;			
15	(2) pharmacy network management;			
16	(3) negotiation and administration of			
17	prescription drug discounts, rebates and other benefits;			
18	(4) design, administration or management of			
19	prescription drug benefits;			
20	(5) formulary management;			
21	(6) payment of claims to pharmacies for			
22	dispensing prescription drugs;			
23	(7) negotiation or administration of			
24	contracts relating to pharmacy operations or prescription			
25	benefits; or			

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- (8) any other service determined by the superintendent as specified by rule to be a pharmacy benefits management activity;
- "pharmacy benefits manager" means an entity G. that provides pharmacy benefits management services;
- "pharmacy benefits manager affiliate" means a pharmacy or pharmacist that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, owns or controls, is owned or controlled by or is under common ownership or control with a pharmacy benefits manager;
- "pharmacy services administrative organization" means an entity that contracts with a pharmacy or pharmacist to act as the pharmacy or pharmacist's agent with respect to matters involving a pharmacy benefits manager or third-party payor, including negotiating, executing or administering contracts with the pharmacy benefits manager or third-party payor; and
- "superintendent" means the superintendent of insurance."
- SECTION 2. Section 59A-61-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 3) is amended to read:
- "59A-61-3. LICENSURE--INITIAL APPLICATION--ANNUAL RENEWAL REQUIRED -- REVOCATION . --
- A. A person shall not operate as a pharmacy benefits manager unless licensed by the superintendent in

to continuously meet or comply with the requirements for

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the pharmacy benefits manager has failed

- D. If the license of a pharmacy benefits manager is revoked, the manager shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of revocation, to conclude its affairs, notify each pharmacy in its network and conduct no further pharmacy benefits management services in the state, except as may be essential to the orderly conclusion of its affairs. The superintendent may permit further operation of the pharmacy benefits manager if the superintendent finds it to be in the best interest of patients.
- E. A person whose pharmacy benefits manager license has been denied, suspended or revoked may seek review of the denial, suspension or revocation pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 4 NMSA 1978.
- F. Nothing in the Pharmacy Benefits Manager
 Regulation Act shall be construed to authorize a pharmacy
 benefits manager to transact the business of insurance."
- SECTION 3. Section 59A-61-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 4) is amended to read:
- "59A-61-4. PHARMACY REIMBURSEMENT PRACTICES FOR GENERIC DRUGS--APPEALS PROCESS REQUIRED.--
 - A. A pharmacy benefits manager shall determine a

reimbursement amount for a generic drug based on objective and verifiable sources.

- B. A pharmacy benefits manager shall reimburse a pharmacy an amount no less than the amount that the pharmacy benefits manager reimburses a pharmacy benefits manager affiliate in the same network for providing the same or equivalent service.
- C. A pharmacy benefits manager using maximum allowable cost pricing may place a drug on a maximum allowable cost list if the drug:
- (1) is listed as "A" or "B" rated in the most recent version of the United States food and drug administration's approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations, also known as the "orange book", or has an "NR" or "NA" rating or a similar rating by a nationally recognized reference;
- (2) is available for purchase by pharmacies in the state at the time of claim submission from national or regional wholesalers and is not obsolete; and
- (3) is a drug with not fewer than two "A" or "B" rated therapeutically equivalent drugs in the most recent version of the United States food and drug administration's approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations, also known as the "orange book".
 - D. A pharmacy benefits manager using maximum

1	allowable cost pricing shall:			
2	(1) upon a network pharmacy's request,			
3	provide that network pharmacy with the sources used to			
4	determine the maximum allowable cost pricing for the maximum			
5	allowable cost list specific to that provider;			
6	(2) review and update maximum allowable cost			
7	price information at least once every seven business days to			
8	reflect any modification of maximum allowable cost pricing;			
9	(3) establish and maintain a process for			
10	eliminating products from the maximum allowable cost list or			
11	modifying maximum allowable cost prices in at least seven			
12	business days to remain consistent with pricing changes and			
13	product availability in the marketplace;			
14	(4) provide a procedure that allows a			
15	pharmacy to choose the entity to which it will appeal			
16	reimbursement for generic drugs. A pharmacy may appeal:			
17	(a) directly to the pharmacy benefits			
18	manager; or			
19	(b) through a pharmacy services			
20	administrative organization;			
21	(5) provide an appeals process that, at a			
22	minimum, includes the following:			
23	(a) a dedicated telephone number and			
24	electronic mail address or website for the purpose of			
25	submitting appeals;			

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(9) within one business day of granting or

denying a network pharmacy's appeal, notify all network

pharmacies of the decision;

- (11) provide for each of its network pharmacy providers and the superintendent a process and mechanism to readily access the maximum allowable cost list specific to that provider.
- E. A maximum allowable cost list specific to a provider and maintained by a managed care organization or pharmacy benefits manager is confidential.
- F. Pursuant to Section 59A-4-3 NMSA 1978, a pharmacy benefits manager shall provide information contained in a maximum allowable cost list to the superintendent upon request by the superintendent."
- SECTION 4. Section 59A-61-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2014, Chapter 14, Section 5) is amended to read:
- "59A-61-5. PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGER CONTRACTS--CERTAIN PRACTICES PROHIBITED--CERTAIN DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UPON REQUEST.--
- A. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not require that a pharmacy participate in one contract in order to participate in another contract.
- B. A pharmacy benefits manager shall provide to a pharmacy by electronic mail, facsimile or certified mail, at

regarding the patient's total cost for pharmacist services

for a prescription drug; or

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organization shall provide as appropriate:

a contract;

an agreement;

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Benefits Manager Regulation Act shall be subject to Section

61-11-18.2 NMSA 1978. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not

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1	reduce or eliminate payment on an adjudicated claim except as		
2	permitted by Section 61-11-18.2 NMSA 1978."		
3	SECTION 6. Section 59A-61-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2017,		
4	Chapter 16, Section 2) is amended to read:		
5	"59A-61-7. PHARMACY BENEFITS MANAGERSPROHIBITED		
6	PHARMACY FEES		
7	A. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not charge a		
8	pharmacy a fee related to the adjudication of a claim,		
9	including:		
10	(1) the receipt and processing of a pharmacy		
11	claim;		
12	(2) the development or management of a claim		
13	processing or adjudication network; or		
14	(3) participation in a claim processing or		
15	claim adjudication network.		
16	B. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not charge a		
17	pharmacy a fee for a service unless the fee for service is		
18	itemized in the pharmacy benefits management contract."		
19	SECTION 7. A new section of the Pharmacy Benefits		
20	Manager Regulation Act is enacted to read:		
21	"REGISTRATION OF PHARMACY SERVICES ADMINISTRATIVE		
22	ORGANIZATIONS REQUIREDA pharmacy services administrative		
23	organization shall register with the superintendent on a form		
24	and in a time frame and method of submission specified by the		

superintendent."

1	SECTION 8. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	
2	provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.	SJC/SCORC/SB 415 Page 14
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