1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO DOMESTIC AFFAIRS; CREATING THE EXTREME RISK	
3	FIREARM PROTECTION ORDER ACT; PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF	
4	COURT ORDERS TO REQUIRE THE RELINQUISHMENT OF FIREARMS FOR	
5	SOME PERIOD UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; CLARIFYING DUTIES OF	
6	A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER IN THE TORT CLAIMS ACT; PROVIDING	
7	PENALTIES; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.	
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	
10	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLESections 1 through 13 of this	
11	act may be cited as the "Extreme Risk Firearm Protection	
12	Order Act".	
13	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Extreme Risk	
14	Firearm Protection Order Act:	
15	A. "court" means the district court in the county	
16	in which the respondent resides;	
17	B. "extreme risk firearm protection order" means	
18	either a temporary extreme risk firearm protection order or a	
19	one-year extreme risk firearm protection order granted	
20	pursuant to the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act;	
21	C. "firearm" means any weapon that is designed to	
22	expel a projectile by an explosion or the frame or receiver	
23	of any such weapon;	
24	D. "law enforcement agency" means the police	
25	department of any city or town, the sheriff's office of any	SJC/SB 5 Page l

county, the New Mexico state police and a district attorney's office in the state and the office of the attorney general;

E. "law enforcement officer" means a public official or public officer vested by law with the power to maintain order, to make arrests for crime or to detain persons suspected of committing a crime, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes and includes an attorney employed by a district attorney or the attorney general;

F. "one-year extreme risk firearm protection order" means an extreme risk firearm protection order granted for up to one year following a hearing pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act;

G. "petitioner" means a law enforcement officer who files an extreme risk firearm protection order petition;

н. "reporting party" means a person who requests 17 that a law enforcement officer file a petition for an extreme 18 risk firearm protection order and includes a spouse, former 19 spouse, parent, present or former stepparent, present or 20 former parent-in-law, grandparent, grandparent-in-law, 21 co-parent of a child, child, person with whom a respondent 22 has or had a continuing personal relationship, employer or 23 public or private school administrator; 24

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I. "respondent" means the person identified in or SJC/SB 5

1 subject to an extreme risk firearm protection order petition;
2 and

J. "temporary extreme risk firearm protection order" means an extreme risk firearm protection order issued prior to a hearing pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act.

7 SECTION 3. FORBEARANCE OF COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH EXTREME
8 RISK FIREARM PROTECTION ORDERS.--A reporting party who
9 requests that a petitioner seek an extreme risk firearm
10 protection order shall not be required to bear the cost of:

A. the filing, issuance or service of a petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order;

B. the filing, issuance or service of a warrant;

14 C. the filing, issuance or service of a witness 15 subpoena;

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16 D. service of an extreme risk firearm protection
17 order;

18 E. obtaining law enforcement reports or
19 photographs or copies of photographs relating to the
20 allegations in the petition; or

F. any cost associated with the confiscation,
storage or destruction of a firearm.

23 SECTION 4. EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION
 24 ORDERS--VENUE.--Proceedings pursuant to the Extreme Risk
 25 Firearm Protection Order Act shall be filed, heard and

1 determined in the district court for the county in which the 2 respondent resides.

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SECTION 5. PETITION FOR EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION ORDER--CONTENTS.--

A. A petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order shall be filed only by a law enforcement officer employed by a law enforcement agency; provided that, if the respondent is a law enforcement officer, the petition shall be filed by the district attorney or the attorney general.

B. A petitioner may file a petition with the court requesting an extreme risk firearm protection order that shall enjoin the respondent from having in the respondent's possession, custody or control any firearm and shall further enjoin the respondent from purchasing, receiving or attempting to purchase, possess or receive any firearm while the order is in effect.

C. If a law enforcement officer declines to file a requested petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order, the law enforcement officer shall file with the sheriff of the county in which the respondent resides a notice that the law enforcement officer is declining to file a petition pursuant to this section.

D. A law enforcement officer shall file a petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order upon receipt of SJC/SB 5

credible information from a reporting party that gives the agency or officer probable cause to believe that a respondent poses a significant danger of causing imminent personal injury to self or others by having in the respondent's custody or control or by purchasing, possessing or receiving a firearm.

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E. A petition for an extreme risk firearm
protection order shall state the specific statements, actions
or facts that support the belief that the respondent poses a
significant danger of causing imminent personal injury to
self or others by having in the respondent's custody or
control or by purchasing, possessing or receiving a firearm.

F. A petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order shall be made under oath and shall be accompanied by a sworn affidavit signed by the reporting party setting forth specific facts supporting the order.

G. A petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order shall include:

19 (1) the name and address of the reporting
20 party;

(2) the name and address of the respondent;

(3) a description of the number, types and locations of firearms or ammunition that the petitioner believes the respondent has custody of, controls, owns or possesses;

(4) a description of the relationshipbetween the reporting party and the respondent; and

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(5) a description of any lawsuit, complaint, petition, restraining order, injunction or other legal action between the reporting party and the respondent.

SECTION 6. PETITION FOR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION ORDER--TEMPORARY ORDERS--PROCEEDINGS.--

A. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act, the court may enter a temporary extreme risk firearm protection order if the court finds from specific facts shown by the petition that there is probable cause to believe that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing imminent personal injury to self or others by having in the respondent's custody or control or by purchasing, possessing or receiving a firearm before notice can be served and a hearing held.

B. If the court finds probable cause pursuant to Subsection A of this section, the court shall issue a temporary extreme risk firearm protection order enjoining the respondent from having in the respondent's possession, custody or control a firearm and shall further enjoin the respondent from purchasing, receiving or attempting to purchase or receive a firearm while the order is in effect.

C. The court shall conduct a hearing within ten days of the issuance of a temporary extreme risk firearm

1 protection order to determine if a one-year extreme risk 2 firearm protection order should be issued pursuant to this 3 section. D. A temporary extreme risk firearm protection 4 order shall include: 5 (1) a statement of the grounds supporting 6 the issuance of the order; 7 8 (2) the date and time the order was issued; (3) a statement that the order shall 9 continue until the earlier of ten days or such time as a 10 court considers the petition at a hearing, unless an 11 extension is granted at the request of the respondent 12 pursuant to Subsection E of this section; 13 (4) the address of the court that issued the 14 order and in which any responsive pleading should be filed; 15 and 16 the date and time of the scheduled (5) 17 hearing, to be held within ten days of the issuance of the 18 order. 19 Ε. The court may continue the hearing at the 20 request of the respondent, but the hearing shall be set 21 within thirty days of the respondent's request for 22 continuance. 23 F. A temporary extreme risk firearm protection 24 order shall be served by the petitioner along with supporting 25

documents that formed the basis of the order, the notice of
 hearing and the petition for a one-year extreme risk firearm
 protection order.

G. If the court declines to issue a temporary extreme risk firearm protection order, the court shall enter an order that includes the reasons for the denial.

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7 SECTION 7. HEARINGS ON PETITION--GROUNDS FOR
8 ISSUANCE--CONTENTS OF ORDER.--In determining whether grounds
9 for any extreme risk firearm protection order exist, the
10 court shall consider, at a minimum, the following:

A. any recent act or threat of violence by the respondent against self or others, regardless of whether the act or threat involved a firearm;

B. a pattern of acts or threats of violence by the
respondent within the past twelve months, including acts or
threats of violence against self or others;

C. the respondent's mental health history;

18 D. the respondent's abuse of controlled substances 19 or alcohol;

20 E. the respondent's previous violations of any 21 court order;

F. previous extreme risk firearm protection ordersissued against the respondent;

G. the respondent's criminal history, including
arrests and convictions for violent felony offenses, violent SJC/SB 5

misdemeanor offenses, crimes involving domestic violence or stalking;

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н. the respondent's history of the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical violence against another 4 person; of stalking another person; or of cruelty to animals; and

I. any recent acquisition or attempts at 7 8 acquisition of a firearm by the respondent.

SECTION 8. ONE-YEAR EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION 9 ORDER--GROUNDS FOR ISSUANCE--CONTENTS OF ORDER--TERMINATION--10 EXPIRATION--RENEWAL OF ORDERS.--11

A. If, after hearing the matter, the court finds 12 by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent poses 13 a significant danger of causing imminent personal injury to 14 self or others by having in the respondent's custody or 15 control or by purchasing, possessing or receiving a firearm, 16 the court shall issue a one-year extreme risk firearm 17 protection order. 18

B. A one-year extreme risk firearm protection 19 order shall include: 20

a statement of the grounds supporting (1) 21 the issuance of the order; 22

> (2) the date and time the order was issued; (3) the date and time the order expires;

(4) information pertaining to any

1 recommendation by the court for mental health or substance 2 abuse evaluations, if applicable; 3 (5) the address of the court that issued the order; and 4 5 (6) notice that the respondent is entitled to request termination of the order prior to the expiration 6 of the order. 7 C. If the court declines to issue a one-year 8 extreme risk firearm protection order, the court shall state 9 in writing the reasons for the court's denial and shall order 10 the return of any firearms to the respondent. 11 D. A respondent may request that the court 12 terminate a one-year extreme risk firearm protection order at 13 any time prior to the expiration of the order. 14 E. At any time not less than one month prior to 15 the expiration of a one-year extreme risk firearm protection 16 order, a petitioner may petition the court to extend the 17 order. Each extension of the order shall not exceed one 18 year. A petition filed pursuant to this subsection shall 19 comply with the provisions of Subsections E and F of Section 20 5 of the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act and shall 21 be served on the respondent as provided in Section 9 of that 22 act. 23 A one-year extreme risk firearm protection F. 24 order is a final, immediately appealable order. 25

1 SECTION 9. SERVICE OF EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION 2 ORDERS.--A one-year extreme risk firearm protection order 3 issued pursuant to the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act shall be personally served upon the respondent by the 4 sheriff's office in the county in which the respondent 5 resides; provided that if the respondent resides in a city or 6 town that has a police department, the police department 7 8 shall serve the order. SECTION 10. RELINQUISHMENT OF FIREARMS.--9 A. A respondent who receives a temporary or 10 one-year extreme risk firearm protection order shall 11 relinquish all firearms in the respondent's possession, 12 custody or control or subject to the respondent's possession, 13 custody or control in a safe manner to a law enforcement 14 officer, a law enforcement agency or a federal firearms 15 licensee within forty-eight hours of service of the order or 16 sooner at the discretion of the court. 17 A law enforcement officer, law enforcement Β. 18 agency or federal firearms licensee that takes temporary 19 possession of a firearm pursuant to this section shall: 20 (1) prepare a receipt identifying all 21 firearms that have been relinquished or taken; 22 (2) provide a copy of the receipt to the 23 respondent; 24 (3) provide a copy of the receipt to the 25

petitioner within seventy-two hours of taking possession of the firearms;

3 (4) file the original receipt with the court
4 that issued the temporary or one-year extreme risk firearm
5 protection order within seventy-two hours of taking
6 possession of the firearms; and

7 (5) ensure that the law enforcement agency8 retains a copy of the receipt.

9 SECTION 11. PENALTIES.--A person who fails to
10 relinquish, or who possesses or has custody or control over,
11 any firearm or who purchases, receives or attempts to
12 purchase, possess or receive any firearm, in violation of a
13 temporary extreme risk firearm protection order or a one-year
14 extreme risk firearm protection order is guilty of a
15 misdemeanor punishable pursuant to Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 12. EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION ORDER--REPORTING OF ORDERS--AVAILABILITY OF DATA.--

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A. The clerk of the court shall provide a copy of
a one-year extreme risk firearm protection order or temporary
extreme risk firearm protection order issued pursuant to the
Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act to any law
enforcement agency designated to provide information to the
national instant criminal background check system.

B. The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of any order issued, renewed or terminated pursuant to the

Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act to the petitioner
 and to the law enforcement agency specified in Subsection A
 of this section.

C. Upon receipt of a copy of a one-year extreme risk firearm protection order or temporary extreme risk firearm protection order, the law enforcement agency specified in Subsection A of this section shall enter the order into:

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9 (1) the national instant criminal background10 check system;

11 (2) all federal or state computer-based 12 systems and databases used by law enforcement or others to 13 identify prohibited purchasers of firearms; and

14 (3) all computer-based criminal intelligence
15 information systems and databases available in this state
16 used by law enforcement agencies.

D. An extreme risk firearm protection order shall 17 remain in each state system for the period stated in the 18 order. Entry into the computer-based criminal intelligence 19 information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement 20 agencies of the existence of the order. The extreme risk 21 firearm protection order shall be fully enforceable in any 22 county, city or town in the state. 23

E. Upon the expiration of or upon receiving notice of the termination of an extreme risk firearm protection

order issued pursuant to the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act, the law enforcement agency specified in Subsection A of this section shall promptly remove the order from any state computer-based system into which it was entered pursuant to Subsection C of this section and shall notify the national instant criminal background check system and all federal computer-based systems and databases used by law enforcement or others to identify prohibited purchasers of firearms.

Following the expiration or termination of an F. 10 order issued pursuant to the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection 11 Order Act and upon written request, the law enforcement 12 agency specified in Subsection A of this section shall 13 provide a sworn affidavit to the respondent affirming that 14 the information contained within the order has been removed 15 from all state databases and systems identified in Subsection 16 C of this section and any other state databases into which 17 information about the order was entered and that the law 18 enforcement agency has notified the national instant criminal 19 background check system and all federal computer-based 20 systems and databases used by law enforcement or others to 21 identify prohibited purchasers of firearms. The affidavit 22 shall be provided to the respondent within five days of the 23 receipt of the request. 24

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G. If any extreme risk firearm protection order is SJC/SB 5

terminated before its expiration date, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the termination order to the office of the attorney general and the petitioner.

H. Aggregate statistical data indicating the number of extreme risk firearm protection orders issued, renewed, denied or terminated shall be maintained by the issuing court and the administrative office of the courts and shall be available to the public upon request.

SECTION 13. EXTREME RISK FIREARM PROTECTION 9 ORDERS--FIREARMS RETURN--DISPOSITION.--10

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Α. Any firearm relinquished in accordance with the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Act shall be returned 12 to the respondent within ten days following the expiration or 13 termination of an extreme risk firearm protection order. 14

B. A respondent shall not be required to acquire any court order granting the return of relinquished firearms.

C. The law enforcement agency in possession of the firearms shall conduct a national criminal records check and 18 shall return the firearms if the agency determines that the respondent is not prohibited from possessing firearms pursuant to state or federal law.

D. Upon written request of the respondent, the law 22 enforcement agency storing a firearm shall transfer 23 possession of the respondent's firearm to a federally 24 licensed firearms dealer or lawful private party purchaser 25

designated by the respondent; provided that the transfer is the result of a sale, that the transferee is the actual owner of the firearm thereafter and, except in the case of a federally licensed firearms dealer, the law enforcement agency has conducted a national criminal records check and determined that the transferee is not prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to state or federal law.

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E. No fee shall be charged for background checks required pursuant to Subsections C and D of this section.

F. The law enforcement agency transferring possession of a firearm to a transferee shall notify the transferee that it is unlawful to transfer or return the firearm to the respondent while the extreme risk firearm protection order is in effect. A transferee who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished pursuant to Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 14. Section 41-4-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976, Chapter 58, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"41-4-12. LIABILITY--LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.--The immunity granted pursuant to Subsection A of Section 41-4-4 NMSA 1978 does not apply to liability for personal injury, bodily injury, wrongful death or property damage resulting from assault, battery, false imprisonment, false arrest, malicious prosecution, abuse of process, libel, slander, defamation of character, violation of property rights, failure SJC/SB 5

1	to comply with duties established pursuant to statute or law	
2	or deprivation of any rights, privileges or immunities secured	
3	by the constitution and laws of the United States or	
4	New Mexico when caused by law enforcement officers while	
5	acting within the scope of their duties. For purposes of this	
6	section, "law enforcement officer" means a public officer	
7	vested by law with the power to maintain order, to make	
8	arrests for crime or to detain persons suspected of committing	
9	a crime, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited	
10	to specific crimes."	
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