1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO PUBLIC HEALTH; AMENDING THE MATERNAL MORTALITY
3	AND MORBIDITY PREVENTION ACT TO CLARIFY THE TYPES OF CASES
4	REVIEWED BY THE MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEE;
5	EXPANDING COMMITTEE LEADERSHIP, MEMBERSHIP, POWERS AND
6	PRIVILEGES; REQUIRING APPROVAL BY THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH FOR
7	COMMITTEE ACTIONS; PROVIDING FOR AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE;
8	CLARIFYING MEMBERSHIP; ELIMINATING A SUBCOMMITTEE; PROVIDING
9	A DEADLINE FOR RULEMAKING.
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
12	SECTION 1. Section 24-32-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
13	Chapter 41, Section 1) is amended to read:
14	"24-32-1. SHORT TITLEChapter 24, Article 32 NMSA
15	1978 may be cited as the "Maternal Mortality and Morbidity
16	Prevention Act"."
17	SECTION 2. Section 24-32-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
18	Chapter 41, Section 2) is amended to read:
19	"24-32-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Maternal
20	Mortality and Morbidity Prevention Act:
21	A. "administrative co-chair" means the chief
22	medical officer of the department or another representative
23	of the department appointed by the secretary of health;
24	B. "aggregate data" means health care data that
25	exclude any individually identifiable health information, SB 96

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2	C. "chief medical officer" means the chief medical
3	officer of the department;
4	D. "clinical co-chair" means a committee member
5	with maternal child health clinical or paraprofessional
6	training nominated by the committee and approved by the
7	department to serve in this position;
8	E. "committee" means the maternal mortality review
9	committee;
10	F. "committee member" means a person who has been
11	appointed to sit as a member of the committee and who
12	participates in committee business and votes on committee
13	matters;
14	G. "critical income" means income lost as a result
15	of uncompensated work time used to attend a committee
16	meeting;
17	H. "de-identified data" means data from which the
18	following identifiers have been removed:
19	(1) names;
20	(2) any geographic subdivision smaller than
21	a state, including street address, city, county, precinct and
22	zip code and their equivalent geocodes;
23	(3) all elements of dates, except the year
24	of an incident, that are directly related to an individual,
25	including birth date, admission date, date of delivery,

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including patient and health care provider identification;

-	discharge date and date of death,	
2	(4) telephone numbers;	
3	(5) fax numbers;	
4	(6) electronic mail addresses;	
5	(7) social security numbers;	
6	(8) medical record numbers;	
7	(9) health plan beneficiary numbers;	
8	(10) account numbers;	
9	(ll) certificate and license numbers;	
10	(12) vehicle identifiers and serial numbers,	
11	including license plate numbers;	
12	(13) device identifiers and serial numbers;	
13	(14) web universal resource locators, also	
14	known as "URLs";	
15	(15) internet protocol address numbers;	
16	(16) biometric identifiers, including finger	
17	and voice prints;	
18	(17) full-face photographic images and any	
19	comparable images; and	
20	(18) any other unique identifying number,	
21	characteristic or code;	
22	I. "department" means the department of health;	
23	J. "health care provider" means:	
24	(l) an individual licensed, certified or	
25	otherwise authorized to provide health care services in the	SB 96 Page 3

- K. "law enforcement agency" means a law enforcement agency of the state, an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo or a political subdivision of the state;
- L. "maternal mortality" means the death of a pregnant woman or a woman within one year postpartum;
- M. "medical record" means the written or graphic documentation, sound recording or electronic record relating to medical, behavioral health and health care services that a patient receives from a health care provider or under the direction of a physician or another licensed health care provider. "Medical record" includes diagnostic documentation, including an x-ray, electrocardiogram and electroencephalogram; other test results; data entered into a prescription drug monitoring program; and an autopsy report;
- N. "operational staff" means staff or contractors of the department assigned or contracted to support the work of the committee or its executive committee;
- O. "qualified invited guest" means a person approved by the co-chairs and invited by the committee to attend a committee meeting to provide technical expertise to the committee, to enhance training in maternal health, to provide insight on maternal mortality or severe maternal

1	morbidity review in other jurisdictions or to provide
2	operational support to the committee; and
3	P. "severe maternal morbidity" means unexpected
4	outcomes of labor and delivery that result in significant
5	short- or long-term consequences to a woman's health as
6	identified by hospitalizations using administrative hospital
7	discharge data and the world health organization's
8	International Classification of Diseases diagnosis and
9	procedure codes."
10	SECTION 3. Section 24-32-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
11	Chapter 41, Section 3) is amended to read:
12	"24-32-3. MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW
13	COMMITTEECREATIONMEMBERSHIPDUTIES
14	A. The "maternal mortality review committee" is
15	created in the department. The committee shall be composed
16	of:
17	(1) the chief medical officer of the
18	department or another representative of the department
19	appointed by the secretary of health, who shall be the
20	ex-officio administrative co-chair;
21	(2) a clinical co-chair, who shall be
22	nominated by the committee and approved by the department;
23	and
24	(3) a maximum of thirty additional members,
25	who shall be appointed by the administrative co-chair;

1	provided that four of those members shall include:
2	(a) two members nominated by the
3	secretary of Indian affairs; and
4	(b) two members nominated by the
5	director of the office on African American affairs.
6	B. Each member of the committee, except the
7	administrative co-chair, shall serve a term of three years,
8	with no consecutive terms.
9	C. Pursuant to requirements established by the
10	department, each member of the committee shall receive
11	training on trauma and the impacts of trauma, including
12	secondary trauma, trauma of racism and trauma of maternal
13	mortality and morbidity.
14	D. In appointing members of the committee, the
15	administrative co-chair shall include members that work in
16	and represent communities that are most impacted per the
17	state maternal mortality ratio so that the composition of the
18	committee reflects:
19	(l) the racial, ethnic and linguistic
20	diversity of the state;
21	(2) the differing geographic regions within
22	the state, including rural and urban areas; and
23	(3) communities that are most impacted by
24	pregnancy-related deaths, severe maternal morbidity and a

lack of access to relevant perinatal and intrapartum care

services.

E. The committee shall meet at the call of the co-chairs. A majority of committee members appointed constitutes a quorum for the transaction of any business. The affirmative vote of at least a majority of a quorum present and approval by the secretary of health or the secretary's designee shall be necessary for any action to be taken by the committee. No vacancy in the membership of the committee shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and perform all duties of the committee.

- F. Operational staff and qualified guests may participate in committee deliberations in an advisory capacity as directed by the co-chairs of the committee.

 Operational staff and qualified guest presence at a committee meeting shall not convey committee membership.
- G. A committee member required to travel in excess of fifty miles to attend a meeting of the committee may, with the approval of the department, receive per diem and mileage for attendance at that meeting pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act. A committee member forsaking critical income to attend a committee meeting may, with the approval of the department and pursuant to rules established by the department, be additionally reimbursed for loss of that income in an amount not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) per meeting.

H. The committee shall:

- (1) review each incident of maternal mortality using a de-identified case summary prepared by operational staff;
- (2) review aggregate data relating to severe maternal morbidity;
- (3) outline trends and patterns and provide recommendations relating to maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity in the state;
- an annual basis in an effort to further study the causes and problems associated with maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity and distribute these reports to the legislature, government agencies, including the Indian Affairs department and the office on African American affairs, health care providers, community-based organizations working in the interest of maternal and child health and others as necessary to reduce the maternal mortality rate in the state. These reports shall include recommendations to assist health care providers and the health care system in reducing maternal mortality and morbidity;
- (5) serve as a link with maternal mortality and morbidity review teams nationwide and participate in national maternal mortality and morbidity review team activities; and

1	(6) perform any other functions as resources
2	allow to enhance efforts to reduce and prevent maternal
3	mortality and severe maternal morbidity in the state.
4	I. The co-chairs of the committee may designate an
5	executive committee to conduct business as necessary. The
6	executive committee shall:
7	(1) consist of the co-chairs of the
8	committee and any other committee members or operational
9	staff that the co-chairs deem necessary. Operational staff
10	and qualified guests may participate in executive committee
11	deliberations in an advisory capacity as directed by the
12	co-chairs of the committee. Operational staff and qualified
13	guest presence at an executive committee meeting shall not
14	convey committee membership;
15	(2) meet at the call of the co-chairs;
16	(3) monitor and support the activities of
17	the full committee and recruit committee members for
18	recommendation to the administrative co-chair; and
19	(4) make final decisions regarding:
20	(a) committee operations and rules;
21	(b) data analysis, data dissemination
22	and evaluation based on findings and recommendations from the
23	full committee; and
24	(c) any other issues within the scope

of decisions that may be made by the committee pursuant to

the Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Prevention Act that the full committee or department deems necessary."

SECTION 4. Section 24-32-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 41, Section 4) is amended to read:

"24-32-4. ACCESS TO HEALTH INFORMATION.--

A. A health care provider, the office of the state medical investigator and the vital records and health statistics bureau of the department shall notify operational staff of any incident of maternal mortality within three months of the incident.

B. Except as otherwise provided by law, the clinical co-chair and operational staff may access medical records and other health information relating to an incident of maternal mortality at any time within five years from the date of the incident. At the request of the clinical co-chair or operational staff with co-chairs or department approval, a health care provider, the office of the state medical investigator and the vital records and health statistics bureau of the department shall provide medical records and other requested health information to the department relating to an incident of maternal mortality. Upon the request of the clinical co-chair or operational staff, a law enforcement agency shall provide any report relating to an incident of maternal mortality to the department. A health care provider or law enforcement agency

that provides a medical record, health information or report pursuant to this section with reasonable care and in compliance with the law shall not be held criminally or civilly liable for that release of information.

- C. The following shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the Open Meetings Act or the Inspection of Public Records Act or subject to any subpoena, discovery request or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal proceeding unless obtained from a source separate and apart from the committee or department by valid means as provided by law:
- (1) any meeting, part of a meeting or activity of the committee or its executive committee at which data or other information is to be discussed and that may result in disclosure to the public of information protected by law; and
- (2) except as may be necessary in furtherance of the duties of the committee or in response to an alleged violation of a confidentiality agreement pursuant to Subsection E of this section, any information, record, report, notes, memorandum or other data that the department or committee obtains pursuant to the Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Prevention Act.
- D. Only the clinical co-chair and operational staff shall collect and have access to medical records, law

1	enforcement reports and vital records data to support the	
2	work of the full committee.	
3	E. Each committee member and qualified guest shall	
4	sign a confidentiality agreement that indicates the member's	
5	or qualified guest's adherence to the provisions of this	
6	section."	
7	SECTION 5. Section 24-32-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,	
8	Chapter 41, Section 5) is amended to read:	
9	"24-32-5. RULEMAKINGBy December 31, 2021, the	
10	secretary of health shall adopt and promulgate amended rules	
11	to carry out the provisions of the Maternal Mortality and	
12	Morbidity Prevention Act."	SB 96
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