1	HOUSE BILL 245
2	56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2023
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Eleanor Chávez and Janelle Anyanonu and Yanira Gurrola
5	and Patricia Roybal Caballero and Daniel A. Ivey-Soto
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT; ENACTING THE EMPLOYEE FREE SPEECH ACT;
12	PROTECTING EMPLOYEE FREE SPEECH FROM CAPTIVE AUDIENCE SPEECHES;
13	PROVIDING REMEDIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF EMPLOYEE FREE SPEECH.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SHORT TITLEThis act may be
17	cited as the "Employee Free Speech Act".
18	SECTION 2. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEFINITIONSAs used in the
19	Employee Free Speech Act:
20	A. "employee" means an individual employed by an
21	employer for remuneration, including an individual employed on
22	a part-time, seasonal or temporary basis;
23	B. "employer" means any individual, partnership,
24	association, corporation, business trust, legal representative
25	or organized group of persons employing one or more employees
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in the state at one time, including the state or any political subdivision of the state, or a person acting in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee;

C. "political matters" means matters relating to elections for political office, political parties, legislative proposals, rule or regulation change proposals and the decision to join or support a political party or a political organization, civic organization, community organization, fraternal organization or labor organization; and

D. "retaliatory action" means taking any discriminatory or adverse employment action against an employee in the terms and conditions of employment, including discharge of employment, discipline, suspension, demotion, withholding promotion, punitive scheduling or a reduction of hours.

SECTION 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] RETALIATORY ACTION PROHIBITED.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection D of this section, an employer shall not take or threaten to take any retaliatory action against an employee because of the employee's refusal to:

(1) attend an employer-sponsored meeting with the employer, or the employer's agent, representative or designee, to communicate the employer's opinion concerning political matters; or

(2) listen to speech or view communications,.224223.1

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including electronic communications, that communicate the
 employer's opinion concerning political matters.

B. An employer that violates the provisions of the Employee Free Speech Act shall be liable to the employee for actual damages, reinstatement with the same seniority status that the employee would have but for the violation, the total sum of gross wages or compensation lost as a result of the retaliatory action and punitive damages.

C. An employee bringing an action against an employer pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section shall, if the employee prevails, also be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs. An employee may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction. The remedies provided for in the Employee Free Speech Act are not exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies provided for in any other law or available under common law.

D. Nothing in the Employee Free Speech Act shall prohibit:

(1) an employer, or the employer's agent, representative or designee, from communicating to its employees any information that the employer is required by law to communicate;

(2) an employer, or the employer's agent, representative or designee, from communicating to its employees any information that is necessary for such employees to perform .224223.1

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1 their job duties; 2 a public or private post-secondary (3) 3 educational institution, or an agent, representative or 4 designee of a public or private post-secondary educational 5 institution, from meeting with or participating in any 6 communications with its employees that are part of coursework, 7 symposia or an academic program at a public or private post-8 secondary educational institution; 9 (4) a casual conversation between employees or 10 between an employee and an employer's agent, representative or designee; provided that participation in the casual 11 12 conversation is not required; or 13 a requirement limited to the employer's (5) 14 managerial and supervisory employees. 15 - 4 -16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 .224223.1

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