1	SENATE BILL 322
2	56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2023
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Antonio Maestas
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO DOMESTIC AFFAIRS; REQUIRING PROCEEDINGS FOR THE
12	DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE, SEPARATION, ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE AND
13	PATERNITY TO ABATE UPON THE DEATH OF A PARTY; AMENDING THE
14	UNIFORM PROBATE CODE.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. Section 37-2-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1884,
18	Chapter 5, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"37-2-4. <u>WHAT ACTIONS ABATE</u> [SEC. 199.] No action
20	pending in any court shall abate by the death of either or both
21	the parties [thereto] <u>to it</u> , except:
22	A. an action for libel, slander, malicious
23	prosecution, assault or assault and battery, for a nuisance or
24	against a [justice of the peace] <u>magistrate</u> for misconduct in
25	office, which shall abate by the death of the defendant; or
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1 B. a petition for dissolution of marriage, 2 separation, annulment, division of property or debts, spousal support, child support or determination of paternity, which 3 4 shall abate upon the death of either party." 5 SECTION 2. Section 40-4-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1901, Chapter 62, Section 31, as amended) is amended to read: 6 7 "40-4-20. FAILURE TO DIVIDE OR DISTRIBUTE PROPERTY ON THE 8 ENTRY OF A DECREE OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE OR SEPARATION ---9 [DISTRIBUTION OF SPOUSAL OR CHILD SUPPORT AND DETERMINATION OF 10 PATERNITY WHEN DEATH OCCURS DURING PROCEEDINGS FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE, SEPARATION, ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE OR PATERNITY] 11 12 ABATEMENT OF PROCEEDINGS FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE, 13 SEPARATION, ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE OR PATERNITY UPON DEATH OF A 14 PARTY.--

A. The failure to divide or distribute property on the entry of a decree of dissolution of marriage or of separation shall not affect the property rights of either the husband or wife, and either may subsequently institute and prosecute a suit for division and distribution or with reference to any other matter pertaining thereto that could have been litigated in the original proceeding for dissolution of marriage or separation.

B. Upon the filing and service of a petition for dissolution of marriage, separation, annulment, division of property or debts, spousal support, child support or

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1 determination of paternity pursuant to the provisions of 2 Chapter 40, Article 4 or [++] 11A NMSA 1978, if a party to the action dies during the pendency of the action, but prior to the 3 entry of a decree granting dissolution of marriage, separation, 4 annulment or determination of paternity, the proceedings for 5 the determination, division and distribution of marital 6 7 property rights and debts, distribution of spousal or child support or determination of paternity shall [not] abate. [The 8 9 court shall conclude the proceedings as if both parties had survived. The court may allow the spouse or any children of 10 the marriage support as if the decedent had survived, pursuant 11 12 to the provisions of Chapter 40, Article 4 or 11 NMSA 1978. <u>In</u> determining the support, the court shall, in addition to the 13 14 factors listed in Chapter 40, Article 4 NMSA 1978, consider the amount and nature of the property passing from the decendent to 15 the person for whom the support would be paid, whether by will 16 or otherwise.]" 17

SECTION 3. Section 45-2-804 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 174, Section 63, as amended) is amended to read:

"45-2-804. REVOCATION OF PROBATE AND NONPROBATE TRANSFERS BY DIVORCE--NO REVOCATION BY OTHER CHANGES OF CIRCUMSTANCES.--

A. As used in this section:

(1) "disposition or appointment of property"includes a transfer of an item of property or other benefit toa beneficiary designated in a revocable trust or other

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l governing instrument;

"divorce or annulment" means a divorce, 2 (2) annulment or dissolution or declaration of invalidity of a 3 4 marriage that would exclude the spouse as a surviving spouse within the meaning of Section 45-2-802 NMSA 1978 or the 5 commencement of a valid proceeding concluded [either] before 6 7 [or after] an individual's death by an order purporting to terminate all marital property rights, including a property 8 9 division judgment entered pursuant to the provisions of Section 10 40-4-20 NMSA 1978. A decree of separation that does not terminate the status of spouse is not a divorce for purposes of 11 12 this section;

(3) "divorced individual" includes an individual whose marriage has been annulled;

(4) "governing instrument" means a governing instrument executed by the divorced individual before the divorce or annulment of the divorced individual's marriage to the former spouse;

(5) "relative of the divorced individual's former spouse" means an individual who is related to the divorced individual's former spouse by blood, adoption or affinity and who, after the divorce or annulment, is not related to the divorced individual by blood, adoption or affinity; and

(6) "revocable", with respect to a

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1 disposition, appointment, provision or nomination, means one 2 under which the divorced individual, at the time of the divorce 3 or annulment, was alone empowered by law or under the governing instrument to cancel the designation in favor of the former 4 spouse or former spouse's relative whether or not the divorced 5 individual was then empowered to designate the divorced 6 7 individual's own self in place of the former spouse or in place of the former spouse's relative and whether or not the divorced 8 9 individual then had the capacity to exercise the power.

B. Except as provided by the express terms of a governing instrument, a court order or a contract relating to the division of the marital estate made between the divorced individuals before or after the marriage, divorce or annulment, the divorce or annulment of a marriage:

(1) revokes any revocable:

(a) disposition or appointment of property made by a divorced individual to the former spouse in a governing instrument and any disposition or appointment created by law or in a governing instrument to a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse;

(b) provision in a governing instrument conferring a general or nongeneral power of appointment on the divorced individual's former spouse or on a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse; and

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(c) nomination in a governing

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instrument, nominating a divorced individual's former spouse or a relative of the divorced individual's former spouse to serve in any fiduciary or representative capacity, including a personal representative, executor, trustee, conservator, agent or guardian; and

(2) severs the interests of the former spouses in property held by them at the time of the divorce or annulment as joint tenants with the right of survivorship, transforming the interests of the former spouses into equal tenancies in common.

C. A severance pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of this section does not affect any third-party interest in property acquired for value and in good faith reliance on an apparent title by survivorship in the survivor of the former spouses unless a writing declaring the severance has been noted, registered, filed or recorded in records appropriate to the kind and location of the property that are relied upon in the ordinary course of transactions involving such property as evidence of ownership.

D. Provisions of a governing instrument are given effect as if the former spouse and relatives of the former spouse disclaimed all provisions revoked by this section or, in the case of a revoked nomination in a fiduciary or representative capacity, as if the former spouse and relatives of the former spouse died immediately before the divorce or .223151.2

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1 annulment.

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2 Ε. Provisions revoked solely by this section are 3 revived by the divorced individual's remarriage to the former spouse or by a nullification of the divorce or annulment.

No change of circumstances other than as F. described in this section and in Section 45-2-803 NMSA 1978 effects a revocation.

A payor or other third party is not liable for G. having made a payment or transferred an item of property or any other benefit to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument affected by a divorce, annulment or remarriage or for having taken any other action in good faith reliance on the validity of the governing instrument before the payor or other third party received written notice of the divorce, annulment or remarriage. A payor or other third party is liable for a payment made or other action taken after the payor or other third party received written notice of a claimed forfeiture or revocation pursuant to the provisions of this section.

Written notice of the divorce, annulment or remarriage pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be mailed to the payor's or other third party's main office or home by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or served upon the payor or other third party in the same manner as a summons in a civil action. Upon receipt of the written notice of the divorce, annulment or remarriage, a payor or

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1 other third party may pay any amount owed or transfer or 2 deposit any item of property held by it to or with the court having jurisdiction of the probate proceedings relating to the 3 decedent's estate or, if no proceedings have been commenced, to 4 or with the court having jurisdiction of probate proceedings 5 relating to decedents' estates located in the county of the 6 decedent's residence. The court shall hold the funds or item 7 of property and, upon its determination pursuant to the 8 provisions of this section, shall order disbursement or 9 10 transfer in accordance with the determination. Payments, transfers or deposits made to or with the court discharge the 11 12 payor or other third party from all claims for the value of amounts paid to or items of property transferred to or 13 14 deposited with the court.

H. A person who purchases property from a former spouse, relative of a former spouse or any other person for value and without notice or who receives from a former spouse, relative of a former spouse or any other person a payment or other item of property in partial or full satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation is neither obligated pursuant to the provisions of this section to return the payment, item of property or benefit nor is liable pursuant to the provisions of this section for the amount of the payment or the value of the item of property or benefit. But a former spouse, relative of a former spouse or other person who, not for value, received a .223151.2

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payment, item of property or any other benefit to which that person is not entitled pursuant to the provisions of this section is obligated to return the payment, item of property or benefit or is personally liable for the amount of the payment or the value of the item of property or benefit to the person who is entitled to it pursuant to the provisions of this section.

If this section or any part of this section is 8 Τ. 9 preempted by federal law with respect to a payment, an item of 10 property or any other benefit covered by this section, a former spouse, relative of the former spouse or any other person who, 11 12 not for value, received a payment, item of property or any other benefit to which that person is not entitled pursuant to 13 the provisions of this section is obligated to return that 14 payment, item of property or benefit or is personally liable 15 for the amount of the payment or the value of the item of 16 property or benefit to the person who would have been entitled 17 to it were this section or part of this section not preempted." 18

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