SENATE BILL

56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2023

INTRODUCED BY

Siah Correa Hemphill

AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE; ENACTING THE RURAL
INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS RESPONSE ACT; CREATING THE RURAL
INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS RESPONSE FUND; ESTABLISHING ELIGIBILITY
REQUIREMENTS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; CREATING THE BUREAU OF
RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS RESPONSE; PROVIDING DUTIES;
ALLOCATING A PORTION OF THE SEVERANCE TAX BONDING FUND TO THE
RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS RESPONSE FUND; AMENDING THE TRIBAL
INFRASTRUCTURE ACT TO MAKE THE TRIBAL INFRASTRUCTURE BOARD THE
FISCAL AGENT FOR ASSISTANCE FROM THE RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE
CRISIS RESPONSE FUND FOR PROJECTS OWNED OR OPERATED BY INDIAN
NATIONS, TRIBES AND PUEBLOS; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1
through 4 of this act may be cited as the "Rural Infrastructure
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Crisis Response Act".

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[NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the SECTION 2. Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act:

- "bureau" means the bureau of rural infrastructure crisis response of the local government division of the department of finance and administration;
- В. "crisis event" means an unforseen power surge, weather or other event that disables the use of critical public infrastructure. A "crisis event" may include damage to constructed infrastructure, durable equipment or the unforeseeable loss of a public resource, such as loss of a community water source due to a dam failure or extreme drought, but does not include a foreseeable loss of a public resource such as depletion of a water source due to regular pumping over time;
- C. "critical public infrastructure" means public infrastructure or durable equipment that is required for public health, safety or welfare of individuals or communities and includes dams, transportation infrastructure and infrastructure essential to the delivery of utility services;
- "durable equipment" means equipment of a D. permanent or non-depletable nature that is necessary in the use of critical public infrastructure;
- "eligible project" means a project that is eligible for financial assistance pursuant to Subsection A of .223184.1

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<pre>underscored material [bracketed material]</pre>	ed mat	<pre>[bracketed material] =</pre>

Section 3 of the Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act;

- F. "fund" means the rural infrastructure crisis response fund;
 - G. "local authority" means:
- (1) a municipality that has a population of less than twenty thousand people according to the latest federal decennial census;
- (2) a county that has a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand people according to the latest federal decennial census;
- (3) an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo located wholly or partially in New Mexico; or
- (4) a mutual domestic water consumers association or a water and sanitation district that maintains local roads or provides utility services to fewer than six thousand billed customers;
- H. "relief request" means a request for financial assistance for a project to repair or replace critical public infrastructure that has experienced a crisis event;
- I. "repair or replace" means repair or replacement of critical public infrastructure to the same level of functionality or service as the infrastructure provided prior to a crisis event;
- J. "secretary" means the secretary of finance and administration; and

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Κ. "utility services" means broadband, electricity, natural gas, solid waste, water or wastewater services.

[NEW MATERIAL] INFRASTRUCTURE ELIGIBILITY--SECTION 3. RELIEF REQUEST--EVALUATION--DETERMINATION--PROCEDURES AND RULES . --

- Beginning on January 1, 2024, a project for repair or replacement of critical public infrastructure is eligible for financial assistance if a relief request has been submitted to the bureau pursuant to Subsection B of this section and the secretary has made a determination of eligibility pursuant to Subsection D of this section that the project meets the following requirements:
- the project is for repair or replacement of critical public infrastructure damaged due to a crisis event; provided that a project for repair shall only be eligible for assistance if the cost of the repair is fifty percent or greater than the cost of replacement;
- the damage to the critical public infrastructure severely affects the public health, safety or welfare of a community;
- the local authority does not have the (3) resources to repair or replace the critical public infrastructure: and
- no other source of financial assistance is available to the local authority to repair or replace the .223184.1

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critical public infrastructure within eighty-one days of the crisis event.

- A relief request may be submitted to the bureau В. by the governing board or council of a local authority or a state representative or state senator due to a crisis event in the district the state representative or state senator represents; provided that a relief request shall include a recommendation by the regional planning commission in which the crisis event occurred regarding the eligibility of the project for financial assistance.
- Within thirty days of receiving a relief request pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the bureau shall provide an engineering and financial evaluation to the secretary regarding whether the relief request meets the eligibility requirements of Subsection A of this section and shall make a recommendation regarding whether the local authority qualifies for financial hardship as established by the bureau by rule.
- Within fifteen days of receiving an evaluation pursuant to Subsection C of this section, the secretary shall make a formal determination regarding whether the project in a relief request meets the eligibility requirements pursuant to Subsection A of this section and whether the local authority qualifies for financial hardship.
- Upon a determination of eligibility pursuant to .223184.1

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Subsection D of this section, the secretary shall:

- (1) for critical infrastructure that is owned by a tribal local authority, either certify to the state board of finance the need to issue bonds for the rural infrastructure crisis response project pursuant to Section 7-27-10.1 NMSA 1978 or award a grant from the fund to the tribal infrastructure board to repair or replace the damaged critical public infrastructure in question; or
- for critical infrastructure that is owned by a non-tribal local authority, either certify to the state board of finance the need to issue bonds for the rural infrastructure crisis response project pursuant to Section 7-27-10.1 NMSA 1978 or award a grant from the fund to the local authority to repair or replace the damaged critical public infrastructure.
- F. The secretary shall not issue a total of certifications or awards pursuant to Subsection E of this section worth more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for rural infrastructure crisis response projects within any given county in a calendar year.
- On June 15 and December 15 of each year, the secretary shall submit to the state board of finance the certifications issued for the prior six months pursuant to Subsection E of this section.
- [NEW MATERIAL] RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS SECTION 4. .223184.1

RESPONSE FUND--CREATED--PURPOSE--APPROPRIATIONS.--

A. The "rural infrastructure crisis response fund" is created in the state treasury. The fund consists of appropriations, donations, interest from investment of the fund and other money distributed to the fund. The department of finance and administration shall administer the fund and may establish subaccounts for the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the department of finance and administration for expenditure as provided in this section. Disbursements from the fund shall be made by warrant of the secretary pursuant to vouchers signed by the secretary or the secretary's designee. Money in the fund shall not revert at the end of a fiscal year.

- B. Money in the fund may be used to make grants to a local authority, or to the tribal infrastructure board when an eligible project is owned or operated by a tribe, for eligible projects that have been approved pursuant to Subsection E of Section 3 of the Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act for up to:
- (1) ninety-five percent of the total cost of an eligible project; provided that the local authority has demonstrated an ability, and has contracted, to provide the remainder of the project costs from sources other than the state; or
- (2) one hundred percent of the total cost of .223184.1

an eligible project if a financial hardship recommendation is made by the bureau and approved by the secretary.

- C. An eligible project that requires construction shall be designed in compliance with engineering requirements established by the bureau.
- D. By November 30 of each year, the department of finance and administration shall provide a report to the appropriate interim legislative committee on the status of the fund, the status of the eligible projects for which grants have been made from the fund and the outstanding demand for assistance from the fund.
- SECTION 5. Section 6-29-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 146, Section 5) is amended to read:
 - "6-29-5. BOARD--DUTIES.--The board shall:
- A. adopt rules governing terms, conditions and priorities for providing financial assistance to tribes, including developing application and evaluation procedures and forms and qualifications for applicants and for projects;
- B. provide financial assistance to tribes for qualified projects on terms and conditions established by the board;
- C. authorize funding for qualified projects, including:
- (1) planning, designing, constructing, improving, expanding or equipping water and wastewater .223184.1

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-	ractificies, major water systems, electrical power lines,
2	communications infrastructure, roads, health infrastructure,
3	emergency response facilities and infrastructure needed to
4	encourage economic development;
5	(2) developing engineering feasibility reports
6	for infrastructure projects;
7	(3) inspecting construction of qualified
8	projects;
9	(4) providing special engineering services;
10	(5) completing environmental assessments or
11	archaeological clearances and other surveys for infrastructure
12	projects;
13	(6) acquiring land, easements or rights of
14	way; and
15	(7) paying legal costs and fiscal agent fees
16	associated with development of qualified projects; and
17	D. act as the fiscal agent for projects owned or
18	operated by tribes that receive financial assistance pursuant
19	to the Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act."
20	SECTION 6. Section 7-27-10.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
21	Chapter 134, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
22	"7-27-10.1. TRANSFER TO SEVERANCE TAX PERMANENT FUND
23	BEFORE DETERMINING BONDING CAPACITYAUTHORIZATION FOR
24	SEVERANCE TAX BONDSPRIORITY FOR RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS
25	RESPONSE PROJECTS, WATER PROJECTS AND TRIBAL INFRASTRUCTURE

PROJECTS.--

A. On December 31 of each year from 2019 through 2028, the division shall transfer twenty-three million six hundred ninety thousand dollars (\$23,690,000) from the severance tax bonding fund to the severance tax permanent fund, unless the state board of finance determines that a lesser transfer amount is necessary pursuant to Section 7-27-8 NMSA 1978 to avoid a potential shortfall in debt service obligations.

B. By January 15 of each year, the division shall estimate the amount of bonding capacity available for severance tax bonds to be authorized by the legislature.

C. Each year, the division shall allocate two and one-fourth percent of the estimated bonding capacity for rural infrastructure crisis response projects, and the state board of finance shall issue severance tax bonds up to the annually allocated amount for use by the local government division of the department of finance and administration for such projects. The state board of finance may issue and sell the bonds in the same manner as other severance tax bonds in an amount not to exceed the authorized amount provided for in this subsection. If necessary, the state board of finance shall take appropriate steps to comply with the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds are appropriated to the rural infrastructure crisis response fund .223184.1

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for the purposes certified by the secretary of finance and administration to the state board of finance pursuant to

Subsection E of Section 3 of the Rural Infrastructure Crisis

Response Act. Such certification shall be made by the secretary of finance and administration to the state board of finance after the bonds are issued, but prior to the distribution of any funds from the rural infrastructure crisis response fund to a local authority for such purposes.

[C.] D. For each year except 2017, the division shall allocate nine percent of the estimated bonding capacity each year for water projects, and the legislature authorizes the state board of finance to issue severance tax bonds in the annually allocated amount for use by the water trust board to fund water projects statewide. The water trust board shall certify to the state board of finance the need for issuance of bonds for water projects. The state board of finance may issue and sell the bonds in the same manner as other severance tax bonds in an amount not to exceed the authorized amount provided for in this subsection. If necessary, the state board of finance shall take the appropriate steps to comply with the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds are appropriated to the water project fund in the New Mexico finance authority for the purposes certified by the water trust board to the state board of finance.

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[Đ.] E. The division shall allocate the following percentage of the estimated bonding capacity for tribal infrastructure projects:

(1) in 2016, six and one-half percent; and
(2) in 2017 and each subsequent year, four and one-half percent.

[E-] F. The legislature authorizes the state board of finance to issue severance tax bonds in the amount provided for in this section for use by the tribal infrastructure board to fund tribal infrastructure projects. The tribal infrastructure board shall certify to the state board of finance the need for issuance of bonds for tribal infrastructure projects. The state board of finance may issue and sell the bonds in the same manner as other severance tax bonds in an amount not to exceed the authorized amount provided for in this section. If necessary, the state board of finance shall take the appropriate steps to comply with the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds are appropriated to the tribal infrastructure project fund for the purposes certified by the tribal infrastructure board to the state board of finance.

 $[F_{\bullet}]$ G_{\bullet} Money from the severance tax bonds provided for in this section shall not be used to pay indirect project costs. Any unexpended balance from proceeds of severance tax bonds issued for a water project or a tribal infrastructure .223184.1

project shall revert to the severance tax bonding fund within
six months of completion of the project. The New Mexico
finance authority shall monitor and ensure proper reversions of
the bond proceeds appropriated for water projects, and the
department of finance and administration shall monitor and
ensure proper reversions of the bond proceeds appropriated for
tribal infrastructure projects.
[G.] H. As used in this section:
(1) "division" means the board of finance
division of the department of finance and administration;
(2) "rural infrastructure crisis response
project" means an eligible project pursuant to the Rural
Infrastructure Crisis Response Act;
$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ "tribal infrastructure project"
means a qualified project under the Tribal Infrastructure Act;
and
[(3)] <u>(4)</u> "water project" means a capital
outlay project for:
(a) the storage, conveyance or delivery
of water to end users;
(b) the implementation of federal
Endangered Species Act of 1973 collaborative programs;
(c) the restoration and management of
watersheds;
(d) flood prevention; or

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(e) conservation, recycling, treatment or reuse of water."

SECTION 7. A new section of the Department of Finance and Administration Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] BUREAU OF RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE CRISIS
RESPONSE CREATED--DUTIES.--The "bureau of rural infrastructure
crisis response" is created within the local government
division of the department of finance and administration. The
bureau shall evaluate relief requests pursuant to Section 3 of
the Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act."

section 8. APPROPRIATION.--One million six hundred thousand dollars (\$1,600,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the department of finance and administration for expenditure in fiscal years 2023 through 2026 for staff or contractual services for engineering and financial evaluations required by Subsection C of Section 3 of the Rural Infrastructure Crisis Response Act; provided that no more than four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) shall be expended in any one fiscal year. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2026 shall revert to the general fund.

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