1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO THE PUBLIC PEACE, HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE;
3	AMENDING INCOME TAX BRACKETS PURSUANT TO THE INCOME TAX ACT;
4	PROVIDING FOR THE INDEXING OF MODIFIED GROSS INCOME FOR
5	PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF THE LOW-INCOME
6	COMPREHENSIVE TAX REBATE; EXTENDING THE SUNSET DATE FOR AN
7	INCOME TAX EXEMPTION FOR ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT PAY AND
8	EXTENDING THE EXEMPTION TO SURVIVING SPOUSES OF ARMED FORCES
9	RETIREES; AMENDING PROVISIONS OF THE RURAL HEALTH CARE
10	PRACTITIONER TAX CREDIT; INCREASING AND INDEXING THE AMOUNT
11	OF THE CHILD INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR CERTAIN TAXPAYERS;
12	LIMITING THE CAPITAL GAINS DEDUCTION FROM NET INCOME;
13	PROVIDING ADDITIONAL 2021 INCOME TAX REBATES; CREATING THE
14	ELECTRIC VEHICLE INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING THE ELECTRIC
15	VEHICLE CHARGING UNIT INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING THE ENERGY
16	STORAGE SYSTEM INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING A FLAT CORPORATE
17	INCOME TAX RATE; REDUCING THE RATES OF THE GROSS RECEIPTS TAX
18	AND THE COMPENSATING TAX; CREATING GROSS RECEIPTS TAX
19	DEDUCTIONS FOR THE SALE OF CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE THROUGH A
20	LICENSED CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AND PRE-KINDERGARTEN
21	SERVICES BY FOR-PROFIT PRE-KINDERGARTEN PROVIDERS; CREATING A
22	GROSS RECEIPTS TAX DEDUCTION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MODIFICATION
23	SERVICES MADE TO THE HOMES OF MEDICAID RECIPIENTS; AMENDING
24	THE INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND ACT AND THE COUNTY INDUSTRIAL
25	REVENUE BOND ACT TO INCLUDE CERTAIN ELECTRIC ENERGY STORAGE

1	FACILITIES AS ELIGIBLE PROJECTS; REQUIRING MUNICIPALITIES AND
2	COUNTIES THAT ACQUIRE ENERGY STORAGE FACILITY PROJECTS TO
3	PROVIDE PAYMENT-IN-LIEU-OF TAXES PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL
4	DISTRICTS; AMENDING DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE
5	TAX; INCREASING THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX RATE ON CERTAIN
6	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; DISTRIBUTING A PORTION OF THE REVENUE
7	FROM THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX TO A NEW ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION
8	FUND; PROVIDING FOR THE INDEXING OF ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME FOR
9	A SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME TAX EXEMPTION PURSUANT TO THE INCOME
10	TAX ACT; INCREASING THE AMOUNT OF THE SPECIAL NEEDS ADOPTED
11	CHILD TAX CREDIT; PROVIDING AN INCOME TAX DEDUCTION FOR
12	SCHOOL SUPPLIES PURCHASED BY A PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHER;
13	CREATING THE GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION INCOME TAX
14	CREDIT, THE GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION CORPORATE
15	INCOME TAX CREDIT AND GROSS RECEIPTS TAX AND COMPENSATING TAX
16	DEDUCTIONS FOR GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION FACILITY
17	CONSTRUCTION COSTS; EXTENDING THE GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED
18	HEAT PUMP TAX CREDITS PURSUANT TO THE INCOME TAX ACT AND THE
19	CORPORATE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX ACT, INCREASING THE ANNUAL
20	AGGREGATE CAPS OF THE CREDITS, MAKING THE CREDIT PURSUANT TO
21	THE INCOME TAX ACT REFUNDABLE AND AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF
22	"GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED HEAT PUMP" FOR THE CREDIT PURSUANT
23	TO THE CORPORATE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX ACT; INCREASING THE
24	ANNUAL AGGREGATE CAP AND ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS OF TAX CREDITS
25	PURSUANT TO THE FILM PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT ACT; AMENDING

1 CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE CREDITS; 2 EXPANDING A GROSS RECEIPTS TAX DEDUCTION FOR HEALTH CARE 3 PRACTITIONERS AND ASSOCIATIONS OF HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS TO INCLUDE RECEIPTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF COPAYMENTS AND 4 DEDUCTIBLES; PROVIDING GROSS RECEIPTS AND COMPENSATING TAX 5 **DEDUCTIONS FOR DYED DIESEL USED FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES;** 6 INCREASING THE RATE OF TAX ON TOBACCO PRODUCTS ON CIGARS, 7 8 AMENDING DEFINITIONS IN THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX ACT AND **DISTRIBUTING A PORTION OF THE TAX TO THE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT** 9 PERMANENT FUND; REQUIRING THE BUSINESS INCOME OF MOST 10 CORPORATIONS TO BE APPORTIONED TO THIS STATE BY THE SALES 11 FACTOR BUT PROVIDING A TEMPORARY EXCEPTION. 12 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: 14 SECTION 1. Section 3-32-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 15 Chapter 300, Section 14-31-1, as amended) is amended to read: 16 "3-32-1. INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND ACT--DEFINITIONS.--17 Wherever used in the Industrial Revenue Bond Act unless a 18 different meaning clearly appears in the context, the 19 following terms whether used in the singular or plural shall 20 be given the following respective interpretations: 21 A. "municipality" means a city, town or village in 22 New Mexico; 23 B. "project" means any land and building or other 24 improvements thereon, the acquisition by or for a New Mexico HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 3

1	corporation of the assets or stock of an existing business or	
2	corporation located outside the state to be relocated within	
3	or near the municipality in the state and all real and	
4	personal properties deemed necessary in connection therewith,	
5	whether or not now in existence, which shall be suitable for	
6	use by the following or by any combination of two or more	
7	thereof:	
8	(1) an industry for the manufacturing,	
9	processing or assembling of agricultural or manufactured	
10	products;	
11	(2) a commercial enterprise in storing,	
12	warehousing, distributing or selling products of agriculture,	
13	mining or industry but does not include a facility designed	
14	for the sale of goods or commodities at retail or	
15	distribution to the public of electricity, gas, water or	
16	telephone or other services commonly classified as public	
17	utilities;	
18	(3) a business in which all or part of the	
19	activities of the business involve the supplying of services	
20	to the general public or to governmental agencies or to a	
21	specific industry or customer but does not include an	
22	establishment primarily engaged in the sale of goods or	
23	<del>commodities at retail;</del>	
24	(4) a water distribution or irrigation	
25	system, including without limitation, pumps, distribution	нт Ра

1	lines, transmission lines, towers, dams and similar	
2	facilities and equipment, designed to provide water to a	
3	vineyard or winery;	
4	(5) an electric generation or transmission	
5	facility, other than one for which both location approval and	
6	a certificate of convenience and necessity are required prior	
7	to commencing construction or operation of the facility,	
8	pursuant to the Public Utility Act;	
9	(6) an energy storage facility, which is a	
10	facility that uses mechanical, chemical, thermal, kinetic or	
11	other processes to store energy from a zero carbon emission	
12	resource for release at a later time; and	
13	(7) a 501(c)(3) corporation;	
14	C. "governing body" means the board or body in	
15	which the legislative powers of the municipality are vested;	
16	D. "property" means any land, improvements	
17	thereon, buildings and any improvements thereto, machinery	
18	and equipment of any and all kinds necessary to the project,	
19	operating capital and any other personal properties deemed	
20	necessary in connection with the project;	
21	E. "mortgage" means a mortgage or a mortgage and	
22	deed of trust or the pledge and hypothecation of any assets	
23	as collateral security;	
24	F. "health care service" means the diagnosis or	
25	treatment of sick or injured persons or medical research and	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 5

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includes the ownership, operation, maintenance, leasing and disposition of health care facilities such as hospitals, clinics, laboratories, x-ray centers and pharmacies and, for any small municipality only, office facilities for physicians;

G. "refinance a hospital or 501(c)(3) corporation 6 project" means the issuance of bonds by a municipality and 7 the use of all or substantially all of the proceeds to 8 liquidate any obligations previously incurred to finance or 9 aid in financing a project of a nonprofit corporation engaged 10 in health care services, including nursing homes, or of a 11 501(c)(3) corporation, which would constitute a project under 12 the Industrial Revenue Bond Act had it been originally 13 undertaken and financed by a municipality pursuant to the 14 15 Industrial Revenue Bond Act; and H. "501(c)(3) corporation" means a corporation 16 that demonstrates to the taxation and revenue department that it has been granted exemption from the federal income tax as

an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered." SECTION 2. Section 3-32-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,

Chapter 300, Section 14-31-3, as amended) is amended to read:

23 "3-32-6. ADDITIONAL POWERS CONFERRED ON
 24 MUNICIPALITIES.--In addition to any other powers that it may
 25 now have, a municipality shall have the following powers: HTRC/HB 5

1	A. to acquire, whether by construction, purchase,	
2	gift or lease, one or more projects that shall be located	
3	within this state and may be located within or without the	
4	municipality or partially within or partially without the	
5	municipality, but which shall not be located more than	
6	fifteen miles outside of the corporate limits of the	
7	municipality; provided that:	
8	<del>(l) urban transit buses qualifying as a</del>	
9	project pursuant to Subsection B of Section 3-32-3 NMSA 1978	
10	need not be continuously located within this state, but the	
11	commercial enterprise using the urban transit buses for	
12	leasing shall meet the location requirement of this	
13	subsection; and	
14	(2) a municipality shall not acquire any	
15	electricity generation, transmission or energy storage	
16	facility project unless the school districts within the	
17	municipality in which the project is located receive annual	
18	in-lieu tax payments; provided that the annual in-lieu tax	
19	payments required by this paragraph shall be:	
20	(a) payable to the school districts for	
21	the period the municipality owns and leases the project;	
22	(b) in an aggregate amount equal to the	
23	amount received by the municipality multiplied by the	
24	percentage determined by dividing the average of the	
25	operating, capital improvement and bond mills imposed by the	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 7

1	school districts in the municipality and state debt service	
2	mills as of the date of issuance of the bonds by the average	
3	of the mills imposed by all entities levying taxes on	
4	property in the municipality as of such date;	
5	(c) shared among the school districts	
6	located within the municipality equally, if there is more	
7	than one school district in such municipality; and	
8	<del>(d) not be less than the amount due to</del>	
9	the school districts in the tax year immediately preceding	
10	the issuance of the bonds from the property included in a	
11	project, had such project not been created;	
12	B. to sell or lease or otherwise dispose of any or	
13	all of its projects upon such terms and conditions as the	
14	governing body may deem advisable and as shall not conflict	
15	with the provisions of the Industrial Revenue Bond Act;	
16	C. to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of	
17	defraying the cost of acquiring by construction and purchase,	
18	or either, any project and to secure the payment of such	
19	bonds, all as provided in the Industrial Revenue Bond Act.	
20	No municipality shall have the power to operate any project	
21	as a business or in any manner except as lessor;	
22	D. to refinance one or more hospital or 501(c)(3)	
23	corporation projects and to acquire any such hospital or	
24	501(c)(3) corporation project whether by construction,	
25	purchase, gift or lease, which hospital or 501(c)(3)	н Р
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1	corporation project shall be located within this state and
2	may be located within or without the municipality or
3	partially within or partially without the municipality, but
4	which shall not be located more than fifteen miles outside of
5	the corporate limits of the municipality, and to issue
6	revenue bonds to refinance and acquire a hospital or
7	501(c)(3) corporation project and to secure the payment of
8	such bonds, all as provided in the Industrial Revenue Bond
9	Act. A municipality shall not have the power to operate a
10	hospital or 501(c)(3) corporation project as a business or in
11	any manner except as lessor; and
12	E. to refinance one or more projects of any
13	private institution of higher education and to acquire any
14	such project, whether by construction, purchase, gift or
15	lease; provided that the project shall be located within this
16	state and may be located within or without the municipality
17	or partially within or partially without the municipality,
18	but the project shall not be located more than fifteen miles
19	outside of the corporate limits of the municipality, and to
20	issue revenue bonds to refinance and acquire any project of
21	any private institution of higher education and to secure the
22	payment of such bonds. A municipality shall not have the
23	power to operate a project of a private institution of higher
24	education as a business or in any manner except as lessor."
25	SECTION 3. Section 4-59-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,

1	Chapter 286, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
2	"4-59-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the County Industrial
3	Revenue Bond Act, unless the context clearly indicates
4	otherwise:
5	A. "commission" means the governing body of a
6	<del>county;</del>
7	B. "county" means a county organized or
8	incorporated in New Mexico;
9	C. "501(c)(3) corporation" means a corporation
10	that demonstrates to the taxation and revenue department that
11	it has been granted exemption from the federal income tax as
12	an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the
13	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered;
14	D. "health care service" means the diagnosis or
15	treatment of sick or injured persons or medical research and
16	includes the ownership, operation, maintenance, leasing and
17	disposition of health care facilities, such as hospitals,
18	clinics, laboratories, x-ray centers and pharmacies;
19	E. "mortgage" means a mortgage or a mortgage and
20	deed of trust or the pledge and hypothecation of any assets
21	as collateral security;
22	F. "project" means any land and building or other
23	improvements thereon, the acquisition by or for a New Mexico
24	corporation of the assets or stock of an existing business or
25	corporation located outside the state to be relocated within

1	a county but, except as provided in Paragraph (1) of	
2	Subsection A of Section 4-59-4 NMSA 1978, not within the	
3	boundaries of any incorporated municipality in the state, and	
4	all real and personal properties deemed necessary in	
5	connection therewith, whether or not now in existence, that	
6	shall be suitable for use by the following or by any	
7	combination of two or more thereof:	
8	(1) an industry for the manufacturing,	
9	processing or assembling of agricultural or manufactured	
10	products;	
11	(2) a commercial enterprise that has	
12	received a permit from the energy, minerals and natural	
13	resources department for a mine that has not been in	
14	<del>operation prior to the issuance of bonds for the project for</del>	
15	which the enterprise will be involved;	
16	(3) a commercial enterprise that has	
17	received any necessary state permit for a refinery, treatment	
18	plant or processing plant of energy products that was not in	
19	operation prior to the issuance of bonds for the project for	
20	which the enterprise will be involved;	
21	(4) a commercial enterprise in storing,	
22	warehousing, distributing or selling products of agriculture,	
23	mining or industry, but does not include a facility designed	
24	for the sale or distribution to the public of electricity,	
25	gas, telephone or other services commonly classified as	нт Ра

1	public utilities, except for:
2	(a) water utilities;
3	(b) an electric generation or
4	transmission facility, other than one for which both location
5	approval and a certificate of convenience and necessity are
6	required prior to commencing construction or operation of the
7	facility, pursuant to the Public Utility Act; and
8	(c) an energy storage facility, which
9	is a facility that uses mechanical, chemical, thermal,
10	kinetic or other processes to store energy from a zero carbon
11	emission resource for release at a later time;
12	(5) a business in which all or part of the
13	activities of the business involve the supplying of services
14	to the general public or to governmental agencies or to a
15	specific industry or customer;
16	(6) a nonprofit corporation engaged in
17	health care services;
18	(7) a mass transit or other transportation
19	activity involving the movement of passengers, an industrial
20	park, an office headquarters and a research facility;
21	(8) a water distribution or irrigation
22	system, including without limitation, pumps, distribution
23	lines, transmission lines, towers, dams and similar
24	facilities and equipment; and
25	(9) a 501(c)(3) corporation; and

1	G. "property" means any land, improvements	
2	thereon, buildings and any improvements thereto, machinery	
3	and equipment of any and all kinds necessary to the project,	
4	operating capital and any other personal properties deemed	
5	necessary in connection with the project."	
6	SECTION 4. Section 4-59-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,	
7	Chapter 286, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:	
8	"4-59-4. ADDITIONAL POWERS CONFERRED ON COUNTIESIn	
9	addition to any other powers that it may now have, each	
10	county shall have the following powers:	
11	A. to acquire, whether by construction, purchase,	
12	gift or lease, one or more projects, which shall be located	
13	within this state and shall be located within the county	
14	outside the boundaries of any incorporated municipality;	
15	provided, however, that:	
16	(1) a class A county with a population of	
17	more than three hundred thousand may acquire projects located	
18	anywhere in the county; and	
19	<del>(2) a county shall not acquire any</del>	
20	electricity generation, transmission or energy storage	
21	facility project unless the school districts within the	
22	county in which the project is located receive annual in-lieu	
23	tax payments; provided that the annual in-lieu tax payments	
24	required by this paragraph shall be:	
25	(a) payable to the school districts for	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 13

1	the period the county owns and leases the project;	
2	(b) in an aggregate amount equal to the	
3	amount received by the county multiplied by the percentage	
4	determined by dividing the average of the operating, capital	
5	improvement and bond mills imposed by the school districts in	
6	the county and state debt service mills as of the date of	
7	issuance of the bonds by the average of the mills imposed by	
8	all entities levying taxes on property in the county as of	
9	such date;	
10	(c) shared among the school districts	
11	located within the county equally; and	
12	(d) not be less than the amount due to	
13	the school districts in the tax year immediately preceding	
14	the issuance of the bonds from the property included in a	
15	project, had such project not been created;	
16	B. to sell or lease or otherwise dispose of any or	
17	all of its projects upon such terms and conditions as the	
18	commission may deem advisable and as shall not conflict with	
19	the provisions of the County Industrial Revenue Bond Act; and	
20	C. to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of	
21	defraying the cost of acquiring, by construction and purchase	
22	or either, any project and to secure the payment of such	
23	bonds, all as provided in the County Industrial Revenue Bond	
24	Act. No county shall have the power to operate any project	
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1	SECTION 5. Section 7-2-5.13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2022,	
2	Chapter 47, Section 6) is amended to read:	
3	"7-2-5.13. EXEMPTIONARMED FORCES RETIREMENT PAY	
4	A. An individual who is an armed forces retiree or	
5	the surviving spouse of an armed forces retiree may claim an	
6	exemption in the following amounts of military retirement pay	
7	includable, except for this exemption, in net income:	
8	<del>(1) for taxable year 2022, ten thousand</del>	
9	<del>dollars (\$10,000);</del>	
10	(2) for taxable year 2023, twenty thousand	
11	<del>dollars (\$20,000); and</del>	
12	(3) for taxable years 2024 and thereafter,	
13	thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).	
14	B. As used in this section, "armed forces retiree"	
15	means a former member of the armed forces of the United	
16	States who has qualified by years of service or disability to	
17	separate from military service with lifetime benefits."	
18	SECTION 6. Section 7-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,	
19	Chapter 104, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:	
20	"7-2-7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATESThe tax imposed	
21	by Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978 shall be at the following rates	
22	for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2024:	
23	A. For married individuals filing joint returns,	
24	heads of household and surviving spouses:	
25	For taxable income: The tax shall be:	HTRC/H Page

1	Not over \$8,000	1.5% of taxable income	
2	<del>Over \$8,000 but not over \$25,000</del>	<del>\$120 plus 3.2% of</del>	
3		excess over \$8,000	
4	<del>Over \$25,000 but not over \$50,000</del>	<del>\$664 plus 4.3% of</del>	
5		<del>excess over \$25,000</del>	
6	<del>Over \$50,000 but not over \$100,000</del>	<del>\$1,739 plus 4.7% of</del>	
7		<del>excess over \$50,000</del>	
8	Over \$100,000 but not over \$315,000	<del>\$4,089 plus 4.9% of</del>	
9		excess over \$100,000	
10	<del>Over \$315,000</del>	<del>\$14,624 plus 5.9% of</del>	
11		excess over \$315,000.	
12	B. For single individuals	and for estates and	
13	trusts:		
14	For taxable income:	The tax shall be:	
15	Not over \$5,500	1.5% of taxable income	
16	<del>Over \$5,500 but not over \$16,500</del>	<del>\$82.50 plus 3.2% of</del>	
17		excess over \$5,500	
18	Over \$16,500 but not over \$33,500	<del>\$434.50 plus 4.3% of</del>	
19		excess over \$16,500	
20	<del>Over \$33,500 but not over \$66,500</del>	\$1,165.50 plus 4.7% of	
21		excess over \$33,500	
22	Over \$66,500 but not over \$210,000	\$2,716.50 plus 4.9% of	
23		<del>excess over \$66,500</del>	
24	<del>Over \$210,000</del>	<del>\$9,748 plus 5.9% of</del>	
25		excess over \$210,000.	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 16

1	C. For married individuals filing separate		
2	<del>returns:</del>		
3	For taxable income:	The tax shall be:	
4	Not over \$4,000	1.5% of taxable income	
5	<del>Over \$4,000 but not over \$12,500</del>	<del>\$60.00 plus 3.2% of</del>	
6		<del>excess over \$4,000</del>	
7	<del>Over \$12,500 but not over \$25,000</del>	<del>\$332 plus 4.3% of</del>	
8		excess over \$12,500	
9	<del>Over \$25,000 but not over \$50,000</del>	<del>\$869.50 plus 4.7% of</del>	
10		<del>excess over \$25,000</del>	
11	<del>Over \$50,000 but not over \$157,500</del>	\$2,044.50 plus 4.9% of	
12		<del>excess over \$50,000</del>	
13	<del>Over \$157,500</del>	<del>\$7,312 plus 5.9% of</del>	
14		excess over \$157,500.	
15	D. The tax on the sum of	<del>any lump-sum amounts</del>	
16	included in net income is an amount o	equal to five multiplied	
17	by the difference between:		
18	<del>(l) the amount of t</del>	<del>ax due on the taxpayer's</del>	
19	taxable income; and		
20	<del>(2) the amount of t</del>	<del>ax that would be due on</del>	
21	an amount equal to the taxpayer's tax	xable income and twenty	
22	percent of the taxpayer's lump-sum amounts included in net		
23	income."		
24	SECTION 7. Section 7-2-14 NMSA	<del>. 1978 (being Laws 1972,</del>	
25	Chapter 20, Section 2, as amended) is	<del>s amended to read:</del>	нт Ра
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"7-2-14. LOW-INCOME COMPREHENSIVE TAX REBATE .--

A. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection B of 2 3 this section, any resident who files an individual New Mexico income tax return and who is not a dependent of another 4 5 individual may claim a tax rebate for a portion of state and local taxes to which the resident has been subject during the 6 taxable year for which the return is filed. The tax rebate 7 may be claimed even though the resident has no income taxable 8 under the Income Tax Act. Married individuals who file 9 separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have 10 filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax 11 rebate that would have been allowed on a joint return. 12 B. No claim for the tax rebate provided in this 13 section shall be filed by a resident who was an inmate of a 14 public institution for more than six months during the 15 taxable year for which the tax rebate could be claimed or who 16 was not physically present in New Mexico for at least six 17 months during the taxable year for which the tax rebate could 18 be claimed. 19 C. For the purposes of this section, the total 20 number of exemptions for which a tax rebate may be claimed or 21

allowed is determined by adding the number of federal
exemptions allowable for federal income tax purposes for each
individual included in the return who is domiciled in New
Mexico plus two additional exemptions for each individual

1	domiciled in New Mexico included in the return who is sixty-				
2	five years of age or older plus one additional exemption for				
3	each individual domiciled in New Mexico included in the				
4	return who, for federal income tax purposes, is blind plus				
5	one exemption for each minor child or stepchild of the				
6	resident who would be a dependent for federal income tax				
7	purposes if the public assistance contributing to the support				
8	of the child or stepchild was considered to have been				
9	contributed by the resident.				
10	D. Except as provided in Subsections F and G of				
11	this section, the tax rebate provided for in this section may				
12	be claimed in the amount shown in the following table:				
13	Modified gross And the total number				
14	income is: of exemptions is:				
15	But Not 6 or				
16	<del>Over Over 1 2 3 4 5 More</del>				
17	<del>\$ 0 \$ 1,000 \$ 210 \$ 280 \$ 350 \$ 420 \$ 490 \$ 560</del>				
18	<del>-1,000 1,500 240 340 435 545 615 730</del>				
19	<del>-1,500 2,500 240 340 435 545 615 760</del>				
20	<del>2,500 8,000 240 340 435 545 615 790</del>				
21	<del>8,000 8,500 220 335 420 535 620 790</del>				
22	<del>8,500 9,500 200 310 405 520 620 755</del>				
23	<del>9,500 11,000 185 270 365 460 550 720</del>				
24	<del>11,000 12,500 155 225 295 390 480 650</del>				
25	<del>-12,500 14,000 140 200 255 320 395 520</del> нтн Ра				
	14				

1	<del>14,000 15,500 125 185 240 295 340</del>	<del>420</del>			
2	<del>15,500 18,000 115 165 200 255 310</del>	<del>360</del>			
3	<del>18,000 19,500 110 140 180 225 270</del>	<del>325</del>			
4	<del>19,500 21,000 95 125 155 195 240</del>	<del>280</del>			
5	<del>21,000 22,500 85 115 150 180 200</del>	<del>250</del>			
6	<del>22,500 25,000 85 115 150 180 200</del>	<del>250</del>			
7	<del>25,000 26,500 80 110 130 155 185</del>	<del>210</del>			
8	<del>26,500 28,000 70 95 125 150 165</del>	<del>195</del>			
9	<del>28,000 29,500 60 85 115 140 150</del>	<del>185</del>			
10	<del>29,500 32,000 55 80 110 125 140</del>	<del>165</del>			
11	<del>32,000 33,500 45 60 85 110 125</del>	<del>140</del>			
12	<del>33,500 35,000 40 55 70 85 110</del>	115			
13	<del>35,000 36,500 25 45 55 70 85</del>	<del>- 95</del>			
14	<del>36,500 39,000 15 40 45 60 70</del>	80.			
15	E. If a taxpayer's modified gross income is a	<del>zero,</del>			
16	the taxpayer may claim a credit in the amount shown in th	he			
17	first row of the table appropriate for the taxpayer's nur	<del>nber</del>			
18	of exemptions as adjusted by the provisions of Subsection	n F			
19	of this section.				
20	F. For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequ	<del>lent</del>			
21	taxable year, the amount of rebate shown in the table in				
22	Subsection D of this section shall be adjusted to account	<del>t for</del>			
23	inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by				
24	multiplying each amount of rebate by a fraction, the				
25	numerator of which is the consumer price index ending dur	ring			

the prior taxable year and the denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in tax year 2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down to the nearest one dollar (\$1.00), except that if the result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be made.

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G. For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequent 7 taxable year, the amount of modified gross income shown in 8 the table in Subsection D of this section shall be adjusted 9 to account for inflation. The department shall make the 10 adjustment by multiplying each amount of modified gross 11 income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer 12 price index ending during the prior taxable year and the 13 denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in 14 15 tax year 2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100), 16 except that if the result would be an amount less than the 17 corresponding amount for the preceding taxable year, then no 18 adjustment shall be made. 19

20 H. The tax rebates provided for in this section 21 may be deducted from the taxpayer's New Mexico income tax 22 liability for the taxable year. If the tax rebates exceed 23 the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be 24 refunded to the taxpayer.

I. For purposes of this section:

1	(1) "consumer price index" means the	
2	consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the	
3	United States department of labor for the month ending	
4	September 30; and	
5	<del>(2) "dependent" means "dependent" as defined</del>	
6	by Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as that	
7	section may be amended or renumbered, but also includes any	
8	minor child or stepchild of the resident who would be a	
9	dependent for federal income tax purposes if the public	
10	assistance contributing to the support of the child or	
11	stepchild was considered to have been contributed by the	
12	resident."	
13	SECTION 8. Section 7-2-18.22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
14	2007, Chapter 361, Section 2) is amended to read:	
15	"7-2-18.22. RURAL HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER TAX	
16	CREDIT	
17	A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico	
18	tax return, who is not a dependent of another individual, who	
19	is an eligible health care practitioner and who has provided	
20	health care services in New Mexico in a rural health care	
21	underserved area in a taxable year may claim a credit against	
22	the tax liability imposed by the Income Tax Act. The credit	
23	provided in this section may be referred to as the "rural	
24	health care practitioner tax credit".	
25	B. The rural health care practitioner tax credit	HTRC/ Page
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may be claimed and allowed in an amount that shall not exceed:

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3 (1) five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for eligible health care practitioners who are physicians, 4 5 osteopathic physicians, dentists, clinical psychologists, podiatrists and optometrists who qualify pursuant to the 6 provisions of this section; and 7 (2) three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for 8 eligible health care practitioners who are pharmacists, 9 dental hygienists, physician assistants, certified registered 10 nurse anesthetists, certified nurse practitioners, clinical 11 nurse specialists, registered nurses, midwives, licensed 12 clinical social workers, licensed independent social workers, 13 professional mental health counselors, professional clinical 14 15 mental health counselors, marriage and family therapists,

16 professional art therapists, alcohol and drug abuse
 17 counselors and physical therapists who qualify pursuant to
 18 the provisions of this section.

19 C. To qualify for the rural health care
20 practitioner tax credit, an eligible health care practitioner
21 shall have provided health care during the taxable year for
22 which the credit is claimed for at least one thousand five
23 hundred eighty-four hours at a practice site located in an
24 approved rural health care underserved area. An eligible
25 rural health care practitioner who provided health care

services for at least seven hundred ninety-two hours but less than one thousand five hundred eighty-four hours at a practice site located in an approved rural health care underserved area during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is eligible for one-half of the credit amount.

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D. Before an eligible health care practitioner may 6 7 claim the rural health care practitioner tax credit, the practitioner shall submit an application to the department of 8 health that describes the practitioner's clinical practice 9 and contains additional information that the department of 10 health may require. The department of health shall determine 11 whether an eligible health care practitioner qualifies for 12 13 the rural health care practitioner tax credit and shall issue a certificate to each qualifying eligible health care 14 15 practitioner. The department of health shall provide the taxation and revenue department appropriate information for 16 all eligible health care practitioners to whom certificates 17 are issued. 18

E. A taxpayer claiming the credit provided by this
section shall submit a copy of the certificate issued by the
department of health with the taxpayer's New Mexico income
tax return for the taxable year. If the amount of the credit
claimed exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable
year in which the credit is being claimed, the excess may be
carried forward for three consecutive taxable years.

1	F. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to	
2	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the	
3	department in a manner required by the department.	
4	G. The department shall compile an annual report	
5	on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include	
6	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive	
7	the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any	
8	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The	
9	department shall present the report to the revenue	
10	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative	
11	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax	
12	<del>credit.</del>	
13	H. As used in this section:	
14	(1) "eligible health care practitioner"	
15	means:	
16	<del>(a) a dentist or dental hygienist</del>	
17	licensed pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act;	
18	(b) a midwife licensed by the	
19	department of health;	
20	<del>(c) an optometrist licensed pursuant to</del>	
21	the provisions of the Optometry Act;	
22	<del>(d) an osteopathic physician or an</del>	
23	osteopathic physician assistant licensed pursuant to the	
24	provisions of the Medical Practice Act;	
25		HTRC/HB 547/a Page 25

licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice 1 2 Act; 3 (f) a podiatrist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Podiatry Act; 4 5 (g) a clinical psychologist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Professional Psychologist 6 7 Act; (h) a registered nurse licensed 8 pursuant to the provisions of the Nursing Practice Act; 9 (i) a pharmacist licensed pursuant to 10 the provisions of the Pharmacy Act; 11 (j) a licensed clinical social worker 12 13 or a licensed independent social worker licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Social Work Practice Act; 14 15 (k) a professional mental health counselor, a professional clinical mental health counselor, a 16 marriage and family therapist, an alcohol and drug abuse 17 counselor or a professional art therapist licensed pursuant 18 to the provisions of the Counseling and Therapy Practice Act; 19 and 20 (1) a physical therapist licensed 21 pursuant to the provisions of the Physical Therapy Act; 22 (2) "health care underserved area" means a 23 geographic area or practice location in which it has been 24 determined by the department of health, through the use of 25

1	indices and other standards set by the department of health,	
2	that sufficient health care services are not being provided;	
3	<del>(3) "practice site" means a private</del>	
4	practice, public health clinic, hospital, public or private	
5	nonprofit primary care clinic or other health care service	
6	location in a health care underserved area; and	
7	(4) "rural" means a rural county or an	
8	unincorporated area of a partially rural county, as	
9	designated by the health resources and services	
10	administration of the United States department of health and	
11	human services."	
12	SECTION 9. Section 7-2-18.34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
13	2022, Chapter 47, Section 5) is amended to read:	
14	"7-2-18.34. CHILD INCOME TAX CREDIT	
15	A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2032, a	
16	taxpayer who is a resident and is not a dependent of another	
17	individual may apply for, and the department may allow, a	
18	credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant	
19	to the Income Tax Act for each qualifying child of the	
20	taxpayer. The tax credit provided by this section may be	
21	referred to as the "child income tax credit".	
22	B. Except as provided in Subsection D of this	
23	section, the child income tax credit may be claimed as shown	
24	in the following table:	
25	Adjusted gross income is Amount of credit per	н Р
		T.

1	Over	But not over	qualifying child is
2	\$ 0	\$ 25,000	\$600
3	25,000	50,000	400
4	50,000	75,000	200
	-	100,000	100
5	75,000		
6	100,000	200,000	75
7	200,000	350,000	50
8	350,000		25.
9		C. If a taxpaye	r's adjusted gross income is less
10	than zero	, the taxpayer may	claim a tax credit in the amount
11	shown in t	the first row of t	he table provided in Subsection B
12	of this se	ection.	
13		D. For the 2024	taxable year and each subsequent
14	taxable ye	ear, the amount of	credit shown in the table in
15	Subsection	n B of this sectio	n shall be adjusted to account for
16	inflation	• The department	shall make the adjustment by
17	multiplyi	ng each amount of	credit by a fraction, the
18	numerator	of which is the c	onsumer price index ending during
19	the prior	taxable year and	the denominator of which is the
20	consumer j	price index ending	in tax year 2022. The result of
21	the multip	plication shall be	rounded down to the nearest one
22	dollar (\$	1.00), except that	if the result would be an amount
23	less than	the corresponding	amount for the preceding taxable
24	year, the	n no adjustment sh	all be made.
25		E. To receive a	child income tax credit, a

taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department.

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F. That portion of a child income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed shall be refunded.

G. Married individuals filing separate returns for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the child income tax credit that would have been claimed on a joint return.

H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the credit to the department in a manner required by the department.

The department shall compile an annual report 13 I. on the child income tax credit that shall include the number 14 15 of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any 16 other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of 17 The department shall compile and present the the credit. 18 annual report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy 19 20 committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit. 21

J. As used in this section:

(1) "consumer price index" means the
consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the
United States department of labor for the month ending

## 1 September 30; and

2	(2) "qualifying child" means "qualifying
3	child" as defined by Section 152(c) of the Internal Revenue
4	Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, but
5	includes any minor child or stepchild of the taxpayer who
6	would be a qualifying child for federal income tax purposes
7	if the public assistance contributing to the support of the
8	child or stepchild was considered to have been contributed by
9	the taxpayer."
10	SECTION 10. Section 7-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
11	Chapter 205, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"7-2-34. DEDUCTIONNET CAPITAL GAIN INCOME
13	A. Except as provided in Subsection C of this
14	section, a taxpayer may claim a deduction from net income in
15	an amount equal to the greater of:
16	(1) the taxpayer's net capital gain income
17	for the taxable year for which the deduction is being
18	claimed, but not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars
19	<del>(\$2,500); or</del>
20	(2) forty percent of up to one million
21	dollars (\$1,000,000) of the taxpayer's net capital gain
22	income from the sale of a business that is allocated or
23	apportioned to New Mexico pursuant to Section 7-2-11 NMSA
	apportioned to new nexico parsuant to beetion 7-2-11 minn
24	1978 for the taxable year for which the deduction is being

1	B. Married individuals who file separate returns	
2	for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint	
3	return may each claim only one-half of the deduction provided	
4	by this section that would have been allowed on the joint	
5	<del>return.</del>	
6	C. A taxpayer may not claim the deduction	
7	provided in Subsection A of this section if the taxpayer has	
8	claimed the credit provided in Section 7-2D-8.1 NMSA 1978.	
9	D. As used in this section, "net capital gain"	
10	means "net capital gain" as defined in Section 1222 (11) of	
11	the Internal Revenue Code."	
12	SECTION 11. A new section of the Income Tax Act is	
13	enacted to read:	
14	"ADDITIONAL 2021 INCOME TAX REBATES	
15	A. A resident who files an individual New Mexico	
16	income tax return for taxable year 2021 and who is not a	
17	dependent of another individual is eligible for a tax rebate	
18	pursuant to this section in the following amounts:	
19	(1) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for heads	
20	of household, surviving spouses and married individuals	
21	filing joint returns; and	
22	(2) five hundred dollars (\$500) for single	
23	individuals and married individuals filing separate returns.	
24	B. The rebates shall be made as soon as	
25	practicable after a return is received; provided that a	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 31

rebate shall not be allowed for a return filed after May 31,
 2024.

C. The rebates provided by this section may be deducted from the taxpayer's New Mexico income tax liability for taxable year 2021. If the amount of rebate exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

B D. The department may require a taxpayer to claim
9 a rebate provided by this section on forms and in a manner
10 required by the department."

11 SECTION 12. A new section of the Income Tax Act is 12 enacted to read:

"ELECTRIC VEHICLE INCOME TAX CREDIT .--

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A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another 14 individual and who, beginning on the effective date of this 15 section and prior to January 1, 2028, purchases an electric 16 vehicle or enters into a new lease of at least three years 17 for an electric vehicle may claim a credit against the 18 taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax 19 Act in an amount provided in Subsection B of this section. 20 The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as 21 the "electric vehicle income tax credit". 22

B. The electric vehicle income tax credit shall
be in an amount equal to two thousand five hundred dollars
(\$2,500), except that the amount of credit shall be in an

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amount equal to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a taxpayer with an annual household adjusted gross income equal to or less than two hundred percent of the federal poverty level guidelines published by the United States department of health and human services.

C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of 6 7 eligibility for the electric vehicle income tax credit from the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the 8 department. Except as provided in Subsection II of this 9 section, only one electric vehicle income tax credit shall be 10 allowed for each electric vehicle purchased or leased. The 11 application shall include proof of purchase or lease, the 12 electric vehicle's registration or application for 13 registration and any additional information that the 14 15 department may require to determine eligibility for the credit. The department shall issue a dated certificate of 16 eligibility to the taxpayer providing the amount of the 17 electric vehicle income tax credit for which the taxpayer is 18 eligible and the taxable year in which the credit may be 19 20 claimed for an electric vehicle that was purchased or leased. D. The aggregate amount of electric vehicle 21 income tax credit claims that may be authorized for payment 22 in any calendar year is ten million dollars (\$10,000,000). 23 If a taxpayer submits a claim for a tax credit but is unable 24

to receive the tax credit because the claims for the calendar

1	year exceed the limitation provided in this subsection, the
2	taxpayer's claim shall be placed at the front of a queue of
3	<del>credit claimants for the subsequent calendar year in the</del>
4	order of the date on which the credit was authorized for
5	payment. Completed applications for the tax credit shall be
6	considered in the order received by the department.
7	E. Applications for certification of an electric
8	vehicle income tax credit shall be made no later than one
9	<del>calendar year from the date in which the electric vehicle is</del>
10	purchased or the lease is entered into.
11	F. A certificate of eligibility for an electric
12	vehicle income tax credit may be sold, exchanged or otherwise
13	transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the
14	credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the
15	department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days
16	of the sale, exchange or transfer.
17	G. That portion of an approved electric vehicle
18	income tax credit claimed by a taxpayer that exceeds the
19	taxpayer's income tax liability in the taxable year in which
20	an electric vehicle income tax credit is claimed shall be
21	refunded to the taxpayer.
22	H. Married individuals filing separate returns
23	for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint
24	return may each claim only one-half of the electric vehicle
25	income tax credit that would have been claimed on a joint

<del>return.</del>

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I. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim 2 the electric vehicle income tax credit in proportion to the 3 taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an 4 5 interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal 6 income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability 7 company and that business entity has met all of the requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit 8 claimed by all members of the partnership or limited 9 liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit 10 pursuant to this section. 11 J. A taxpayer shall submit to the department 12 13 information required by the department with respect to the purchase or lease of an electric vehicle by the taxpayer 14 15 during the taxable year for which the electric vehicle income tax credit is claimed. 16 K. The department shall compile an annual report 17 on the electric vehicle income tax credit that shall include 18 the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive 19 the tax credit, the aggregate amount of tax credits approved 20 and any other information necessary to evaluate the tax 21 credit. The department shall compile and present the annual 22 report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee 23 24 and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit. 25

1	L. As used in this section:	
2	<del>(1) "electric vehicle" means a new motor</del>	
3	vehicle registered or purchased in New Mexico that derives	
4	all or part of the vehicle's power from electricity stored in	
5	a battery that:	
6	(a) has a capacity of not less than	
7	six kilowatt-hours;	
8	(b) is capable of powering the vehicle	
9	for a range of at least thirty miles; and	
10	(c) is capable of being recharged from	
11	an external source of electricity; and	
12	(2) "motor vehicle" means a vehicle with	
13	four wheels that:	
14	(a) is required under the Motor	
15	Vehicle Code to be registered in this state;	
16	(b) is made by a manufacturer;	
17	<del>(c) has a base manufacturer suggested</del>	
18	retail price, before options and destination charges, of	
19	fifty-five thousand dollars (\$55,000) or less, before any	
20	taxes are imposed;	
21	(d) is manufactured primarily for use	
22	on public streets, roads or highways;	
23	(e) has not been modified from the	
24	original manufacturer specifications;	
25	(f) is rated at not less than two	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 36

1	thousand two hundred pounds unloaded base weight and not more	
2	than nine thousand seven hundred fifty pounds unloaded base	
3	weight; and	
4	(g) has a maximum speed capability of	
5	<del>at least sixty-five miles per hour."</del>	
6	SECTION 13. A new section of the Income Tax Act is	
7	enacted to read:	
8	"ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING UNIT INCOME TAX CREDIT	
9	A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another	
10	individual and who, beginning on the effective date of this	
11	section and prior to January 1, 2028, purchases and installs	
12	an electric vehicle charging unit may claim a credit against	
13	the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income	
14	Tax Act. The tax credit provided by this section may be	
15	referred to as the "electric vehicle charging unit income tax	
16	<del>credit".</del>	
17	B. The electric vehicle charging unit income tax	
18	<del>credit shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) or the</del>	
19	cost to purchase and install an electric vehicle charging	
20	unit, whichever is less.	
21	C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of	
22	eligibility for the electric vehicle charging unit income tax	
23	<del>credit from the department on forms and in the manner</del>	
24	prescribed by the department. The aggregate amount of	
25	electric vehicle charging unit income tax credits that may be	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 37

1	certified as eligible in any calendar year is one million
2	dollars (\$1,000,000). Completed applications shall be
3	considered in the order received. If a taxpayer submits a
4	<del>claim for a tax credit but is unable to receive the tax</del>
5	credit because the claims for the calendar year exceed the
6	limitation provided in this subsection, the taxpayer's claim
7	shall be placed at the front of a queue of credit claimants
8	for the subsequent calendar year in the order of the date on
9	which the credit was authorized for payment.
10	D. An application for certification of
11	eligibility shall include a receipt for the purchase of the
12	electric vehicle charging unit, a copy of the data sheet that
13	specifies the connector type, plug type, voltage and current
14	of the electric vehicle charging unit and any additional
15	information that the department may require to determine
16	eligibility for the credit. The department shall issue a
17	dated certificate of eligibility to the taxpayer providing
18	the amount of the electric vehicle charging unit income tax
19	credit for which the taxpayer is eligible and the taxable
20	year in which the credit may be claimed.
21	E. Applications for certification of an electric
22	vehicle charging unit income tax credit shall be made no
23	<del>later than one calendar year from the date in which the</del>
24	electric vehicle charging unit for which the credit is
25	claimed is purchased and installed.

1	F. That portion of an electric vehicle charging	
2	unit income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's income tax	
3	liability in the taxable year in which an electric vehicle	
4	charging unit income tax credit is claimed shall be refunded	
5	to the taxpayer.	
6	G. Married individuals filing separate returns	
7	for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint	
8	return may each claim only one-half of the electric vehicle	
9	charging unit income tax credit that would have been claimed	
10	<del>on a joint return.</del>	
11	H. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim	
12	the electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit in	
13	proportion to the taxpayer's ownership interest if the	
14	taxpayer owns an interest in a business entity that is taxed	
15	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership or limited	
16	liability company and that business entity has met all of the	
17	requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit	
18	claimed by all members of the partnership or limited	
19	liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit	
20	pursuant to this section.	
21	I. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to	
22	this section shall report the amount of the tax credit to the	
23	department in a manner required by the department.	
24	J. The department shall compile an annual report	
25	on the electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit that	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 39

1	shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the	
2	department to receive the tax credit, the aggregate amount of	
3	tax credits approved and any other information necessary to	
4	evaluate the effectiveness of the tax credit. The department	
5	shall present the annual report to the revenue stabilization	
6	and tax policy committee and the legislative finance	
7	committee with an analysis of the effectiveness and cost of	
8	the tax credit and whether the tax credit is performing the	
9	purpose for which it was created.	
10	K. As used in this section:	
11	<del>(l) "electric vehicle" means a motor</del>	
12	vehicle subject to the registration fee pursuant to Section	
13	<del>66-6-2 or 66-6-4 NMSA 1978 that derives all or part of the</del>	
14	vehicle's power from electricity stored in a battery that:	
15	(a) has a capacity of not less than	
16	<del>six kilowatt-hours;</del>	
17	(b) is capable of powering the vehicle	
18	for a range of at least thirty miles; and	
19	<del>(c) is capable of being recharged from</del>	
20	an external source of electricity; and	
21	(2) "electric vehicle charging unit" means	
22	a device that:	
23	(a) is used to provide electricity to	
24	<del>an electric vehicle;</del>	
25	(b) is designed to create a connection	HTRC/HB 547/a
		Page 40

1	between an electricity source and the electric vehicle;
2	(c) uses the electric vehicle's
3	control system to ensure that electricity flows at an
4	appropriate voltage and current level; and
5	(d) is installed on residential
6	property located in the state."
7	SECTION 14. A new section of the Income Tax Act is
8	enacted to read:
9	"ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INCOME TAX CREDIT
10	A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a
11	taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and
12	who, on or after March 1, 2023, purchases and installs an
13	energy storage system on the taxpayer's residence or
14	<del>commercial or agricultural property in New Mexico may apply</del>
15	for, and the department may allow, a credit against the
16	taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax
17	Act. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred
18	to as the "energy storage system income tax credit".
19	B. The department may allow an energy storage
20	<del>system income tax credit of forty percent of the purchase and</del>
21	installation costs of an energy storage system certified
22	pursuant to Subsection C of this section, up to a maximum
23	amount of credit of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for a
24	system installed on residential property and one hundred
25	fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) for a system installed on

commercial or agricultural property; provided that no more than one system per property shall be eligible for the credit. Costs related to equipment or installation costs for energy generation shall not be eligible.

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5 C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of 6 eligibility for an energy storage system income tax credit 7 from the energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms and in the manner prescribed by that department. The 8 aggregate amount of credits that may be certified as eligible 9 in any calendar year is four million dollars (\$4,000,000). 10 Completed applications shall be considered in the order 11 received. If the annual aggregate amount has been met before 12 certification of a taxpayer's application can be made, the 13 application shall be placed in a queue to be issued in a 14 15 subsequent calendar year. The application shall include proof of purchase and installation of an energy storage 16 system, that the system meets technical specifications and 17 requirements relating to safety, code and standards 18 compliance, lists of eligible components and any additional 19 20 information that the energy, minerals and natural resources department may require to determine eligibility for the 21 credit. A dated certificate of eligibility shall be issued 22 to the taxpayer providing the amount of credit for which the 23 taxpayer is eligible and the taxable year in which the credit 24 may be claimed. A certificate of eligibility for the credit 25

may be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer.

D. A taxpayer may claim an energy storage system
income tax credit for the taxable year in which the taxpayer
purchases and installs the system. To receive the tax
credit, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and
in the manner prescribed by the department within twelve
months following the calendar year in which the system was
installed. The application shall include a certification
made pursuant to Subsection C of this section.

E. For that portion of an energy storage system income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed, the excess shall not be refunded to the taxpayer but may be carried forward for five consecutive years until the credit amount is expired.

20 F. Married individuals filing separate returns 21 for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint 22 return may each claim only one-half of the energy storage 23 system income tax credit that would have been claimed on a 24 joint return.

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G. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim HTRC/HB 547/a Page 43

1	an energy storage system income tax credit in proportion to	
2	the taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an	
3	interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal	
4	income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability	
5	company and that business entity has met all of the	
6	requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit	
7	claimed by all members of the partnership or limited	
8	liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit	
9	pursuant to this section.	
10	H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to	
11	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the	
12	taxation and revenue department in a manner required by that	
13	department.	
14	I. The taxation and revenue department shall	
15	compile an annual report on the energy storage system income	
16	tax credit that shall include the number of taxpayers	
17	approved by the department to receive the credit, the	
18	aggregate amount of credits approved and any other	
19	information necessary to evaluate the credit. The department	
20	shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax	
21	policy committee and the legislative finance committee with	
22	an analysis of the cost of the tax credit.	
23	J. As used in this section, "energy storage	
24	system" means a stationary, commercially available, customer-	
25	sited system, including a battery and a battery paired with	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 44

1	on-site generation, that is capable of retaining, storing and	
2	delivering electrical energy by chemical, thermal, mechanical	
3	<del>or other means and:</del>	
4	(1) is installed as a stand-alone energy	
5	storage system or is grid-tied; provided that if the system	
6	is grid-tied, the system has the capability to provide grid	
7	services and control and communication infrastructure exists	
8	with the service provider;	
9	(2) has been tested and certified by a	
10	nationally recognized testing laboratory;	
11	(3) has a rating of four kilowatts or	
12	greater with a minimum of two hours of storage; and	
13	(4) is installed for use with a new or	
14	existing photovoltaic system."	
15	SECTION 15. Section 7-2A-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981,	
16	Chapter 37, Section 38, as amended) is amended to read:	
17	<b>"7-2A-5. CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATEThe corporate</b>	
18	income tax imposed on corporations by Section 7-2A-3 NMSA	
19	1978 shall be five and nine-tenths percent of taxable	
20	income."	
21	SECTION 16. Section 7-9-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966,	
22	Chapter 47, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:	
23	"7-9-4. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAXDENOMINATION AS	
24	"GROSS RECEIPTS TAX"	
25	A. For the privilege of engaging in business, an	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 45

1	excise tax equal to the following percentages of gross	
2	receipts is imposed on any person engaging in business in New	
3	Mexico:	
4	(1) prior to July 1, 2024, four and three-	
5	fourths percent;	
6	(2) beginning July 1, 2024 and prior to	
7	July 1, 2025, four and five-eighths percent;	
8	(3) beginning July 1, 2025 and prior to	
9	July 1, 2026, four and one-half percent; and	
10	(4) beginning July 1, 2026, four and three-	
11	eighths percent, except as provided in Subsection C of this	
12	section.	
13	B. The tax imposed by this section shall be	
14	referred to as the "gross receipts tax".	
15	C. If, for any single fiscal year occurring after	
16	fiscal year 2027 and prior to fiscal year 2037, gross	
17	receipts tax revenues are less than ninety-five percent of	
18	the gross receipts tax revenues for the previous fiscal year,	
19	as determined by the secretary of finance and administration,	
20	the rate of the gross receipts tax shall be four and	
21	seven-eighths percent beginning on the July 1 following the	
22	determination made by the secretary of finance and	
23	administration.	
24	D. On or before February 1 of each year, until	
25	the rate of the gross receipts tax is adjusted to four and	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 46

1	seven-eighths percent pursuant to Subsection C of this	
2	section, the secretary of finance and administration shall	
3	make a determination for the purposes of Subsection C of this	
4	section. If the rate of tax is adjusted pursuant to that	
5	subsection, the secretary shall certify to the secretary of	
6	taxation and revenue that the rate of the gross receipts tax	
7	shall be four and seven-eighths percent, effective on the	
8	following July 1.	
9	E. As used in this section, "gross receipts tax	
10	revenues" means the net receipts attributable to the gross	
11	receipts tax and distributed to the general fund."	
12	SECTION 17. Section 7-9-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966,	
13	Chapter 47, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:	
14	"7-9-7. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAXDENOMINATION AS	
15	"COMPENSATING TAX"	
16	A. For the privilege of making taxable use of	
17	tangible personal property in New Mexico, there is imposed on	
18	the person using the property an excise tax equal to four and	
19	three-fourths percent prior to July 1, 2024; beginning July	
20	1, 2024 and prior to July 1, 2025, four and five-eighths	
21	percent; beginning July 1, 2025 and prior to July 1, 2026,	
22	four and one-half percent; and beginning July 1, 2026, four	
23	and three-eighths percent, except as provided in Subsection G	
24	of this section, of the value of tangible property that was:	
25	(1) manufactured by the person using the	нтн Ра

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property in the state; or

2 (2) acquired in a transaction for which the 3 seller's receipts were not subject to the gross receipts tax. B. For the purpose of Subsection A of this 4 5 section, value of tangible personal property shall be the adjusted basis of the property for federal income tax 6 7 purposes determined as of the time of acquisition or introduction into this state or of conversion of the property 8 to taxable use, whichever is later. If no adjusted basis for 9 federal income tax purposes is established for the property, 10 a reasonable value of the property shall be used. 11 C. For the privilege of making taxable use of a 12 13 license or franchise in New Mexico, there is imposed on the person using the license or franchise an excise tax equal to 14 15 the rate provided in Subsection A or G of this section, as applicable, against the value of the license or franchise in 16 its use in this state. The department by rule, ruling or 17 instruction shall fairly apportion, where appropriate, the 18 value of a license or franchise to its value in use in New 19 Mexico. The tax shall apply only to the value of a license 20 or franchise used in New Mexico where the license or 21 franchise was acquired in a transaction the receipts from 22 which were not subject to the gross receipts tax. 23 D. For the privilege of making taxable use of 24 services in New Mexico, there is imposed on the person using 25

1	the services an excise tax equal to the rate provided in	
2	Subsection A or G of this section, as applicable, against the	
3	value of the services at the time the services were performed	
4	or the product of the service was acquired. For use of	
5	services to be a taxable use pursuant to this subsection, the	
6	services shall have been acquired in a transaction the	
7	receipts from which were not subject to the gross receipts	
8	tax.	
9	E. For purposes of this section, receipts are not	
10	subject to the gross receipts tax if the person responsible	
11	for the gross receipts tax on those receipts lacked nexus in	
12	New Mexico or the receipts were exempt or allowed to be	
13	deducted pursuant to the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax	
14	Act.	
15	F. The tax imposed by this section shall be	
16	referred to as the "compensating tax".	
17	G. If the gross receipts tax is increased to four	
18	and seven-eighths percent pursuant to Subsection C of Section	
19	7-9-4 NMSA 1978, the rate of the compensating tax shall be	
20	four and seven-eighths percent.	
21	H. As used in this section, "taxable use" means	
22	use by a person who acquires tangible personal property, a	
23	license, a franchise or a service, and the use of which would	
24	not have qualified for an exemption or deduction pursuant to	
25	the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act."	HTRC Page
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1	SECTION 18. A new section of the Gross Receipts and	
2	Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:	
3	"DEDUCTIONSGROSS RECEIPTSCHILD CARE ASSISTANCE	
4	THROUGH A LICENSED CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAMPRE-	
5	KINDERGARTEN SERVICES BY FOR-PROFIT PRE-KINDERGARTEN	
6	PROVIDERS	
7	A. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts from the sale	
8	of child care assistance services by a taxpayer pursuant to a	
9	contract or grant with the early childhood education and care	
10	department to provide such services through a licensed child	
11	care assistance program may be deducted from gross receipts.	
12	B. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts of for-profit	
13	pre-kindergarten providers for the sale of pre-kindergarten	
14	services pursuant to the Pre-Kindergarten Act may be deducted	
15	from gross receipts.	
16	C. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to	
17	this section shall report the amount of the deduction	
18	separately in a manner required by the department.	
19	D. The department shall compile an annual report	
20	on the deductions provided by this section that shall include	
21	the number of taxpayers that claimed each deduction, the	
22	aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other	
23	information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the	
24	deductions. The department shall present the report to the	
25	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 50

1	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of	
2	the deductions.	
3	E. As used in this section:	
4	(1) "child care assistance" means "child	
5	care assistance" or "early childhood care assistance", as	
6	those terms are defined in the Early Childhood Care	
7	Accountability Act; and	
8	(2) "licensed child care assistance	
9	program" means "licensed child care program", "licensed early	
10	childhood care program" or "licensed exempt child care	
11	program", as those terms are defined in the Early Childhood	
12	Care Accountability Act."	
13	SECTION 19. A new section of the Gross Receipts and	
14	Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:	
15	"DEDUCTIONGROSS RECEIPTS TAXENVIRONMENTAL	
16	MODIFICATIONS FOR MEDICAID RECIPIENTS	
17	A. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts of an eligible	
18	provider for environmental modification services reimbursed	
19	by the medical assistance division may be deducted from gross	
20	receipts.	
21	B. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to	
22	this section shall report the amount of the deduction	
23	separately in a manner required by the department.	
24	C. The department shall compile an annual report	
25	on the deductions provided by this section that shall include	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 51

1	the number of taxpayers that claimed each deduction, the	
2	aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other	
3	information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the	
4	deductions. The department shall present the report to the	
5	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the	
6	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of	
7	the deductions.	
8	D. As used in this section:	
9	<del>(1) "eligible provider" means a provider</del>	
10	who meets requirements of the medical assistance division to	
11	provide environmental modifications pursuant to a waiver	
12	granted by the federal department of health and human	
13	services to provide home- and community-based services to	
14	recipients;	
15	(2) "environmental modifications" include	
16	the purchasing and installing of equipment or making physical	
17	adaptions to a recipient's residence that are necessary to	
18	ensure the health, welfare and safety of the recipient or	
19	enhance the recipient's access to the home environment and	
20	increase the recipient's ability to act independently;	
21	(3) "medicaid" means the medical assistance	
22	program established pursuant to Title 19 of the federal	
23	Social Security Act and regulations issued pursuant to that	
24	<del>act;</del>	
25	(4) "medical assistance division" means the	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 52

medical assistance division of the human services department; 1 2 and (5) "recipient" means a person whom the 3 department has determined to be eligible to receive medicaid-4 5 related services and who meets the financial and medical level of care criteria to receive medical assistance division 6 7 services through one of the division's waiver programs granted by the federal department of health and human 8 services." 9 SECTION 20. ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND .--10 A. The "alcohol harms alleviation fund" is 11 12 created as a reverting fund in the state treasury. The fund 13 consists of appropriations, distributions, gifts, grants, donations and bequests made to the fund and income from 14 15 investment of the fund. The department of finance and administration shall administer the fund, and money in the 16 17 fund is subject to appropriation by the legislature to the human services department, department of health, early 18 childhood education and care department, public education 19 department and higher education department for: 20 (1) alcohol harms prevention, treatment and 21 22 recovery services; (2) behavioral health treatment for 23 justice-involved populations and others not covered by the 24 state medicaid program or other health insurance; 25

1	(3) addressing social determinants of	
2	health related to alcohol misuse;	
3	(4) support for victims of alcohol-related	
4	crimes, including domestic violence and sexual assault; and	
5	(5) prevention and reduction of alcohol	
6	harms on lands of Indian nations, tribes and pueblos.	
7	B. Money in the fund shall be expended by warrant	
8	of the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to	
9	vouchers signed by the secretary or the secretary's	
10	authorized representative.	
11	SECTION 21. Section 7-1-6.40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
12	1997, Chapter 182, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:	
13	"7-1-6.40. DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAXLOCAL	
14	DWI GRANT FUNDCERTAIN MUNICIPALITIESDRUG COURT FUND	
15	ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND	
16	A. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1	
17	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to forty percent of the net	
18	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made	
19	to the local DWI grant fund.	
20	B. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1	
21	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to one percent of the net	
22	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made	
23	to a municipality that is located in a class A county and	
24	that has a population according to the most recent federal	
25	5	HTRC, Page
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1	sixty thousand and shall be used by the municipality only for	
2	the provision of alcohol treatment and rehabilitation	
3	services for street inebriates.	
4	C. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1	
5	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to six percent of the net	
6	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made	
7	to the drug court fund.	
8	D. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1	
9	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to fifty-three percent of the	
10	net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be	
11	made to the alcohol harms alleviation fund."	
12	SECTION 22. Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,	
13	Chapter 65, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:	
14	"7-17-5. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX	
15	A. There is imposed on a wholesaler who sells	
16	alcoholic beverages on which the tax imposed by this section	
17	has not been paid an excise tax, to be referred to as the	
18	"liquor excise tax", at the rates provided in Subsections B	
19	through F of this section on alcoholic beverages sold.	
20	B. The liquor excise tax imposed on spirituous	
21	<del>liquors is:</del>	
22	(1) if manufactured or produced by a craft	
23	distiller licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-6.1 NMSA 1978;	
24	provided that proof is provided to the department that the	
25	spirituous liquors were manufactured or produced by a craft	нтн Ра

1 distiller: 2 (a) for products up to ten percent 3 alcohol by volume: 1) eight cents (\$.08) per liter for the first two hundred fifty thousand liters sold; and 2) twenty-4 5 eight cents (\$.28) per liter over two hundred fifty thousand liters sold; and 6 (b) for products over ten percent 7 alcohol by volume: 1) thirty-two cents (\$.32) per liter on 8 the first one hundred seventy-five thousand liters sold; and 9 2) sixty-five cents (\$.65) per liter over two hundred 10 thousand liters sold; and 11 (2) for all other manufacturers and 12 producers, one dollar ninety-two cents (\$1.92) per liter 13 sold. 14 15 C. The liquor excise tax imposed on beer is: (1) if manufactured or produced by a 16 microbrewer and sold in this state; provided that proof is 17 furnished to the department that the beer was manufactured or 18 produced by a microbrewer: 19 (a) eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on 20 the first thirty thousand barrels sold; 21 (b) twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per 22 gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but 23 less than sixty thousand barrels sold; and 24 (c) forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 56

1	for sixty thousand or more barrels sold; and	
2	(2) for all other manufacturers or	
3	producers, forty-nine cents (\$.49) per gallon sold.	
4	D. The liquor excise tax imposed on cider is:	
5	(1) if manufactured or produced by a small	
6	winegrower and sold in this state; provided that proof is	
7	furnished to the department that the cider was manufactured	
8	or produced by a small winegrower:	
9	<del>(a) eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on</del>	
10	the first thirty thousand barrels sold;	
11	<del>(b) twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per</del>	
12	gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but	
13	less than sixty thousand barrels sold; and	
14	<del>(c) forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon</del>	
15	for sixty thousand or more barrels sold; and	
16	(2) for all other manufacturers and	
17	producers, forty-nine cents (\$.49) per gallon sold.	
18	E. The liquor excise tax imposed on wine is:	
19	(1) if manufactured or produced by a small	
20	winegrower and sold in this state; provided that proof is	
21	furnished to the department that the wine was manufactured or	
22	produced by a small winegrower:	
23	(a) ten cents (\$.10) per liter on the	
24	first eighty thousand liters sold;	
25	(b) twenty cents (\$.20) per liter on	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 57

1	each liter sold over eighty thousand liters but not over nine
2	hundred fifty thousand liters sold; and
3	<del>(c) thirty cents (\$.30) per liter on</del>
4	each liter sold over nine hundred fifty thousand liters but
5	not over one million five hundred thousand liters sold; and
6	(2) for all other manufacturers and
7	producers, fifty-four cents (\$.54) per liter sold.
8	F. The liquor excise tax imposed on fortified
9	wine is one dollar eighty cents (\$1.80) per liter sold.
10	G. The volume of wine transferred from one
11	winegrower to another winegrower for processing, bottling or
12	storage and subsequent return to the transferor shall be
13	excluded pursuant to Section 7-17-6 NMSA 1978 from the
14	taxable volume of wine of the transferee. Wine transferred
15	from an initial winegrower to a second winegrower remains a
16	tax liability of the transferor, provided that if the wine is
17	transferred to the transferee for the transferee's use or for
18	resale, the transferee then assumes the liability for the tax
19	due pursuant to this section.
20	H. A transfer of wine from a winegrower to a
21	wholesaler for distribution of the wine transfers the
22	liability for payment of the liquor excise tax to the
23	wholesaler upon the sale of the wine by the wholesaler."
24	SECTION 23. Section 7-2-5.14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
25	2022, Chapter 47, Section 7) is amended to read:

1	"7-2-5.14. EXEMPTIONSOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	
2	A. An individual may claim an exemption in an	
3	amount equal to the amount included in adjusted gross income	
4	pursuant to Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that	
5	section may be amended or renumbered, of income includable	
6	except for this exemption in net income; provided that the	
7	individual's adjusted gross income shall not exceed the	
8	following amounts, except as provided in Subsection B of this	
9	section:	
10	(1) seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000)	
11	for married individuals filing separate returns;	
12	(2) one hundred fifty thousand dollars	
13	(\$150,000) for heads of household, surviving spouses and	
14	married individuals filing joint returns; and	
15	(3) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)	
16	for single individuals.	
17	B. For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequent	
18	taxable year, the amounts of adjusted gross income provided	
19	in Subsection A of this section shall be adjusted to account	
20	for inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by	
21	multiplying each amount of adjusted gross income by a	
22	fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer price index	
23	ending during the prior taxable year and the denominator of	
24	which is the consumer price index ending in taxable year	
25	2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 59

to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100), except that if the 1 result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount 2 for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be 3 made. 4 5 C. For purposes of this section, "consumer price index" means the consumer price index for all urban consumers 6 published by the United States department of labor for the 7 month ending September 30." 8 SECTION 24. Section 7-2-18.16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 9 2007, Chapter 45, Section 10) is amended to read: 10 "7-2-18.16. CREDIT--SPECIAL NEEDS ADOPTED CHILD TAX 11 CREDIT--CREATED--QUALIFICATIONS--DURATION OF CREDIT.--12 13 A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico 14 income tax return, who is not a dependent of another 15 individual and who adopts a special needs child on or after January 1, 2007 or has adopted a special needs child prior to 16 17 January 1, 2007, may claim a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act. The 18 credit authorized pursuant to this section may be referred to 19 as the "special needs adopted child tax credit". 20 B. A taxpayer may claim and the department may 21 allow a special needs adopted child tax credit in the amount 22 of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) to be claimed 23 against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year 24 imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act. 25

1	C. A taxpayer may claim a special needs adopted	
2	child tax credit for each year that the child may be claimed	
3	as a dependent for federal taxation purposes by the taxpayer.	
4	D. If the amount of the special needs adopted	
5	child tax credit due to the taxpayer exceeds the taxpayer's	
6	individual income tax liability, the excess shall be	
7	refunded.	
8	E. Married individuals who file separate returns	
9	for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint	
10	return may each claim only one-half of the special needs	
11	adopted child tax credit provided in this section that would	
12	have been allowed on a joint return.	
13	F. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to	
14	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the	
15	department in a manner required by the department.	
16	G. The department shall compile an annual report	
17	on the credit provided by this section that shall include the	
18	number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the	
19	credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any	
20	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The	
21	department shall present the report to the revenue	
22	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative	
23	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax	
24	credit.	
25	H. As used in this section, "special needs	HTRC/H
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1	adopted child" means an individual who may be over eighteen	
2	years of age and who is certified by the children, youth and	
3	families department or a licensed child placement agency as	
4	meeting the definition of a "difficult to place child"	
5	pursuant to the Adoption Act; provided, however, if the	
6	classification as a "difficult to place child" is based on a	
7	physical or mental impairment or an emotional disturbance the	
8	physical or mental impairment or emotional disturbance shall	
9	be at least moderately disabling."	
10	SECTION 25. A new section of the Income Tax Act is	
11	enacted to read:	
12	"DEDUCTIONSCHOOL SUPPLIES PURCHASED BY A PUBLIC	
13	SCHOOL TEACHER	
14	A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another	
15	individual and is a public school teacher may claim a	
16	deduction from net income in an amount equal to the costs of	
17	school supplies purchased by the public school teacher in a	
18	taxable year, not to exceed:	
19	(1) for a taxable year beginning on January	
20	1, 2023 and prior to January 1, 2024, five hundred dollars	
21	<del>(\$500); and</del>	
22	(2) for a taxable year beginning on January	
23	1, 2024 and prior to January 1, 2028, one thousand dollars	
24	<del>(\$1,000).</del>	
25	B. To claim a deduction pursuant to this section,	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 62
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1	a taxpayer shall submit to the department information	
2	required by the secretary establishing that the taxpayer is	
3	eligible to claim a deduction pursuant to this section.	
4	C. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to	
5	this section shall report the amount of the deduction to the	
6	department in a manner required by the department.	
7	D. The department shall compile an annual report	
8	on the deduction provided by this section that shall include	
9	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive	
10	the deduction, the aggregate amount of deductions approved	
11	and any other information necessary to evaluate the	
12	deduction. The department shall present the report to the	
13	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the	
14	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of	
15	the deduction.	
16	E. As used in this section:	
17	(1) "public school teacher" means a person	
18	who is licensed as a teacher pursuant to the Public School	
19	Code and who teaches at a public school; and	
20	(2) "school supplies" means items purchased	
21	by a public school teacher and used by the students of the	
22	teacher in the teacher's classroom for educational purposes,	
23	including notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art	
24	supplies, rulers, maps and globes, but not including	
25	computers or other similar digital devices, watches, radios,	нт Р <i>а</i>
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digital music players, headphones, sporting equipment, 1 portable or desktop telephones, cellular telephones or other 2 electronic communication devices, copiers, office equipment, 3 furniture or fixtures." 4 5 SECTION 26. A new section of the Income Tax Act is 6 enacted to read: "GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION INCOME TAX CREDIT .--7 8 A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a 9 taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and who holds an interest in a geothermal electricity generation 10 facility may apply for, and the department may allow, a 11 credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant 12 13 to the Income Tax Act. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "geothermal electricity 14 generation income tax credit". 15 B. The amount of a tax credit allowed pursuant to 16 17 this section shall be an amount equal to one and one-half cents (\$.015) per kilowatt-hour of electricity generated in 18 19 New Mexico in a taxable year by the geothermal electricity generation facility for which the taxpayer holds an interest. 20 C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of 21 eligibility for the credit provided by this section from the 22 energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms 23 and in the manner prescribed by that department. The 24 aggregate amount of credits that may be certified pursuant to HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 64

1	this section and Section 27 of this 2023 act in any calendar
2	year is five million dollars (\$5,000,000). Completed
3	applications shall be considered in the order received.
4	Applications for certification received after this limitation
5	has been met in a calendar year shall not be approved. For
6	taxpayers eligible to receive the credit, the energy,
7	minerals and natural resources department shall issue a
8	<del>certificate of eligibility stating the amount of credit to</del>
9	which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. The
10	certificate of eligibility shall be numbered for
11	identification and declare the date of issuance and the
12	amount of the tax credit allowed.
13	D. To receive the credit provided by this
14	section, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms
15	and in the manner prescribed by the department. The
16	application shall include a certification made pursuant to
17	Subsection C of this section.
18	E. That portion of a credit that exceeds a
19	taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the
20	<del>credit is claimed may be carried forward for up to seven</del>
21	consecutive years; provided the total credits claimed
22	pursuant to this section shall not exceed the annual
23	aggregate amount pursuant to Subsection C of this section.
24	F. Married individuals filing separate returns
25	for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1	return may each alaim only one half of the gradit that yould
	return may each claim only one-half of the credit that would
2	<del>have been claimed on a joint return.</del>
3	G. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim
4	a credit provided by this section in proportion to the
5	taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an
6	interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal
7	income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability
8	company and that business entity has met all of the
9	requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit
10	claimed by all members of the partnership or limited
11	liability company shall not exceed the maximum amount of the
12	credit allowed pursuant to this section.
13	H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to
14	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the
15	department in a manner required by the department.
16	I. The department shall compile an annual report
17	<del>on the credit provided by this section that shall include the</del>
18	number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the
19	credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
20	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The
21	department shall present the report to the revenue
22	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative
23	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
24	<del>credit.</del>
25	J. As used in this section:

1	(1) "geothermal electricity generation	
2	facility" means a facility located in New Mexico that	
3	generates electricity from geothermal resources and:	
4	(a) for new facilities, begins	
5	construction on or after July 1, 2023; or	
6	(b) for existing facilities, on or	
7	after July 1, 2023, increases the amount of electricity	
8	generated from geothermal resources the facility generated	
9	prior to that date by at least one hundred percent;	
10	(2) "geothermal resources" means the	
11	natural heat of the earth in excess of two hundred fifty	
12	degrees Fahrenheit or the energy, in whatever form, below the	
13	surface of the earth present in, resulting from, created by	
14	or that may be extracted from this natural heat in excess of	
15	two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit and all minerals in	
16	solution or other products obtained from naturally heated	
17	fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,	
18	found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil,	
19	hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and	
20	excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not	
21	resulting from the natural heat of the earth in excess of two	
22	hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the	
23	heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site	
24	geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and	
25	(3) "interest in a geothermal electricity	HTRO Pag
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1	generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity			
2	generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;			
3	an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed			
4	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds			
5	title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an			
6	ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities			
7	that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a			
8	partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold			
9	interest in such facility."			
10	SECTION 27. A new section of the Corporate Income and			
11	Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:			
12	"GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION CORPORATE INCOME TAX			
13	CREDIT			
14	A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a			
15	taxpayer that holds an interest in a geothermal electricity			
16	generation facility may apply for, and the department may			
17	allow, a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed			
18	pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. The			
19	tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the			
20	"geothermal electricity generation corporate income tax			
21	<del>credit".</del>			
22	B. The amount of a tax credit allowed pursuant to			
23	this section shall be an amount equal to one and one-half			
24	cents (\$0.015) per kilowatt-hour of electricity generated in			
25	New Mexico in a taxable year by the geothermal electricity	F		
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1	concretion facility for which the terror holds on interest
_	generation facility for which the taxpayer holds an interest.
2	C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of
3	eligibility for the credit provided by this section from the
4	energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms
5	and in the manner prescribed by that department. The
6	aggregate amount of credits that may be certified pursuant to
7	this section and Section 26 of this 2023 act in any calendar
8	year is five million dollars (\$5,000,000). Completed
9	applications shall be considered in the order received.
10	Applications for certification received after this limitation
11	has been met in a calendar year shall not be approved. For
12	taxpayers eligible to receive the credit, the energy,
13	minerals and natural resources department shall issue a
14	<del>certificate of eligibility stating the amount of credit to</del>
15	which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. The
16	certificate of eligibility shall be numbered for
17	identification and declare the date of issuance and the
18	amount of the tax credit allowed.
19	D. To receive the credit provided by this
20	section, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms
21	and in the manner prescribed by the department. The
22	application shall include a certification made pursuant to
23	Subsection C of this section.
24	E. That portion of a credit that exceeds a
25	taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the

1	<del>credit is claimed may be carried forward for up to seven</del>
2	consecutive years; provided the total credits claimed
3	pursuant to this section shall not exceed the annual
4	aggregate amount pursuant to Subsection C of this section.
5	F. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to
6	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the
7	department in a manner required by that department.
8	G. The department shall compile an annual report
9	on the credit provided by this section that shall include the
10	number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the
11	credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
12	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The
13	department shall present the report to the revenue
14	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative
15	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
16	<del>credit.</del>
17	H. As used in this section:
18	(1) "geothermal electricity generation
19	facility" means a facility located in New Mexico that
20	generates electricity from geothermal resources and:
21	(a) for new facilities, begins
22	construction on or after July 1, 2023; or
23	(b) for existing facilities, on or
24	after July 1, 2023, increases the amount of electricity
25	generated from geothermal resources the facility generated HTRC/HB 547/a Page 70

1	noted to that data has at least one hundred nearest.	
1	prior to that date by at least one hundred percent;	
2	(2) "geothermal resources" means the	
3	natural heat of the earth in excess of two hundred fifty	
4	degrees Fahrenheit or the energy, in whatever form, below the	
5	surface of the earth present in, resulting from, created by	
6	or that may be extracted from this natural heat in excess of	
7	two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit and all minerals in	
8	solution or other products obtained from naturally heated	
9	fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,	
10	found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil,	
11	hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and	
12	excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not	
13	resulting from the natural heat of the earth in excess of two	
14	hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the	
15	heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site	
16	geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and	
17	(3) "interest in a geothermal electricity	
18	generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity	
19	generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;	
20	an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed	
21	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds	
22	title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an	
23	ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities	
24	that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a	
25	partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 71

interest in such facility." 1 SECTION 28. A new section of the Gross Receipts and 2 3 Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read: "DEDUCTIONS--GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--COMPENSATING 4 5 TAX--GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION-RELATED SALES AND USE . --6 A. Prior to July 1, 2028, receipts from: 7 (1) selling tangible personal property 8 9 installed as part of, or services rendered in connection with, constructing and equipping a geothermal electricity 10 generation facility may be deducted from gross receipts; 11 12 (2) selling tangible personal property 13 installed as part of a system used for the distribution of electricity generated from a geothermal electricity 14 generation facility may be deducted from gross receipts; and 15 (3) selling or leasing tangible personal 16 17 property or selling services that are construction plant costs to a person who holds an interest in a geothermal 18 19 electricity generation facility may be deducted from gross receipts if the holder of the interest delivers an 20 appropriate nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller 21 or lessor or provides alternative evidence pursuant to 22 Section 7-9-43 NMSA 1978. 23 B. Prior to July 1, 2028, the value of: 24 (1) tangible personal property installed as 25

part of, or services rendered in connection with, 1 2 constructing and equipping a geothermal electricity generation facility may be deducted in computing compensating 3 tax due; 4 5 (2) tangible personal property installed as part of a system used for the distribution of electricity 6 7 generated from a geothermal electricity generation facility may be deducted in computing compensating tax due; and 8 (3) construction plant costs purchased by a 9 person who holds an interest in a geothermal electricity 10 generation facility may be deducted in computing the 11 compensating tax due. 12 C. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to 13 this section shall report the amount of the deduction 14 separately in a manner required by the department. 15 D. The department and the energy, minerals and 16 natural resources department shall compile an annual report 17 on the deductions provided by this section that shall include 18 the number of taxpayers that claimed the deductions, the 19 aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other 20 information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the 21 deductions. The departments shall present the annual report 22 to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the 23 legislative finance committee with an analysis of the 24 effectiveness and cost of the deductions. 25

1	E. As used in this section:	
2	(1) "construction plant costs" means actual	
3	expenditures for the development and construction of a	
4	geothermal electricity generation facility, including the	
5	drilling of wells to at least twelve thousand feet;	
6	permitting; site characterization and assessment;	
7	engineering; design; site and equipment acquisition; raw	
8	materials; and fuel supply development used directly and	
9	exclusively in the facility;	
10	(2) "geothermal electricity generation	
11	facility" means a facility located in New Mexico that	
12	generates electricity from geothermal resources and:	
13	(a) for a new facility, begins	
14	construction on or after July 1, 2023; or	
15	(b) for an existing facility, on or	
16	after July 1, 2023, increases the amount of electricity	
17	generated from geothermal resources the facility generated	
18	prior to that date by at least one hundred percent;	
19	(3) "geothermal resources" means the	
20	natural heat of the earth in excess of two hundred fifty	
21	degrees Fahrenheit or the energy, in whatever form, below the	
22	surface of the earth present in, resulting from, created by	
23	or that may be extracted from this natural heat in excess of	
24	two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit and all minerals in	
25	solution or other products obtained from naturally heated	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 74
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1	fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,	
2	found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil,	
3	hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and	
4	excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not	
5	resulting from the natural heat of the earth in excess of two	
6	hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the	
7	heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site	
8	geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and	
9	(4) "interest in a geothermal electricity	
10	generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity	
11	generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;	
12	an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed	
13	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds	
14	title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an	
15	ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities	
16	that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a	
17	partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold	
18	interest in such facility."	
19	SECTION 29. Section 7-2-18.24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
20	2009, Chapter 271, Section 1) is amended to read:	
21	"7-2-18.24. GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED HEAT PUMP TAX	
22	CREDIT	
23	A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico	
24	income tax return for a taxable year beginning on or after	
25	January 1, 2023 and who purchases and installs after January	нтн Ра
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1	1, 2023 but before December 31, 2028 a geothermal ground-
2	coupled heat pump in a residence, business or agricultural
3	enterprise in New Mexico owned by that taxpayer may apply
4	for, and the department may allow, a tax credit of up to
5	thirty percent of the purchase and installation costs of the
6	system. The credit provided in this section may be referred
7	to as the "geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit".
8	The total geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit
9	allowed to a taxpayer shall not exceed nine thousand dollars
10	(\$9,000). The department shall allow a geothermal ground-
11	coupled heat pump tax credit only for geothermal ground-
12	coupled heat pumps certified by the energy, minerals and
13	natural resources department.
14	B. That portion of a geothermal ground-coupled
15	heat pump tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability
16	in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed shall be
17	refunded to the taxpayer.
18	C. The energy, minerals and natural resources
19	department shall adopt rules establishing procedures to
20	provide certification of geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps
21	for purposes of obtaining a geothermal ground-coupled heat
22	pump tax credit. The rules shall address technical
23	specifications and requirements relating to safety, building
24	code and standards compliance, minimum system sizes, system
25	applications and lists of eligible components. The energy,

minerals and natural resources department may modify the specifications and requirements as necessary to maintain a high level of system quality and performance.

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D. The department may allow a maximum annual aggregate of four million dollars (\$4,000,000) in geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credits. Applications for the 6 credit shall be considered in the order received by the department. 8

E. A taxpayer who otherwise qualifies and claims 9 a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit with respect 10 to property owned by a partnership or other business 11 association of which the taxpayer is a member may claim a 12 13 credit only in proportion to that taxpayer's interest in the partnership or association. The total credit claimed in the 14 15 aggregate by all members of the partnership or association with respect to the property shall not exceed the amount of 16 the credit that could have been claimed by a sole owner of 17 the property. 18

F. Married individuals who file separate returns 19 for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint 20 return may each claim only one-half of the credit that would 21 have been allowed on a joint return. 22

G. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to 23 this section shall report the amount of the credit to the 24 department in a manner required by the department. 25

1	H. The department shall compile an annual report	
2	on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include	
3	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive	
4	the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any	
5	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The	
6	department shall present the report to the revenue	
7	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative	
8	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax	
9	<del>credit.</del>	
10	I. As used in this section, "geothermal ground-	
11	coupled heat pump" means a system that uses energy from the	
12	ground, water or, ultimately, the sun for distribution of	
13	heating, cooling or domestic hot water; that has either a	
14	minimum coefficient of performance of three and four-tenths	
15	or an efficiency ratio of sixteen or greater; and that is	
16	installed by an accredited installer certified by the	
17	international ground source heat pump association."	
18	SECTION 30. Section 7-2A-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
19	2009, Chapter 271, Section 2) is amended to read:	
20	"7-2A-24. GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED HEAT PUMP TAX	
21	<del>CREDIT</del>	
22	A. A taxpayer that files a New Mexico corporate	
23	income tax return for a taxable year beginning on or after	
24	January 1, 2023 and that purchases and installs after January	
25	1, 2023 but before December 31, 2028 a geothermal ground-	HTR Pag

1	coupled heat pump in a property owned by the taxpayer may	
2	claim against the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability,	
3	and the department may allow, a tax credit of up to thirty	
4	percent of the purchase and installation costs of the system.	
5	The credit provided in this section may be referred to as the	
6	"geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit". The total	
7	geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit allowed to a	
8	taxpayer shall not exceed nine thousand dollars (\$9,000).	
9	The department shall allow a geothermal ground-coupled heat	
10	pump tax credit only for geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps	
11	certified by the energy, minerals and natural resources	
12	department.	
13	B. A portion of the geothermal ground-coupled	
14	heat pump tax credit that remains unused in a taxable year	
15	may be carried forward for a maximum of ten consecutive	
16	taxable years following the taxable year in which the credit	
17	originates until the credit is fully expended.	
18	C. The energy, minerals and natural resources	
19	department shall adopt rules establishing procedures to	
20	provide certification of geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps	
21	for purposes of obtaining a geothermal ground-coupled heat	
22	pump tax credit. The rules shall address technical	
23	specifications and requirements relating to safety, building	
24	code and standards compliance, minimum system sizes, system	
25	applications and lists of eligible components. The energy,	$H_{1}$

1	minerals and natural resources department may modify the
2	specifications and requirements as necessary to maintain a
3	high level of system quality and performance.
4	D. The department may allow a maximum annual
5	aggregate of four million dollars (\$4,000,000) in geothermal
6	ground-coupled heat pump tax credits. Applications for the
7	credit shall be considered in the order received by the
8	department.
9	E. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to
10	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the
11	department in a manner required by the department.
12	F. The department shall compile an annual report
13	on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include
14	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive
15	the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
16	other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The
17	department shall present the report to the revenue
18	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative
19	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
20	<del>credit.</del>
21	G. As used in this section, "geothermal ground-
22	coupled heat pump" means a refrigeration system that provides
23	space heating, space cooling, domestic hot water, processed
24	hot water, processed chilled water or any other application
25	where hot air, cool air, hot water or chilled water is

required and that utilizes the ground or water circulating through pipes buried in the ground as a condenser in the cooling mode or an evaporator in the heating mode."

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SECTION 31. Section 7-2F-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 127, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2F-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Film Production Tax Credit Act:

A. "affiliated person" means a person who
directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or
controlled by or is under common ownership or control with
another person through ownership of voting securities or
other ownership interests representing a majority of the
total voting power of the entity;

"background artist" means a person who is not 14 Β. 15 a performing artist but is a person of atmospheric business 16 whose work includes atmospheric noise, normal actions, 17 gestures and facial expressions of that person's assignment; or a person of atmospheric business whose work includes 18 special abilities that are not stunts; or a substitute for 19 20 another actor, whether photographed as a double or acting as a stand-in: 21

C. "below-the-line crew" means a person in a position that is off-camera and who provides technical services during the physical production of a film. "Belowthe-line crew" does not include a person who is a writer,

1 director, producer or background artist or performing artist
2 for the film;

D. "commercial audiovisual product" means a film
or a video game intended for commercial exploitation;

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E. "direct production expenditure" means a transaction that is subject to taxation in New Mexico and is certified pursuant to Subsection A of Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978:

(1) including an expenditure for:

10 (a) payment of wages, fringe benefits
11 or fees for talent, management or labor to a person who is a
12 New Mexico resident;

(b) payment for standard industry craft inventory when provided by a below-the-line crew that is a New Mexico resident in addition to its below-the-line crew services;

(c) payment for wages and per diem for a performing artist who is not a New Mexico resident and who is directly employed by the film production company; provided that the film production company deducts and remits, or causes to be deducted and remitted, income tax from the first day of services rendered in New Mexico at the maximum rate pursuant to the Withholding Tax Act;

24 (d) payment to a personal services
25 business for the services of a performing artist if: 1) the

personal services business pays gross receipts tax in New Mexico on the portion of those payments qualifying for the 2 tax credit; and 2) the film production company deducts and remits, or causes to be deducted and remitted, income tax at the maximum rate in New Mexico pursuant to Subsection H of Section 7-3A-3 NMSA 1978 on the portion of those payments 6 qualifying for the tax credit paid to a personal services business where the performing artist is a full or part owner 8 of that business or subcontracts with a personal services business where the performing artist is a full or part owner of that business; and

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any of the following provided by a 12 (e) vendor: 1) the story and scenario to be used for a film; 2) 13 set construction and operations, wardrobe, accessories and 14 15 related services; 3) photography, sound synchronization, lighting and related services; 4) editing and related 16 services; 5) rental of facilities and equipment; 6) the first 17 one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) of the daily expense of 18 leasing of vehicles, not including the chartering of aircraft 19 20 for out-of-state transportation; however, New Mexico-based chartered aircraft for in-state transportation directly 21 attributable to the production shall be considered a direct 22 production expenditure; 7) food; 8) the first three hundred 23 dollars (\$300) of lodging per individual, per day; 9) 24 commercial airfare if purchased through a New Mexico-based 25

1 travel agency or travel company for travel to and from New Mexico or within New Mexico that is directly attributable to 2 3 the production; 10) insurance coverage and bonding if purchased through a New Mexico-based insurance agent, broker 4 5 or bonding agent; 11) subcontracted goods and services from businesses; provided that the ordinary course of business of 6 the vendor procuring the goods and services from the 7 subcontractor directly relates to standard film industry 8 goods and services; and 12) other direct costs of producing a 9 film in accordance with generally accepted entertainment 10 industry practice; and 11 does not include an expenditure for: 12 (2)a gift with a value greater than 13 (a) one hundred dollars (\$100); 14 15 (b) artwork or jewelry, except that a work of art or a piece of jewelry may be a direct production 16 expenditure if: 1) it is used in the film production; and 2) 17 the expenditure is less than two thousand five hundred 18 dollars (\$2,500); 19 (c) entertainment, amusement or 20 recreation; 21 (d) subcontracted goods or services 22 provided by a vendor when the subcontractors providing those 23 goods or services to the vendor are not subject to state 24 taxation, such as equipment and locations provided by the 25

1 military, government and organizations that demonstrate to the taxation and revenue department that they have been 2 3 granted exemption from the federal income tax by the United States commissioner of internal revenue as organizations 4 5 described in Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered; 6 7 (e) subcontracted services provided by a vendor when the subcontracted services are provided by a 8 person who is below-the-line crew and is not a New Mexico 9 resident; 10 (f) hidden or other indirect service 11 fees, costs, commissions or other remuneration received by 12 third parties and that are not directly paid by the film 13 production company or expressly enumerated on a film 14 15 production company's filing to claim a new film production 16 tax credit; (g) wages for a person who is not a 17 New Mexico resident and who falsely claims to be a New Mexico 18 The wages of such person shall not be considered 19 resident. 20 an eligible expense for two years from the date in which the person is determined by the taxation and revenue department 21 as having made a false claim, regardless of whether the 22 person becomes a New Mexico resident within that time frame; 23 24 or (h) which the film production company 25

1 receives funding pursuant to Section 21-19-7.1 NMSA 1978; F. "division" means the New Mexico film division 2 3 of the economic development department; "federal new markets tax credit program" means 4 G. 5 the tax credit program codified as Section 45D of the United 6 States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; "film" means a single medium or multimedia 7 Η. program, including television programs but excluding 8 advertising messages other than national or regional 9 10 advertising messages intended for exhibition, that: is fixed on film, a digital medium, 11 (1) videotape, computer disc, laser disc or other similar 12 delivery medium; 13 (2) can be viewed or reproduced; 14 15 (3) is not intended to and does not violate 16 a provision of Chapter 30, Article 37 NMSA 1978; and (4) is intended for reasonable commercial 17 exploitation for the delivery medium used; 18 "film production company" means a person that 19 I. 20 produces one or more films or commercial audiovisual products or any part of a film or commercial audiovisual product; 21 "fiscal year" means the state fiscal year J. 22 beginning on July 1; 23 "New Mexico film partner" means a film 24 Κ. production company that has made a commitment to produce 25

films or commercial audiovisual products in New Mexico and has purchased or executed a ten-year contract to lease a qualified production facility;

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"New Mexico resident" means an individual who 4 L. 5 is domiciled in this state during any part of the taxable year or an individual who is physically present in this state 6 for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable 7 year; but any individual, other than someone who was 8 physically present in the state for one hundred eighty-five 9 days or more during the taxable year and who, on or before 10 the last day of the taxable year, changed the individual's 11 place of abode to a place without this state with the bona 12 fide intention of continuing actually to abide permanently 13 without this state is not a resident for the purposes of the 14 15 Film Production Tax Credit Act for periods after that change of abode; 16

M. "performing artist" means an actor, on-camera stuntperson, puppeteer, pilot who is a stuntperson or actor, specialty foreground performer or narrator; and who speaks a line of dialogue, is identified with the product or reacts to narration as assigned. "Performing artist" does not include a background artist;

N. "personal services business" means a business
organization, with or without physical presence, that
receives payments pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit

Act for the services of a performing artist;

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0. "physical presence" means a physical address in New Mexico from which a vendor conducts business, stores inventory or otherwise creates, assembles or offers for sale the product purchased or leased by a film production company and the vendor or an employee of the vendor is a resident;

"postproduction expenditure" means an 7 Ρ. 8 expenditure, certified pursuant to Subsection A of Section 9 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978, for editing, Foley recording, automatic 10 dialogue replacement, sound editing, special effects, including computer-generated imagery or other effects, 11 scoring and music editing, beginning and end credits, 12 negative cutting, soundtrack production, dubbing, subtitling 13 or addition of sound or visual effects; but not including an 14 15 expenditure for advertising, marketing, distribution or 16 expense payments;

Q. "principal photography" means the production of a film during which the main visual elements are created;

19 R. "qualified production facility" means a
20 building, or complex of buildings, building improvements and
21 associated back-lot facilities in which films are or are
22 intended to be regularly produced and that contain at least
23 one:

(1) sound stage with contiguous floor space of at least seven thousand square feet and a ceiling height

of no less than eighteen feet; or

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(2) standing set that includes at least one interior, and at least five exteriors, built or re-purposed for film production use on a continual basis and is located on at least fifty acres of contiguous space designated for film production use; and

"vendor" means a person who sells or leases 7 S. 8 goods or services that are related to standard industry craft 9 inventory, who has a physical presence in New Mexico and is 10 subject to gross receipts tax pursuant to the Gross Receipts 11 and Compensating Tax Act or income tax pursuant to the Income Tax Act or corporate income tax pursuant to the Corporate 12 Income and Franchise Tax Act but excludes a personal services 13 14 business and services provided by nonresidents hired or 15 subcontracted if the tasks and responsibilities are 16 associated with the standard industry job position of director, writer or producer." 17

18 SECTION 32. Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 19 2019, Chapter 87, Section 6) is amended to read:

20 "7-2F-12. CREDIT CLAIMS--CERTIFICATION OF DIRECT
 21 PRODUCTION AND POSTPRODUCTION EXPENDITURES--AGGREGATE AMOUNT
 22 OF CLAIMS ALLOWED--EXCEPTION.--

A. The division shall certify a film production
company's budget for direct production expenditures and
postproduction expenditures during a preproduction meeting

with the division; provided that the division is prohibited from certifying a film production company's budget if the total expected claims in excess of the aggregate amount of claims that may be authorized for payment pursuant to Subsection B of this section would exceed one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in any fiscal year; and provided further that the limitation in this subsection shall not apply to certification of a budget for a New Mexico film partner.

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Except as provided in Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Β. 10 Section 10, the aggregate amount of claims for a credit 11 provided by the Film Production Tax Credit Act that may be 12 authorized in any fiscal year with respect to the direct 13 production expenditures or postproduction expenditures made 14 15 on film or commercial audiovisual products shall be in the 16 following amounts; provided that direct production expenditures and postproduction expenditures made by a New 17 Mexico film partner shall not be subject to the aggregate 18 amount of claims provided by this subsection: 19

20 (1) prior to fiscal year 2024, one hundred 21 ten million dollars (\$110,000,000);

(2) from fiscal year 2024 through fiscal
year 2028, the amount provided in Paragraph (1) of this
subsection shall be increased by ten million dollars
(\$10,000,000) in each of those fiscal years; and

(3) for fiscal year 2029 and subsequent fiscal years, one hundred sixty million dollars (\$160,000,000).

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C. If a film production company submits a claim for a credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act and the aggregate amount of claims pursuant to Subsection B of this section has been met for the fiscal year, the claim shall be placed at the front of a queue for payment in a subsequent fiscal year. Claims shall be placed in order of the date on which the completed return in which the credit is claimed is filed. Claims authorized for payment shall be paid pursuant to the Tax Administration Act.

To provide guidance to film production 13 D. companies regarding the amount of credit capacity remaining 14 15 in the fiscal year, the taxation and revenue department shall post monthly on that department's website the aggregate 16 amount of credits claimed and paid for the fiscal year. 17 In addition, the division shall post monthly on the division's 18 website the aggregate amount of claims certified pursuant to 19 20 Subsection A of this section for the fiscal year or any subsequent fiscal year." 21

SECTION 33. Section 7-2F-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 7) is amended to read:

"7-2F-13. NEW FILM PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT.--

A. The tax credit created by this section may be

1 referred to as the "new film production tax credit". B. A film production company that meets the 2 3 requirements of the Film Production Tax Credit Act may apply for, and the taxation and revenue department may allow, a tax 4 5 credit in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of: direct production expenditures made in 6 (1) New Mexico that: 7 (a) are directly attributable to the 8 production in New Mexico of a film or commercial audiovisual 9 product; 10 (b) are subject to taxation by the 11 state of New Mexico: 12 (c) exclude direct production 13 expenditures for which another taxpayer claims the new film 14 15 production tax credit; and 16 (d) do not exceed the usual and customary cost of the goods or services acquired when 17 purchased by unrelated parties. The secretary of taxation 18 and revenue may determine the value of the goods or services 19 20 for purposes of this section when the buyer and seller are affiliated persons or the sale or purchase is not an arm's 21 length transaction; and 22 postproduction expenditures made in New (2) 23 Mexico that: 24 are directly attributable to the (a) HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 92

1 production of a commercial film or audiovisual product; are for services performed in New 2 (b) 3 Mexico; are subject to taxation by the 4 (c) 5 state of New Mexico; (d) exclude postproduction 6 expenditures for which another taxpayer claims the new film 7 production tax credit; and 8 do not exceed the usual and 9 (e) customary cost of the goods or services acquired when 10 purchased by unrelated parties. The secretary of taxation 11 and revenue may determine the value of the goods or services 12 for purposes of this section when the buyer and seller are 13 affiliated persons or the sale or purchase is not an arm's 14 15 length transaction. C. With respect to expenditures attributable to a 16 production for which the film production company receives a 17 tax credit pursuant to the federal new markets tax credit 18 program, the percentage to be applied in calculating the 19 20 amount of credit allowed pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act is twenty percent. 21 A claim for new film production tax credits 22 D. shall be filed as part of a return filed pursuant to the 23 Income Tax Act or the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act 24 or an information return filed by an entity assigned payment 25

of an authorized credit pursuant to Section 7-2F-5 NMSA 1978. The date a complete credit claim is received by the taxation and revenue department shall determine the order that a credit claim is authorized for payment by the department. The film production company may apply all or a portion of the new film production tax credit granted against personal income tax liability or corporate income tax liability. If the amount of the credit claimed exceeds the film production company's tax liability for the taxable year in which the credit is being claimed, the excess shall be refunded.

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E. A credit claim shall only be considered 11 received by the taxation and revenue department if the credit 12 claim is made on a complete return filed after the close of 13 the taxable year. All direct production expenditures and 14 15 postproduction expenditures incurred during the taxable year by a film production company shall be submitted as part of 16 the same income tax return and paid pursuant to this section. 17 A credit claim shall not be divided and submitted with 18 multiple returns or in multiple years. 19

F. For purposes of determining the payment of credit claims pursuant to this section, the secretary of taxation and revenue may require that credit claims of affiliated persons be combined into one claim if necessary to accurately reflect closely integrated activities of affiliated persons.

G. The new film production tax credit shall not be claimed with respect to direct production expenditures or postproduction expenditures for which the film production company has delivered a nontaxable transaction certificate pursuant to Section 7-9-86 NMSA 1978 or alternative evidence pursuant to Section 7-9-43 NMSA 1978.

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A production for which the new film production 7 Η. tax credit is claimed pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection 8 B of this section shall contain an acknowledgment to the 9 10 state of New Mexico. Unless otherwise agreed upon in writing by the film production company and the division, the 11 acknowledgment shall be in the end screen credits that the 12 production was filmed in New Mexico and a three-second static 13 or animated state logo provided by the division shall be 14 15 included and embedded in the following:

16 (1) end screen credits before the below-17 the-line crew crawl for the life of the project of long-form 18 narrative film productions; and

body of the program for the life of 19 (2) 20 television episodes, the placement of which shall be: (a) in the opening sequence; 21 (b) as a bumper into or out of a 22 commercial break; or 23 24 (c) in a prominent position in each single project's end credits with no less than a half screen 25

exposure, but not covering content.

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To be eligible for the new film production tax 2 I. 3 credit, a film production company shall submit to the division information required by the division to demonstrate 4 5 conformity with the requirements of the Film Production Tax 6 Credit Act, including production data deemed necessary by the division and the economic development department to determine 7 the effectiveness of the credit, and a projection of the new 8 film production tax credit claim the film production company 9 plans to submit. In addition, the film production company 10 shall agree in writing: 11 (1) to pay all obligations the film 12 13 production company has incurred in New Mexico; (2) to post a notice at completion of 14 15 principal photography on the website of the division that: 16 (a) contains production company information, including the name of the production and contact 17 information that includes a working phone number and email 18 address for both the local production office and the 19 20 permanent production office to notify the public of the need to file creditor claims against the film production company; 21 and 22 remains posted on the website (b) 23 until all financial obligations incurred in the state by the 24

film production company have been paid;

(3) that outstanding obligations are not
 waived should a creditor fail to file;

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(4) to delay filing of a claim for the new film production tax credit until the division delivers written notification to the taxation and revenue department that the film production company has fulfilled all requirements for the credit; and

8 (5) to submit a completed application for
9 the new film production tax credit and supporting
10 documentation to the division within one year of making the
11 final expenditures in New Mexico that were incurred for the
12 registered project and that are included in the credit claim.

The division, in consultation with the 13 J. taxation and revenue department, shall determine the 14 15 eligibility of the film production company and shall report this information to the taxation and revenue department in a 16 manner and at times the economic development department and 17 the taxation and revenue department shall agree upon. 18 The division shall also post on its website all information 19 20 provided by the film production company that does not reveal revenue, income or other information that may jeopardize the 21 confidentiality of income tax returns. 22

K. To receive a new film production tax credit, a
film production company shall apply to the taxation and
revenue department on forms and in the manner the department

1 The application shall include a certification may prescribe. 2 of the amount of direct production expenditures or 3 postproduction expenditures made in New Mexico with respect to the film production for which the film production company 4 5 is seeking the credit; provided that for the credit, the application shall be submitted within one year of the date of 6 the last direct production expenditure in New Mexico or the 7 last postproduction expenditure in New Mexico. If the amount 8 of the requested tax credit exceeds five million dollars 9 10 (\$5,000,000), the application shall also include the results of an audit, conducted by a certified public accountant 11 licensed to practice in New Mexico, verifying that the 12 expenditures have been made in compliance with the 13 requirements of this section. If the requirements of this 14 15 section have been complied with, the taxation and revenue department shall approve the credit and issue a document 16 granting the credit. 17

Except as provided in Subsection M of this 18 L. section, that amount of a new film production tax credit for 19 20 total payments as applied to direct production expenditures for the services of performing artists shall not exceed five 21 million dollars (\$5,000,000) for services rendered by 22 nonresident performing artists in a production. This 23 limitation shall not apply to the services of background 24 artists or resident performing artists cast in industry 25

standard feature performing roles.

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2 In addition to the amount of payments allowed Μ. 3 pursuant to Subsection L of this section, that amount of a new film production tax credit for total payments as applied 4 5 to direct production expenditures made by a New Mexico film 6 partner for the services of nonresident performing artists, directors, producers, screenwriters and editors shall not 7 8 exceed ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) for services 9 rendered for each production; provided that the total 10 payments allowed pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed 11 an annual aggregate maximum of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) for all productions in a fiscal year. If the 12 aggregate amount of payments made in a fiscal year is less 13 than the annual aggregate maximum, then the difference in 14 15 that fiscal year shall be added to the annual aggregate maximum allowed in the following fiscal year." 16

SECTION 34. Section 7-2F-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 8) is amended to read:

"7-2F-14. ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS TO BE APPLIED IN CALCULATING CREDIT AMOUNTS--EXPENDITURES MADE IN CERTAIN AREAS OF THE STATE--TELEVISION PILOTS AND SERIES.--

A. In addition to the percentage of direct
production expenditures and postproduction expenditures
calculated pursuant to Section 7-2F-13 NMSA 1978, an
additional percentage shall be applied for payments for

1 direct production expenditures and postproduction
2 expenditures, as follows:

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(1) ten percent for work, services or items provided on location for a production of a film or commercial audiovisual product that is located in New Mexico at least sixty miles from the city hall of the county seat of certain counties; and

8 (2) five percent for either of the9 following:

(a) on a standalone pilot intended for
series television in New Mexico or on series television
productions intended for commercial distribution with an
order for at least six episodes in a single season; provided
that the New Mexico budget for each of those six episodes is
fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more; or

16 (b) on a production in a qualified 17 production facility.

B. As used in this section, "certain counties"
means class A counties with a net taxable value of property
for property taxation purposes of greater than seven billion
five hundred million dollars (\$7,500,000,000)."

22 SECTION 35. Section 7-2F-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
23 2019, Chapter 87, Section 9) is amended to read:

"7-2F-15. NONRESIDENT BELOW-THE-LINE CREW CREDIT.--A film production company may apply for, and the taxation and

1 revenue department may allow, a tax credit, which may be 2 referred to as the "nonresident below-the-line crew credit", 3 in an amount equal to fifteen percent of the payment of wages for below-the-line crew who are not New Mexico residents, 4 5 that are directly attributable to the production in New 6 Mexico of a film or commercial audiovisual product for which the film production company is claiming a new film production 7 tax credit; provided that: 8 the service for which payment is made is 9 Α. rendered in New Mexico; 10 Β. the payment of wages excludes payments: 11 for below-the-line crew who are 12 (1)13 producers, directors, screenwriters, cast and production assistants; and 14 15 (2) made to a personal services business; C. prior to July 1, 2028, for a film production 16 company that is a New Mexico film partner, the total amount 17 of wages applied toward the additional credit allowed 18 pursuant to this section may be up to one hundred percent of 19 20 the amount of wages of resident below-the-line wages claimed; provided that the film production company provides a seventy-21 two-hour notice of the opportunity to be hired to resident 22 below-the-line crew, which may be through a collective 23

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and

bargaining unit that represents resident below-the-line crew;

1 for a film production company that is not a D. New Mexico film partner and, beginning July 1, 2028, for a 2 3 film production company that is a New Mexico film partner: (1) the total eligible wages for below-the-4 5 line crew who are not New Mexico residents are not more than fifteen percent of the production's total New Mexico budget 6 for below-the-line crew wages; and 7 (2) the film production company may claim 8 the nonresident below-the-line crew credit for employing up 9 10 to the following numbers of nonresident below-the-line crew in New Mexico and shall be as calculated by the division upon 11 application for certification pursuant to Subsection A of 12 Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978; provided that the total number 13 shall not exceed twenty positions: 14 15 (a) five positions if the production's 16 final New Mexico budget is up to two million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$2,750,000); 17 (b) ten positions if the production's 18 final New Mexico budget is greater than two million seven 19 20 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$2,750,000) and up to seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000); 21 (c) fifteen positions if the 22 production's final New Mexico budget is greater than seven 23 million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000) and up to 24 eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000); 25

1 one position in addition to the (d) 2 number of positions provided in Subparagraph (c) of this 3 paragraph for every ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) over eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000) of the production's 4 5 final New Mexico budget; and five positions in addition to the 6 (e) number of positions provided in Subparagraphs (a) through (d) 7 8 of this paragraph for a television pilot episode that has 9 been ordered to series; provided that the film production company certifies to the division that the series is intended 10 to be produced in New Mexico." 11 SECTION 36. Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2004, 12 Chapter 116, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: 13 "7-9-93. DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS--CERTAIN RECEIPTS 14 15 FOR SERVICES PROVIDED BY HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER OR ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS. --16 17 Α. Receipts of a health care practitioner or an association of health care practitioners for commercial 18 contract services or medicare part C services paid by a 19 20 managed care organization or health care insurer may be deducted from gross receipts if the services are within the 21 scope of practice of the health care practitioner providing 22 the service. Receipts from fee-for-service payments by a 23 24 health care insurer may not be deducted from gross receipts. B. Prior to July 1, 2028, receipts from a 25

copayment or deductible paid by an insured or enrollee to a health care practitioner or an association of health care practitioners for commercial contract services pursuant to the terms of the insured's health insurance plan or enrollee's managed care health plan may be deducted from gross receipts.

The deductions provided by this section shall 7 C. be applied only to gross receipts remaining after all other 8 allowable deductions available under the Gross Receipts and 9 10 Compensating Tax Act have been taken.

A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to D. this section shall report the amount of the deduction 12 separately in a manner required by the department. 13

Ε. The department shall compile an annual report 14 15 on the deductions provided by this section that shall include 16 the number of taxpayers that claimed the deductions, the aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other 17 information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the 18 The department shall present the report to the 19 deductions. 20 revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of 21 the deductions. 22

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As used in this section: F.

> "association of health care (1)

practitioners" means a corporation, unincorporated business

1 entity or other legal entity organized by, owned by or employing one or more health care practitioners; provided 2 3 that the entity is not: an organization granted exemption 4 (a) 5 from the federal income tax by the United States commissioner of internal revenue as organizations described in Section 6 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 7 as that section may be amended or renumbered; or 8 9 (b) a health maintenance organization, hospital, hospice, nursing home or an entity that is solely 10 an outpatient facility or intermediate care facility licensed 11 pursuant to the Public Health Act; 12 "commercial contract services" means 13 (2)health care services performed by a health care practitioner 14 15 pursuant to a contract with a managed care organization or health care insurer other than those health care services 16 provided for medicare patients pursuant to Title 18 of the 17 federal Social Security Act or for medicaid patients pursuant 18 to Title 19 or Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act; 19 20 (3) "copayment or deductible" means the amount of covered charges an insured or enrollee is required 21 to pay in a plan year for commercial contract services before 22 the insured's health insurance plan or enrollee's managed 23 care health plan begins to pay for applicable covered 24 charges; HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 105

1 "fee-for-service" means payment for (4) 2 health care services by a health care insurer for covered 3 charges under an indemnity insurance plan; "health care insurer" means a person 4 (5) 5 that: (a) has a valid certificate of 6 authority in good standing pursuant to the New Mexico 7 Insurance Code to act as an insurer, health maintenance 8 organization or nonprofit health care plan or prepaid dental 9 10 plan; and 11 (b) contracts to reimburse licensed health care practitioners for providing basic health services 12 to enrollees at negotiated fee rates; 13 "health care practitioner" means: (6) 14 15 (a) a chiropractic physician licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Chiropractic Physician 16 Practice Act; 17 (b) a dentist or dental hygienist 18 licensed pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act; 19 20 (c) a doctor of oriental medicine licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Acupuncture and 21 Oriental Medicine Practice Act; 22 an optometrist licensed pursuant (d) 23 to the provisions of the Optometry Act; 24 (e) an osteopathic physician licensed HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 106

1 pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice Act; 2 (f) a physical therapist licensed 3 pursuant to the provisions of the Physical Therapy Act; a physician or physician assistant 4 (g) 5 licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice 6 Act; (h) a podiatrist licensed pursuant to 7 8 the provisions of the Podiatry Act; (i) a psychologist licensed pursuant 9 to the provisions of the Professional Psychologist Act; 10 11 (j) a registered lay midwife registered by the department of health; 12 a registered nurse or licensed 13 (k) practical nurse licensed pursuant to the provisions of the 14 15 Nursing Practice Act; 16 (1)a registered occupational therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the 17 Occupational Therapy Act; 18 a respiratory care practitioner 19 (m) 20 licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Respiratory Care Act; 21 (n) a speech-language pathologist or 22 audiologist licensed pursuant to the Speech-Language 23 Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices 24 Act; HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 107

1 a professional clinical mental (0) 2 health counselor, marriage and family therapist or 3 professional art therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Counseling and Therapy Practice Act who has 4 5 obtained a master's degree or a doctorate; an independent social worker 6 (p) 7 licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Social Work Practice Act; and 8 a clinical laboratory that is 9 (q) accredited pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 263a but that is not 10 a laboratory in a physician's office or in a hospital defined 11 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1395x; 12 "managed care health plan" means a 13 (7) health care plan offered by a managed care organization that 14 15 provides for the delivery of comprehensive basic health care 16 services and medically necessary services to individuals enrolled in the plan other than those services provided to 17 medicare patients pursuant to Title 18 of the federal Social 18 Security Act or to medicaid patients pursuant to Title 19 or 19 20 Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act; (8) "managed care organization" means a 21 person that provides for the delivery of comprehensive basic 22 health care services and medically necessary services to 23 individuals enrolled in a plan through its own employed 24 health care providers or by contracting with selected or 25

1 participating health care providers. "Managed care organization" includes only those persons that provide 2 3 comprehensive basic health care services to enrollees on a contract basis, including the following: 4 5 (a) health maintenance organizations; (b) preferred provider organizations; 6 7 (c) individual practice associations; 8 (d) competitive medical plans; exclusive provider organizations; 9 (e) (f) integrated delivery systems; 10 independent physician-provider 11 (g) organizations; 12 physician hospital-provider 13 (h) organizations; and 14 15 (i) managed care services organizations; and 16 "medicare part C services" means (9) 17 services performed pursuant to a contract with a managed 18 health care provider for medicare patients pursuant to Title 19 20 18 of the federal Social Security Act." SECTION 37. A new section of the Gross Receipts and 21 22 Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read: "DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--COMPENSATING TAX--DYED 23 DIESEL USED FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES .---24 A. Prior to July 1, 2028, receipts from selling HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 109

1	and the use of special fuel dyed in accordance with federal	
2	regulations and used for agricultural purposes may be	
3	deducted from gross receipts.	
4	B. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to	
5	this section shall report the amount of the deduction	
6	separately in a manner required by the department.	
7	C. The department shall compile an annual report	
8	on the deduction provided by this section that shall include	
9	the number of taxpayers that claimed the deduction, the	
10	aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other	
11	information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the	
12	deduction. The department shall present the report to the	
13	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the	
14	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of	
15	the deduction."	
16	SECTION 38. Section 7-12A-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
17	1986, Chapter 112, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:	
18	"7-12A-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Tobacco	
19	Products Tax Act:	
20	A. "department" means the taxation and revenue	
21	department, the secretary or any employee of the department	
22	exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by	
23	the secretary;	
24	B. "cigar" means a roll for smoking made wholly	
25	or in part of tobacco and weighing greater than four and one-	HTRC/HB 547/a
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half pounds per thousand; 1 C. "distribute" means to sell or to give; 2 3 D. "closed system cartridge" means a single-use, pre-filled disposable cartridge containing five milliliters 4 5 or less of e-liquid for use in an e-cigarette; E. "e-cigarette" means any device that can be 6 7 used to deliver aerosolized or vaporized nicotine to the person inhaling from the device and includes any component, 8 part or accessory of such a device that is used during the 9 operation of the device but does not include a battery or 10 battery charger; 11 F. "e-liquid" means liquid or other substance 12 13 intended for use in an e-cigarette; G. "engaging in business" means carrying on or 14 causing to be carried on any activity with the purpose of 15 direct or indirect benefit; 16 H. "first purchaser" means a person engaging in 17 business in New Mexico that manufactures tobacco products or 18 that purchases or receives on consignment tobacco products 19 from any person outside of New Mexico, which tobacco products 20 are to be distributed in New Mexico in the ordinary course of 21 business; 22 I. "little cigar" means a roll for smoking made 23 wholly or in part of tobacco, using an integrated cellulose 24 acetate or other similar filter, and weighing not more than 25

four and one-half pounds per thousand;

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J. "person" means any individual, estate, trust, 2 receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, 3 company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, limited 4 5 liability company, limited liability partnership, other association or gas, water or electric utility owned or 6 7 operated by a county or municipality or other entity of the state; "person" also means, to the extent permitted by law, a 8 federal, state or other governmental unit or subdivision or 9 an agency, department or instrumentality; 10 K. "product value" means the amount paid, net of 11 any discounts taken and allowed, for tobacco products or, in 12 the case of tobacco products received on consignment, the 13 value of the tobacco products received or, in the case of 14 15 tobacco products manufactured and sold in New Mexico, the proceeds from the sale by the manufacturer of the tobacco 16 products; and 17 L. "tobacco product": 18 (1) means: 19 (a) any product, other than 20 cigarettes, made from or containing tobacco or nicotine, 21 whether natural or synthetic, that is intended for human 22 consumption or is likely to be consumed, whether smoked, 23 heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved or inhaled; 24 (b) e-liquid; 25

1	(c) e-cigarettes; and	
2	(d) closed system cartridges; and	
3	(2) does not mean any product regulated as	
4	a drug or device by the United States food and drug	
5	administration pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and	
6	Cosmetic Act."	
7	SECTION 39. Section 7-12A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
8	1986, Chapter 112, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:	
9	"7-12A-3. IMPOSITION AND RATES OF TAXREDUCTION OF	
10	RATE FOR CERTAIN TOBACCO PRODUCTSDENOMINATION AS "TOBACCO	
11	PRODUCTS TAX"DATE PAYMENT OF TAX DUE	
12	A. For the manufacture or acquisition of tobacco	
13	products in New Mexico to be distributed in the ordinary	
14	course of business and for the consumption of tobacco	
15	products in New Mexico, there is imposed an excise tax at the	
16	following rates:	
17	(1) for cigars, twenty-five percent of the	
18	product value of the cigar;	
19	(2) for little cigars, a rate equal to the	
20	rate imposed on cigarettes pursuant to Section 7-12-3 NMSA	
21	1978 per package of little cigars;	
22	(3) for e-liquid, twelve and one-half	
23	percent of the product value of the e-liquid;	
24	(4) for closed system cartridges, fifty	
25	cents (\$.50) per closed system cartridge; and	HTRO
		Pag

1	(5) for all other tobacco products,	
2	twenty-five percent of the product value of the tobacco	
3	product.	
4	B. The taxes imposed by this section may be	
5	referred to as the "tobacco products tax".	
6	C. The tobacco products tax shall be paid by the	
7	first purchaser on or before the twenty-fifth day of the	
8	month following the month in which the taxable event occurs."	
9	SECTION 40. A new section of the Tax Administration	
10	Act is enacted to read:	
11	"DISTRIBUTIONTOBACCO PRODUCTS TAXTOBACCO SETTLEMENT	
12	PERMANENT FUNDA distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1	
13	NMSA 1978 shall be made to the tobacco settlement permanent	
14	fund in an amount equal to thirteen percent of the net	
15	receipts attributable to the tobacco products tax."	
16	SECTION 41. Section 7-14-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
17	1988, Chapter 73, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:	
18	"7-14-10. DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS	
19	A. The receipts from the tax and any associated	
20	interest and penalties shall be deposited in the "motor	
21	vehicle suspense fund", hereby created in the state treasury.	
22	As of the end of each month, the net receipts attributable to	
23	the tax and associated penalties and interest shall be	
24	distributed as follows:	
25	(1) beginning July 1, 2023 and prior to	HTRC/HI Page

1 July 1, 2025: (a) thirty-two percent to the general 2 3 fund; (b) forty-nine and one-fourth percent 4 5 to the state road fund; and (c) eighteen and three-fourths percent 6 to the transportation project fund; 7 (2) beginning July 1, 2025, except as 8 provided in Paragraph (3) of this subsection: 9 (a) seventy-five percent to the state 10 road fund; and 11 (b) twenty-five percent to the 12 transportation project fund; and 13 (3) if, for any single fiscal year 14 15 occurring after fiscal year 2027 and prior to fiscal year 2037, gross receipts tax revenues are less than ninety-five 16 percent of the gross receipts tax revenues for the previous 17 fiscal year, as determined by the secretary of finance and 18 administration, beginning on the July 1 following the 19 determination made by the secretary of finance and 20 administration: 21 (a) fifty-nine and thirty-nine 22 hundredths percent to the general fund; 23 (b) twenty-one and eighty-six 24 hundredths percent to the state road fund; and HTRC/HB 547/a 25 Page 115

1	(c) eighteen and seventy-five	
2	hundredths percent to the transportation project fund.	
3	B. Between fifty and seventy-five percent of the	
4	amount distributed to the state road fund pursuant to this	
5	section shall be used for maintenance of transportation	
6	infrastructure."	
7	SECTION 42. Section 7-4-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,	
8	Chapter 153, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:	
9	"7-4-10. APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS INCOME	
10	A. Except as provided in Subsections B and C of	
11	this section, all business income shall be apportioned to	
12	this state by multiplying the income by the sales factor.	
13	B. For a taxable year prior to January 1, 2027,	
14	all business income of a taxpayer that is a railroad shall be	
15	apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a	
16	fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus	
17	the payroll factor plus the sales factor and the denominator	
18	of which is three.	
19	C. Except as provided in Subsection D of this	
20	section, the business income of a qualifying entity shall be	
21	apportioned by multiplying the income by a fraction, the	
22	numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll	
23	factor plus the sales factor and the denominator of which is	
24	three.	
25	D. A qualifying entity may elect to have business	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 116
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1	income apportioned by multiplying the income by the sales	
2	factor; provided that, once the election is made, the	
3	qualifying entity shall apportion business income in that	
4	manner for each taxable year thereafter; and provided further	
5	that, for taxable years beginning on or after January l,	
6	2029, the qualifying entity shall apportion business income	
7	by the single sales factor pursuant to Subsection A of this	
8	section.	
9	E. To elect the method of apportionment provided	
10	by Subsection D of this section, a qualifying entity shall	
11	notify the department of the election, in writing, no later	
12	than the date on which the qualifying entity files the return	
13	for the first taxable year to which the election will apply.	
14	F. For purposes of this section:	
15	(1) "filing group" means "filing group" as	
16	that term is defined in the Corporate Income and Franchise	
17	Tax Act; and	
18	(2) "qualifying entity" means the presence	
19	of a business unit of a corporation or a group of	
20	corporations in a combined filing group:	
21	(a) with one hundred or more employees	
22	for whom wages are withheld pursuant to the Withholding Tax	
23	Act. The employee measurement date is the first day of the	
24	taxable year immediately prior to the taxable year for which	
25	the election is made, and shall be certified by audit; and P	
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1	(b) with a cumulative investment in	
2	property in New Mexico exceeding fifty million dollars	
3	(\$50,000,000). Property owned by the qualifying entity shall	
4	be valued at the property's original cost, which shall be	
5	deemed to be the basis of the property for federal income tax	
6	purposes, prior to any federal adjustments, at the time of	
7	acquisition by the qualifying entity and adjusted by	
8	subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto and	
9	partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, exchange or	
10	abandonment. For purposes of this subparagraph, "cumulative	
11	investment in property in New Mexico" means the average value	
12	of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned	
13	or rented and used in New Mexico during the tax period."	
14	SECTION 43. APPLICABILITY	
15	A. The provisions of Section <del>s 5, 7 through</del> 9 <del>, 12</del>	
16	through 14, 23 through 27, 29 and 30 of this act apply to	
17	taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.	
18	B. The provisions of Sections 31 through 35 of	
19	this act apply to film production companies that commence	
20	principal photography for a film or commercial audiovisual	
21	product on or after July 1, 2023.	
22	C. The provisions of Sections 6, 10, 15 and 42 of	
23	this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January	
24	<del>1, 2024.</del>	
25	SECTION 44. EFFECTIVE DATE	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 118

1	A. The effective date of the provisions of	
2	Section 11 of this act is April 1, 2023.	
3	B. The effective date of the provisions of	
4	Section <del>s 1 through 4, 16 through 19, 28 and</del> 36 <del>through 41</del> of	
5	this act is July 1, 2023.	
6	C. The effective date of the provisions of	
7	Sections 6, 10, 15, 20 through 22 and 42 of this act is	
8	January 1, 2024	HTRC/HB 547/a
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