Scott Sanchez

AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS 2024 REGULAR SESSION

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION

{Indicate if analysis is on an original bill, amendment, substitute or a correction of a previous bill}

Check all that apply:			Date Pre	pared:	1/18/2024	
Original	Х	Amendment	F	Bill No:	HB 60	
Correction		Substitute				
Sponsor:	Stefan John E		Agency Name and Code Number: Person Writing		ment of Justice	

ShortCrime of Desecration of aTitle:Dead Human Body

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SECTION II: FISCAL IMPACT

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Approp	riation	Recurring	Fund Affected	
FY24	FY25	or Nonrecurring		

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

<u>REVENUE</u> (dollars in thousands)

	Recurring	Fund		
FY24	FY25	FY26	or Nonrecurring	Affected

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY24	FY25	FY26	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurri ng	Fund Affected
Total						

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to: Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

SECTION III: NARRATIVE

This analysis is neither a formal Opinion nor an Advisory Letter issued by the New Mexico Department of Justice. This is a staff analysis in response to a committee or legislator's request. The analysis does not represent any official policy or legal position of the NM Department of Justice.

BILL SUMMARY

Synopsis:

HB 60 proposes a new statute to criminalize various acts violating human remains. The bill would create a fourth degree felony penalty for unlawfully damaging human remains. HB 60 would create a third degree felony for any unlawful sexual contact with a dead human body, and a second degree felony for criminal sexual penetration of a dead human body.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

None to this office.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

The language and legislative intent for the crime of criminal desecration may conflict with NMRA Uniform Jury Instruction 14-132, the uniform jury instruction that outlines unlawfulness as an element. The element of unlawfulness is necessary to avoid various lawful acts described within the language of the bill, however the applicable unlawfulness UJI may limit the scope of the crime. The first use note of this UJI states "[t]his instruction is intended to aid the court and the parties in preparing an instruction when the statutory definition of the offense includes the term "unlawful" and an issue is raised as to the lawfulness of the defendant's act." However, the UJI use note also states "[t]his instruction is not intended to be all inclusive. Appropriate language should be tailored in specific cases"

The actual language for the jury instruction for unlawfulness states "[f]or the act to have been unlawful it must have been done . . . with the intent to arouse or gratify sexual desire or to intrude upon the bodily integrity or personal safety of (name of victim) or (other unlawful purpose)." Therefore, an intentional descration of a dead human body may not meet the requirements of UJI 14-132 unless it was for a sexual act or for some other lawful purpose.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS N/A

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

N/A

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP None noted.

TECHNICAL ISSUES None noted.

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES None

ALTERNATIVES None

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL Status quo

AMENDMENTS None