LFC Requester:

**Scott Sanchez** 

# AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS 2024 REGULAR SESSION

# WITHIN 24 HOURS OF BILL POSTING, UPLOAD ANALYSIS TO:

AgencyAnalysis.nmlegis.gov

{*Analysis must be uploaded as a PDF*}

#### **SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION**

{Indicate if analysis is on an original bill, amendment, substitute or a correction of a previous bill}

Check all that apply:		<b>Date</b> January 31, 2024
Original	Amendment	Bill No: HB 129s
Correction	Substitute X	

		Agency Name			
		and Code			
Sponsor:	Romero	Number:	NM	1 Sentencing Commission – 35	4
Short	Firearm Sale Waiting Period	<b>Person Writin</b>	g	Keri Thiel	
Title:	Crimes	<b>Phone:</b> 505-2	59-8763	Email kthiel@unm.edu	

#### **SECTION II: FISCAL IMPACT**

# **APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)**

Appropr	iation	Recurring	Fund		
FY24	FY25	or Nonrecurring	Affected		

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

# **REVENUE (dollars in thousands)**

	Recurring	Fund		
FY24	FY25	FY26	or Nonrecurring	Affected

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

# **ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)**

	FY24	FY25	FY26	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total						

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to: Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

## **SECTION III: NARRATIVE**

## **BILL SUMMARY**

## Synopsis:

Like HB 129, the HJC substitute for HB 129 proposes a new Section 30-7-7.3 NMSA 1978 to create the offense of selling a firearm before the end of a required waiting period. The required waiting period would be fourteen (14) calendar days (instead of business days, as proposed in the original bill) and would be required for all firearm sales and transfers unless an exception applies. The substitute bill creates an exception for the sale of a firearm between immediate family members, and eliminates the requirement set out in the original bill that those family members be within three degrees of consanguinity.

Like the original HB 129, the substitute bill specifies that the required waiting period would run concurrently with the period necessary to conduct a federal instant background check as required by Section 30-7-7.1 NMSA 1978, and provides that sellers must wait for the background check to be completed before transferring the firearm to the buyer even if the required waiting period has expired.

HB 129s further requires that the firearm shall remain in the custody of the seller during the required waiting period, and defines the unlawful sale of a firearm under the new Section 30-7-7.3 as the transfer of ownership, possession, or physical control of the firearm from the seller to the buyer before the end of the required waiting period or completion of the federal instant background check, if required. Unlike the original bill, HB 129s provides an exception for "temporary possession or control of a firearm provided to a customer by the proprietor of a licensed business in the conduct of that business".

HB 129s keeps the following provisions from the original bill unaltered: it requires sellers to make records of sales available for inspection upon request of a law enforcement agency; it allows for each party to the unlawful sale of a firearm to be charged separately for the same sale, and for separate offenses to be brought for each separate firearm sold or transferred contrary to the provisions of the new Section 30-7-7.3; and it allows for two or more offenses under Section 30-7-7.3 to be charged under the same complaint, information, or indictment, and be punished as separate offenses. As in the original bill, violations of Section 30-7.7.3 would be a misdemeanor.

The HJC substitute for HB 129 adds definitions for "firearm" and "immediate family member". These definitions match those provided in existing law under Section 30-7-7.1 NMSA 1978.

# FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

Note: major assumptions underlying fiscal impact should be documented.

Note: if additional operating budget impact is estimated, assumptions and calculations should be reported in this section.

## SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

The HJC substitute for HB 129 resolves the concerns expressed in NMSC's analysis of HB 129 regarding the discrepancy between HB 129's definition of "immediate family member" and the definition of "immediate family member" provided in Section 30-7-7.1 NMSA 1978.

The HJC substitute for HB 297 does otherwise change the NMSC analysis for this bill.

# **PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS**

# **ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS**

# CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

# **TECHNICAL ISSUES**

# **OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES**

# ALTERNATIVES

# WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

# AMENDMENTS