AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS 2024 REGULAR SESSION

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SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION

[Indicate if analysis is on an original bill, amendment, substitute or a correction of a previous bill]

Ch Original Correction	x Amendment Substitute	Date 1/23/24 Bill No : SB147			
Sponsor:	Sen. Sedillo Lopez	and C	Agency Name and Code HSD-630 Number:		
Short	Liquor Tax Increase and Use	Person	Writing	Alicia	Salazar
Title:		Phone:	505-795-3920	Email:	Alicia.salazar2@hsd.nm.gov
SECTION	II: FISCAL IMPACT APPROPRI	ATION (do	ollars in thous	ands)	

Appropr	iation	Recurring	Fund Affected	
FY24	FY25	or Nonrecurring		
TBD	TBD	Recurring	SGF	

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

REVENUE (dollars in thousands)

	Recurring	Fund		
FY24	FY25	FY26	or Nonrecurring	Affected
\$0	\$0	\$0	Recurring	SGF

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY24	FY25	FY26	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to: Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

SECTION III: NARRATIVE

BILL SUMMARY

Synopsis:

Senate Bill 147(SB147) is an act that increases liquor excise tax rates for the period July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2028 and, effective July 1, 2028, further increases the rates by applying a CPI-based index to those rates, effective July 1,2025. This amends existing distributions of liquor excise tax revenues and adds a distribution to the Alcohol Harms Alleviation Fund, established by the bill.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

None

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

Bernalillo and Doña Ana County are listed as the highest-ranking counties for alcohol related deaths.

https://nmcdc.maps.arcgis.com/apps/instant/portfolio/index.html?appid=e208194e049b49afabbd51a8d85d5449

One in five deaths among working age adults (20-64) in NM is attributable to alcohol. https://www.nmhealth.org/data/view/substance/2682/.

According to New Mexico Health Indicator Data and Statistics, 316,000 deaths per 100,000 population were alcohol related in New Mexico from 2016-2020 for individuals 25-64. https://ibis.doh.nm.gov/indicator/summary/AlcoholRelatedDth.html

Increasing funds for prevention, treatment, and recovery services to individuals throughout New Mexico, including for tribal communities, could assist in the identification and support to these individuals struggling with alcohol use disorder. HCA aims to increase community-based resources statewide. Administering the funds to municipalities for the provision of alcohol use disorder services may expand community-based resources that are tailored to the needs of the specific communities.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

HCA could collaborate with municipalities for the provision of alcohol treatment and rehabilitation services. HCA may be able to leverage federal funding for the prevention and treatment of alcohol use disorder. HCA could also leverage established relationships with Pueblos, Nations, and Tribes for prevention and ham reduction efforts.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

None, including no IT impact.

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

This has a relationship to HB112 which converts the portion of Liquor Excise Tax Receipts flowing to the state General Fund into funding for alcohol and substance use disorder prevention and treatment through the Local DWI Grant Fund, a carveout for Gallup, the Drug Court Fund, and a newly created County Alcohol and Substance Use Disorder Prevention and Treatment Fund.

TECHNICAL ISSUES

None

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

None

ALTERNATIVES

None

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

Status Quo

AMENDMENTS

None