1	HOUSE BILL 109			
2	56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2024			
3	INTRODUCED BY			
4	Stefani Lord and Harlan Vincent and John Block			
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10	AN ACT			
11	RELATING TO CRIME; PROVIDING THAT AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL SEXUAL			
12	PENETRATION AND CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION OF A CHILD SHALL BE			
13	PUNISHED BY DEATH; PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS; CREATING A FIRST			
14	DEGREE FELONY FOR HUMAN SEXUAL TRAFFICKING AGAINST A VICTIM			
15	UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE PUNISHABLE BY DEATH; ESTABLISHING A			
16	FINE FOR FIRST DEGREE FELONY CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION OF A			
17	CHILD.			
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:			
20	SECTION 1. Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,			
21	Chapter 109, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:			
22	"30-9-11. CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION			
23	A. Criminal sexual penetration is the unlawful and			
24	intentional causing of a person to engage in sexual			
25	intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse or the			
	.226877.4			

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B. Criminal sexual penetration does not include
medically indicated procedures.

C. Aggravated criminal sexual penetration consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated on a child under thirteen years of age with an intent to kill or with a depraved mind regardless of human life. Whoever commits aggravated criminal sexual penetration is guilty of a first degree felony for aggravated criminal sexual penetration.

D. Criminal sexual penetration in the first degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated

[(l) on a child under thirteen years of age;

(2)] by the use of force or coercion that results in great bodily harm or great mental anguish to the victim.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the first degree is guilty of a first degree felony.

E. Criminal sexual penetration of a child in the first degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated on a child under eighteen years of age.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration of a child in the first degree is guilty of a first degree felony for .226877.4

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1	criminal sexual penetration of a child; provided that whoever			
2	commits criminal sexual penetration of a child when the child			
3	is thirteen to sixteen years of age and the perpetrator is at			
4	<u>least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older</u>			
5	than the child and not the spouse of that child is guilty of a			
6	fourth degree felony; and provided further that whoever commits			
7	criminal sexual penetration of a child when the perpetrator is			
8	a licensed school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a			
9	school contract employee, a school health service provider or a			
10	school volunteer, and is at least eighteen years of age and is			
11	at least four years older than the child and not the spouse of			
12	that child, is guilty of a first degree felony for criminal			
13	sexual penetration of a child.			
14	$[E_{\bullet}]$ <u>F</u> . Criminal sexual penetration in the second			
15	degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated:			
16	[(1) by the use of force or coercion on a			
17	child thirteen to eighteen years of age;			
18	(2)] (1) on an inmate confined in a			
19	correctional facility or jail when the perpetrator is in a			
20	position of authority over the inmate;			
21	[(3)] (2) by the use of force or coercion that			
22	results in personal injury to the victim;			
23	[(4)] (3) by the use of force or coercion when			
24	the perpetrator is aided or abetted by one or more persons;			
25	[(5)] (4) in the commission of any other			
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felony; or

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[(6)] (5) when the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

4 Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the second degree is guilty of a second degree felony. 5 [Whoever commits 6 criminal sexual penetration in the second degree when the 7 victim is a child who is thirteen to eighteen years of age is 8 guilty of a second degree felony for a sexual offense against a 9 child and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 10 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment 11 of three years, which shall not be suspended or deferred. The 12 imposition of a minimum, mandatory term of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall not be 13 14 interpreted to preclude the imposition of sentencing 15 enhancements pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal 16 Sentencing Act.

F.] <u>G.</u> Criminal sexual penetration in the third degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated through the use of force or coercion not otherwise specified in this section.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the third degree is guilty of a third degree felony.

[G. Criminal sexual penetration in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration:

(1) not defined in Subsections D through F of .226877.4

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1 this section perpetrated on a child thirteen to sixteen years 2 of age when the perpetrator is at least eighteen years of age 3 and is at least four years older than the child and not the 4 spouse of that child; or (2) perpetrated on a child thirteen to 5 eighteen years of age when the perpetrator, who is a licensed 6 7 school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a school contract employee, a school health service provider or a school 8 9 volunteer, and who is at least eighteen years of age and is at 10 least four years older than the child and not the spouse of 11 that child, learns while performing services in or for a school 12 that the child is a student in a school. Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the fourth 13 14 degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.]" 15 SECTION 2. Section 30-52-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2008, 16 Chapter 17, Section 1) is amended to read: 17 "30-52-1. HUMAN TRAFFICKING.--18 Human trafficking consists of a person Α. 19 knowingly: 20 (1)recruiting, soliciting, enticing, 21 transporting or obtaining by any means another person with the 22 intent or knowledge that force, fraud or coercion will be used 23 to subject the person to labor, services or commercial sexual 24 activity; 25 (2) recruiting, soliciting, enticing, .226877.4

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1 transporting or obtaining by any means a person under the age 2 of eighteen years with the intent or knowledge that the person 3 will be caused to engage in commercial sexual activity; or 4 benefiting, financially or by receiving (3) 5 anything of value, from the labor, services or commercial 6 sexual activity of another person with the knowledge that 7 force, fraud or coercion was used to obtain the labor, services 8 or commercial sexual activity. 9 The attorney general and the district attorney Β. 10 in the county of jurisdiction have concurrent jurisdiction to 11 enforce the provisions of this section. 12 C. Except as provided in Subsection D of this 13 section, whoever commits human trafficking is guilty of a third 14 degree felony; except if the victim is under the age of: 15 sixteen, the person is guilty of a second (1)16 degree felony; or 17 thirteen, the person is guilty of a first (2) 18 degree felony. 19 D. Whoever commits human trafficking if the conduct 20 is commercial sexual activity and the victim is under the age 21 of eighteen is guilty of a first degree felony for human sexual 22 trafficking against a victim under the age of eighteen. 23 [D.] E. Prosecution pursuant to this section shall not prevent prosecution pursuant to any other provision of the law when the conduct also constitutes a violation of that other .226877.4

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1 provision.

2 $[E_{\bullet}]$ F. In a prosecution pursuant to this section, 3 a human trafficking victim shall not be charged with accessory 4 to the crime of human trafficking. 5 [F.] G. A person convicted of human trafficking 6 shall, in addition to any other punishment, be ordered to make 7 restitution to the victim for the gross income or value of the 8 victim's labor or services and any other actual damages in 9 accordance with Section 31-17-1 NMSA 1978. 10 [G.] H. As used in this section: 11 (1)"coercion" means: 12 causing or threatening to cause harm (a) 13 to any person; 14 using or threatening to use physical (b) 15 force against any person; 16 abusing or threatening to abuse the (c) 17 law or legal process; 18 (d) threatening to report the 19 immigration status of any person to governmental authorities; 20 or 21 knowingly destroying, concealing, (e) 22 removing, confiscating or retaining any actual or purported 23 government document of any person; and 24 "commercial sexual activity" means any (2) 25 sexual act or sexually explicit exhibition for which anything .226877.4 - 7 -

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1	of value is given, promised to or received by any person."		
2	SECTION 3. Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977,		
3	Chapter 216, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:		
4	"31-18-15. SENTENCING AUTHORITYCAPITAL FELONIES		
5	NONCAPITAL FELONIESBASIC SENTENCES AND FINESPAROLE		
6	AUTHORITYMERITORIOUS DEDUCTIONS		
7	A. As used in a statute that establishes a		
8	noncapital felony, the following defined felony classifications		
9	and associated basic sentences of imprisonment are as follows:		
10	FELONY CLASSIFICATION BASIC SENTENCE		
11	first degree felony		
12	resulting in the death		
13	of a child life imprisonment		
14	first degree felony for		
15	aggravated criminal sexual		
16	penetration [life_imprisonment] death		
17	first degree felony eighteen years imprisonment		
18	<u>first degree felony for</u>		
19	criminal sexual penetration		
20	<u>of a child</u> <u>death</u>		
21	<u>first degree felony for</u>		
22	<u>human sexual trafficking</u>		
23	<u>against a victim under</u>		
24	eighteen years of age <u>death</u>		
25	second degree felony		
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1	resulting in the death of		
2	a human being	fifteen years imprisonment	
3	second degree felony for a		
4	sexual offense against a		
5	child	fifteen years imprisonment	
6	second degree felony for		
7	sexual exploitation of		
8	children	twelve years imprisonment	
9	second degree felony	nine years imprisonment	
10	third degree felony resulting		
11	in the death of a human being	six years imprisonment	
12	third degree felony for a		
13	sexual offense against a		
14	child	six years imprisonment	
15	third degree felony for sexual		
16	exploitation of children	eleven years imprisonment	
17	third degree felony	three years imprisonment	
18	fourth degree felony for		
19	sexual exploitation of		
20	children	ten years imprisonment	
21	fourth degree felony	eighteen months imprisonment.	
22	B. The appropriate basic sentence of imprisonment		
23	shall be imposed upon a person convicted and sentenced pursuant		
24	to Subsection A of this section, unless the court alters the		
25	sentence pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing		
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2 C. A period of parole shall be imposed only for 3 felony convictions wherein a person is sentenced to imprisonment of more than one year, unless the parties to a 4 5 proceeding agree that a period of parole should be imposed. If 6 a period of parole is imposed, the court shall include in the 7 judgment and sentence of each person convicted and sentenced to 8 imprisonment in a corrections facility designated by the 9 corrections department authority for a period of parole to be 10 served in accordance with the provisions of Section 31-21-10 NMSA 1978 after the completion of any actual time of 11 12 imprisonment and authority to require, as a condition of 13 parole, the payment of the costs of parole services and 14 reimbursement to a law enforcement agency or local crime 15 stopper program in accordance with the provisions of that 16 section. If imposed, the period of parole shall be deemed to 17 be part of the sentence of the convicted person in addition to 18 the basic sentence imposed pursuant to Subsection A of this 19 section together with alterations, if any, pursuant to the 20 provisions of the Criminal Sentencing Act.

D. When a court imposes a sentence of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15.1, 31-18-16 or 31-18-17 NMSA 1978 and suspends or defers the basic sentence of imprisonment provided pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section, the period of parole shall be served in .226877.4

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accordance with the provisions of Section 31-21-10 NMSA 1978
for the degree of felony for the basic sentence for which the
inmate was convicted. For the purpose of designating a period
of parole, a court shall not consider that the basic sentence
of imprisonment was suspended or deferred and that the inmate
served a period of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of
the Criminal Sentencing Act.

8 E. The court may, in addition to the imposition of
9 a basic sentence of imprisonment, impose a fine not to exceed:
10 (1) for a first degree felony resulting in the
11 death of a child, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars
12 (\$17,500);

(2) for a first degree felony for aggravated criminal sexual penetration, [seventeen thousand five hundred dollars (\$17,500)] one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);

16 (3) for a first degree felony, fifteen
17 thousand dollars (\$15,000);

(4) for a first degree felony for criminal sexual penetration of a child, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);

[(4)] <u>(5)</u> for a second degree felony resulting in the death of a human being, twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500);

[(5)] <u>(6)</u> for a second degree felony for a sexual offense against a child, twelve thousand five hundred .226877.4

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1 dollars (\$12,500); 2 [(6)] (7) for a second degree felony for 3 sexual exploitation of children, five thousand dollars 4 (\$5,000); 5 [(7)] (8) for a second degree felony, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); 6 7 [(8)] (9) for a third degree felony resulting 8 in the death of a human being, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); [(9)] <u>(10)</u> for a third degree felony for a 9 10 sexual offense against a child, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); 11 [(10)] (11) for a third degree felony for 12 sexual exploitation of children, five thousand dollars 13 (\$5,000); 14 [(11)] (12) for a third or fourth degree 15 felony, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); or 16 [(12)] (13) for a fourth degree felony for 17 sexual exploitation of children, five thousand dollars 18 (\$5,000). 19 F. When the court imposes a sentence of 20 imprisonment for a felony offense, the court shall indicate 21 whether or not the offense is a serious violent offense as 22 defined in Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978. The court shall inform 23 an offender that the offender's sentence of imprisonment is 24 subject to the provisions of Sections 33-2-34, 33-2-36, 33-2-37 25 and 33-2-38 NMSA 1978. If the court fails to inform an .226877.4

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offender that the offender's sentence is subject to those provisions or if the court provides the offender with erroneous information regarding those provisions, the failure to inform or the error shall not provide a basis for a writ of habeas corpus.

No later than October 31 of each year, the G. New Mexico sentencing commission shall provide a written report 8 to the secretary of corrections, all New Mexico criminal court judges, the administrative office of the district attorneys and 10 the chief public defender. The report shall specify the 11 average reduction in the sentence of imprisonment for serious 12 violent offenses and nonviolent offenses, as defined in Section 33-2-34 NMSA 1978, due to meritorious deductions earned by prisoners during the previous fiscal year pursuant to the provisions of Sections 33-2-34, 33-2-36, 33-2-37 and 33-2-38 NMSA 1978. The corrections department shall allow the commission access to documents used by the department to 18 determine earned meritorious deductions for prisoners."

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