1	AN ACT		
2	RELATING TO THE 1999 PUBLIC ACCOUNTANCY ACT; AMENDING		
3	DEFINITIONS; CHANGING QUALIFICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATION;		
4	REQUIRING PRACTITIONERS FROM OTHER STATES AND JURISDICTIONS		
5	TO HAVE LICENSE REQUIREMENTS THAT ARE COMPARABLE TO OR EXCEED		
6	NEW MEXICO'S REQUIREMENTS.		
7			
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:		
9	SECTION 1. Section 61-28B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,		
10	Chapter 179, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:		
11	"61-28B-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the 1999 Public		
12	Accountancy Act:		
13	A. "accounting experience" means providing service		
14	or advice involving the use of accounting, attest, management		
15	advisory, financial advisory, tax or consulting skills as		
16	verified by a certified public accountant who meets		
17	requirements prescribed by the board; provided that		
18	experience gained through employment in government, industry,		
19	academia or public practice shall be accepted;		
20	B. "attest" means to provide the following		
21	services:		
22	(1) an audit or other engagement performed		
23	in accordance with the statements on auditing standards;		
24	(2) a review of a financial statement		

performed in accordance with the statement on standards for

G. "compilation" means a service provided to management, applying accounting and financial reporting expertise, in the presentation of financial statements and reports without undertaking to obtain or provide assurance

as determined by the board;

Paragraph (1) of Subsection A of Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978,

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with the

that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements or reports to be in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework;

- H. "contingent fee" means a fee established for the performance of a service pursuant to an arrangement in which no fee will be charged unless a specific finding or result is attained or upon which the amount of the fee is dependent upon a finding or result. "Contingent fee" does not mean a fee set by the court or a public authority on a tax matter;
- I. "director" means the executive director of the board;
- J. "firm" means a sole proprietorship, professional corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership or other legal business entity that practices public accountancy;
- K. "licensee" means a person, certified public accountant, certified public accountant firm, registered public accountant or registered public accountant firm authorized to do business in New Mexico pursuant to the provisions of the 1999 Public Accountancy Act or prior law;
- L. "peer review" means a study, appraisal or review of one or more aspects of the professional work of a firm by a certified public accountant who is not affiliated with the firm being reviewed;

M. "permit" means the annual authority granted to practice as a certified public accountant firm or a registered public accountant firm;

- N. "practice" means performing or offering to

 perform public accountancy for a client or potential client

 by a person who makes a representation to the public as being

 a permit holder or registered firm;
- O. "public accountancy" means the performance of one or more kinds of services involving accounting or auditing skills, including the issuance of reports on financial statements, the performance of one or more kinds of management, financial advisory or consulting services, the preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters;
- P. "registered public accountant" means a person who is registered by the board to practice public accountancy and use the designation; and
- Q. "report" means a written communication issued by an accountant or an accountant firm that:
- (1) when used in reference to an audit, review or examination service, expresses or disclaims an opinion or a conclusion as to whether subject matter is presented in accordance with specified criteria; and
- (2) when used in reference to a compilation, agreed-upon procedures service or other service that is not

1	an audit, review or examination service, includes a statement		
2	or implication that the accountant or accountant firm that		
3	issued the report has special knowledge or competence in		
4	accounting or attest services such as by the use of names or		
5	titles indicating that the person or firm is an accountant or		
6	an accountant firm or by the contents of the report itself."		
7	SECTION 2. Section 61-28B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999		
8	Chapter 179, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:		
9	"61-28B-8. QUALIFICATIONS FOR A CERTIFICATE AS A		
10	CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT		
11	A. An applicant for a certificate shall complete		
12	the application form provided by the board and demonstrate to		
13	the board's satisfaction that the applicant:		
14	(l) is of good moral character and lacks a		
15	history of dishonest or felonious acts; and		
16	(2) meets the education, accounting		
17	experience and examination requirements of the board.		
18	B. The board may refuse to grant a certificate on		
19	the ground that the applicant failed to satisfy the		
20	requirement of good moral character.		
21	C. The education requirement for examination shall		
22	be:		
23	(l) a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent		
24	from a college or university acceptable to the board plus		
25	completion of an additional thirty semester hours of higher		

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- (2) a baccalaureate degree from a college or university acceptable to the board with a concentration in accounting or business; or
- (3) a master's degree from a college or university acceptable to the board with a concentration in accounting or business.
- D. The education and accounting experience requirement for a certificate shall be:
- (1) a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent from a college or university acceptable to the board plus completion of an additional thirty semester hours of higher education in accounting or business and evidence of at least one year of accounting experience;
- (2) a baccalaureate degree from a college or university acceptable to the board with a concentration in accounting or business and evidence of at least two years of accounting experience; or
- (3) a master's degree from a college or university acceptable to the board with a concentration in accounting or business and evidence of at least one year of accounting experience.
- E. The examination for certification shall be offered continuously via a computer-based testing system at a designated testing center and shall test an applicant's

knowledge of the subjects of accounting and auditing and other related subjects as prescribed by the board. The board shall prescribe the method of applying for the examination and the dissemination of scores, and it shall rely on the American institute of certified public accountants for the grading of the examination. The board may use all or any part of the uniform certified public accountant examination services of the national association of state boards of accountancy to perform administrative services with respect to the examination. The board or its designee shall report all eligibility and score data to the national candidate database, and it shall, to the extent possible, provide that the passing scores are uniform with passing scores of other states.

F. An applicant must pass all sections of the examination to qualify for a certificate. A passing scaled score for each section shall be seventy-five percent.

Sections may be taken individually and in any order. Credit for any section passed shall be valid for thirty months from the date the passing score is released to the applicant, without having to attain a minimum score on any failed test section and without regard to whether the applicant has taken other test sections. An applicant must pass all four test sections within a continuous thirty-month period, which begins on the date that the first passing scores are released

to the applicant. If all four test sections are not passed within the continuous thirty-month period, credit for any test section passed outside the thirty-month period will expire, and that test section must be retaken.

- G. An applicant shall be given credit for examination sections passed in another state if such credit would have been given in New Mexico.
- H. The board may waive or defer requirements of this section regarding the circumstances in which sections of the examination must be passed, upon a showing that, by reason of circumstances beyond the applicant's control, the applicant was unable to meet the requirement."
- SECTION 3. Section 61-28B-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 179, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:
- "61-28B-9. ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATE-MAINTENANCE OF COMPETENCY--NONRESIDENT MAINTENANCE OF
 COMPETENCY REQUIREMENTS.--
- A. The board shall grant or renew a certificate upon application and demonstration that the applicant's qualifications are in accordance with the 1999 Public Accountancy Act.
- B. The board may establish by rule for the issuance of annual certificates and may prescribe the expiration date of certificates. Failure to pay the renewal fee shall be cause for the board to withhold renewal of a

- C. The board shall grant or deny an application for certification no later than one hundred twenty days after the complete application is filed.
- D. If an applicant appeals the decision of the board to deny a certificate, the board may issue a provisional certificate for no longer than ninety days while the board reconsiders its decision.
- E. To renew a certificate, a certificate holder shall provide satisfactory proof to the board of continuing professional education that is designed to maintain competency. Continuing professional education courses shall comply with board rules. The board may create an exception to the requirement to maintain continuing professional education for certificate holders who do not provide services to the public. A certificate holder granted such an exception must place the word "inactive" or "retired"

for a board-issued certificate.

- F. A nonresident certificate holder seeking to renew a certificate shall be determined to have met the continuing professional education requirement in this state if the nonresident has met the continuing professional education requirement in the state where the nonresident's principal place of business is located; provided that:
- (1) the nonresident signs a statement on the renewal application that the nonresident has met the continuing professional education requirement in the state where the nonresident's principal place of business is located; and
- (2) the state where the nonresident's principal place of business is located requires continuing professional education.
- G. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a certificate pursuant to this section shall list all foreign and domestic jurisdictions in which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation to practice public accountancy. The applicant shall also list any past denial, revocation or suspension of a certificate, license or permit. An applicant or certificate holder shall notify the board in writing,

1	within thirty days of the occurrence of any issuance, denial,	
2	revocation or suspension of a designation or commencement o	
3	a disciplinary or enforcement action by any jurisdiction."	
4	SECTION 4. Section 61-28B-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
5	1999, Chapter 179, Section 11, as amended) is amended to	
6	read:	
7	"61-28B-11. CERTIFICATES ISSUED TO HOLDERS OF A	
8	CERTIFICATE, LICENSE OR PERMIT ISSUED BY ANOTHER STATE	
9	EXCEPTION	
10	A. The board may issue a certificate to a holder	
11	of a certificate, license or permit issued by another state	
12	upon a showing that the applicant:	
13	(1) passed the examination required for	
14	issuance of the applicant's certificate with scores that	
15	would have been passing grades at the time in New Mexico;	
16	(2) passed the examination upon which the	
17	applicant's out-of-state certificate was based and has met	
18	the accounting experience requirements within the ten years	
19	immediately preceding the application; and	
20	(3) if the applicant's certificate, license	
21	or permit was issued more than four years prior to	
22	application, has fulfilled the board's requirements of	
23	continuing professional education.	
24	B. An individual shall be granted the privilege t	

perform, or offer to perform, services without notice to the

- C. The board may issue a certificate to a holder of a foreign designation with comparable licensure requirements as determined by the board to be comparable to or to exceed the education, examination and accounting experience requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection A of Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978; provided that:
- (1) the foreign authority that granted the designation makes similar provision to allow a person who holds a valid certificate issued by New Mexico to obtain such foreign authority's comparable designation;
 - (2) the foreign designation:
- (a) was duly issued by a foreign authority that regulates the practice of public accountancy and the foreign designation has not expired or been revoked or suspended;
- (b) entitles the holder to issue reports upon financial statements; and
 - (c) was issued upon the basis of

educational, examination and accounting experience requirements established by the foreign authority or by law;

(3) the applicant:

- (a) received the designation based on comparable licensure requirements at the time the foreign designation was granted;
- (b) completed an accounting experience requirement in the jurisdiction that granted the foreign designation that has comparable licensure requirements or has completed four years of professional accounting experience in New Mexico; and
- (c) passed a uniform qualifying examination on national standards and an examination on the laws, rules and code of ethical conduct in effect in New Mexico that is acceptable to the board.
- D. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a certificate pursuant to this section shall list all foreign and domestic jurisdictions in which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation to practice public accountancy. The applicant shall also list any past denial, revocation or suspension of a certificate, license or permit. An applicant or certificate holder shall notify the board in writing, within thirty days of the occurrence of any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension of a designation or commencement of

1	a disciplinary or enforcement action by any jurisdiction.	
2	E. The board has the sole authority to interpret	
3	the application of the provisions of this section."	
4	SECTION 5. Section 61-28B-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws	
5	1999, Chapter 179, Section 13, as amended) is amended to	
6	read:	
7	"61-28B-13. FIRM PERMITS TO PRACTICE, ATTEST	
8	EXPERIENCE, PEER REVIEW	
9	A. The board may grant or renew a permit to	
10	practice as a certified public accountant firm to an	
11	applicant that demonstrates its qualifications in accordance	
12	with this section.	
13	B. A permit issued pursuant to this section shal	
14	be required for the following:	
15	(l) a firm with an office in New Mexico	
16	performing attest services as defined by the 1999 Public	
17	Accountancy Act;	
18	(2) a firm with an office in New Mexico that	
19	uses the title "CPA" or "CPA firm"; or	
20	(3) a firm that does not have an office in	
21	New Mexico but offers or renders attest services for a client	
22	in New Mexico, except as provided in Subsection C of this	
23	section.	
24	C. A firm that does not have an office in New	
25	Mexico may offer or render attest services for a client in	

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1	New Mexico and may use the title "CPA" or "CPA firm" without		
2	a permit issued pursuant to this section only if:		
3	(1) the firm offers or renders the services		
4	through an individual that:		
5	(a) holds a valid license or permit in		
6	good standing as a certified public accountant or equivalent		
7	issued by another jurisdiction in the United States if, at		
8	the time of licensure, the individual showed evidence of		
9	having successfully completed a qualifying exam in accordance		
10	with the licensing jurisdiction; and		
11	(b) consents to the disciplinary		
12	authority of the board;		
13	(2) the firm meets the requirements of		
14	Paragraph (1) of Subsection H of this section; and		
15	(3) the firm meets the requirements of		
16	Subsection L of this section.		
17	D. A firm not subject to the requirements of		
18	Subsection B or C of this section may perform other nonattest		
19	professional services while using the title "CPA" or "CPA		
20	firm" in New Mexico without a permit issued pursuant to this		
21	section only if:		
22	(1) the firm performs services through a		
23	person with practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-26		
24	NMSA 1978; and		
25	(2) the firm can lawfully perform services		

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- E. Permits shall be issued and renewed for periods of not more than two years, expiring on June 30 of the year of expiration. Failure to pay the renewal fee shall be cause for the board to withhold renewal of a permit without prior hearing pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act. If the renewal fee and delinquency fee are not paid within ninety days after the expiration of the permit, the permit shall be subject to cancellation. A firm whose permit has been canceled for failure to pay the annual renewal fee may secure reinstatement of the permit upon application and payment of the renewal fee and upon approval by the board.
- F. The board shall grant or deny an application for a permit no later than ninety days after the complete application is filed.
- G. If an applicant appeals the decision of the board to deny a permit, the board may issue a provisional permit for no longer than ninety days while the board reconsiders its decision.
- H. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit shall demonstrate that:
- (1) a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, profits, losses, dividends, distributions, options, redemptions and voting rights of all partners, officers, shareholders, members or

1	managers, belongs to holders of a certificate who are			
2	licensed in some state. A partner, officer, shareholder,			
3	member or manager, whose principal place of business is in			
4	New Mexico, and who performs professional services in New			
5	Mexico, must hold a valid certificate. The firm and all			
6	owners must comply with the 1999 Public Accountancy Act. A			
7	person with practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-2			
8	NMSA 1978 who performs services for which a permit is			
9	required pursuant to this section shall not be required to			
10	obtain a certificate from New Mexico pursuant to Section			
11	61-28B-9 NMSA 1978. A firm may include owners who are not			
12	certificate holders; provided that:			
13	(a) the firm designates a New Mexico			
14	certificate holder, or in the case of a firm that must have a			

certificate holder, or in the case of a firm that must have a permit, a licensee of another state who meets the requirements of Subsection A of Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978, who is responsible for the proper registration of the firm and identifies that person to the board;

(b) all owners who are not certificate holders are active participants in the certified public accountant firm or registered public accountant firm or affiliated entities; and

(c) the firm complies with the 1999 Public Accountancy Act; and

(2) a certificate holder, or a person

qualifying for practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978, who is responsible for supervising attest services or signs or authorizes someone to sign the accountant's report on behalf of the firm meets the accounting experience requirements set out in the professional standards for such services.

- I. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit shall be required to register each office of the firm within New Mexico with the board and to show that all attest services rendered in this state are under the charge of a person holding a valid certificate issued pursuant to the 1999 Public Accountancy Act or the corresponding provision of prior law or by some other state.
- J. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit shall list all foreign and domestic jurisdictions in which it has applied for or holds permits as a certified public accountant firm and list any past denial, revocation or suspension of a permit by any jurisdiction. Each permit holder or applicant shall notify the board in writing, within thirty days of the occurrence of a change in the identities of partners, officers, shareholders, members or managers whose principal place of business is in this state, a change in the number or location of offices within this state, a change in the identity of the persons in charge of such offices and any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension of

a permit by another jurisdiction.

K. A firm that falls out of compliance with the provisions of the 1999 Public Accountancy Act due to changes in firm ownership or personnel shall take corrective action to bring the firm back into compliance as quickly as possible. The board may grant a six-month period for a firm to take the corrective action. Failure to bring the firm back into compliance within six months shall result in the suspension or revocation of the firm permit.

L. As a condition to permit renewal, the board shall require the applicant to undergo a peer review conducted in accordance with board rules. The review shall include a verification that a person in the firm, or a person qualifying for practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978, who is responsible for supervising attest services and signs or authorizes someone to sign the accountant's report on behalf of the firm meets the accounting experience requirements set out in the professional standards for the services as required by the board.

- M. If a partner, shareholder or member is a legal business entity, that legal business entity must be a firm.
- N. Attest services may only be provided by a certificate holder or a member of a firm that satisfies the requirements of this section and Sections 61-28B-8 and

61-28B-13 NMSA 1978. Attest services may not be performed by a certificate holder who is a member of a firm that does not meet the certificate holder's ownership requirements set forth in this section."

SECTION 6. Section 61-28B-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 179, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-28B-17. ENFORCEMENT--UNLAWFUL ACTS.--

- A. Except as otherwise provided in the 1999 Public Accountancy Act, it is unlawful for a person to engage in practice in New Mexico unless the person is a licensee.
- B. Except as otherwise provided in the 1999 Public Accountancy Act, no person shall issue a report or financial statement for a person or a governmental unit or issue a report using any form of language conventionally used respecting an audit or review of financial statements, unless the person holds a current license or permit. The state auditor and the state auditor's auditing staff are considered to be in the practice of public accountancy.
- C. With the exception of persons cited in Section 61-28B-18 NMSA 1978, a person who prepares a financial accounting and related statements and who is not the holder of a certificate or a permit under the provisions of that act shall use the following statement in the transmittal letter:

 "I (we) have prepared the accompanying financial statements

other form of assurance on them.".

- D. No person shall indicate by title, designation, abbreviation, sign, card or device that the person is a certified public accountant or a registered public accountant unless the person is currently certified by the board pursuant to the 1999 Public Accountancy Act or is a firm currently permitted by the board pursuant to that act.

 Unless the person is a holder of a current certificate or permit, no person shall use any title, initials or designation intended to or substantially likely to indicate to the public that the person is a certified public accountant or registered public accountant.
- E. No person shall engage in practice unless the person:
- (1) holds a valid certificate or current permit;
- (2) is an employee supervised by a licensee pursuant to Section 61-28B-18 NMSA 1978 and not a partner, officer, shareholder or member of a firm; or

25 statement;

(3) is exempt from licensure pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (l) of Subsection C of Section 61-28B-13 NMSA 1978.

F. No person or firm holding a certificate or permit shall engage in practice using a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm; provided, however, that names of one or more former partners, shareholders or members may be included in the name of a firm or its successors.

G. No person shall sell, offer to sell or fraudulently obtain or furnish any certificate or permit nor shall the person fraudulently register as a certified public accountant or registered public accountant or practice in this state without being granted a certificate or permit as provided in the 1999 Public Accountancy Act.

H. A licensee or the licensee's firm shall not receive a commission to recommend or refer a product or service to a client or to recommend to anyone else a product or service to be supplied by a client during the period the licensee or the licensee's firm is engaged to perform the following services for that client and during the period covered by any historical financial statements involved in the services:

(1) an audit or review of a financial

(2) a compilation of a financial statement when the licensee expects or might reasonably expect that a third party will use the financial statement, and the compilation report does not disclose the lack of independence by the licensee; or

- (3) an examination of prospective financial information.
- I. A licensee or the licensee's firm that is not prohibited from receiving a commission by Subsection H of this section and that is paid or expects to be paid a commission shall disclose that fact in writing to the person for whom the licensee or the licensee's firm performs a service or refers or recommends a product or service. A licensee or firm that accepts or pays a referral fee for a service or to obtain a client shall disclose such acceptance or payment to the client in writing.
- J. A licensee or the licensee's firm shall not charge or receive a contingent fee for a client for whom the licensee or the licensee's firm performs the following services:
- (1) an audit or review of a financial statement;
- (2) a compilation of a financial statement when the licensee expects or reasonably might expect that a third party will use the financial statement and the

compilation report does not disclose a lack of independence;

- (3) an examination of prospective financial information; or
- (4) preparation of an original or amended tax return or claim for tax refund, except in the case of federal, state or other taxes in which the findings are those of the tax authorities and not those of the licensee or in the case of professional services for which fees are to be fixed by courts or other public authorities and that are therefore indeterminate in amount at the time the professional services are undertaken.
- K. No licensee shall sign or certify any financial statements if the licensee knows the same to be materially false or fraudulent.
- L. For the purposes of this section, a person with practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978 shall be deemed to have comparable licensure requirements to a certificate holder pursuant to Section 61-28B-9 NMSA 1978.

 Terms or references that refer to a certificate holder pursuant to Section 61-28B-9 NMSA 1978 shall include a person with practice privileges pursuant to Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978.
- M. For the purposes of this section, a firm practicing under Subsection C or D of Section 61-28B-13 NMSA 1978 may perform the services specified by the applicable

provisions of the 1999 Public Accountancy Act and may use the terms "CPA" or "CPA firm" without obtaining a permit. Terms or references that refer to a firm holding a permit pursuant to Subsection B of Section 61-28B-13 NMSA 1978 shall include a firm practicing pursuant to Subsection C or D of Section 61-28B-13 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 7. Section 61-28B-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 179, Section 26, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-28B-26. PRACTICE PRIVILEGE AND DISCIPLINE FOR A
CERTIFICATE HOLDER FROM ANOTHER STATE OR JURISDICTION-REQUIREMENTS.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection D of this section, a person whose principal place of business is not in New Mexico shall be presumed to have met comparable licensure requirements and may exercise all the practice privileges of certificate holders of New Mexico without the need to obtain a certificate pursuant to Section 61-28B-9 NMSA 1978 if the person:

- (1) holds a valid license as a certified public accountant from any state that requires, as a condition of licensure, that a person meet the education and accounting experience requirements pursuant to Subsection D of Section 61-28B-8 NMSA 1978; or
 - (2) holds a valid license or permit in good

- B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who qualifies for the practice privilege pursuant to this section may offer or render professional services whether in person or by mail, telephone or electronic means, and no notice, fee or other submission shall be required of the person.
- C. A person licensed in another state exercising the practice privilege afforded pursuant to this section shall consent, as a condition of exercising the practice privilege:
- (1) to submit to the personal and subjectmatter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the board;
- (2) to comply with the 1999 Public Accountancy Act and the rules adopted by the board;
- (3) to cease offering or rendering professional attest services in New Mexico in the event the license from the state of the person's principal place of

- D. A person who qualifies for the practice privileges pursuant to this section and who performs an attest service shall meet the requirements of Section 61-28B-11 NMSA 1978.
- that offers or renders an attest service or uses its certified public accountant title in another state shall be subject to disciplinary action in New Mexico for an act committed in another state for which it would be subject to discipline in the other state. The board shall investigate any complaint made by the board of accountancy in another state in accordance with the provisions of the 1999 Public Accountancy Act."
- SECTION 8. Section 61-28B-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 179, Section 27, as amended) is amended to read:
- "61-28B-27. FEES.--Except as provided in Section 61-1-34 NMSA 1978 and Subsection B of Section 61-28B-11 NMSA 1978, the board may collect from certificate holders, permit holders, applicants and others the following fees:

fees and penalties;

1	I. for waiver to comply with continuing	
2	professional education requirements, a fee not to exceed	
3	seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) per application; and	
4	J. for reentry into active certificate status and	
5	to comply with continuing education, a fee not to exceed	
6	seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) per application."	
7	SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	
8	provisions of this act is January 1, 2026	HJC/HCEDC/HB 296
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