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SENATE BILL 6

57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 2025

INTRODUCED BY

Nicole Tobiassen and Jay C. Block and Candy Spence Ezzell
and Joshua A. Sanchez and Crystal Brantley

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIME; PROVIDING FOR EXPOSURE OF A CHILD TO A
SCHEDULE I OR SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TO CONSTITUTE
ABUSE OF A CHILD; PROVIDING FOR TAKING NEWBORN CHILDREN INTO
TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE CUSTODY UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES;
DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973,
Chapter 360, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-6-1. ABANDONMENT OR ABUSE OF A CHILD.--

A. As used in this section:

(1) "child" means a person who is less than
eighteen years of age;

(2) "neglect" means that a child is without
proper parental care and control of subsistence, education,

1 medical or other care or control necessary for the child's
2 well-being because of the faults or habits of the child's
3 parents, guardian or custodian or their neglect or refusal,
4 when able to do so, to provide them; and

5 (3) "negligently" refers to criminal
6 negligence and means that a person knew or should have known of
7 the danger involved and acted with a reckless disregard for the
8 safety or health of the child.

9 B. Abandonment of a child consists of the parent,
10 guardian or custodian of a child intentionally leaving or
11 abandoning the child under circumstances whereby the child may
12 or does suffer neglect. A person who commits abandonment of a
13 child is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless the abandonment
14 results in the child's death or great bodily harm, in which
15 case the person is guilty of a second degree felony.

16 C. A parent, guardian or custodian who leaves an
17 infant less than ninety days old in compliance with the Safe
18 Haven for Infants Act shall not be prosecuted for abandonment
19 of a child.

20 D. Abuse of a child consists of a person knowingly,
21 intentionally or negligently, and without justifiable cause,
22 causing or permitting a child to be:

23 (1) placed in a situation that may endanger
24 the child's life or health;

25 (2) tortured, cruelly confined or cruelly

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1 punished; ~~[or]~~

2 (3) exposed to the inclemency of the weather;

3 or

4 (4) exposed to the extent that the child tests
5 positive at birth for either a Schedule I controlled substance
6 pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act, including opiates,
7 opiate derivatives, hallucinogens, stimulants and depressants
8 that have no legitimate medical use, or a Schedule II
9 controlled substance pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act,
10 including any potentially addictive substance that is used or
11 manufactured contrary to its current accepted medical use,
12 unless the child tests positive for a Schedule II controlled
13 substance pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act as a result
14 of the mother's lawful intake of such substance as prescribed.

15 E. A person who commits abuse of a child that does
16 not result in the child's death or great bodily harm is, for a
17 first offense, guilty of a third degree felony and for second
18 and subsequent offenses is guilty of a second degree felony.
19 If the abuse results in great bodily harm to the child, the
20 person is guilty of a first degree felony.

21 F. A person who commits negligent abuse of a child
22 that results in the death of the child is guilty of a first
23 degree felony.

24 G. A person who commits intentional abuse of a
25 child twelve to eighteen years of age that results in the death

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1 of the child is guilty of a first degree felony.

2 H. A person who commits intentional abuse of a
3 child less than twelve years of age that results in the death
4 of the child is guilty of a first degree felony resulting in
5 the death of a child.

6 I. Evidence that demonstrates that a child has been
7 knowingly, intentionally or negligently allowed to enter or
8 remain in a motor vehicle, building or any other premises that
9 contains chemicals and equipment used or intended for use in
10 the manufacture of a controlled substance shall be deemed prima
11 facie evidence of abuse of the child.

12 J. Evidence that demonstrates that a child has been
13 knowingly and intentionally exposed to the use of
14 methamphetamine shall be deemed prima facie evidence of abuse
15 of the child.

16 K. A person who leaves an infant less than ninety
17 days old at a hospital may be prosecuted for abuse of the
18 infant for actions of the person occurring before the infant
19 was left at the hospital."

20 SECTION 2. A new section of the Abuse and Neglect Act is
21 enacted to read:

22 "[NEW MATERIAL] TAKING NEWBORN CHILDREN INTO TEMPORARY
23 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY.--

24 A. A newborn child who is in a hospital setting
25 shall not be taken into temporary protective custody without a

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1 court order that includes findings that an emergency situation
2 exists and that the newborn child is seriously endangered. A
3 newborn child may be detained in a hospital by a law
4 enforcement officer upon the recommendation of the health care
5 authority, the department or a physician, registered nurse,
6 licensed practical nurse or physician assistant while a court
7 order is being pursued, but the newborn child must be released
8 if a court order is denied.

9 B. A newborn child who is not in a hospital setting
10 shall not be taken into temporary protective custody for a
11 period of longer than twenty-four hours without a court order
12 that includes findings that an emergency situation exists and
13 that the newborn child is seriously endangered.

14 C. A newborn child may be taken into temporary
15 protective custody without a court order in the following
16 circumstances:

17 (1) when a newborn child is identified by a
18 physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse or
19 physician assistant engaged in the admission, care or treatment
20 of patients as being affected by substance abuse or
21 demonstrating withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug
22 exposure; or

23 (2) when the newborn child is subject to an
24 environment exposing the newborn child to a laboratory for
25 manufacturing controlled substances.

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D. The taking of a newborn child into temporary protective custody under this section shall not be deemed an arrest, nor shall it constitute a police record.

E. For purposes of this section, "newborn child" means a child who is less than seventy-two hours old."

SECTION 3. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.