

HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL 14

57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2026

This document may incorporate amendments proposed by a committee, but not yet adopted, as well as amendments that have been adopted during the current legislative session. The document is a tool to show amendments in context and cannot be used for the purpose of adding amendments to legislation.

AN ACT

RELATING TO LICENSURE; ENACTING THE DENTIST AND DENTAL HYGIENIST COMPACT; AMENDING THE DENTAL HEALTH CARE ACT TO PROVIDE FOR STATE AND FEDERAL CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 and 2 of this act may be cited as the "Dentist and Dental Hygienist

.233413.1AIC February 17, 2026 (9:48pm)

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Compact".

SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DENTIST AND DENTAL HYGIENIST COMPACT ENTERED INTO.--The "Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact" is entered into law and entered into with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in a form substantially as follows:

"DENTIST AND DENTAL HYGIENIST COMPACT

ARTICLE 1 - Definitions

As used in the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "active military member" means any person with full-time duty status in the armed forces of the United States, including members of the national guard and reserve;

B. "adverse action" means disciplinary action or encumbrance imposed on a license or compact privilege by a state licensing authority;

C. "alternative program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring or practice remediation process applicable to a dentist or dental hygienist approved by a state licensing authority of a participating state in which the dentist or dental hygienist is licensed, including programs to which licensees with substance abuse or addiction issues are referred in lieu of adverse action;

D. "clinical assessment" means an examination or a

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process, required for licensure as a dentist or dental hygienist as applicable, that provides evidence of clinical competence in dentistry or dental hygiene;

E. "commissioner" means the individual appointed by a participating state to serve as the member of the commission for that participating state;

F. "compact" means the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact;

G. "compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote state to allow a licensee from a participating state to practice as a dentist or dental hygienist in a remote state;

H. "continuing professional development" means a requirement as a condition of license renewal to provide evidence of successful participation in educational or professional activities relevant to practice or area of work;

I. "criminal background check" means the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information for a license applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's criminal history record information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. Section 20.3(d), from the federal bureau of investigation and the state's criminal history record repository as defined in 28 C.F.R. Section 20.3;

J. "data system" means the commission's repository of information about licensees, including examination,

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licensure, investigative, compact privilege, adverse action and alternative program;

K. "dental hygienist" means an individual who is licensed by a state licensing authority to practice dental hygiene;

L. "dentist" means an individual who is licensed by a state licensing authority to practice dentistry;

M. "dentist and dental hygienist compact commission" or "commission" means a joint government agency established by this compact comprised of each state that has enacted the compact and a national administrative body comprised of a commissioner from each state that has enacted the compact;

N. "encumbered license" means a license that a state licensing authority has limited in any way other than through an alternative program;

O. "executive board" means the chair, vice chair, secretary and treasurer and any other commissioners as may be determined by commission rule or bylaw;

P. "jurisprudence requirement" means the assessment of an individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene, as applicable, in a state;

Q. "license" means current authorization by a state, other than authorization pursuant to a compact

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privilege, or other privilege, for an individual to practice as a dentist or dental hygienist in that state;

R. "licensee" means an individual who holds an unrestricted license from a participating state to practice as a dentist or dental hygienist in that state;

S. "model compact" means the model for the dentist and dental hygienist compact on file with the council of state governments or other entity as designated by the commission;

T. "participating state" means a state that has enacted the compact and been admitted to the commission in accordance with the provisions herein and commission rules;

U. "qualifying license" means a license that is not an encumbered license issued by a participating state to practice dentistry or dental hygiene;

V. "remote state" means a participating state where a licensee who is not licensed as a dentist or dental hygienist is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege;

W. "rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that has the force of law;

X. "scope of practice" means the procedures, actions and processes a dentist or dental hygienist licensed in a state is permitted to undertake in that state and the circumstances under which the licensee is permitted to undertake those procedures, actions and processes, which may be established through means including statute, regulations, case

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law and other processes available to the state licensing authority or other government agency;

Y. "significant investigative information" means information, records and documents received or generated by a state licensing authority pursuant to an investigation for which a determination has been made that there is probable cause to believe that the licensee has violated a statute or regulation that is considered more than a minor infraction for which the state licensing authority could pursue adverse action against the licensee;

Z. "state" means any state, commonwealth, district or territory of the United States of America that regulates the practices of dentistry and dental hygiene; and

AA. "state licensing authority" means an agency or other entity of a state that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of dentists or dental hygienists.

ARTICLE 2 - State Participation in the Compact

A. In order to join the compact and thereafter continue as a participating state, a state shall:

(1) enact a compact that is not materially different from the model compact as determined in accordance with commission rules;

(2) participate fully in the commission's data system;

(3) have a mechanism in place for receiving

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and investigating complaints about its licensees and license applicants;

(4) notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of the compact and commission rules, of any adverse action or the availability of significant investigative information regarding a licensee and license applicant;

(5) fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by commission rule, by receiving the results of a qualifying criminal background check;

(6) comply with the commission rules applicable to a participating state;

(7) accept the national board examinations of the joint commission on national dental examinations or another examination accepted by commission rule as a licensure examination;

(8) accept for licensure that applicants for a dentist license graduate from a predoctoral dental education program accredited by the commission on dental accreditation or another accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education for the accreditation of dentistry and dental hygiene education programs, leading to the doctor of dental surgery or doctor of dental medicine degree;

(9) accept for licensure that applicants for a dental hygienist license graduate from a dental hygiene

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education program accredited by the commission on dental accreditation or another accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education for the accreditation of dentistry and dental hygiene education programs;

(10) require for licensure that applicants successfully complete a clinical assessment;

(11) have continuing professional development requirements as a condition for license renewal; and

(12) pay a participation fee for the commission as established by commission rule.

B. Providing alternative pathways for an individual to obtain an unrestricted license does not disqualify a state from participating in the compact.

C. When conducting a criminal background check, the state licensing authority shall:

(1) consider that information in making a licensure decision;

(2) maintain documentation of completion of the criminal background check and background check information to the extent allowed by state and federal law; and

(3) report to the commission whether it has completed the criminal background check and whether the individual was granted or denied a license.

D. A licensee of a participating state who has a qualifying license in that state and does not hold an encumbered

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license in any other participating state shall be issued a compact privilege in a remote state in accordance with the terms of the compact and commission rules. If a remote state has a jurisprudence requirement, a compact privilege will not be issued to the licensee unless the licensee has satisfied the jurisprudence requirement.

ARTICLE 3 - Compact Privilege

A. To obtain and exercise the compact privilege under the terms and provisions of the compact, the licensee shall:

- (1) have a qualifying license as a dentist or dental hygienist in a participating state;
- (2) be eligible for a compact privilege in any remote state in accordance with Subsections D, G and H of this article;
- (3) submit to an application process whenever the licensee is seeking a compact privilege;
- (4) pay any applicable commission and remote state fees for a compact privilege in the remote state;
- (5) meet any jurisprudence requirement established by a remote state in which the licensee is seeking a compact privilege;
- (6) have passed a national board examination of the joint commission on national dental examinations or another examination accepted by commission rule;

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(7) for a dentist, have graduated from a predoctoral dental education program accredited by the commission on dental accreditation, or another accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education for the accreditation of dentistry and dental hygiene education programs, leading to the doctor of dental surgery or doctor of dental medicine degree;

(8) for a dental hygienist, have graduated from a dental hygiene education program accredited by the commission on dental accreditation or another accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education for the accreditation of dentistry and dental hygiene education programs;

(9) have successfully completed a clinical assessment for licensure;

(10) report to the commission adverse action taken by any non-participating state when applying for a compact privilege and otherwise, within thirty days from the date the adverse action is taken;

(11) report to the commission when applying for a compact privilege the address of the licensee's primary residence and thereafter immediately report to the commission any change in the address of the licensee's primary residence; and

(12) consent to accept service of process by

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mail at the licensee's primary residence on record with the commission with respect to any action brought against the licensee by the commission or a participating state and consent to accept service of a subpoena by mail at the licensee's primary residence on record with the commission with respect to any action brought or investigation conducted by the commission or a participating state.

B. The licensee shall comply with the requirements of Subsection A of this article to maintain the compact privilege in the remote state, and if those requirements are met, the compact privilege shall continue as long as the licensee maintains a qualifying license in the state through which the licensee applied for the compact privilege and pays any applicable compact privilege renewal fees.

C. A licensee providing dentistry or dental hygiene in a remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the scope of practice authorized by the remote state for a dentist or dental hygienist licensed in that state.

D. A licensee providing dentistry or dental hygiene pursuant to a compact privilege in a remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, by adverse action revoke or remove a licensee's compact privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time and impose fines or take any other necessary actions to protect the health and

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safety of its citizens. If a remote state imposes an adverse action against a compact privilege that limits the compact privilege, that adverse action applies to all compact privileges in all remote states. A licensee whose compact privilege in a remote state is removed for a specified period of time is not eligible for a compact privilege in any other remote state until the specific time for removal of the compact privilege has passed and all encumbrance requirements are satisfied.

E. If a license in a participating state is an encumbered license, the licensee shall lose the compact privilege in a remote state and shall not be eligible for a compact privilege in any remote state until the license is no longer encumbered.

F. Once an encumbered license in a participating state is restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of Subsection A of this article to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.

G. If a licensee's compact privilege in a remote state is removed by the remote state, the individual shall lose or be ineligible for the compact privilege in any remote state until the following occur:

- (1) the specific period of time for which the compact privilege was removed has ended; and
- (2) all conditions for removal of the compact privilege have been satisfied.

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H. Once the requirements of Subsection G of this article have been met, the licensee must meet the requirements in Subsection A of this article to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.

ARTICLE 4 - Active Military Member or Military Spouse

An active military member and the spouse of an active military member shall not be required to pay to the commission for a compact privilege the fee otherwise charged by the commission. If a remote state chooses to charge a fee for a compact privilege, it may choose to charge a reduced fee or no fee to an active military member and their spouse for a compact privilege.

ARTICLE 5 - Adverse Actions

A. A participating state in which a licensee is licensed shall have exclusive authority to impose adverse action against the qualifying license issued by that participating state.

B. A participating state may take adverse action based on the significant investigative information of a remote state, so long as the participating state follows its own procedures for imposing adverse action.

C. Nothing in this compact shall override a participating state's decision that participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain nonpublic if required by

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the participating state's laws. Participating states must require licensees who enter any alternative program in lieu of discipline to agree not to practice pursuant to a compact privilege in any other participating state during the term of the alternative program without prior authorization from such other participating state.

D. Any participating state in which a licensee is applying to practice or is practicing pursuant to a compact privilege may investigate actual or alleged violations of the statutes and regulations authorizing the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene in any other participating state in which the dentist or dental hygienist holds a license or compact privilege.

E. A remote state shall have the authority to take adverse actions as set forth in Subsection D of Article 3 of this compact against a licensee's compact privilege in the state.

F. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the compact and the commission's rules, issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a state licensing authority in a participating state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another participating state, shall be enforced in the latter state by

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any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence are located.

G. If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensee.

H. The following conditions shall apply to joint investigations:

(1) in addition to the authority granted to a participating state by its dentist or dental hygienist licensure act or other applicable state law, a participating state may jointly investigate licensees with other participating states; and

(2) participating states shall share any significant investigative information, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under the compact.

I. The following conditions shall apply to the authority to continue an investigation:

(1) after a licensee's compact privilege in a remote state is terminated, the remote state may continue an

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investigation of the licensee that began when the licensee had a compact privilege in that remote state; and

(2) if the investigation yields what would be significant investigative information had the licensee continued to have a compact privilege in that remote state, the remote state shall report the presence of such information to the data system as required by Paragraph (6) of Subsection B of Article 7 of this compact as if it was significant investigative information.

ARTICLE 6 - Establishment and Operation of the Commission

A. The compact participating states hereby create and establish a joint government agency whose membership consists of all participating states that have enacted the compact. The commission is an instrumentality of the participating states acting jointly and not an instrumentality of any one state. The commission shall come into existence on or after the effective date of the compact as set forth in Subsection A of Article 10 of this compact.

B. The following conditions shall apply to participation, voting and meetings:

(1) each participating state shall have and be limited to one commissioner selected by that participating state's state licensing authority or, if the state has more than one state licensing authority, selected collectively by the state licensing authorities;

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(2) the commissioner shall be a member or designee of such authority or authorities;

(3) the commission may by rule or bylaw establish a term of office for commissioners and by rule or bylaw establish term limits;

(4) the commission may recommend to a state licensing authority or authorities, as applicable, removal or suspension of an individual as the state's commissioner;

(5) a participating state's state licensing authority or authorities, as applicable, shall fill any vacancy of its commissioner on the commission within sixty days of the vacancy;

(6) each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote on all matters that are voted upon by the commission; and

(7) the commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year.

C. The commission shall have the following powers:

(1) establish the fiscal year of the commission;

(2) establish a code of conduct and conflict of interest policies;

(3) adopt rules and bylaws;

(4) maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;

(5) meet and take such actions as are

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consistent with the provisions of this compact, the commission's rules and the bylaws;

(6) initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission; provided that the standing of any state licensing authority to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;

(7) maintain and certify records and information provided to a participating state as the authenticated business records of the commission and designate a person to do so on the commission's behalf;

(8) purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

(9) borrow, accept or contract for services of personnel, including employees of a participating state;

(10) conduct an annual financial review;

(11) hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the compact and establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel and other related personnel matters;

(12) as set forth in commission rules, charge a fee to a licensee for the grant of a compact privilege in a remote state, and thereafter, charge the licensee a compact privilege renewal fee for each renewal period in which that licensee exercises or intends to exercise the compact privilege

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in that remote state; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent a remote state from charging a licensee a fee for a compact privilege or renewals of a compact privilege or a fee for the jurisprudence requirement if the remote state imposes such a requirement for the grant of a compact privilege;

(13) accept any and all appropriate gifts, donations, grants of money, other sources of revenue, equipment, supplies, materials and services; and receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;

(14) lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal or mixed or any undivided interest therein;

(15) sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed;

(16) establish a budget and make expenditures;

(17) borrow money;

(18) appoint committees, including standing committees, which may be composed of members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, consumer representatives and such other interested persons as may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;

(19) provide and receive information from, and

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cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;

(20) elect a chair, vice chair, secretary and treasurer and such other officers of the commission as provided in the commission's bylaws;

(21) establish and elect an executive board;

(22) adopt and provide to the participating states an annual report;

(23) determine whether a state's enacted compact is materially different from the model compact language such that the state would not qualify for participation in the compact; and

(24) perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.

D. The following conditions apply to meetings of the commission:

(1) all meetings that are not closed pursuant to this subsection shall be open to the public, and notice of public meetings shall be posted on the commission's website at least thirty days prior to the public meeting;

(2) notwithstanding Paragraph (1) of this subsection, the commission may convene an emergency public meeting by providing at least twenty-four hours prior notice on the commission's website or any other means pursuant to the commission's rules; provided that the commission's legal counsel

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certify the that the emergency public meeting was called for a permissible reason for which it may dispense with notice of proposed rulemaking under Subsection H of Article 8 of this compact;

(3) notice of all commission meetings shall provide the time, date and location of the meeting, and if the meeting is to be held or accessible via telecommunication, video conference or other electronic means, the notice shall include the mechanism for access to the meeting through such means; and

(4) a closed, nonpublic meeting may be held for the commission to receive legal advice or to discuss matters including:

(a) noncompliance of a participating state with its obligations under the compact;

(b) the employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;

(c) current or threatened discipline of a licensee or compact privilege holder by the commission or by a participating state's licensing authority;

(d) current, threatened or reasonably anticipated litigation;

(e) negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease or sale of goods, services or real estate;

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- (f) accusations that any person has committed a crime or the formal censure of any person;
- (g) trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential;
- (h) information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (i) investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
- (j) information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact;
- (k) legal advice;
- (l) matters specifically exempted from disclosure to the public by federal or participating state law; and
- (m) other matters as promulgated by the commission by rule.

E. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed, the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be closed and make reference to each relevant exempting provision, and such reference shall be recorded in the minutes.

F. The commission shall keep minutes that fully and

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clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed, and all documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes and the minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

G. The financing of the commission shall be carried out as follows. The commission:

(1) shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities;

(2) may accept any and all appropriate sources of revenue, donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services;

(3) may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each participating state and impose fees on licensees of participating states when a compact privilege is granted, to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each fiscal year for which sufficient revenue is not provided by other sources with the aggregate annual assessment amount for participating states allocated based upon a formula that the

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commission shall promulgate by rule;

(4) shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same nor pledge the credit of any participating state, except by and with the authority of the participating state; and

(5) shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements, subject to the financial review and accounting procedures established under its bylaws and subject to an annual financial review by a certified or licensed public accountant, the report of which shall be included in the annual report of the commission.

H. The executive board shall have the power to act on behalf of the commission according to the terms of this compact. The powers, duties and responsibilities of the executive board shall include:

(1) overseeing the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact, including compliance with the provisions of the compact and the commission's rules and bylaws;

(2) recommending to the commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees charged to compact participating states, fees charged licensees and other fees;

(3) ensuring compact administration services are appropriately provided, including by contract;

(4) preparing and recommending the budget;

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(5) maintaining financial records on behalf of the commission;

(6) monitoring compact compliance of participating states and providing compliance reports to the commission;

(7) establishing additional committees as necessary;

(8) exercising the powers and duties of the commission during the interim between commission meetings, except for adopting or amending rules, adopting or amending bylaws and exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to the commission by rule or bylaw; and

(9) other duties as provided in the rules or bylaws of the commission.

I. The executive board of the commission shall be composed of up to seven voting members, including:

(1) the chair, vice chair, secretary and treasurer; and

(2) up to three additional members who may be elected by the commission from the current membership of the commission.

J. The executive board of the commission may remove any member of the executive board as provided in the commission's bylaws.

K. The executive board of the commission shall meet

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at least annually and ensure that:

(1) meetings at which the executive board of the commission takes or intends to take formal action on a matter be open to the public, except when dealing with any of the matters covered under Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of this article; and

(2) five business days' notice of public meetings are provided, by posting notice on its website and as it may otherwise determine to provide notice to persons with an interest in the public matters the executive board intends to address at those meetings.

L. The executive board of the commission may hold an emergency meeting when acting for the commission to:

(1) meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or welfare;

(2) prevent a loss of commission or participating state funds; or

(3) protect public health and safety.

~~SHPAC→M. The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had~~

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~~a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person; and provided further that the procurement of insurance of any type by the commission shall not compromise or limit the immunity granted by this subsection.~~

~~N. The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining that person's own counsel; and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct. The liability of the commission within any member state shall not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees and agents. The commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states~~

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~~for the purpose of any such action.~~

0. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection M of this article, should any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the commission be held liable for the amount of any settlement or judgment arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of that individual's employment, duties or responsibilities for the commission, or that the person to whom that individual is liable had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of the individual's employment, duties or responsibilities for the commission, the commission shall indemnify and hold harmless such individual; provided that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of the individual. ←SHPAC

SHPAC→M. The members, officers and employees of the commission shall not be liable or subject to suit, either personally or in their official capacity, when:

- (1) acting within the scope of that person's employment or duties for acts, errors or omissions occurring within that person's state; or
- (2) that person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing that the acts, errors or omissions occurred within the scope of commission employment or duties and within that person's state.

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N. The liability of the commission within any member state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees and agents or commission members. The commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purpose of any such action.

O. The commission shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the executive director, the director's employees and members of the commission according to the commission's rules and bylaws. The executive director, employees and members of the commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney fees and costs, obtained against that person arising out of an actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of that person.

P. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located or, at the discretion of the commission, a federal court of New Mexico. ←SHPAC

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SHPAC→P.←SHPAC SHPAC→Q.←SHPAC Nothing in this compact shall be:

(1) construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws;

(2) interpreted to waive or otherwise abrogate a participating state's state action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the federal Sherman Act, the federal Clayton Act (Antitrust) or any other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or regulation; SHPAC→and←SHPAC

SHPAC→(3) construed to protect a person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the person; and←SHPAC

SHPAC→(3)←SHPAC SHPAC→(4)←SHPAC construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the participating states or by the commission.

ARTICLE 7 - Data System

A. The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation and utilization of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action and significant investigative information on all licensees and applicants for a license in participating states.

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B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a participating state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable as required by the rules of the commission, including:

- (1) identifying information;
- (2) licensure data;
- (3) adverse actions against a licensee, license applicant or compact privilege and information related thereto;
- (4) non-confidential information related to alternative program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such participation and other information related to such participation;
- (5) any denial of an application for licensure and the reasons for such denial, excluding the reporting of any criminal history record information where prohibited by law;
- (6) the presence of significant investigative information; and
- (7) other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact or the protection of the public, as determined by the rules of the commission.

C. The records and information provided to a participating state pursuant to this compact or through the data system, when certified by the commission or an agent thereof,

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shall constitute the authenticated business records of the commission and shall be entitled to any associated hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or administrative proceedings in a participating state.

D. Significant investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any participating state will only be available to other participating states.

E. It is the responsibility of the participating states to monitor the database to determine whether adverse action has been taken against a licensee or license applicant. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee or license applicant in any participating state will be available to any other participating state.

F. Participating states contributing information to the data system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.

G. Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws of the participating state contributing the information shall be removed from the data system.

H. All information provided to the commission or distributed by member boards **SHPAC** → **pertaining to New Mexico** **licensees** ← **SHPAC** shall be confidential, filed under seal and used only for investigatory or disciplinary matters; provided

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that information submitted to the New Mexico board of dental health care is subject to the confidentiality and transparency requirements imposed by New Mexico law or court order.

ARTICLE 8 - Rulemaking

A. The commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently implement and administer the purposes and provisions of the compact. A commission rule shall be invalid and have no force or effect only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds that the rule is invalid because the commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope and purposes of the compact, or the powers granted hereunder or based upon another applicable standard of review.

B. The rules of the commission shall have the force of law in each participating state; provided, however, that where the rules of the commission conflict with the laws of the participating state that establish the participating state's scope of practice as held by a court of competent jurisdiction, the rules of the commission shall be ineffective in that state to the extent of the conflict.

C. The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules shall become binding as of the date specified by the commission for each rule.

D. If a majority of the legislatures of the

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participating states rejects a commission rule or portion of a commission rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, within four years of the date of adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any participating state or to any state applying to participate in the compact.

E. Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the commission.

F. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall hold a public hearing and allow persons to provide oral and written comments, data, facts, opinions and arguments.

G. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule by the commission, and at least thirty days in advance of the meeting at which the commission will hold a public hearing on the proposed rule, the commission shall provide a notice of proposed rulemaking:

(1) on the website of the commission or other publicly accessible platform;

(2) to persons who have requested notice of the commission's notices of proposed rulemaking; and

(3) in such other ways as the commission may by rule specify.

H. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:

(1) the time, date and location of the public

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hearing at which the commission will hear public comments on the proposed rule and, if different, the time, date and location of the meeting where the commission will consider and vote on the proposed rule;

(2) if the hearing is held via telecommunication, video conference or other electronic means, the commission shall include the mechanism for access to the hearing in the notice of proposed rulemaking;

(3) the text of the proposed rule and the reason therefor;

(4) a request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and

(5) the manner in which interested persons may submit written comments.

I. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording and all written comments and documents received by the commission in response to the proposed rule shall be available to the public.

J. Nothing in this article shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each commission rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this article.

K. The commission shall, by majority vote of all commissioners, take final action on the proposed rule based on the rulemaking record. The commission:

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(1) may adopt changes to the proposed rule provided the changes do not enlarge the original purpose of the proposed rule;

(2) shall provide an explanation of the reasons for substantive changes made to the proposed rule as well as reasons for substantive changes not made that were recommended by commenters; and

(3) shall determine a reasonable effective date for the rule. Except for an emergency as provided in Subsection L of this article, the effective date of the rule shall be no sooner than thirty days after the commission issuing the notice that it adopted or amended the rule.

L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule with twenty-four hours notice, with opportunity to comment; provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this article shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:

(1) meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or welfare;

(2) prevent a loss of commission or participating state funds;

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- (3) meet a deadline for the promulgation of a rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
- (4) protect public health and safety.

M. The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the commission.

N. No participating state's rulemaking requirements shall apply under this compact.

ARTICLE 9 - Oversight, Dispute Resolution and Enforcement

A. The executive and judicial branches of state government in each participating state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement the compact.

B. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or

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against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such similar matter.

C. The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or interpretation of the compact or commission rule and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission service of process shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact or promulgated rules.

D. Default, technical assistance and termination shall be addressed by the commission.

E. If the commission determines that a participating state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting state. The notice of default shall describe the default, the proposed means of curing the default and any other action that the commission may take and offer training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

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F. The commission shall provide a copy of the notice of default to the other participating states.

G. If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the commissioners, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred on that state by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default shall not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.

H. Termination of participation in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, the defaulting state's state licensing authority or authorities, as applicable, and each of the participating states' state licensing authority or authorities applicable.

I. A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.

J. Upon the termination of a state's participation in this compact, that state shall immediately provide notice to all licensees of the state, including licensees of other

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participating states issued a compact privilege to practice within that state, of such termination. The terminated state shall continue to recognize all compact privileges then in effect in that state for a minimum of one hundred eighty days after the date of said notice of termination.

K. The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.

L. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States district court for the District of Columbia, SHPAC~~→a federal court of New Mexico~~
~~or~~←SHPAC the federal district where the commission has its principal offices SHPAC~~→or, at the discretion of the~~
~~commission, a federal court of New Mexico~~←SHPAC . The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.

M. Upon request by a participating state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among participating states and between participating states and non-participating states. The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

N. Enforcement of the compact shall be conducted by the commission. The commission, in the reasonable exercise of

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its discretion, shall enforce the provisions of this compact and the commission's rules.

O. By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action against a participating state in default in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, SHPAC→~~a federal court of New Mexico or~~ SHPAC the federal district where the commission has its principal offices SHPAC→or, at the discretion of the commission, a federal court of New Mexico SHPAC to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or the defaulting participating state's law.

P. A participating state may initiate legal action against the commission in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, SHPAC→~~a federal court of New Mexico~~ or SHPAC the federal district where the commission has its principal offices SHPAC→or, at the discretion of the commission, a federal court of New Mexico SHPAC to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules. The relief sought may include both

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injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.

Q. No individual or entity other than a participating state may enforce this compact against the commission.

ARTICLE 10 - Effective Date, Withdrawal and Amendment

A. The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh participating state.

B. On or after the effective date of the compact, the commission shall convene and review the enactment of the compact by each of the states that enacted the compact to determine if the statute enacted by each state is materially different than the model compact. If the commission finds the enactment of a participating state is materially different from the model compact, the participating state shall be entitled to the default process set forth in Article 9 of this compact.

C. If the commission later determines that a participating state is in default or terminated or withdrew from the compact, the commission shall remain in existence and the compact shall remain in effect, even if the number of participating states should be less than seven.

D. Participating states shall be subject to the

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process set forth in Subsection B of this article to determine if their enactments are materially different from the model compact and whether they qualify for participation in the compact.

E. All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of the compact prior to the effective date of the compact or the commission coming into existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission unless specifically repudiated by the commission.

F. Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules and bylaws shall be subject to the commission's rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.

G. Any participating state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing that state's enactment of the compact; however:

(1) a participating state's withdrawal shall not take effect until one hundred eighty days after enactment of the repealing statute;

(2) withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's licensing authority or

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authorities to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal; and

(3) upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from this compact, the state shall immediately provide notice of such withdrawal to all licensees within that state, and notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, such withdrawing state shall continue to recognize all compact privileges to practice within that state granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of one hundred eighty days after the date of such notice of withdrawal.

H. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a participating state and a non-participating state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.

I. This compact may be amended by the participating states. No amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any participating state until it is enacted into the laws of all participating states.

ARTICLE 11 - Construction and Severability

A. This compact and the commission's rulemaking authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes and the implementation and administration of the compact. Provisions of the compact expressly authorizing or

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requiring the promulgation of rules shall not be construed to limit the commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes.

B. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state, a state seeking participation in the compact, or of the United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

C. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection B of this article, the commission may deny a state's participation in the compact or, in accordance with the requirements of Subsection E of Article 9 of this compact, terminate a participating state's participation in the compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a participating state is a material departure from the compact. Otherwise, if this compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining participating states and in full force and effect as to the participating state affected as to all severable matters.

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ARTICLE 12 - Preservation of State Authority

A. This compact creates a new pathway for dentist and dental hygienist licensure in this state but does not otherwise change or limit the effect of the Dental Health Care Act.

B. This compact adopts the prevailing standard for licensure and affirms that the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene occurs where the patient is located at the time of a dentist-patient or dental hygienist-patient encounter and, therefore, requires the dentist or dental hygienist to be under the jurisdiction of the state dental board where the patient is located.

C. A state dental board that participates in this compact retains the authority to impose an adverse action against a license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in that state, including licenses issued to dentists or dental hygienists through procedures provided by this compact.

ARTICLE 13 - Consistent Effect and Conflict with Other State

Laws

A. Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the enforcement of any other law of a participating state that is not inconsistent with the compact.

B. Any laws, statutes, regulations or other legal requirements in a participating state in conflict with the compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

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C. All permissible agreements between the commission and the participating states are binding in accordance with their terms.

D. If any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.".

SECTION 3. A new section of the Dental Health Care Act is enacted to read:

"NEW MATERIAL PARTICIPATION IN DENTIST AND DENTAL HYGIENIST COMPACT AS CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT PROHIBITED.--An employer shall not require a dentist or dental hygienist licensed in this state pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act to seek licensure through the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact as a condition of initial or continued employment as a dentist or dental hygienist in this state. An employer may require that a dentist or dental hygienist obtain and maintain a license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in multiple states if the dentist or dental hygienist is free to obtain and maintain the licenses by any means authorized by the laws of the respective states."

SECTION 4. A new section of the Dental Health Care Act is enacted to read:

"NEW MATERIAL DENTIST AND DENTAL HYGIENIST COMPACT

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COMMISSION--COMMISSIONER DUTIES.--

A. If a meeting, or a portion of a meeting, of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission is closed pursuant to Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of Article 6 of the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact, a commissioner appointed to represent New Mexico on the commission shall request the commission's legal counsel or designee to certify that the meeting may be closed by citing each provision of that paragraph that is applicable. A commissioner may satisfy this section by making a motion, or voting in the affirmative on a motion, to have the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission's legal counsel or designee certify that the meeting may be closed.

B. Any time the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission is voting on what to include in the commission's minutes, a commissioner appointed to represent New Mexico on the commission shall vote to include in the minutes:

(1) all actions taken by the commission and the reasons for each action, including a description of the views expressed; and

(2) identification of all documents considered by the commission that relate to an action taken by the commission."

SECTION 5. A new section of the Dental Health Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] BOARD OBLIGATIONS--PUBLIC POSTING.--The

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board shall post on the board's public website:

- A. copies of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission's current bylaws and rules;
- B. notice of any dentist and dental hygienist compact commission action that may affect the license of a dentist or dental hygienist in this state within thirty days of the commission's action being taken; and
- C. any minutes or documents of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission that are released pursuant to a vote of the commission. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the commission or an order of a court of competent jurisdiction."

SECTION 6. A new section of the Dental Health Care Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] JOINT INVESTIGATIONS--INVESTIGATIVE SUBPOENAS.--The board may enter into joint investigations with other state dentist or dental hygienist boards pursuant to the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact; provided that participation in the joint investigation is governed by a written agreement among the board and the other participating dental boards."

SECTION 7. Section 61-5A-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1994, Chapter 55, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

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"61-5A-10. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEE.--In addition to any other authority provided by law, the board and the committee, when designated, shall:

A. enforce and administer the provisions of the Dental Health Care Act and the Dental Amalgam Waste Reduction Act;

B. promulgate in accordance with the State Rules Act, all rules as necessary to:

(1) regulate the examination and licensure of dentists and dental therapists and, through the committee, regulate the examination and licensure of dental hygienists;

(2) provide for the examination and certification of dental assistants by the board;

(3) provide for the regulation of dental technicians by the board;

(4) regulate the practice of dentistry, dental therapy and dental assisting and, through the committee, regulate the practice of dental hygiene; and

(5) provide for the regulation and licensure of non-dentist owners by the board;

C. adopt and use a seal;

D. administer oaths to all applicants, witnesses and others appearing before the board or the committee, as appropriate;

E. keep an accurate record of all meetings, receipts

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and disbursements;

F. grant, deny, review, suspend and revoke licenses and certificates to practice dentistry, dental therapy, dental assisting and, through the committee, dental hygiene and censure, reprimand, fine and place on probation and stipulation dentists, dental therapists, dental assistants and, through the committee, dental hygienists, in accordance with the Uniform Licensing Act for any cause stated in the Dental Health Care Act and the Dental Amalgam Waste Reduction Act;

G. grant, deny, review, suspend and revoke licenses to own dental practices and censure, reprimand, fine and place on probation and stipulation non-dentist owners, in accordance with the Uniform Licensing Act, for any cause stated in the Dental Health Care Act and the Dental Amalgam Waste Reduction Act;

H. maintain records of the name, address, license number and such other demographic data as may serve the needs of the board of licensees, together with a record of license renewals, suspensions, revocations, probations, stipulations, censures, reprimands and fines. The board shall make available composite reports of demographic data but shall limit public access to information regarding individuals to their names, addresses, license numbers and license actions or as required by statute;

I. hire and contract for services from persons as

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necessary to carry out the board's duties;

J. establish ad hoc committees whose members shall be appointed by the chair with the advice and consent of the board or committee and shall include at least one member of the board or committee as it deems necessary for carrying on its business;

K. have the authority to pay per diem and mileage to persons who are appointed by the board or the committee to serve on ad hoc committees;

L. have the authority to hire or contract with investigators to investigate possible violations of the Dental Health Care Act and the Dental Amalgam Waste Reduction Act;

M. have the authority to issue investigative subpoenas prior to the issuance of a notice of contemplated action for the purpose of investigating complaints against dentists, dental therapists, dental assistants and, through the committee, dental hygienists licensed under the Dental Health Care Act and the Dental Amalgam Waste Reduction Act;

N. have the authority to sue or be sued and to retain the services of an attorney at law for counsel and representation regarding the carrying out of the board's duties;

O. have the authority to create and maintain a formulary, in consultation with the board of pharmacy, of medications that a dental therapist or dental hygienist may prescribe, administer or dispense in accordance with rules the

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board has promulgated; [and]

P. establish continuing education or continued competency requirements for dentists, dental therapists, certified dental assistants in expanded functions, dental technicians and, through the committee, dental hygienists;

Q. prescribe the procedures, forms and manner of submitting an applicant's full set of fingerprints for state and federal criminal history background reports that the board or committee uses to evaluate the applicant's qualification for licensure; and

R. require an applicant, as a condition of eligibility for initial licensure or initial privilege to practice under the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact, to submit a full set of fingerprints to the department of public safety to obtain state and national criminal history record information on the applicant. State and national criminal history record reports are confidential and not public records. The board and the committee shall not disseminate criminal history record information across state lines."

SECTION 8. [NEW MATERIAL] CONTINGENT REPEAL.--

A. Sections 1 through 6 of this 2026 act are repealed if a state or federal court of New Mexico finds that a rule or decision of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission, or a court order regarding a rule or decision relating to the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact, would

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change the scope of practice of a dentist or dental hygienist or the definition of unprofessional conduct for a dentist or dental hygienist in a manner that is inconsistent with the Dental Health Care Act or any other state law relating to the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene. SHPAC→~~A person who is or may be affected by a rule or decision at issue under this subsection~~ SHPAC→~~The attorney general~~ SHPAC shall have standing to seek a determination SHPAC→~~of the effect of a rule or decision at issue under this subsection~~ SHPAC by the district court.

B. The New Mexico board of dental health care shall certify to the director of the legislative council service and the executive director of the New Mexico compilation commission the date on which the action described in Subsection A of this section occurs.

C. Repeal of the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact pursuant to this section constitutes this state's immediate withdrawal from the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact. The New Mexico board of dental health care shall send written notification of withdrawal to the governor of each other state that has enacted the compact.

D. SHPAC→~~The~~ SHPAC→~~A person who is or may be affected by a rule or decision at issue under Subsection A of this section, the~~ SHPAC New Mexico board of dental health care SHPAC→~~,~~ SHPAC or a member of the legislature SHPAC→~~,~~ SHPAC may

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request in writing that the attorney general review the actions of the dentist and dental hygienist compact commission or a court ruling relating to the enforcement of the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact.

E. In the event of a repeal pursuant to this section, the provisions of Article 10 of the Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact shall remain in effect and govern the withdrawal.

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