1	HOUSE BILL 614
2	43 RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1997
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	BRETT D. JOHNSON
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CRIMINAL SENTENCING; REQUIRING A CAPITAL FELONY
12	OFFENDER OR A REPEAT SEXUAL OFFENDER TO REMAIN INCARCERATED FOR
13	THE ENTIRETY OF HIS NATURAL LIFE; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE NMSA
14	1978.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	Section 1. Section 31-21-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1980,
18	Chapter 28, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"31-21-10. PAROLE AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE
20	A. An inmate of an institution who was sentenced to
21	life imprisonment as the result of the commission of a capital
22	felony [who was convicted of three violent felonies and
23	sentenced pursuant to Sections 31-18-23 and 31-18-24 NMSA 1978]
24	or who was convicted of two violent sexual offenses and
25	sentenced pursuant to Sections 31-18-25 and 31-18-26 NMSA 1978

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1 [becomes eligible for a parole hearing after he has served thirty years of his sentence. Before ordering the parole of an 2 inmate sentenced to life imprisonment, the board shall] is not 3 eligible for parole and shall remain incarcerated for the 4 entirety of his natural life. 5 6 B. An inmate of an institution who was convicted of three violent felonies and sentenced to life imprisonment 7 pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31-18-23 and 31-18-24 8 9 NMSA 1978 is eligible for a parole hearing after he has served thirty years of his sentence. Before ordering the parole of an 10 11 inmate sentenced to life imprisonment pursuant to the provisions 12 of Sections 31-18-23 and 31-18-24 NMSA 1978, the board shall: interview the inmate at the institution 13 (1) where he is committed: 14 consider all pertinent information 15 (2) 16 concerning the inmate, including: the circumstances of the [offense] 17 (a) 18 offenses; 19 (b) mitigating and aggravating 20 circumstances; whether a deadly weapon was used in 21 (c) the commission of the [offense] offenses; 22 23 [(d) whether the inmate is a habitual offender: 24 25 (e)] (d) the reports filed under Section . 115081. 2ms - 2 -

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1 31-21-9 NMSA 1978; and

 $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (e) the reports of such physical 2 and mental examinations as have been made while in prison; 3 (3) make a finding that a parole is in the best 4 interest of society and the inmate; and 5 6 (4) make a finding that the inmate is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding citizen. 7 If parole is denied, the inmate sentenced to life 8 9 imprisonment shall again become entitled to a parole hearing at The board may, on its own motion, reopen 10 two-year intervals. 11 any case in which a hearing has already been granted and parole 12 deni ed. 13 B. Unless the board finds that it is in the best 14 interest of society and the parolee to reduce the period of 15 parole, a person who was convicted of a capital felony shall be 16 required to undergo a minimum period of parole of five years. 17 During the period of parole, the person shall be under the 18 guidance and supervision of the board. 19 С. An inmate who was convicted of a first, second or 20 third degree felony and who has served the sentence of 21

third degree felony and who has served the sentence of imprisonment imposed by the court in a corrections facility designated by the corrections department shall be required to undergo a two-year period of parole. An inmate who was convicted of a fourth degree felony and who has served the sentence of imprisonment imposed by the court in a corrections

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facility designated by the corrections department shall be required to undergo a one-year period of parole. During the period of parole, the person shall be under the guidance and supervision of the board.

Every person while on parole shall remain in the D. legal custody of the institution from which he was released, but shall be subject to the orders of the board. The board shall furnish to each inmate as a prerequisite to his release under its supervision a written statement of the conditions of parole that shall be accepted and agreed to by the inmate as evidenced by his signature affixed to a duplicate copy to be retained in the files of the board. The board shall also require as a prerequisite to release the submission and approval of a parole If an inmate refuses to affix his signature to the pl an. written statement of the conditions of his parole or does not have an approved parole plan, he shall not be released and shall remain in the custody of the corrections facility in which he has served his sentence, excepting parole, until such time as the period of parole he was required to serve, less meritorious deductions, if any, expires, at which time he shall be released from that facility without parole, or until such time that he evidences his acceptance and agreement to the conditions of parole as required or receives approval for his parole plan or Time served from the date that an inmate refuses to both. accept and agree to the conditions of parole or fails to receive

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approval for his parole plan shall reduce the period, if any, to be served under parole at a later date. If the district court 2 has ordered that the inmate make restitution to a victim as 3 provided in Section 31-17-1 NMSA 1978, the board shall include 4 restitution as a condition of parole. The board shall also 5 6 personally apprise the inmate of the conditions of parole and 7 his duties relating thereto.

E. When a person on parole has performed the obligations of his release for the period of parole provided in this section, the board shall make a final order of discharge and issue him a certificate of discharge.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 F. NMSA 1978, the board shall require the inmate as a condition of parole:

to pay the actual costs of his parole (1) services to the adult probation and parole division of the corrections department for deposit to the corrections department intensive supervision fund not exceeding one thousand twenty dollars (\$1,020) annually to be paid in monthly installments of not less than fifteen dollars (\$15.00) and not more than eightyfive dollars (\$85.00), subject to modification by the adult probation and parole division on the basis of changed financial circumstances: and

to reimburse a law enforcement agency or (2)local crime stopper program for the amount of any reward paid by

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the agency or program for information leading to his arrest, prosecution or conviction. G. The provisions of this section shall apply to all inmates except geriatric, permanently incapacitated and terminally ill inmates eligible for the medical and geriatric parole program as provided by the Parole Board Act." Section 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1997. - 6 -. 115081. 2ms

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